

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES.

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 16, 1903

Vol. XXXII, No. 37

A Slaughter in Men's Clothing

100 Suits Clothing, broken lines prices from \$5 to \$14.50, 33 1-3 to 50 p. c. off to clear.

35 Men's Odd Coats at half price A lot of Men's Odd Vests at your own price.

300 pairs Men's Odd Pants, 1-3 off price.

A lot Boys' Suits at half price. Come soon and get your size.

J. B. McDONALD & CO.

FLOUR.

All the leading brands in barrels and half barrels.

SUGAR.

We have large stock in Brown and White Sugars, including Redpath, in 100 lb. bags. This is a nice, clean package, and handy for the preserving season. Selling cheap at

McKENNA'S,

Phone 226, Cor. Queen and Dorchester Sts.

NEWSON'S Slaughter Sale

OF FINE FURNITURE

We have decided to sell at Slaughter Prices our whole stock of up-to-date Furniture. Our original prices, which were very low, have been cut in some cases down to cost, in order to dispose out in a hurry. Just sit down and think or a while, and if there is anything you need, call and we will make a price that will surprise you.

P. S.—Sale for Cash only.

JOHN NEWSON.

A. A. McLean, K. C. & Donald McKinnon
McLean & McKinnon
Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law,
Brown's Block, Charlottetown

JOB WORK
Executed with Neatness and
Despatch at the HERALD
Office,
Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

The Most Nutritious.
Epps's Cocoa
An admirable food, with all its natural qualities intact, fitted to build up and maintain robust health, and to resist winter's extreme cold. Sold in 1-4 lb. tins, labelled JAMES EPPS & Co., Ltd., Homeochemists, London, England.
Epps's Cocoa
Giving Strength & Vigor.

ALL-RAIL LINE BETWEEN PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND AND BOSTON

After July 1st, 1903, Through Without Change Between Boston and Point Du Chene.

EASTWARD.		WESTWARD.	
EASTERN TIME	7:00 p. m., Lv. Boston..... Arr. 7:25 a. m.	EASTERN TIME	4:25 a. m., Lv. Portland..... Arr. 7:00 p. m.
	10:30 p. m., Lv. Portland..... Arr. 4:25 a. m.		7:45 a. m., Lv. Vancouver..... Arr. 10:32 p. m.
			8:02 a. m., Lv. McAdam..... Arr. 9:05 p. m.
			10:40 a. m., Arr. St. John..... Lv. 6:00 p. m.
ATLANTIC TIME	2:45 p. m., Arr. Point Du Chene..... Lv. 1:45 p. m.	ATLANTIC TIME	10:15 a. m., Arr. Summerside..... Lv. 10:15 a. m.
	9:11 p. m., Arr. Alberton..... Lv. 8:34 a. m.		8:45 p. m., Arr. Charlottetown..... Lv. 7:00 a. m.
	8:45 p. m., Arr. Charlottetown..... Lv. 7:00 a. m.		Daily except Saturday..... Daily except Sunday.

Baggage Colonel Sleeper, First Class Smoker and First Class Coach between Boston and Point Du Chene, Pullman Sleeper between Boston and St. John.

C. B. FOSTER,
D. P. A., C. P. R., St. John, N. B.

Comfortable CLOTHES

—AT—

Comfortable COST!

That's the story of our

Homemade READY-MADE Clothes.

During the dull winter months we made an unusually large amount of Suits, Trousers and Overcoats at less cost than if we ordered them from a manufacturer. We sell direct from maker to wearer. Any one who bought our make of clothing knows they fit better and are better made than factory made. Why then send your money out of the country?

Try one of our all-wool Worsted Suits at \$10.00.

D. A. BRUCE,
May 20, 1903.

Commercial CAFE,

Queen Street.

In store formerly occupied by A. Vincent, next A. E. McEachern's Shoe Store.

YOU can get a good dinner at the above Cafe for only 15 cents. Also a large bill of fare to choose from. We make a speciality of baked beans, meat pies, Ham-burgh steak and onions. Sirloin steak always on hand. Try our Ice Cream, Pastry and Cake on the premises.

JAS. LONERGAN,
Proprietor
June 25, 1902.—17

A. L. FRASER, B. A.
Attorney-at-Law.
SOURIS, P. E. ISLAND,
MONEY TO LOAN.

RINGS
When you purchase a ring you want it right. There is but one right kind of a ring. It must suit the occasion and please the recipient. Here you will find the right ring for any occasion—any taste.

If you pay for solid gold—you may depend upon it—it is solid. When we recommend one or setting, you can rely on their worth and value. Our designs are the newest productions of the best ringmakers.

Prince Edward Island Agricultural & Industrial EXHIBITION, 1903.

Open to the Maritime Provinces

To be held on the grounds of the Ch'town Driving Park and Provincial Association at Charlottetown.

Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday,
22nd, 23rd, 24th and 25th SEPT., 1903.

The largest prize list yet.

Over \$6,000 in Prizes

Live stock, dairy products and poultry entries close 11th Sept. All other entries close on 18th Sept.

Two Days Horse Racing, WEDNESDAY & THURSDAY
23rd & 24th September.

The fastest classes ever started on the Island.

\$1,350.00 in Purses.

The very lowest rates for Exhibits and Passengers on Steamboats and Railways.

Special attractions in front of the Grand Stand.

For entry forms, prize lists, race programmes and all information address the secretary.

F. L. HAZARD,
President.
C. R. SMALLWOOD,
Secretary.

SAY!

If you want to buy a SATISFACTORY pair of

BOOTS or SHOES or anything else in the

FOOTWEAR line, at the greatest saving price to yourself, try—

A. E. McEACHERN,
THE SHOE MAN.
QUEEN STREET.

W. A. O. MORSON, K. C. — C. CARAN DUFFY.

MORSON & DUFFY
Barristers and Attorneys,
Brown's Block, Charlottetown, P. E. I.
MONEY TO LOAN
Solicitors for Royal Bank of Canada.

Enas A. MacDonald — P. J. Trainor
MacDonald & Trainor,
Barristers, Solicitors, etc.
OFFICE—Great George Street,
near Bank of Nova Scotia, Char-
lottetown, P. E. I.

MONEY TO LOAN.
May 20, 1903.

WEDDING Rings,

in 10, 15 and 18k. gold. Gold made hard so as to last. If you want a special style, weight or quality, we can make it for you same day as ordered. Splendid new wedding presents.

E. W. TAYLOR,
CAMERON BLOCK.

MILBURN'S HEART & NERVE
HAVE you been smoking a good deal lately and feel an occasional twinge of pain round your heart? Are you short of breath, nerves unninged, sensation of pins and needles going through your arms and fingers? Better take a box or two of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and get cured before things become too serious.
As a specific for all heart and nerve troubles they cannot be excelled. A true heart tonic, blood enricher and nerve re-
newer, they cure nervousness, sleeplessness, nervous prostration, smoker's heart, palpitation of the heart, after effects of a gripper, etc.
Price 50c. per box or 3 boxes for \$1.25 at all druggists, or will be sent on receipt of price by
The T. Milburn Co., Limited,
Toronto, Ont.

MISCELLANEOUS

Young woman.—Haven't you got something different?

Salesman.—Yes, perhaps; but these are the latest publications; you know: everybody's reading them.

Young Woman.—Haven't you something in a lighter shade of red? I'm sure this binding won't match.

Sore Throat.

Mr. Chas. Johnston, Bear River, S. N. says: "I was troubled with hoarseness and sore throat and after taking three bottles of Wood's Norway Pine Syrup I was entirely cured."

Minard's Liniment cures Distemper.

"Dicky," said his mother, "when you divided those caramels with your sister, did you give her three?"
"No, ma, I thought they wouldn't come out even, so I ate one 'fore I began to divide."

Cures Biliousness.

"I have tried Laxa Liver Pills, and find them an excellent medicine for Indigestion and Biliousness."

J. McCallum, Stouffville, Ont.

Visitor.—You are the editor? Well, I want to speak to you about my daughter. She writes poetry, sir, and she's only fourteen years old!

Editor.—Oh! well, I wouldn't worry. She'll outgrow it, perhaps.

If you can't sleep on account of a raging toothache, Low's Toothache Gum will stop the ache and give you ease. Price 10c., all medicine dealers.

She.—A writer says that in order to succeed a man must be 95 per cent. backbone.

He.—Oh, I don't know. A good many who have managed to arrive are 95 per cent. check.

Worms are dangerous, often bring on convulsions and death. If your child is suffering from them, administer Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup which is safe and always effectual. Price 25c.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.

Tinkle.—Oh, yes; the West is wide-awake and full of vim; but still, Western men are not what they once were.

Wrinkle.—No? And what were they once?

Tinkle.—Boys.

Minard's Liniment relieves neuralgia.

Embryo Artist.—What do you think of that for a painting? You wouldn't believe that is the first thing I ever completed, would you?

Careful Critic.—I might think so, but I wouldn't say so for anything.

THAT'S THE SPOT!
Right in the small of the back. Do you ever get a pain there? If so, do you know what it means? It is a Backache.

A sure sign of Kidney Trouble. Don't neglect it. Stop it in time. If you don't, serious Kidney Troubles are sure to follow.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
cure Backache, Lame Back, Diabetes, Dropsy and all Kidney and Bladder Troubles.
Price 50c. a box or 5 for \$2.25, all dealers.
DOAN KIDNEY PILL CO.,
Toronto, Ont.

The Jubilee Congress of German Catholics.

The Congress of German Catholics will be held this year at Cologne from Sunday, August 23rd, till Thursday, August 27. It will be the fiftieth of its kind. Special importance attaches, therefore, to this jubilee year of the great factor of Catholic progress in Germany. The first Congress was held at Mayence in 1848, but war and other disturbances having caused the otherwise yearly meeting to be omitted on several occasions, the golden jubilee can only be celebrated this year. Ten years ago, when the Congress last met at Cologne, a resolution was passed that the jubilee meeting should be held at Cologne, to mark the prominent position of the venerable, old, and yet beautiful modern city, which now may be justly considered the head of Catholic Germany, though, of course, a large proportion of its inhabitants do not belong to the Catholic Church.

This year's Congress derives additional lustre from the recent elections to the Reichstag. Readers know the general result of the election; the maintenance of the Centre in its leading position and the enormous increase of the Social Democrats, but they may be pardoned for not knowing that the Social Democrats won their seats, with one exception, in entirely Protestant districts. Indeed it has come to this, that Social Democrats have been returned, and almost only such, by every large town in the country, and even in one rural district.

But though that party boasted it would certainly break up the power of the Centre this time as a tower of strength, especially in the Rhineland, it has done nothing of the kind; it has gained no seat there, but the Centre has increased the number of its seats in that province from 27 to 28.

Now it must be remembered that the Centre cannot, as matters stand, except a seat in a Protestant district except through extraordinary circumstances. This being so, the Centre has reached the highest position it can expect to attain as regards the number of seats. The only increase of strength that could be obtained was in the number of votes. And such an increase it obtained, quite an unexpected increase, viz., more than 400,000 votes.

Never before has the strength of the Catholic Church as a rampart against Socialism been so manifestly proved as this time. The leading organ of the Socialists confess that a bitter disappointment mars the jubilant ring of the party in the discovery that the Socialist weapons have been without effect against the Centre. It calls on the approaching assembly of the party at Dresden to consider what new measures ought to be adopted. Protestant organs, on the other hand, own that Catholics are properly equipped in their battle against Socialism, whereas the Protestant Church has done nothing and can do nothing.

Nor is this all. In Germany, as elsewhere, the fanaticism of a certain section of Protestantism knows of late no bounds. Before the election people of this kind went so far as to propose a combination of all political parties to crush the "Ultranatism" of the Centre. In a number of cases they openly avowed that the Socialists were the minor evil. This kind of warfare flourished particularly in the kingdom of Saxony. And the result? The champions of "tolerant" Protestantism in that kingdom lost every seat, with the exception of one, and in that single one they implored the handful of Catholics to help them to defeat the Socialists in a second ballot.

The overthrow of the fanatical Protestant party has certainly been another and great cause of satisfaction to Catholics at this momentous election. So much may be said of the late campaign in view of the approaching Congress, which, as is well known, does not occupy itself with purely political matters. It may be added, that the political programme of the Centre has again triumphed in mitigating the antagonism and hatred which, unfortunately, has been nourished by other political parties. The Centre being composed of men of all the classes, and being elected by cities and rural districts, is better informed as to the real wants of the people than any other party and, therefore, carries even more weight by its moral strength than by its voting power. Moreover, it has maintained the glorious tradition of Windthorst—o use its power and influence according to the law of justice to all classes, and not according to the wishes of the Government or even to the advantage of its own movement.

As to the Congress itself, it will touch upon all the more promi-

ent topics of Catholic life. It goes without saying that public matters are considered and treated from the point of view of Catholic doctrine and morality. In this way a sound public opinion is created, adjusted, and fostered among Catholics on these matters, the Congress leaving it to others, viz., to unions, societies, the Press, or it may be to the Centre, to carry out in due course what has been resolved upon. The Congress is, then, only, as it were, the head of the organization of Catholics, its very important members being societies of all sorts, and newspapers of all kinds, without whose aid it never could have obtained its present importance and usefulness. At first, and for a number of years, the Congress was then called the General Meeting of Catholic Societies in Germany. But in the year 1871, at the assembly at Mayence, that name was for practical and juridical reasons changed into the present title, "General Assembly of the Catholics of Germany." I remember well the warm debate on this occasion which gave signs of the coming Kulturkampf. But though the name has been changed the connection between the societies and the Congress continues as before. Some of these societies hold their own meetings throughout the year, others meet along with the Congress, and others again are mentioned and recommended by the Congress to the Catholic body.

A recent review of the almost endless number of these societies divides them into six groups. First there are the pious societies, including those for propagating the Faith, counting seventeen various unions with so many branches each. Secondly, societies of charity, including those dealing with temperance and emigration, eight unions of various kinds. Thirdly, come the trade and labor societies, thirteen unions, including those for farmers, journeymen, workmen, young workmen, merchants, students, and premen. The students alone comprise more than one hundred branches in the various German University towns. Fourth in order are the societies for literature, science, and art, five in number, including the Goethe Society and the Society of St. Charles Borromeus, which takes the place in Germany of the Catholic Truist Society. The Borromeus Society last year counted 104,000 members, with an income of about \$200,000. Fifthly, the political, and lastly the social societies.

The most important of the political, and indeed of all these unions, at the present time is the Katholisches Volkverein, the Catholic Peoples Union. It was founded by Windthorst, and was indeed the last great work of that great leader. Its object is to oppose and combat the errors and revolutionary movement of Socialists and to promote the Christian order of society. This union holds meetings throughout the country wherever Catholics are attached or the policy of the Centre party is to be defended and no local organization is as yet in existence. The number of meetings held in March alone this year was no less than 192. The headquarters of this union are at Munchen-Gladbach, Rhineland. It was justly called by the la' Dr. Lieber the "permanent congress of Catholics." By the meetings and millions of leaflets and pamphlets it has done admirable work, warding off the attacks of foe and uniting Catholics wherever opposing interests, as between industrial and agricultural laborers, were threatening their harmony of action.

They are a united army, bound together by Christian principles, by a sound and popular policy, and by the guidance of able leaders. They have their enemies, not the least embarrassing those Catholics of Poland and Alsace, who by their radicalism play into the hands of their worst enemies and weaken the Centre, which will not and cannot adopt their extreme view, but which would help them to obtain justice. Catholics may also be surprised in time by the Social Democrats in the number of deputies, as the Social representatives may become more numerous, whilst increase is impossible for the Catholics owing to the reason pointed out above. But as regards internal strength, what has been stated lately in "A Study" by a correspondent of the "Catholic Times"—that the Socialists were united as they are strong—is not correct. There are grave differences between Babel on the one hand and Barnstein and von Vollmar on the other. And as to the Socialist electors, there can be no doubt that very many of them have no idea of, or the least wish for, Babel's "future state"; but they have given vent to their hatred of the Classes or their discontent of affairs in general.

The "Vorwarts" newspaper itself

complains of the un-Scientific character of its new supporters, and considers it to be its first and main duty to leave these new masses with the leave of pure Socialism. That it will succeed to a certain extent amongst the Protestant and unbelonging portion of Germany may be taken for granted, but that it will find more than its march in the Catholic districts is not only the hope of Catholics, but almost the conviction of every politician. The Catholic Peoples Union having proved so very successful its rules have been examined by Catholics of other countries, with a view to adopt them to their needs. I have seen it stated that they have also been introduced into Ireland.

To organize the Catholic young men and to make them acquainted with political life, to keep up the tradition of the great leaders and follow in their steps an association has been founded, which rejoices in the excellent name of "Windthorstbund." These unions did very good work at the last election, and their organization has already been imitated by the Liberal party. The most important class organization are the Farmers' Union and the workingmen's Societies. The latter are increasing in number, as well as in strength. They are, of course, the advanced guard in the warfare against Socialism. Corresponding to Babel's programme, which lays it down that Socialism advocates Atheism in religion, Socialism in economics, and Republicanism in politics, these Catholic workingmen's societies maintain among their members, and beyond them the profession and defence of religion, and sound political and economic views and measures, within the present order of things.

These societies are very active, and many a working man has become an excellent public debater against Socialists by following up the lectures given at the meetings held under their auspice, and attending to the different courses. Moreover many, perhaps most of the societies, have joined regular trades unions, which have been founded in union with Protestant workingmen Christian principles as opposed to the so-called free trades unions of the Socialists. The number of members of these Christian trades unions amounted in the year 1902 to 823,864, and the total income to more than \$200,000. Besides this there are many local friendly and insurance societies amongst Catholic workingmen, one of the latest being named, in honor of the great Pontiff of workingmen, the Leo Insurance Society. It promises to be a success, having already sixty branches in the archdiocese of Cologne. I hope that some of these notes and statistics will help visitors to understand the working of the Catholic Congress, and to follow its debates and reports with interest.—Special German contributor to Liverpool Catholic Times.

"While Rome is theoretically authoritarian and centralized," says the Leader, "practically it practices the largest Home Rule. Indeed the vast majority of Catholics never come in contact with anything but local authority."

An Ancient Foe

To health and happiness is Scrofula as ugly as ever since time immemorial. It causes bunces in the neck, disfigures the skin, inflames the mucous membrane, wastes the muscles, weakens the bones, reduces the power of resistance to disease and the capacity for recovery, and develops into consumption.

"Two of my children had scrofula sores which kept growing deeper and kept them from going to school for three months. I began giving them Hood's Sarsaparilla. This medicine caused the sores to heal, and the children have shown no signs of scrofula since." J. W. McEwen, Woodstock, Ont.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Will rid you of it, radically and permanently, as it has rid thousands.

FIRE INSURANCE, LIFE INSURANCE.

The Royal Insurance Co. Liverpool,
The Sun Fire office of London,
The Phenix Insurance Co. of Brooklyn,
The Mutual Life Insurance Co. of New York.

Combined Assets of above Companies, \$300,000,000.00.
Lowest Rates,
Prompt Settlements

JOHN McEACHERN,
Agent.