

# Farmers' Harvesting TOOLS.

**G. KNOWLING'S**  
Duckworth St., West and Central Stores.  
Lowest Prices—Large assortment.



**Griffin's or Brade's Celebrated English Crown Scythes,**  
30 inch, 70c.; 32 inch, 75c.; 34 inch, 80c.; 36 inch, 85c.

**Stantforth's Famous English Rivetted Scythes,**  
32 inch, 65c.; 34 inch, 70c.; 36 inch, 75c.; 38 inch, 80c.

AMERICAN SCYTHES . . . . . 50c. and 60c. each  
SCYTHE SNATHS . . . . . 50c., 60c., 65c. each  
B. Y. GRASS HOOKS . . . . . 22c., 24c., 27c., 32c., 33c. each  
AMERICAN GRASS HOOKS . . . . . 22c., 30c. each  
HAY RAKES—Wire Bow, 16c.; 2 Wood Bow, 22c.; 3 Wood Bow, 25 cents.  
HAY FORKS—1/2 ft., 23c.; 5 ft., 25c.; 5 1/2 ft., 27c.; 6 ft., 30c.  
SCYTHE STONES . . . . . 6c., 7c., 8c., 9c. each

## G. Knowling.

July 29, 41, th, s, tu, f

### Evening Telegram

W. J. HERDER, - - Proprietor  
W. F. LLOYD, - - - - Editor

FRIDAY, August 6, 1915.

### The Fall of Warsaw.

After repeated attempts during the greater part of twelve months, Teutonic forces have occupied the Polish capital. It is a triumph for the Kaiser and will do much to buoy up the spirit of the enemy. The Russians have no doubt reduced as far as they could the military value of the capture, by destroying whatever of military value they could not remove. Its capture marks the culmination of a campaign which has resulted in turning back the Russian forces which were some months ago rushing through the passes of the Carpathians into the plains of Hungary, driving them out of almost the whole of Galicia, recapturing Premysl and Lemberg and overrunning Poland. The military value of the capture, however, is not to be measured by the degree of success in paralyzing the Russian armies. How far the Grand Duke Nicholas has succeeded in keeping his armies intact will be probably disclosed during the next few weeks and at what cost the Teutonic success has been gained will also soon be evident. It may be that the success is a Punic success, and that the success of the Germans has weakened them so much that they may not be able to do much more either in the Eastern or Western theatres of war. It is evident enough that the Russian falling back has been due to lack of munitions, and the lack of the latter affords a reason for the desperate attempt of the English and French on the Dardanelles to afford relief to the Russians. The fall of Warsaw is clearly connected with the delay in forcing an entrance to the Black Sea. These are hard facts, but they have to be faced. The war is proving itself a war of munitions, and Britain is now only getting into her stride. Britain is tackling the munition problem and the army problem on a truly Imperial scale; and from now onward she will appropriate more and more to the strength of Germany and prove the deciding factor in the struggle. It is becoming more and more evident that Kitchener knew well what he was about from the first. He had to create armies, equip them, train them and at first there was neither equipment nor means of training men on a large scale. He is getting the equipment and he is getting his trainers of men. He said it would be a long war and that he would require more and more. He spoke of three years as the time required to accomplish the task

# Modern Battles.

(By Senator Charles Humbert.)  
In this article Senator Humbert, the well-known French statesman, gives an interesting French impression of British effort to overcome the shell shortage.

Everyone who has been present at a battle agrees that there is but one thing that counts—fire capacity, intensity of bombardment, the number of shells that can be hurled upon a given point, the power of the explosives used.

As was stated recently in an English newspaper, if the artillery preparation is sufficient, miles of ground can be won by troops armed with walking sticks, whereas without this preliminary artillery action it is sheer madness to make an attack across the open even against positions defended by troops inferior in number and quality to the attackers.

Just the same remark was made to me the other day by an officer who had come back from the neighborhood of Verdun. "Infantry can never gain a position permanently," he said, "except when they can carry it with speed, finding nothing there but corpses and the wreckage churned up by the hurricane fire of these guns."

These are facts that everyone knows to-day, and it is well that they should be circulated as widely as possible, for in them we find both the explanation of our early mortifications, of our slow and fruitless effort during the winter, and also a reason for confidence in the future, when, provided at last with this indispensable equipment, we shall be able to overwhelm our enemies with weapons equivalent to their own.

When you come to think of it, there is nothing extraordinary about this aspect of modern warfare. The whole of modern life has been transformed. Machinery has displaced the workman of old time, who was an artisan and almost an artist, by mechanics who can do nothing without their engine.

Just in the same way the warrior of former days was estimated according to his strength, his activity, his skill, his courage. Nowadays his chief value lies in the use that he can make of mechanical equipment, without which he would be doomed to advance to ineffectiveness and to death.

The English ought to be particularly capable of adapting themselves to this kind of warfare. Not only were they the first to pass through the process of evolution that led to the modern industrial State, but furthermore their tastes and their efficiency in naval matters make it easier for them to understand the importance of progress in mechanics, in the science of ballistics, in chemistry, and in the military arts. For on the sea naval warfare is only waged with machines, gigantic machines, in whose construction the most delicate problems and the most abstruse sciences are involved. It is not sufficient any more, as it was in the old sailing days, to be a good seaman, skilful to take advantage of wind and tide, bold in boarding. To-day things are simpler and sterner. Your ships must be as speedy as possible, as well armoured as possible, and capable of hurling the greatest possible quantities of shells and explosives. Engine-speed and weight of broadside are the determining factors in the battle-efficiency of a dreadnought.

Land warfare nowadays follows the same rules. Calibre and range of guns, their mobility, their rate of fire, the quality of explosive with which their shells are charged, the facilities of supply afforded by the Army organization and the railway system, the capacity of factory output—these are the factors you have got to take into consideration. Your artillery, moreover, must be able day and night to pound certain clearly defined objectives; it must be able to shift its ground, concentrate at a given spot, follow up an attack. All that again brings in the questions of motor-tractors, range-finders, field telephones, searchlights, aeroplanes, wireless installations, etc.

There is no need to labor the point. The English public already grasps these problems. But what I do want to say is that I have the most complete confidence in the results of the efforts that our brave and powerful English allies are making. Some people have been astonished that they have not yet developed all the power, all the energy, all the activity of which they are capable. For my part this has not surprised me, because I know that what has kept them back is just one of the greatest of the national qualities of the English—their habit of experiment.

Your nation has always had marvellous success in enterprises of commerce, of industry, and colonization, just as it has given exceptional proof of natural genius in the physical sciences. All this is due to your habit of experiment, to those rules of the abstract which as long as three centuries ago were engaging the at-

# During the Hot Weather

You want something convenient and easy or Lunch, etc., We have a large stock of Tinned Meats and Fish ready for use. These goods are put up by the best packers and are guaranteed absolutely pure. The following are some of the lines we carry in Meat and Fish:—

- |                     |                   |                       |
|---------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| CORNEBEEF.          | LIVER & BACON.    | SALMON.               |
| ROAST BEEF.         | SAUSAGE MEAT.     | SARDINES.             |
| ROAST MUTTON.       | VIENNA SAUSAGE.   | FINDON HADDOCK.       |
| LUNCH TONGUE.       | OXFORD SAUSAGE.   | HERRING IN TOMATO.    |
| OX TONGUE.          | IRISH STEW.       | KIPPER HERRING.       |
| TURKEY & TONGUE.    | STEWED KIDNEYS.   | LOBSTER.              |
| MINCED COLLOPS.     | BOILED RABBIT.    | FISH PASTE.           |
| BEEFSTEAK & ONIONS. | CORNEBEEF & HASH. | BLOATER, KIPPER, etc. |

We also have a very fine line of Cooked Meats retailing by the pound, cut just to suit our customers.

BOILED HAM, COOKED BEEF, OX TONGUE, DRIED BEEF & HAM.  
SUMMER DRINKS—Lime Juice, Grape Juice, Lemon Squash, etc.

Grocery Dept. | **AYRE & SONS, Ltd.** | Grocery Dept.

# J. M. DEVINE says

that he has received another shipment of the  
**FAMOUS SWEET ORR OVERALLS and WORKING PANTS.**

No matter what your work is these are the best.



Sweet-Orr & Co., Ltd., New York, will give free to each man of six engaged in tug of war contests 1 pair of their famous Yellow Label Pants. They say that six men, three on a side, cannot tear them apart. They are certainly wonderful goods and every class of workman in St. John's is fast finding out that the best place to buy Men's Strong Working Pants and Overalls is at DEVINE'S, Corner Water and Adelaide Streets.

**Overalls from 59c. to \$1.60.**

FOR LADIES:  
We show to-morrow and Saturday a brand new line of the famous D. & A. Corsets from 75c. to \$2.00. When we say D. & A. Corsets are best we are only telling you what you know.

# J. M. DEVINE,

The Right House, Cor. Water and Adelaide Streets.

# RODGER'S.

It needs no more than a passing glance to reveal at once the lure and charm of what we are showing this week in

**Children's Sun Hats, 30c. and 50c.**

**Bonnets, 40c. and 65c.**

**Ladies' White Lawn Blouses, \$1.10 and \$1.50.**

**Neck Frilling, from 12c. to 25c. yd.**

# A. & S. RODGER.

Advertise in the Evening Telegram

# Bargain

If you are in attempting fair samples doing all you

## Special Value

LADIES' CASHMERE  
Over 500 colors of assorted sizes and Saturday

CHILDREN'S SUMMER  
A splendid selection of Navy, Brown, Tan, Blue and other colors and fastenings. Values 30c. to 50c.

Ladies' Dress  
A nice selection of Navy, Brown, Tan, Blue and other colors and fastenings. Values 30c. to 50c.

## Dress Trimmings

Clearing oddments of Dress Insertions and Fancy Gimps in Lace and Net and Silk Beading; shades of Electric, Sky, Ivory, Blau, Rose, Grey and Oriental patterns. These were bought to sell at 10c. and are now at 5c. Special, Friday & Saturday

## Table Centres

5 dozen only Fine White Cotton Table Centres. Lined with Embroidery and Insertion; size 20 x 20. Reg. 45c. each. Special, Friday & Saturday

## Sideboard Cloths

Mexican Lace Sideboard Cloths in one beautiful design, well trimmed with Embroidery and Insertion; size 20 x 20. Reg. 45c. each. Special, Friday & Saturday

## Pillow Cases

Plain White Cotton Pillow Cases, good American make, standard ends; size 17 x 28 ins. Special, Friday & Saturday

## HARD

Hair Brushes, Reg. 60c. Table Bells, Reg. 60c. Coal Vases, Reg. \$1.00. Shaving Brushes, Reg. 50c. Brass Picture Hooks, Sheffield Razors, Reg. 25c. Razor Straps, Reg. 10c. Alarm Clocks, Reg. 25c. Pelt Photo Frames, Dial Scales, to wit \$2.20 for mirrors, Oval Hand Mirrors, Fancy Stand Lamps, Wood Knife Boxes, Tile Taper Stands, Carvers in Case, for . . . . . Metal Polish, Reg. 25c. Padlocks (2 keys), Reg. 10c. Bath Brushes, Reg. 10c. Folding Corkscrews, Can Openers, Reg. 10c.

## Net Lace

In White and Cream. Net Lace in assorted patterns. Special, Friday & Saturday

## Silverette

Something new in Silverette or Imitation Silver. In assorted patterns and designs. Special, Friday & Saturday

**Growing Feed**

You are proud to show the big Chickens raised on GROWING FEED

What are you feeding?

Your neighbor is ashamed of his half grown runs fed on "Something just as good"

Buy it of

**Rothwell & Bowring,**  
St. John's, Nfld.

## "TOO LATE!"

Don't wait until that Cough or Cold develops into the Cough that you are not able to throw off. If you have contracted a Cough or Cold don't keep on saying: "Oh, it's only a cold; that will wear off after a few days." This is just what you are making one of the biggest mistakes in your life. Try a bottle of Stafford's Phoratox Cough and Cold Cure and watch results. Price 25 cts. Postage 5 cts. extra.

If you have an impression or tightness on your chest, mix equal parts of Camphorated Oil and Stafford's Liniment and apply to the chest on a piece of thick flannel.

Stafford's Drug Store (Theatre Hill) is open every night.

**KYLE'S PASSENGERS.**—The Kyle arrived at Port aux Basques at 7.30 a.m. to-day with the following passengers in saloon: Miss A. March, S. W. Hann, Mr. Duff, Miss E. Holbourne, W. J. Wellwood, Rev. J. E. Ryan, Rev. M. P. Ryan, A. Smith, A. J. Haddie, Miss V. Snelgrove, Miss Nichole, Miss A. Pike, Mrs. Parsons, Mrs. Noel, Mrs. Noel, Jr., and Mrs. Baggis.

## DIED.

This morning, after a short illness, Bridget, the beloved wife of Michael Malone, 40 Signal Hill Road. She leaves to mourn her one son Ed. Malone (Branch Pilot), and four daughters, Mrs. Hope, residing in Montreal, Mrs. J. Cluney, Sister Mary Madeline, of Torbay, and Gertrude. Funeral on Sunday at 2.30 p.m. Montreal papers please copy.