WITH THE FARMERS

FARMERS' MARKETS.
Grain and Feed.

New Wheat	80c per bushel
New Oats	30c per bushel
Old Oats	35c per bushel
Oats to dealers	38c per bushel
Feed wheat	70c per bushel
Barley	38c per bushel.
Dairy crop	$1.25 per cwt.
Oat chop	$1.65 per cwt.
Bran, per cwt.	$1.30
Upland Hay	$8 to $10
Slough Hay	$7 to $9
New Timothy Hay	$12 to $14

Dairy Products.

Dairy Butter	20c to 25c per lb.
Dairy Butter to dealers	15c per lb.
Creamery Butter	20 to 25c per lb.
Eggs	30c per dozen
Cheese, local	12 to 13c per lb.

Live Stock.

Grass-fed Steers 1,200	3¼c to 3½c
Steers 1,000 to 1,200 lbs	2½c to 2¾c
Fat Heifers 1,050 and up	2¼c to 3c
Medium cows and heifers	2¼ to 2¾
Fat Cows	2½c to 2¾c
Choice Calves	4c to 5c.
Medium Calves	3 to 4c
Hogs	8c to 8¼c
Sheep	4½c to 5c
Lambs	5c to 6c

Vegetables.

Carrots, onions, radishes, etc., 30c per dozen bunches; dry onions, 3 lbs. for 25c; cabbage, 50c per dozen; potatoes, 30c to 35c per bushel.

THURSDAY'S GRAIN MARKETS.

Winnipeg, Sept. 23.—Weakness in foreign markets due to larger arrivals and moe favorable reports of the Argentine and good reports o' the Australia crops caused an easier opening here and with the heavy receipts selling pressure was quite heavy, prices steadily declining. Liverpool closed ¾ to ⅞d lower, Chicago ⅝ to 1⅜ lower and Winnipeg ⅝ to 1¼ lower.

Winnipeg closing prices: Futures—September 96¾, October 95¾, December 93¼, May 98, September oats 34¼, October 33¼, December 31⅞, May 34½, September flax 1.33, October 1.31.

Cash wheat—No. 1 Northern, 96½; No. 2 Northern, 95; No. 3 Northern, 92¾; No. 4 Northern, 85.

Oats—No. 2 C.W., 34½; No. 3 C.W., 32½.

WINNIPEG GRAIN MARKETS.

Winnipeg, Sept. 24.—Cables were weak and cash demand was poor. There was no export enquiry and Winnipeg cash prices lost from ¾ to 1¼ cents for contract grades and 2½ to 3¼ for rejected grades. In Minneapolis the cash demand was good, premiums being 2¾ over, due to light receipts and heavy milling demand. Option markets were active and went lower in sympathy with American options, which again reflected the cables. Liverpool is not worrying about our wheat, having liberal Russian offerings in the immediate future and Australian offerings in the coming months, with continued favorable reports of the depleted Argentine crop. The small Argentine shipments for the week of only 160,000 accounted for higher prices in the cables for spot wheat.

Argentine shipments for the crop year since January 1 are only 91,600,000, against 129,700,000 for the same period last year. Indian and Australian shipments for the week are also very light. Bradstreet gives American exports wheat and flour for the week aa 2,974,000. Winnipeg options declined 1½ for September, ⅞ for October, ¾ for December and ⅝ for May. Minneapolis options dropped 1 cent for September and December and 1¼ for May, while Chicago September lost 1⅞, December ¾ and May ⅞.

Evidently the short interest in Chicago September is either eliminated or is lying very low. Corn options lost from to 1⅜ for the day and oats were also weak. Inspections for yesterday were 723 cars of wheat, against 278 last year.

Winnipeg cash wheat—No. 1 Northern, 95¾; No. 2 Northern, 93¾; No. 3 Northern, 92; No. 4, 84; rejected 1-1 Northern, 90¾; rejected 1-2 Northern, 87¾; rejected 2-1 Northern, 87¾; rejected 2-2 Northern, 85¾; rejected 1 Northern for seeds, 88¾; rejected 2 Northern for seeds, 85¾.

Oats—No. 2 white, 33; No. 3 white, 31.

Barley—No. 3, 46½; No. 4, 44.

Winnipeg options: Wheat—September 96¾, 95¼; October 95¾, 95; December 93, 92½; May 97¾, 97¾.

Oats—September 34¼, 33; October 33¼, 32¾; December 31¾, 31¼; May 34½, 34¾.

Flax—September 1.33, 1.33; October 1.31, ..31.

American options: Chicago—September 1.03¾, 1.01¾; December 98¾, 98½; May 1.02¼, 1.01¾.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Sept. 24.—Stock yards trade was small today. Prices were steady all around. Hogs about five cents higher. Receipts were small: 8,000 hogs, 2,000 cattle and 12,000 sheep.

Hogs—Mixed and butchers, 7.90 to 8.60; good heavy, 8.15 to 8.60; rough heavy, 7.70 to 8.50; light, 8.00 to 8.50; pigs, 7.40 to 8.10; bulk, 8.15 to 8.45.

Cattle—Beeves, 4.25 to 8.40; cows and heifers, 2.25 to 6.30; stockers and feeders, 3.40 to 5.40; calves, 7.00 to 9.00; Texans, 4.40 to 5.50; westerns, 4.25 to 6.75.

Sheep, 3.00 to 5.10; lambs, 4.15 to 7.25.

Embro Bank Clerk May Die.

Woodstock, Ont., Sept. 24—Edwell McNeill, a young bank clerk employed in the Traders bank at Embro, was brought to Woodstock hospital suffering from what may prove a fatal revolver shot wound in the stomach. He was examining a revolver in his room over the bank when it was accidentally discharged.

Servia Swept by Floods.

Constantinople, Sept. 23.—Hundreds of persons are dead and five hundred houses washed away by floods in Northern Servia. Many are homeless and starving.

PEERS ARE FEELING FOR A SAFE FOOTING

Lord Rosebery's Speech on the Budget Had no Appreciable Effect on the Public Mind—Opposition to Birrell's Land Measure May Cause Mutilation.

London, Sept. 22—"The gossips have had for the last few weeks the time of their lives. Every week, every day and every hour has given new material for new and futile conjecture. The chief cause of this continued uncertainty is the absolute ignorance of what will be done by a strange new factor for the first time. This is the dirt battalions, unknown to most of their countrymen, who form the majority of the House of Lords and who were nicknamed by Lloyd-George, happily, the backswoodsmen.

"The backwoodsmen will decide; who can answer for the backwoodsmen, not Mr. Balfour, and not Mr. Lansdowne. They have scouted the advice of these leaders several times recently, notably in the debate initiated by Lord Roberts in favor of conscription. Lord Lansdowne's opposition to conscription would have been defeated by the backwoodsmen if he had not been helped in the division by the Liberal peers.

"The one decisive factor with the peers will be the consideration of their skins. Either they will thing it safe or dangerous to reject the budget. If safe, they will do so, if dangerous, they will not. All that can be, therefore, done at this moment is to study the different currents of the influence which is redirected to backwoodsmen.

Rosebery's Effort of Little Avail.

"Curious proof of the insignificance to which Lord Rosebery has sunk was the effect of his speech. It was expected to sound the death knell to the budget, but has, if anything, increased the expectation that it will pass into a law. As everybody expected who knows his temperament, Rosebery shrank from decisive and bold words. Similarly Asquith's speech leaves the situation where it was.

"The final sentences, in which, bidding defiance to the peers, Asquith took his place by the side of Lloyd-George and Winston Churchill, who represent the fighting section of the cabinet, will silence the timid section of the ministers and Liberals who, from the fear of losing their seats or salaries, deprecate any attempt to force the pace into such a revolutionary course as the rejection of the budget. But even so resonant a defiance has uncertain results.

"The backwoodsmen have yet to say whether the majority will be frightened into surrender or angered into revolt. To sum up, the situation remains where it has for several weeks, with perhaps a bigger expectation that the budget will be accepted.

"The Birrell land bill left the House of Commons under lowering skies, the Tories voting against the third reading and vehemently criticizing most of its details. This will make it probable that the House of Lords will maul the bill so seriously that the Irish party will have to reject it. If the Lords insist on the mutilation, there is a prospect of a disturbance amounting almost to civil war in Ireland during the winter. This prospect may frighten the Lords, but if it does not the whole future becomes cloudy and perilous and may lead to any kind of development. There may be a fall of the Liberals and a rise of Tories. It may be coercion or it may be home rule. Condon's triumphant progress through Ireland continues and next week an equally enthusiastic reception will follow in the chief English and Scotch towns from the Irish masses there."

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

Canada's Trades and Commerce Department Issues Report.

Ottawa, Sept. 21.—This year the Department of Trade and Commerce decided on a new departure in the issuance of the annual report of the department in seven small blue books, instead of one large one. It was thought that by doing this information to the business community could be supplied earlier. That the assumption is correct is shown by the report today. Three months ahead of last year of part II. of the report giving details of Canada's trade with the United Kingdom, the United States, France and Germany. Imports and exports from the four countries mentioned for the year ending March 31, as compared with the previous 12 months were as follows:

Imports.	1907-08	1908-09
France	$ 10,251,717	$ 8,628,806
Germany	8,250,745	6,001,454
United Kingdom	134,484,156	133,745,375
United States	220,791,269	192,661,360
Exports.		
France	1,806,449	3,176,896
Germany	2,374,607	1,476,552
United Kingdom	134,484,156	133,745,375
United States	113,520,500	92,604,357

There will be no public meeting of the Imperial West Indies Trade Commission until Wednesday, when Lord Burleigh will arrive in the capital. Today Sir Daniel Morris and Sir Dickson Poynder met Hon. Mr. Fielding in person in the office of the minister of finance and discussed the plans of the commission.

Port Arthur Refuses to Vote.

Port Arthur, Ont., Sept. 21—A by-law to grant a gas franchise to a company represented locally by Major Little was beaten by reason of not enough votes being cast. The vote was 447 for and 251 against, totalling 698, but a total of 856, a majority of the possible vote was required. A bylaw to grant twenty acres as a site to the Port Arthur Steel and Wagon works stood 584 to 100. Eight other bylaws for local improvements all passed. The small vote was caused by unfavorable weather, a heavy rain falling all day.

FROM CALGARY TO WINNIPEG

By Automobile—E. W. Hume Makes Trip Across Prairie.

Winnipeg, Sept. 22.—The first automobile trip from Calgary to Winnipeg was completed by E. W. Hume, of the former city, when, after nine days' travel, he ran his four-passenger touring car into this city. Accompanying Mr. Hume were his wife and child, and his assistant, George Healy. The trip, which was made as much as possible along the line of the railway track, totalled 1,040 miles, according to the speedometer. The car proceeded by way of Lethbridge, and the party stopped two days in Moose Jaw, as well as making stops of varying lengths at Medicine Hat, Maple Creek, Swift Current, Regina, Broadview, Brandon and all the larger towns along the route. Two evenings the travellers camped out, sleeping in the car, which is rigged with special front and side curtains and moveable seats, so that it may be converted easily into a comfortable camping place. A complete repair outfit was carried, including extra tires, inner tubes, block and tackle, and all necessary tools. Car, equipment and passengers weighed 3,435 pounds, the weight of the car alone being 2,150.

Fifteen Miles an Hour.

Speaking further of the details of the trip, Mr. Hume believed the average speed to be about fifteen miles an hour. The machine is capable of forty, but when travelling at this rate the road becomes a blur, and, unless it is a straight grade, is not safe. The only accidents of the trip were two slight punctures and a broken link. The trip was rather an expensive one, but owing less to any fault of the machine than to the roughness of the country. The machine ran about twelve miles on a gallon of gasoline.

Summarising, Mr. Hume described the trip as most enjoyable. The varying aspect of the country, the temperate weather, the occasional stretches of fine road upon which it was possible to travel sometimes thirty miles an hour, and the pleasures of camping and picnicking by the way quite compensated for the expense. A fine run was made from Regina to Winnipeg, the distance being covered in three days. Mr. Hume will start on his return trip before the end of the present week.

MORE LABORERS NEEDED

Regina, Sept. 21—In an interview given today, Hon. W. R. Motherwell, commissioner of agriculture, stated that 2,000 men are still required in the province to help with the threshing and that steady work for that number will be obtained for six weeks or more to come at wages varying from $2.50 to $3 per day or $45 to $50 per month. Mr. Motherwell stated that threshing outfits already at work in the province are greatly undermanned and more outfits are being daily rushed in to handle this year's enormous crop. It is hoped that a considerable number of men will come west by the excursion leaving September 24, and help to a certain extent to relieve the situation.

TRIBE STOUTLY HOLDS MURDER WAS DONE

Swan Lake Reserve Indian Arrested and Brought to Kenora—Woman he Shot Was Not Young Girl, But a Squaw 50 Years of Age.

Kenora, Ont., Sept., 21—Accompanied by a provincial constable and as Indian guide, R. Helbridge has arrived back from a four-day trip to Swan Lake, about fifty miles north of here, bringing with him the young Indian who is alleged to have shot an Indian woman on September 11th. The Indian is a lad of about seventeen years of age and claims that the shooting was a pure accident, he having mistaken the woman for a bear, the blunder being made easier owing to the fact that the woman was picking berries, and in so doing was in a crouching position.

This statment is discredited by the remainder of the tribe, who stoutly maintain that murder has been committed.

Contrary to the first reports received here the victim of the accident is not a girl, but a squaw, aged fifty. Her two daughters were out picking berries with her at the time of the shooting, although they did not actually winess the affair. The Indian who did the shooting was accompanied by his younger brother. A shotgun was used, a small bullet being put on the top of the cartridge and the whole charge entering the body of the unfortunate woman, who was only a few paces away.

A party of Indians is now on its way up here to give evidence against the prisoner, two daughters of the dead woman being amongst them. The Indian was arrested in his tepee early on Monday morning. He came along with the police quietly and is confined in the police cells here.

BLACKMAIL FOR OVER $100,000.

Two New York Clubmen Arrested for Offence.

Chicago, Ills., Sept. 22—After a three-hour search of the Chicago Athletic association, the most exclusive athletic club in America, three detectives this evening discovered, concealed in a little ninth floor bedroom, two New York clubmen, who are declared to have engineered a blackmailing scheme to victimize James H. Channen and his wife, wealthy northside residents, to the extent of more than $100,000.

Jury Acquits Lady Cashier.

Brockville, Sept. 21—The jury at the assizes, after being out five minutes, acquitted Miss Grace Henderson of a charge of stealing $3,500 from the Thousand Island railway at Gananoque. Loose management in the offices and poor bookkeeping were proven by the defence as the causes of the shortage, Miss Henderson, as cashier, using the money to cover up I. O. U.'s of her superiors.

C.P.R. NOT TO BLAME.

Says Wm. Whyte, Discussing Western Grain Route Failure.

Vancouver, Sept. 20.—Vice-President Wm. Whyte, when today discussing the question of the shipment of grain via Vancouver to the old country, declared that it is not the fault of the railways, but to the strict economic laws that is maintaining the export of grain shipments by established trade routes. He added:

"It cannot be asserted that our company is seeking to discriminate against Vancouver. In view of the representations made last year we ordered a grain sacking plant which is being installed and which will be ready to handle business next month. But so far, unfortunately, there is no business offering. It is not our fault."

Presenting figures, Mr. Whyte showed aVncouver had an even break in rates in the winter, but that the eastern route had the advantage in summer with a rate of 24.40 cents from Calgary to Liverpool via Fort William and 34.45 via Vancouver between the same places.

ITALIANS ROBBED GALICIANS.

Under Guise of Friendship Lured Them To Secluded Spot.

Winnipeg, Sept. 22—Three Galicians, newly arrived from the West, were refreshing themselves in a restaurant here tonight when they were joined by three Italians, who, entering into conversation soon became very friendly and finally extended to the strangers an invitation to their homes to drink wine. Nothing loath the Galicians went with their new found friends and were led into the shades of St. John's Park. Here the Italians turned upon their guests and producing knives demanded and secured a watch and $25.50 from Dominic Tornro, a watch and $87 from John Caucak and watch and $87 from Make Falcagouja. They were not, however, successful in a breakaway and as a result all three were rounded up by midnight.

TAINTED JURIES IN CHICAGO.

Wheels of Justice Were Held Up For Some Time.

Chicago, Sept. 22.—In all of the courts of Chicago, except the municipal court, the wheels of justice were at a standstill for an hour today while 28 judges listened to an impassioned arraignment by State's Attorney Weymen of this city, for which he had been employed in drawing juries. Service, he said, was fraudulently replaced by names of men favorable to those in a conspiracy to defeat the ends of justice. Whole venues were tainted, he declared, by this method, even the grand jury was suffering.

John J. Holland, secretary and member of the jury commission, one of three men arrested Saturday, was suspended by the judges from his official position pending the outcome of the investigation.

MOLSONS OFFICIALS SAY PRICES TOO HIGH

Think Real Estate Vaiues in Winnipeg, Edmonton and Calgary are Advancing too Rapidly—Sees Great Period of National Activity Ahead of Canada.

Vancouver, Sept. 23.—The wonderful progress and development of the prairie provinces and British Columbia was the dominant impression formed by W. Molson Macpherson, president, and James Elliot, general manager of the Molsons bank, who arrived here today on a tour of inspection. They marveled at the vast changes they witnessed west of Lake Superior during the past three weeks in their trip to Edmonton and thence to the Coast.

Mr. Elliot sounded only one note of warning, his view differing from that of many recent visitors from the east.

"Real estate in Winnipeg, Edmonton and Calgary is being held at too quickly advancing prices, and there may soon be a check in that direction," he declared. Otherwise his expressions were of the most optimistic character. He sees ahead a long period of national prosperity.

Most Favorable Outlook.

"The business outlook could not be more favorable than it is at present. Crops are turning out better than expected, and the assurance of large returns to the farmers means a revival in every department of activity throughout the Dominion," added Mr. Elliot, who has the reputation of being one of the most sagacious bankers in Canada. "There promises to be a largely increased demand for the products of British Columbia, notably lumber, owing to the requirements of the settlers now pouring in to the prairie country. The banks have ample funds to supply borrowers who can furnish good security. The West never loomed larger in the eye of easterners than it does at this moment."

"It is only a question of time until Vancouver will be a large manufacturing centre, fully able to compete with the east in supplying many lines to the growing population of the prairie provinces," said Mr. Macpherson, after confirming the opinion of Mr. Elliot respecting general business conditions throughout the Dominion.

"The market is almost at your door. Vancouver has many advantages owing to its possession of a harbor open the year round. Perhaps the greatest asset of the province is its vast coal and iron wealth in proximity to tidewater. These two natural resources are sure to lead to the establishment of an iron and steel industry whose existence will bring in its train many subsidiary branches of manufacturing."

Abandoned Channel Swim.

Calais, Sept. 24—Wolf abandoned his channel swim when the sea became rough.

BOW RIVER TUNNEL COMPLETED

Calgary Grain Exchange Offices Are Ready for Business.

Calgary, Sept. 23—Bank clearings this week reached a total of $2,367,751, which, so far as the clearing house officials could ascertain or anybody else remember, is the record for Calgary.

The increase over last year is large, amounting to $903,767. The 1908 figures are $1,463,684. The increase exceeds six per cent.

The tunnel under the Bow river, carrying water pipes to Hillcrest, is completed and the cost of the work has at last been arrived at. The tunnel which is about 624 feet long, costs altogether, including the pipes, etc., $14,179.52.

At a meeting of the grain exchange held last night it was decided that an office should be opened immediately in the Lineham block. The rooms are ready now, with the exception of the installation of telegraphic service. Next week the exchange will be doing business. The grain men state that Mr. Whyte's comparison of rates via Vancouver and Fort William is very unfair. His figures are: Liverpool via Vancouver, per bushel, 34.45c; Liverpool, via Fort William and Lakes, 24.40; Liverpool, via rail to Atlantic 34.40. Now these figures, the grain men state, are based upon a quotation of the Blue Funnel line of 30c per ton via Vancouver to Liverpool. This line, however, is not the only one on the Pacific. At the present time there are quotations of 25s 6d, 26s and 25s 6d per ton. These will give the following rates per bushel: Liverpool, via Vancouver 28.35c, 29.22c, 29.86c.

SUFFRAGETTES TO BREAK STONES

Birmingham Magistrate Sentences Rioters to aHrd Labor.

London, Sept. 22—Ordinary imprisonment having failed to check the rioting by the suffragettes, a magistrate at Birmingham this afternoon sentenced Mary Leigh and Charlotte Marsh, ringleaders in the outbreak at the meeting in Birmingham, Sept. 17, when Premier Asquith delivered an address on the budget to two and three months at hard labor. Another woman was given one month at hard labor and others various terms of ordinary imprisonment. When the sentences were announced a number of suffragettes in court picked up whatever they could find in the form of missiles and broke the windows of the court room.

JEWS DISCREDIT RIOTS.

London, Sept. 23—Leading Jews here, although anxious are inclined to discredit the reported riots at Kiev, European Russia, all efforts to get confirmation of the rumors having so far failed.

Dr. Nathan, president of the Hilfavercin Der Deutschen Juden of Berlin, a body through which most of the Jewish news from Russia reaches Western Europe, in response to a telegram of inquiry, announced tonight that confirmation of the reports that there had been serious rioting in Kiev could not be obtained and in a later message he reported that the question was unimportant.

Special End-of-Year Offers

By special arrangements with the publishers, The Bulletin is able to quote these remarkably low rates for Subscriptions to January 1, 1910, to the following well known weekly publications:

SEMI-WEEKLY BULLETIN —AND— Toronto W'kly Globe	SEMI-WEEKLY BULLETIN —AND— The Farmers' Advocate	SEMI-WEEKLY BULLETIN —AND— Winnipeg Free Press	SEMI-WEEKLY BULLETIN —AND— The Winnipeg Telegram	SEMI-WEEKLY BULLETIN —AND— The Family Herald
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Former residents of Ontario cannot fail to appreciate this splendid proposition.	A farmers' combination that has never been equalled in the Western Provinces.	This is our best offer. Subscribe early and take full advantage of the two papers.	Another western proposition that is great big value for double the price asked.	These two papers cover the entire Canadian field thoroughly, as all know.

THE BULLETIN devotes special attention to Alberta Market Reports, publishes weekly the Sunday School Lesson for the following Sabbath, and contains all the news of the West in particular and the cream of the happenings in Canada in general. Particular attention will be given to reports of the sessions of the Alberta Legislature and the Dominion Parliament to convene shortly. Send your subscription to your Postmaster, or to our agent, or send direct to

BULLETIN CO., Ltd. Edmonton, Alta.

ROSEBERY'S SP ON ASQUIT

Text of Former Liberal raignment of Meas Declares is Revo letin to Publish Sp able Men on This is Agitating Great

In view of the ve even imperial, impor political conflict now Britain over the budget proposals. The publishes the full t speech delivered by bery, on 16th Septe city hall, Glasgow. I ed with extraordin and its attack on th clared to have stron influence of the sect opposition which is house of lords to w ence to the country berry has since forc himself from the L by resigning from th ciations and clubs w had been connected.

According to the de counts in the London just received, the ex recognized the momen was taking and had t it with unusual care, sources of his oratori employed to heighten he made and his spec roused throughout w and cheers.

Occupying nearly tw its delivery, it ran ov gamut of the budget taken as embodying a he urged against prop he characterized as re and instinct with the tic, insidious danger ism."

Lord Rosebery, who r received with loud an cheering, said: Mr. Lord tlement, I think that fu fuss has been made abo ing. It is literally and you described in your be the wish of the bus Glasgow, who saw som suspicion in the budget opinions on that point. moment it has developed of national conflagration neither you nor I is resp did me great honor—you cial men of the second empire—in wishing to kn on this most momen and in sending me yo you sent me a challenge not in honor or in hon painful as it is to me spects to speak as I must but conscious also, as the positions which I ha the confidence of my my country, that I can absolute silence at a this.

I come, then, today to plain, unadorned opin any coruscations of clo out any quips or crank put my mind into the co And there is this about th that it compromises no he v no resolution, whic most laudable omission. compromise each other, belong to both political I, because I belong to therefore, you have, at me the impartiality that man desires, for I have years been what is call

bench man.

Severance From the Lib

Now, gentlemen, I have was unwilling in some resp here, because it is neces to show a very public difference with my oldest friends in politics—tho power and in the confid state, those whom I wo see in power and in the c the state, but from whom pelled to differ on a mat their policy. I hope, th there is one distinction be made plain today, a and will be practised. what I say today will no in any way against the Li I have long ceased to be with the Liberal party; I since been an independen and it is not fair for a whatever section he may throw up my opinions as that compromised the Li

The Wealthy and Ta

It is my duty today to I believe it not to be in terests of the nation that cial measure should bec know it will be said that off I have no right to spe a question, and that it is cry of a wounded taxpay will hear. Well, if you proposition to its logical and if you had the budg cussed by those who had would be a somewhat on cussion. But I would ve to point out that there ceivable system of taxatio a man who is opulent w severely taxed it a larg money is to be raised, an when a person of opulence a question like this he is all, making a choice of gards himself. This enough.

Clearing Away Preliminar

The other ridiculous a which I think we have be late than we did before, b who cried out for Dread the first to cry out against them. Well, that, again, slight examination. The have been under discussi land taxes, which, accord statement of the Govern selves; would not preclude of a Dreadnought, and wh is that none, I believe, o tional taxation provided in budget is to go to our construction at all. So one cleared away that rubbish liminary rubbish of whi so much, I might say too

Budget of Implacabl

Having thus cleared th