Amusements

"The Blue Mouse."

It is all on account of "temperament" of the mischievous little "Blue Mouse," which causes most of the trouble in the play of the same name which the Messrs. Shubert will present at the Grand next Wednesday night, with a cast including Grace Merritt, Albert Gran, Bess Palmer, Guy D'Ennery, Mabel Ridley, John Hynes, Gordon Mendelssohn, W. G. Reynier, Frank Halbach, John Dunne, Mary MacGregor, Carolyn Friend, Manuel Alexander and others. The play enjoyed a run of one year at the Lyric Theatre, New York. It remained for six months in Chicago, for the same length of time in Boston, and for ten weeks in Philadelphia.

"The Kissing Girl."

During the entire tour this season John P. Slocum has been deluged with congratulations on the success of "The Kissing Girl," in which Miss Texas Guinan is the star of a brilliant musical comedy. In "The Kissing Girl" there is plenty of action, smart dialogue and new humor, and such a combination never fails to please the most fastidious of amusement seekers. The cast, which will be seen at the Grand Opera House on April 29 is made up of favorites to the playgoers of this city, for with but small exceptions it is the same company which produced "The Gay Musician" a couple of seasons ago. There will be two performances, matinee and evening, on Saturday, and the seat sale will open on Thursday morning.

"The Dollar Princess."

At the Grand Opera House next Monday evening, May 1, patrons are to be given their first opportunity of passing judgment on "The Dollar Princess," the musical comedy which has already delighted Vienna, Berlin, Paris, London, New York, Chicago and Boston. The play is said to be quite as fascinating as "The Merry Widow," and the music, according to various musical critics, excels in many respects that of the Lehar operetta. "The Dollar Princess" is not the ordinary musical comedy not yet the extraordinary opera-bouffe. It possesses all the refinement and irresistible melody of the one, together with the dash and vigor of the other. Of the twenty-one musical numbers there are at least a dozen which could carry any musical play to success. The book is a clever one, furnishing lots of fun and a capital idea. Mr. Frohman has this season equipped "The Dollar Princess" with an entirely new scenic and sartorial display, that used last season having been turned over to the company playing on the Pacific coast. This displays three picturesque stage pictures most conceivable and an array of modern costumes ranging from the office tailor-made to the gorgeous gown of the society belle. The color scheme is delicate and refined, forming a most pleasing stage picture. There are two 60-foot cars of scenery, and it comes direct from Detroit, where it plays all this week.

Minstrels Tomorrow.

The St. John's Big Minstrel Show to be given in their club house, corner Oxford and Waterloo streets, this Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday evenings, promises to be a big success. Mr. J. R. Mitcheltree, with his ten end men, will look after the fun in the first part. The second part will be all in black face, and those who have been permitted to witness some of the rehearsals pronounce both burlesques to be screams.

A Treat Tonight.

A great deal of interest is being shown in the presentation tonight by the London Dramatic Society in the Grand Opera House of "Lady Huntsworth's Experiment."

There has been a great demand for seats, and practically the whole house has been sold out. A few seats remain, but those who wish them will have to come early, if they wish to witness this performance.

The players have been well drilled in the play, and have reached a high state of perfection. Last year the club made an excellent showing in Toronto in the Earl Grey competition. They have a reputation from coast to coast, and experts who have witnessed the rehearsals are confident that the club will bring back the prize from Winnipeg.

The offering this year will be better than "Jack Straw" presented last year. It is an excellent comedy and presented as it will be, will undoubtedly be much appreciated.

The club leaves on Tuesday for Winnipeg. This will be the only opportunity Londoners will have of witnessing the performance and the opportunity will not be lost.

The proceeds of the play will be placed to the credit of the Victorian Order of Nurses.

Star Theatre Attractions.

The management of the "Star," the popular Richmond street picture theatre, has again secured another big double attraction, the San Francisco Earthquake and Fire along with the great train robbery. This makes one of the strongest picture bills ever seen at the Star. Mr. Swanwick has arranged for his entire circuit the film of Dr. Cook's story of the North Pole.

COFFEE CONGESTION

Causes a Variety of Ails.

A happy old lady in Wisconsin says: "During the time I was a coffee drinker I was subject to sick headaches, sometimes lasting 2 or 3 days, totally unfitting me for anything.

To this affliction was added, some years ago, a trouble with my heart that was very painful, accompanied by a smothering sensation and faintness. "Dyspepsia, also, came to make life harder to bear. I took all sorts of patent medicines, but none of them helped me for any length of time.

"The doctors frequently told me that coffee was not good for me; but without coffee I felt as if I had no breakfast. I finally decided about 2 years ago to abandon the use of coffee entirely, and as I had read a great deal about Postum I concluded to try that for a breakfast beverage.

"I liked the taste of it and was particularly pleased to notice that it did not 'come up' as coffee used to. The bad spells with my heart grew less and less frequent, and finally ceased altogether, and I have not had an attack of sick headache for more than a year. My digestion is good, too, and I am thankful that I am once more a healthy woman. I know my wonderful restoration to health came from quitting coffee and using Postum." Name given by the Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

"There's a reason," and it is this: Coffee has a direct action on the liver with some people, and causes partial congestion of that organ preventing the natural outlet of the secretions. Then may follow biliousness, sallow skin, headaches, constipation and finally a change of the blood corpuscles and nervous prostration.

Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a Reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

JAMES BRYCE

(Continued From Page One.)

my duties at Washington will permit. This is my fifth visit to this country since I came to America four years ago. I have addressed two Canadian clubs in that time, but this is the very first time I have met a Woman's Canadian Club. It is sufficient evidence, if any were needed, of the success it the idea, that it has been taken up not only by the inferior half, but by the superior half.

Position of Women.

"The women of Canada, as indeed, they are in England and the United States, are assuming just as important a position in public affairs as the men. It makes no difference whether or not they have votes. Heaven forbid that I should take up that subject this afternoon. As I said before, they have as much to do in the formation of public opinion as the men. In England, the country I am most acquainted with, we are not governed by legislative machinery, by ministers, by cabinets, by legislatures, but by public opinion. The Government must do what public opinion dictates. I find public men only too anxious to find out what public opinion is, and then follow it. Women can have, and may have, in fact, many do have, as much to do in the formation of public opinion as men. It has been said that there never was a woman who had not two men ready to do her will. I do not wish to speak of the influence of women, but rather the share they have in forming public opinion. Their judgment, when they take the trouble and pain to investigate the facts of any case, is just as good as a man's judgment in literature it is just as good, if not better, and in nearly every branch of life it is the same when they take the time to look into and study any question. In these later days women have more leisure at their disposal. They are not so busily engaged in providing the necessities of life as men. They have not so much hard work, and more leisure, and why should they not use it in the discussion of public questions, and in taking an interest in the affairs of the nation?

Patriotic Women.

"The women in Canada are just as patriotic as the men. They have a great duty to perform in properly forming the opinions of their children. Public opinion is but part of the broader organization, the collective aggregate opinion of the community. It is an admirable omen of the future that these women's clubs have been organized to discuss public questions, to consider them carefully, and assist in arriving at a solution of some of the great problems confronting us.

"I have been a great admirer of Canadian clubs, particularly in view of the fact that no political party dominates. That is a great and happy idea. Some ten or fifteen years ago they were formed, I understand, and since that time the movement has spread rapidly. It is an admirable idea that men of all political parties should meet together, drawn by a common affection and regard for Canada, to discuss great questions, without politics in any way interfering with that discussion.

Softening the Differences.

"It will undoubtedly have the effect of softening the political differences of the parties. Political parties must exist in self-governing countries, but the country governed by the least party is the best governed. Switzerland is the best-governed country in the world, and there there is little party spirit. We can get along with the minimum of partisanship. Parties are necessary. It is impossible to avoid meetings for the organization of opinion, in order to give effect to the views of the community, and that means party. I used to discuss the question often with my ancient friend and preceptor, Goldwin Smith. He held the opinion that party could be abolished, and denounced party government. I often said to him, 'Suggest some other way to govern the country. How can we avoid parties?' No solution has been given as yet. It is unavoidable that when the issue is sharply drawn, between parties, when men fight earnestly and energetically for some cause, it is unavoidable, I say, that men will blame the opposition and place censure, where, in their opinion, it belongs.

Moderation in Politics.

At the same time we should use moderation. We must recognize in our fiercest struggles that there is something to be recognized in others. In nearly every question, there is much to be said on both sides. All the argument is never on one side. We will better appreciate our own position if we know the arguments of the opposite side. It is unfortunate when we extend the blame not on the opinion or the arguments advanced, but on the man who advances them. It is wrong to charge them with being foolish, dishonest or unpatriotic. I will admit that good motives are not always present but, nevertheless, each party has as many good, well-meaning men as the other. It is good sometimes to think that the balance is on our side, but it would be much better if we recognized the balance as equal. We should credit our opponents with as much honesty and patriotism as ourselves possess. It has often happened that in the heat of the campaign, political opponents have been denounced, and their private life bitterly assailed.

John Bright.

"No man's memory is so revered in England as that of John Bright. His integrity, his high sense of honor, his great ability, and his goodness of character were of so high a type that they formed an example to others. Even his opponents who knew him intimately were well aware of those facts. He was a most conscientious man, and those who knew him personally and intimately appreciated his character, irrespective of party feeling. And yet, his private life was bitterly assailed. Later in life he was honored by both parties. That should be an example to us. When the mists have cleared away, when the dust of battle has blown aside, we must recognize that on the other side there are just as honorable, just as well-meaning men, as ourselves. It would be better to credit them with good intentions, and reason with them. That is one good service clubs such as these can render to the community. When we meet to discuss public questions, we must recognize that it is possible to approach the same goal by different roads. It is well at times that all combine for joint action for the good of country."

About Patriotism.

"You exist for the welfare of Canada and the Empire. It is interesting to note here that there are three kinds of patriotism.

"In the first place there is the patriotism that centres about your province. It is a laudable thing to have your province well governed, to have its resources well developed, to have every part of the government well in hand. You wish to stand well in comparison with the other provinces. There is no necessity for undue competition, but it is a laudable competition to vie with the other provinces in the excellencies of your roads, and the excellencies of education.

"Then there is the patriotism you have for Canada. This is a larger and a broader patriotism. It looks farther back into tradition, and it also looks to the future. You see what she may become. Your ambition is to give her standing in the world, to make her a model among the nations of the world, in wealth, in civilization, in citizenship. You aim to bring the diverse elements in the country into one organized whole. How you can connect the far lying provinces from Nova Scotia to Vancouver into a united nation has been one of the problems you have had, and which you have solved. Out of that has come a Canadian patriotism, which is your right and glory.

"Over and above all this, there is an imperial patriotism. I wish to illustrate this by an example from the United Kingdom. I am a Scotchman. I have three kinds of patriotism, first for Scotland, second for Great Britain, and last for the Empire.

"My patriotism for Scotland is largely sentimental. It is true that our laws are somewhat different, but for most purposes we are just like England. Some Scotchman think too much so.

"Then there is our devotion for the Empire. Some time after the union, local patriotism was acute. The Scotch were not welcomed in England, nor were Englishmen welcomed in Scotland. However, that feeling has passed away. We can now take an Englishman and show him Bannockburn, he is just as glad to see it as we are to show it to him.

"Then we have an imperial patriotism. We feel that beyond the interest we have in the country where we were born, where our childhood was passed, and whose legends still cling in our memories, beyond the knowledge and history of Great Britain, what she has done and is doing, we have the further feeling for the Empire, and what it can do. The Empire is an immence fact. We are now but coming to realize what a great fact it is.

Period of Progress.

"When we consider the remarkable inventions of the past century, the advancement made in arts and science, we can readily believe that nothing like it ever existed before. One hundred years ago, it could not have been dreamed of. Canada is placed between the old motherland, and the great dominions over the seas. South Africa is placed between Britain and the other far-off lands, all ruled by, and owing allegiance to the crown. The Empire girdles the world in a way that it could not have done, had it not been for the discoveries and inventions, largely due to the Anglo-Saxon race.

"What must we do? The various parts of the Empire should get better acquainted with each other. In England for a long time we did not appreciate the greatness of Canada. It has been during the past thirty years that we have come to know what this nation means. Our people have travelled more, and they have seen what it meant. More and more Britishers are coming to Canada, and Canadians are going to England in larger numbers. British capital is being invested in Canada in larger quantities than ever before. I would like to see the outlying parts of the Empire know each other better. It is most important that Canada should know South Africa, with its problems, for they are much similar to your own. It is most important that Canada should know Australia, and its varied problems. Reciprocal knowledge is the foundation of useful co-operation. We should know more of each other. It is not so much the necessity of friendship between the different parts of the Empire we have that now, but a sense of union comes when we know each other, and understand and appreciate the Government, the resources, the social life, the structure of Government and the aims and ambitions of the people. There should be a direct line of steamers to all the outlying parts of the Empire and to England. Canadians should sit these parts, and the residents in the Empire beyond the seas should come to Canada.

The Great Empire.

"As a matter of Government, what a novel thing the Empire is! The colonies are not ruled as despotically as Spain ruled hers. We have succeeded in discovering a more excellent way. We have paid dearly for our knowledge. We lost part of North America because of mistakes in government. That portion might have remained until this day in connection, perhaps somewhat loosely, but nevertheless in connection with Great Britain, had the principle of local self-government been more clearly recognized. It is impossible for a country far away to govern another country as well as they themselves when a certain standard of education and population has been reached. It is quite evident that some portions have not yet reached that stage, but when they do, local self-government must prevail.

Foundation of Empire.

"The Empire is based on common citizenship. This is a new feature in the imperial system. Every subject of every part of the Empire has the same social and political rights as he has inh is own. We have now four Canadians in the British Parliament. I hope that such will always be the case, and I hope that more will take part in the future in the deliberations of the British Parliament. I hope that some day British members may be elected to your parliaments. We have carried the principle still further, and our parliaments are open to natives of India. During my recollection, two members, born in India, have sat in the British Parliament. It is well that men familiar with the government of the various parts of Empire should sit in the House of Commons, so that when any question comes up involving any part of the Empire, it can be discussed from first hand knowledge.

"This citizenship is independent of race or language. We in the Empire have overleaped these limitations. This suggest 1 difficulties in many parts of the Empire. The time was when it was thought impossible to have a united Canada owing to the large number of French in Canada. That has been proved wrong. The French are just as loyal, just as genuine Canadians as any other race in Canada. The same is true of South Africa. We did the very best possible thing when we brought the Dutchmen into touch with the Government of the country. They have responded nobly. A better feeling prevails among the races, and there is stability and permanence in the Government there. The hardy burghers have appreciated it, and are working in the best of harmony with the other nationalities.

Advantages of Monarchy.

We are fortunate in having a hereditary monarchy. If the empire were governed by an elective president, the problem would be much more difficult. Every part can share in the dynasty. All can claim with the Englishman and the Scotchman that they are subjects of the English King. The royal family commenced in a small part of Scotland, then adopted by all Scotland, and by intermarriage went to England. Now the dynasty belongs to all. It belongs not to one part, but to the whole. In June next his majesty will be crowned on the Coronation Stone which belongs to Scotland. That is emblematic of the origin of the dynasty, but it is no more Scotland's than it is the remotest part of the empire. Sentiment has much to do with loyalty. The history of the dynasty goes back into the dim past, and is illuminated by names that will be a perpetual example to us to live up to the traditions bequeathed to us.

"There are difficulties in citizenship patent here and in the United States. You are receiving many immigrants in Canada. These are of many races. There are many coming from the United States. You will have no difficulty with them. They speak the same language. They have similar institutions, and they will be easily assimilated. Good citizens as any you will see live these Americans will be. I see no difficulty from the Germans and Scandinavians. Their language is somewhat similar, they are hard-working, industrious men, and should be readily assimilated.

Making Citizens.

"It might not be so easy a task to make good citizens of the immigrants from Eastern and Central Europe. They are a more ignorant class, not so advanced in civilization, and not so well prepared. It is true that they are intelligent, industrious and religious, and their children will make good citizens. It will devolve upon you, the people of Canada, to do a great deal to lift up, educate and civilize the new immigrants who are coming in such large numbers to your shores.

"They nknow not our language. They have not the refinements of life to which we are accustomed. They come as total strangers. I would advise you to do some mission work among them, not altogether in the religious sense, but to make them good citizens. I am not advocating proselytism, but I am advocating that you improve their surroundings, give them ideals of citizenship, give them good education, and teach them good habits so that they may rise to the level to which we think we have risen. The problem is not so great as in the United States, because the volume of immigration is not so great. Still it is a great question even here. Do what you can for them. Show them kindness and teach them that they have come to a great and good country.

"We should have a sense of what our mission is in the world. Not for naught did Providence give the Empire this great prosperity and these opportunities. We should be apostles of enlightment and freedom. England was the first to develop free institutions. They should be developed and broadened.

"I am glad that Canada and the United States are on more friendly terms than they ever were before. They appreciate this country and its greatness, and they desire to be friendly. This will do much towards bringing the nations together, for freedom enlightenment and peace.

Responsibility in India.

England has done more for the east than any other nation. We have a great responsibility in India. You share that responsibility as part of the Empire. We must continue to do what we can for the backward nations. We must rule with kindness and justice with no appreciation to injustice, rapacity or oppression.

"In conclusion, I would say that the Empire is the greatest guarantee of peace in the world."

On the conclusion of the address, a hearty vote of thanks was tendered Mr. Bryce on motion of Mrs. F. P. Betts of the Women's Canadian Club, and Mr. S. Frank Glass, president of the Canadian Club.

It was acknowledged by Mr. Bryce. "I thank you for the pleasure and privilege of meeting you," he said. "I hope to have opportunities in the future of meeting your Canadian Clubs."

A reception was held at the conclusion of the address. Refreshments were served, and Mr. Bryce was introduced to a large number of the citizens of London.

Take One Pain Pill, then— Take it Easy.

To Head-Off a Headache

Nothing is Better than

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills

They Give Relief without Bad After-Effects.

"For four years I was subject to almost constant headache. At times so severe I was unfitted for work. Through the advice of a friend I was persuaded to try Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills and the result has been that I have entirely eradicated my system of those continuous headaches that followed a hard and continuous mental strain."—O. L. Russell, Agt. C. & N. W. Ry., Early, Ia.

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Make the Liver Do its Duty

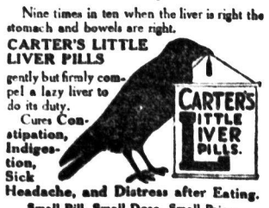
Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cures **Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress after Eating.**

Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price



GENUINE must bear signature

Brent Good

BLACK SNOW IN THE ALPS.

A curious natural phenomenon has been observed during the last few days in the lower Emmen Valley above the Lake of Brienz.

Last week the inhabitants woke up to find that it had been snowing both in the valley and on the slopes of the surrounding hills. About six inches of new snow was lying, and as far as the eye could see it was not white, but of a grayish black color, as if a thick coating of dust and soot had accumulated upon it.

It was much blacker than snow which had been lying a week in a city exposed to all the smuts of the surrounding chimneys, whereas of course in the Emmen valley there was nothing to soil it.

The only explanation which anyone can offer of the phenomenon of black snow is that it may be due to volcanic ash brought by winds across the sea and the mountains from Etna, which has lately been in eruption.

Red snow, of course, is a fairly common phenomenon in the Andes, and was remarked by Darwin. So far as other part of the Alps except the Simmen valley seems to have had the unpleasant experience of a fall of black snow. The snow, moreover, is getting darker and thicker here.

The inhabitants of the valley are herdsmen, who in their chalets make the famous Emmenthal cheese, while those who live on the shores of the Lake of Brienz are chiefly engaged in wood carving.

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This renowned patent Finger-Tipped Silk Glove is the most perfect and satisfactory Glove in the market, and to demonstrate the faith the maker places in them a guarantee ticket is placed in every pair of Gloves made with this patent tip, guaranteeing them not to cut through or wear out at the finger ends with reasonable wear.

In case they do while the Glove is otherwise in good condition, they are then exchangeable for a new pair.

READ THE GUARANTEE TICKET WITH EVERY PAIR OF "KAYSER" PATENT FINGER-TIPPED SILK GLOVES.

The Kayser

2-clasp, in white, black, cream, navy, gray, champagne and tan, pair **75c**

Elbow length, in white, pair..... **$1.50**

Our full assortment of Long and Short Silk and Lisle-Thread Gloves in all the wanted sizes and popular colors are now in, and invite your inspection.

Ladies' Elbow-Length Chamoisette Gloves, 2-clasp, natural color, pr. **60c**

Ladies' 2-clasp Chamoisette Gloves, natural color, pair..... **35c** and **50c**

Misses' 2-clasp Chamoisette Gloves, natural color, pair **35c**

Main Floor.

Scarlet Coatings

Fine Serges, Vicunas and Broadcloths for children's summer coats and reefers, suitable weights to wear on cool days, evenings and at the lakeside.

SCARLET VICUNA, 85c—Beautiful soft all-wool Fine Twilled Vicuna, will stand the washing; 48-inch, yard..... **85c**

SCARLET TWILL, $1.00—Smooth-Finish Serge with prominent twill, wears clean and repels the dust, suitable for little girls' summer coat; 52-inch; yard.. **$1.00**

SCARLET SERGE, $1.25—Fine Twill Serge, in worsted finish, extra quality, very smooth for summer wear; 52-inch, at per yard **$1.25**

SCARLET BROADCLOTH, $1.50—A beautiful Chiffon Broadcloth, in lovely shade of scarlet for misses' and children's coats; 52-inch, yard **$1.50**

HEAVY SCARLET COATING—If a heavier coat is required for the seaside or Muskoka, we have those stylish, heavy twills, suitable for ladies' jackets, misses' and children's reefers, fine imported cloths; 54-inch, yard..... **$1.50** and **$1.75**

Dress Goods Section—Main Floor.

Rain Umbrellas Tomorrow

Men's $1.00 Values . . 75c

Women's $2.50 Values $1.65

These special values will be placed on Umbrella sale table tomorrow. The men's are splendid Umbrellas for every-day use to business or to the office. The covers are of fast black Austria cloth; large 26-inch frames, tube rods with or without bulb runners; also a few Self-Opening Umbrellas in the lot; good choice of handles in Congo, boxwood, Japanese wood, cherry wood and horn. Splendid $1.00 values. Tomorrow, each **75c**

108 Ladies' Umbrellas only in this lot; extra fine silk and wool mixed tops, very close rolling, paragon frames, tube rods with bulb runners; handles the very newest spring styles in fancy carved, white and bronze metal posts. These are a clearing stock lot from a big manufacturer; all $2.50 values. On sale tomorrow, at each.. **$1.65**

East Side—Main Entrance.

Special Ladies' Hose 25c Pair

LISLE THREAD, LACE ANKLES OR PLAIN.

These Summer Hose have special features other than price: the heel and toe is heavily spliced, insuring strength where it is most needed. The dye is the best "HERMSDORF" stainless; colors are black and tan, plain or lace ankles, in either color. Special, pair..... **25c**

Main Floor.

Ladies' Rain and Motor Coats

Rubberized Fabric Coats are the popular Coats today for rain or dust. The rubberizing process does away with the necessity of having a rubber-faced cloth to turn the rain, making a coat not suitable to wear at any other time; rather, these Rain or Motor Coats are very dressy garments, a top coat suitable for almost any occasion. We have just received a new assortment of Rubberized Rajah Silk, Moire, Lustre and Gabardine Cloth Coats for summer wear.

Ladies' Rubberized Rajah Silk Coats, in black, navy, gray and natural, semi-fitting, patch pocket. Price **$21.00**

Ladies' Rubberized Lustre Coats, in navy blue, invisible check, sailor collar, cuffs, pocket and collar trimmed with silk and fancy buttons. Price **$13.50**

Misses' Waterproof Coat of olive gabardine cloth, double-breasted, military collar, box or semi-fitted, for ages 12, 14, 16 and 18 years. Price ..... **$8.50** and **$9.50**

Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Section—Second Floor.

New White Vestings

Marquisettes and Voiles

New arrivals to freshen up our great assortment have just landed: White Vestings, Marquisettes and Voiles, for fancy and tailored waists, dresses, etc.

Vestings in neat mercerized spots, stripes and small figured designs; 27-inch width: at per yard ..... **15c, 20c, 25c** and **30c**

White Striped Marquisette for fancy waists, dresses, etc.; 27-inch, at yard..... **25c**

Fancy White Striped Voile, very new, for waists and dresses, with pretty mercerized, also hemstitched stripe; 27-inch, at yard..... **35c**

See Display—West Aisle—Main Floor.

Switches, Curls, Etc., Made from Combings. — SMALLMAN & INGRAM LIMITED — Carpets, Floor Cloths and Furniture. Third Floor.

Afraid to Eat?

Does the fear of indigestion spoil the enjoyment of your meals? It needn't. Just take

NA-DRU-CO DYSPEPSIA TABLETS

and you won't know you have a stomach. They will see to it that your food is properly digested. They are among the best of the NA-DRU-CO preparations, compounded by expert chemists and guaranteed by the largest wholesale druggists in Canada. **50c. a box.** If your druggist has not stocked them yet, send us 50c. and we will mail you a box.

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