LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

THE City Convent Schools re-open to-morrow.

ST. DUNSTAN'S COLLEGE re-opens to-morrow.

VERY REV. JAMES MCDONALD, V. G., St. Andrews, has been raised to the dignity of Monsignor.

WE commence, this week, the publication of a very interesting story, entitled "The Musician Monk."

THE war ships *Bellerophon*, *Canada* and *Tourmaline*, which arrived here on Thursday last, left for Quebec on Monday morning.

ARCHBISHOPS LYNCH, of Toronto, and O'Brien, of Halifax, who had been on the Island for some time, left for Halifax on Saturday morning.

BISHOP CAMERON, of Arichat, accompanied by Rev R. McDonald, of Pictou, arrived here on Wednesday evening of last week, and left again on Friday morning.

MR. HUTTON, Principal of the Deaf and Dumb Institution of Halifax, will give another exhibition of the work done in that institution, in this city, on to-morrow night.

MR. JAMES J. ROCHE, of the Boston *Pilot*, son of Edward Roche, Esq., Legislative Librarian, who had been visiting his friends on the Island, left for home on Saturday morning last.

MR. P. J. FORAN has just returned from New York, where he took a thorough course in the best cutting schools of that city. He has started business over L. E. Prowse's store, where all in quest of well-fitting garments will be readily attended to.

WE are pleased to learn that Mr. P. A. Hughes, formerly Station Master at Cardigan Bridge, has much improved in health since going to Colorado, and that he is now occupying a position as Station Agent at Roubideau, on the Denver and Rio Grand Railway.

WE would call the special attention of our readers to the auction sale of household furniture, advertised in this paper, which takes place at the residence of the late John A. Macdonnell, Esq., on Monday next, the 5th inst. Great bargains in first-class furniture may be expected. A. McNeill, Esq., is the Auctioneer.

THE Tea Party held by the parishioners of St. Columba's, East Point, on Wednesday last, was a grand success. The weather was charming, and an immense throng of people assembled and enjoyed themselves to their heart's content. The amount realized was upwards of $1,000, of which over $800 were netted.

WE have received a copy of the King's County Exhibition Prize List, 1887. The Exhibition takes place at Georgetown, on Thursday, 29th September next. The Chairman, Secretary, and all connected with the affair, are leaving nothing undone to make this the best Exhibition ever held in King's County, and we trust their labors will be crowned with success.

WE are much pleased to notice that, at the annual closing exercises of the Propaganda College, Rome, held on the 5th inst., Messrs. Peter Curran, of Baldwin's Road, and James J. Morrison, of St. Andrew's, this Island, took the degree of Bachelor in Theology. We congratulate these gentlemen upon the success which they have achieved in their studies.

THE steamer *Carroll* arrived from Boston last night with the usual cargo and the following passengers: Mrs. Jennie J. Goodwin, Mrs. J. Salinger, Miss Emma, Rochefort, Miss Addie Rochefort, Miss Maggie McNaily, Miss Lovell, Mrs. Simmons, Messrs. A. Rummill, B. G. Gerther, H. M. Tucker, W. T. Dougherty, E. Putnam, Wm. Allen, J. Tivonibly, W. R. McDonald, Miss Jennie M. Curren, Mrs. Tomlyn.

VERY REV. MICHAEL EGAN, V. G., died at Nelson, Miramichi, on Friday last, in the 81st year of his age. For over fifty years Father Egan zealously labored in Miramichi. His early missionary field included the country all along the Miramichi River and Bay Chaleur. Many from this Island, who, some years ago, were accustomed to go and engage in the lumbering extensively carried on along the Miramichi, well remember Father Egan, who at that time was a prominent figure in that country.

WE beg to call the attention of our patrons in King's County, to the advertisement of the Souris Convent, which appears in another column. The efficiency of the instruction imparted to pupils by the ladies of the Congregation of Notre Dame, is well known to our readers. The Convent erected in Souris should be looked upon as a boon by the Catholics of King's County, and we would strongly recommend them to patronize liberally, an institution which affords such facilities for obtaining for their children a thorough educational training.

MR. E. B. DUFORT's patent Feather Renovating Machine, advertized in another column, is one of the most extraordinary inventions of the day. We have seen it at work, and can vouch for the correctness of any statement we make concerning it. There is no doubt that the renovating and cleansing of feathers in beds and pillows are matters that have not heretofore received as much attention from housekeepers as they should have. It is quite reasonable that, in the course of time, from long use, these feathers should become unhealthy. By Mr. Dufort's process they are thoroughly cleansed and enlarged, and rendered buoyant. Mr. Dufort has the best of references both in this city and all other places where he has been at work. Don't forget the place, Terlizzick's Corner, Upper Queen Street.

THE Dominion Industrial Exhibition will be held, this year, at Toronto, under the patronage of His Excellency the Governor General and Hon. John Carling, Minister of Agriculture. The Exhibition will open on the 5th, and continue till the 17th of September. We have received a copy of the programme, and a glance at its contents shows that the attractions are such as to make this the greatest Exhibition ever held in Canada. The formal opening takes place on the 6th. The special feature of the 7th will be the athletic sports. Other days are set apart for trotting, for the school children's demonstration, and for all kinds of special exhibitions. The railway arrangements for the occasion are most liberal, and there is no doubt the attendance will be something unprecedented in the history of Canadian Exhibitions.

Telegraphic News.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 25.—The Porte has telegraphed Ferdinand that it disapproves of his entry into Bulgaria without the sanction of the Porte and Powers.

CHICAGO, Aug. 25.—Information was received to-day that the Canadian Pacific Railway will, within the next thirty days, put on a new and powerful steamer between Portland and Vancouver. This means a new route between Columbia River and the East, especially New York, Boston and Chicago. The trade in canned goods and wool will be heavily promoted.

WINNIPEG, MAN., Aug. 25.—Another injunction was served upon the Red River Railway enterprise yesterday morning, this time on behalf of a settler named Jenkins, who has already given considerable trouble, and who refused to accept the amount offered him for the right of way, on the ground that the sum was not sufficient.

Two bills of complaint have been filed in the office of the registrar at the Court House in behalf of Sir Donald A. Smith to prohibit the Red River Valley Road from crossing his property at St. Norbed.

They are similar to one filed on Saturday by a man named Browning, except that they ask that the matter be referred to the Master in Equity to take action of the damages, loss and injury which the plaintiff has sustained by reason of the act of the defendant in constructing a railroad through his land and that they have to pay the same there is no doubt. That should the court decide against Browning and his injunction, the matter of which is set for two weeks hence, other injunctions will be applied for.

The Line at Morris is being guarded by special provincial constables.

The first consignment of material for ironing the Red River Road arrived to-day.

In an interview to-day, Attorney-General Hamilton said if the emergency demanded it, the Legislature would immediately be called together.

YARMOUTH, Aug. 26.—At Salmon River, this morning between five and six o'clock, five fishermen started out in two dories to look after their nets. They had scarcely left the shore when the fierce surf lifted their dories in the air, and turned them over. In one dory were Abel Sanford and James Kelley. The latter succeeded in getting the dory righted, and pulled his companion into it, and they got ashore again. The occupants of the other dory were all drowned. The accident happened close to the shore, and no assistance could be given.

MONTREAL, Aug. 26.—The *Herald* office was burned. The alarm was given shortly after 8, but the fire spread too quickly that the brigade when it arrived could do nothing. The printers and others employed on the building had an awfully narrow escape, the compositors being on the top flat, had meagre means of exit. The building was formerly the St. James Hotel, and 15 years ago was the scene of a terrible holocaust, several lives being lost. The fire blazed for two hours despite all the brigade could do but by hard work they managed to confine it to the building. A Laundry & Co., and James Stewart, Auctioneer, were burnt out. Loss $150,000. Insurance $130,000. All the employes got out safely, though it was a narrow shave.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The excursion yacht *Monarch* was capsized by a squall in Bristol Channel to-day and 15 persons were drowned.

LONDON, Aug. 27.—All Conservatives, including Lord Randolph Churchill, supported the Government last night, as did Lord Hartington and Messrs. Bright and Russel. The bulk of the Unionists voted with the Gladstonians, Joseph and Richard Chamberlain, Collins, Williams, of Birmingham, Lingley and Buchanan also voted with the minority. During the evening Bright had a short talk with Gladstone. There were only 82 pairs on the vote and few absentees unpaired.

LONDON, Aug. 27.—In the vote on Mr. Gladstone's motion in reference to the proclamation of the National League in the House of Commons last evening, nine Liberal-Unionists supported Gladstone and seventeen other members of the party were absent and unpaired. Gladstone has gone to Hawarden.

ROME, Aug 27.—The Pope has resolved to appoint a special commission to consider reports made by Mgr. Persico of his mission to Ireland.

LONDON, Aug. 27.—Lord Hartington, in a letter defining his political position, denies that he regards "Home Rule" as practically won. The depression which seems to exist amongst Liberal Unionists he declares is caused chiefly by the impression which obtains in some quarters that Gladstone has made larger concessions than have really been made, and he knows of no reason why the Unionists should relax their efforts.

NEW YORK, Aug 28.—The Cunarder *Umbria* to-day landed 621 first-class passengers, the largest number ever brought over in a trans-atlantic steamer. The Duke of Marlborough was among the passengers on the steamer *Umbria*. He is here on a pleasure tour.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 28.—A special from Key West, Fla., says: "Advices received last night state that the greatest excitement prevails at Havana, occasioned by the recent acts of Captain-General Marin, in taking possession of the Custom House and placing officials under arrest. The city is in charge of the regular troops and the situation becomes daily more desperate, recalling the events attending the 'massacre of the medical students in 1871.'"

DUBLIN, Aug. 28.—Michael Davitt addressed the Bray Branch League to-day. He said the only crime prevalent in Ireland was eviction. If England imprisoned men for resisting the injustice of landlordism, and exercising the right of free speech, the country would be steeped to the lips in crime. During the coming winter they would continue to boycott sneaking thieves and land grabbers, but before two years the necessity for agitation and boycotting would be over.

DUBLIN, Aug. 28.—The Premier of Ontario is making a tour of Ulster to inquire into the condition of the people.

LONDON, Aug. 28.—Under the auspices of the Liberal League, Radical and Irish temperance clubs, a procession of 10,000 men marched to Trafalgar Square, last night to listen to speeches in denunciation of the Government's action against the Irish National League. Four platforms were erected and from these four speakers addressed the multitude simultaneously. Among the orators were Messrs. Biggar, Nolan, Quinn and Shirly, members of Parliament, and the Socialist leader, Morris. A resolution denouncing the proclamation of the League was carried by acclamation. Large bodies of police were present. The crowd was perfectly orderely.

CITY OF MEXICO, Aug. 29.—A brisk earthquake shock was felt about seven this a. m., agitating the houses and making people dizzy. In some streets the people ran out and fell on their knees praying. The shock was mostly felt in the outlying portion of the city, lasting some 30 seconds.

LONDON, Aug. 29.—The Parnellites are determined that Parliament shall not rise until decision is reached in the case of O'Brien. They began to-night a prolonged discussion on the Irish estimates. Even by a resort to the cloture rule the Government will be unable to balk their purpose. O'Brien's trial opens Sept 8. Any attempt by the prosecution to strain the meaning of the Crimes Act as affecting O'Brien's case will be the occasion of a fierce protest by his colleagues in Parliament. The Conservative whips are obliged to keep 20 members within hail to prevent a surprise.

MONTREAL, Aug. 30.—Sir George Stephen, Sir Donald Smith and Mr. VanHorne have just returned from the Northwest. They report that the crops are in splendid condition. Mr. VanHorne says that the C. P. R. will not interfere with the construction of the Red River Valley Road, the matter being entirely between the Dominion and Manitoba. The Government regards the construction of the road as an unwarranted attack on the Company and against the interests of Canada, and says that the promoters are in favor of annexation, and that as soon as the road is compled they will want the Custom House removed.

LONDON, Aug 29.—In the Commons this evening, Sir Henry Holland, Colonial Secretary, read a cablegram from Lord Landsdowne, declaring that the report that Sir John Macdonald said he would not hesitate to ask the aid of Imperial troops to stop the construction of the Manitoba Railway was a pure fabrication. Lord Landsdowne also said: "The provincial act for the construction of the Red River Railway was disallowed by me on advice of my responsible advisers on the ground that the proposed line would tap the traffic of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and thereby seriously injure the interests of the whole country, which submitted to large sacrifices to unite the provinces by a provincial road.

Mr. Healy asked whether the statement by Sir Henry Holland in reference to Macdonald extended to the report that Imperial troops in Canada would be concentrated at Winnipeg. Sir Henry replied that he had the authority of Mr. Stanhope, Secretary of the State for War, that it was also a pure fabrication.

Great Bank Robbery Brought to the Surface.

(*From the Montreal Star.*)

Montrealers generally will recal to mind the great robbery which took place at the Consolidated Bank here in 1876, when $40,000 in unissued $10 notes were stolen from the vaults. For months and years afterwards detectives were on the *qui vive* for the capture of the robbers, but strange to say without success. It was never known who had committed this barefaced robbery in open daylight. A man has just been convicted and sentenced to penitentiary in California for having uttered some of the stolen bills. The story of his conviction is an interesting one. Mr. Archibald Campbell, the liquidator of the bank here, well remembers the circumstance of the robbery, but the arrest and conviction of Smith, *alias* French, was a revelation to him.

At the time of the robbery the bank had previously only notes of the denominations of from $1 to $5 and the stolen notes were the first issued by the bank of the denomination of $10, and had been printed by the Canadian Bank Note Printing Company. The notes were complete with the exception of the signature of a bank officer, who might be designated by the bank directors, and was on the left hand lower corner, the president's name being engraved in the lower right hand corner. At the time the notes were stolen, workmen were engaged in putting a steel lining in the bank vault, and the notes were deposited in a vault while the workmen were thus engaged. During the noon dinner hour the 4,000 notes of $10 each were stolen, as supposed, by a thief who had obtained access to them in the disguise of a workman. Since the robbery the bank had gone into liquidation. The president and other officers of the bank have since died, including Wm. Irwin, the officer whose name was used to supply the omission in the left lower corner by those who stole the notes. Several parties have been arrested in various parts of the United States on charges of complicity with the robbery, but they escaped conviction for want of proof that the signatures of Irwin were forgeries. The statute of limitation for having stolen notes in possession had also expired. In November last a man was arrested in St. Louis Obispo on a charge of passing three of the stolen $10 notes in that county. United States Detective Finnegass was at once informed of the arrest, and he took immediate measures to aid the arresting officers. Congress passed an Act, approved May 16, 1884, making it an offence to pass in the United States any counterfeit bank notes of any incorporation under a foreign Government. The offence has been committed after the passage of the Act creating the Southern United States District Court of California, therefore Charles Smith, the name under which the arrested man was known, could not be tried in the northern district court of California, neither could he be tried in the southern district court, as neither judge, marshal, clerk or district attorney had been appointed for the newly designated court. Those officers were not appointed until months after the offence complained of had been committed.

Under these circumstances Colonel Finnegass deemed it adviasble to try the prisoner in the state courts, and to this end had proceedings begun against him in the superior court of San Luis Obispo for having in his possession and passing counterfeit notes. It may be added that several hundred dollars of such notes were found in the town mentioned, where Smith had secreted them. Smith was brought to trial, but owing to a flaw in the information Judge Gregory instructed the jury to find a verdict of acquittal, which they did. Anticipating the possibility of such a result, Colonel Finnegass had obtained another warrant, and as Smith left the court room he was re-arrested. A troublesome question now arose as to proof. Colonel Finnegass had learned that the former chief accountant of the Canadian Bank, named Pridham, was in California, and he set to work to discover his whereabouts. He succeeded in locating his man, who was employed in the robbed bank at the time the robbery was committed, and was familiar with the signature of William Irwin, and is probably the only witness living in the United States who can testify to its genuineness. Smith's second trial lasted several days, and this all-important witness established the missing link in the chain of testimony. On the 19th of July the jury found Smith guilty as charged, and a week ago he was sentenced by Judge Gregory to six years imprisonment in San Quentin. The prisoner was placed on board the steamer *Queen of the Pacific*, in charge of Sheriff McLeod. When the steamer arrived in port the steamer *Tamalpais* was not ready to proceed to San Quentin, and the sheriff, in the kindness of his heart, took the prisoner into a restaurant on the water front for breakfast. The sheriff turned his head for a minute and Smith made a break for liberty, jumping through a glass door. He was pursued in hot haste by the sheriff. In turning a street corner Smith slipped and fell, and before he could recover himself a teamster had fastened a cotton hook in his clothes and held him secure until the sheriff came up. The prisoner was then securely ironed and taken across the bay. It turns out that Smith was sent to San Quentin prison in July, 1881, from Stanislaus county, under the name of French, for a term of three years.

In Brief, and to the Point.

Dyspepsia is dreadful. Disordered liver is misery. Indigestion is a foe to good nature.

The human digestive apparatus is one of the most complicated and wonderful things in existence. It is easily put out of order.

Greasy food, tough food, sloppy food, bad cookery, mental worry, late hours, irregular habits, and many other things which ought not to be, have made the American people a nation of dyspeptics.

But Green's August Flower has done a wonderful work in reforming this sad business and making the American people so healthy that they can enjoy their meals and be happy.

Remember—No happiness without health. But Green's August Flower brings health and happiness to the dyspeptic. Ask your druggist for a bottle. Seventy-five cents.

Auction Sale.

Furniture, Horses, Carriages, &c.

I AM instructed to Sell by AUCTION, on Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 6 and 7, AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK, A. M.,

At the Revere House,

ALL THE

HOTEL FURNITURE,

Comprising Drawing Room, Parlor and Bed Room Suites, Dining and Smoking Room Furniture, Table Appointments, Kitchen Furniture, Stoves, &c.; Beds, Bedding, Linen, &c.—the complete outfit of the "Revere House."

—ALSO—

Horses, Carriages, Sleighs, Harness, &c.

Sale positive. No reserve.

TERMS—All sums under $50 cash; over that amount, three months on approved joint notes.

A. MCNEILL, Auctioneer.

Aug. 31, 1887—1i

CONVENT

—OF THE—

Congregation of Notre Dame, SOURIS.

THE classes of this Institution will re-open on THURSDAY, 1st Sept.

The course of studies embraces all the branches of a sound English education, French, Vocal and Instrumental Music.

The Convent is a new and spacious building, occupying a healthy situation, and fitted with everything necessary for the health and comfort of the pupils.

Terms for board and tuition, or for tuition only, to be had on application to the Mother Superioress.

Souris East, Aug. 31, 1887—4i pd

LOST,

ON Sunday evening last, between the London House, Charlottetown, and Cornwall, a valuable Prayer Book. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at this office.

Aug. 31, 1887—1i

Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber will sell at Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the 27th day of September next, in front of the Court House in Charlottetown, at 12 o'clock, noon, his Freehold Farm of 72 acres, situate at Johnston's River, Lot 35, in Queen's County.

This property is in a good farming locality, near to shipping and mussel beds, and offers every inducement to parties in want of a first-class farm.

For particulars and terms apply to Messrs. Sullivan & Macneill, Charlottetown.

ANGUS McINNIS.

Johnston's River, Lot 35, Aug. 31, '87—4i

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a Writ of Statute Execution to me directed, issued out of Her Majesty's Supreme Court of Judicature, at the suit of James Macdonald against Joseph Macdonald, I have taken and seized as the property of the said Joseph Macdonald, all his right, title and interest in and to the following property, viz: All that piece or parcel of land situate, lying and being in Georgetown, in King's County, in Prince Edward Island, and known and distinguished as Town Lot Number Seven, in the second range, letter B, as the same is laid down and described in a certain map or plan of the said Town of Georgetown, made and kept in the office of the Surveyor General of lands in and for the said Island, reference being thereunto had may more fully and at large appear, and which said piece or parcel of land is now and hath been for some time past in the possession of the said Joseph Macdonald.

(2) All the right, title and interest of the said Joseph Macdonald, in and to the following described piece or parcel of land, in and to all that piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being at Cardigan Point, in the Royalty of Georgetown, in the said County and Island, bounded by a line commencing at a stake fixed in the Eastern side of a reserved road running between plots numbers Twenty-one, Nineteen and Seventeen, and numbers Forty-nine, Fifty-one and Fifty-two, and in the Northwest angle of plot number Fifty-one, leased to the said Joseph Macdonald and one George Macdonald, and running thence along the North-western line of the said-named plot to the shore of Cardigan River; thence following the said shore Northerly until it meets the South-eastern side of a reserved road running between plots numbers Forty-six, Forty-seven and Forty-eight, owned by Lemuel C. Owen, and plots Forty-nine and Fifty; thence following the said side line to the Eastern side of the said first named reserved road, and thence along the same South-eastwardly to the place of commencement, the said pieces or parcels of land being known and distinguished as Plots Numbers Forty-nine and Fifty, containing Sixteen Acres of Land, a little more or less.

(3) Also the right, title and interest of the said Joseph Macdonald, in and to all that other tract, piece or parcel of land situate adjoining the pieces last described, being bounded on the West by the land lastly above described; on the North by the Cardigan River; on the South by the Burnt Point Road; and on the East by land now or formerly owned by George W. DeBlois, being known and distinguished as Plot Number Fifty-one, shown on the plan or map of Cardigan Point, and containing Eleven and One-half acres of Land, a little more or less.

And I do hereby give Public Notice that I will, on WEDNESDAY, the FOURTEENTH DAY OF MARCH, A. D. 1888, at Two o'clock, afternoon, at the Court House in Georgetown, in the said County, set up and sell by Public Auction all the above-named Property, or as much thereof as will satisfy the levy marked on the said Writ, being One Thousand One Hundred and Ninety-five Dollars and Sixteen Cents, and interest on Five Hundred and Fifty-two Dollars and Seventy-eight Cents, from the 6th day of July, 1887, at Six per cent. per annum, until paid, besides Sheriff's fees and incidental expenses.

JAMES MACDONALD, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, King's County, August 8th, A. D. 1887.

CHESTER B. MACNEILL, Plaintiff's Attorney.

Bankrupt Prices

GOODS MUST GO.

Dry Goods & Readymade Clothing

Must Make Room for Fall Goods.

BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

Readymade Clothing, for Men and Boys,

AT BANKRUPT PRICES.

CAN'T BE UNDERSOLD,
GOODS MUST GO,
AND YOU GO STRAIGHT TO

J. B. MACDONALD'S.

Queen Street, Charlottetown Aug. 31, 1887.

Household Furniture, &c.

BY AUCTION, MONDAY, SEPT. 5th, at 11 o'clock, a. m., at the residence of the late John A. Macdonnell, Esq., Cumberland Street, all the Household Furniture, comprising in part,—

DRAWING ROOM—Suite (choice) Mahogany Centre Table (marble top), Brussels Carpet, Window Blinds and Curtains, Centre Tables (walnut), What-Not, Pictures, Cut Glass Lamp, Secretoire (walnut), Book Case (walnut), &c.

DINING ROOM—Large Extension Table (solid mahogany), Hair-cloth Chairs, Tapestry Carpet, 2 large Verandah Chairs &c.

Table Appointments, including solid silver and Plated Ware, China, &c., Table Linen and Toweling (new), Cutlery (Rogers' make), Stove (Berkeley), Clock, Pictures, &c.

KITCHEN FURNITURE—Cook Stove (Victor), Tables, Chairs, Lamps, Oil Cloth, Utensils, &c.

BED ROOM FURNITURE—Suites, Iron Bedstead with wire Mattrass, Feather Beds and Pillows, Blankets, Counterpanes, Bed Sheets in linen and cotton, some of which are new; Stair Carpets, Stoves, &c., &c.

Large Invalid Chair (walnut), Large and Small Bath Tubs, Inhaler and Electric Batteries, 2 Saltpeques for making Saltpeter Water, Soda Water, Sparkling Lemonade, &c.; Wardrobes, Hammock, Spy Glass, Spirit Level, Gun, Pistol, Fishing Rods, Saddle, Bridle, Car enter's Tools, Garden Tools, &c.

On view from two till five o'clock, Saturday, September 3rd.

A. MCNEILL, Auctioneer.

Aug. 31, 1887—1i

WHY THE Columbus Watch IS THE BEST.

THE Main Spring barrel is completely covered, making the Watch perfectly dust proof. There can be no interference between the Balance and the Barrel. The Regulator is nearly double the length of others, rendering accurate regulation a very simple matter. To replace a broken Main Spring the Barrel can be removed without disturbing the Balance or interfering with the regulation. The pins of the Regulator are so formed and located that two or more coils of the Hair Spring cannot reach between the Pins and cause the Watch to stop or gain time at an unusual rate. The balance comes under the round, or edge, the strongest part of the case, not as with all others, under the centre and weakest part. The Main Spring Power is the lightest used in American Watches. The calculation of the Train is such that this Watch runs 8 to 10 hours longer than others, with one winding, giving more uniform power and rate. These are improvements that cannot be claimed by any other manufacturers, and one seen, all must agree with us in saying that this is the strongest and best Watch made; and with all the above improvements, the Columbus Watches cost no more than others.

G. H. TAYLOR, Jeweller, Charlottetown, P. E. Island.

Aug. 24, 1887.

Freehold Farms FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale the whole of his Property situated between Norwood and Union Roads, in the Royalty of Charlottetown, three miles from the City, containing Two Hundred Acres of Land, known as BEECH HILL FARM, and formerly owned by Hon. J. C. Pope.

This Farm is well watered, having a clear stream running through it, which makes it very desirable for Pasturage. There is also a new and comfortable Dwelling House on the premises, besides stabling for fifty head of horned cattle and four horses, and also houses sufficient to contain all the grain and hay that can possibly grow on the whole property. There are over forty acres of land ploughed on the premises, and mostly cross-ploughed, manure being ploughed in it. There is also in the barn yard sufficient stable manure to cover fifteen acres. All this preparation now ready for present crop. Immediate possession given if required.

Also that other Farm known as STONE PARK FARM, formerly occupied by late Hon. George Coles, containing Two Hundred Acres of Land, and is situated less than two miles from the City. A large portion of it joins the Government Model Farm. There are on it for present crop Forty-eight acres ploughed, cross-ploughed and manured, and in the barn yard sufficient manure to cover sixteen acres, available for present crop. On this farm there is sufficient stable room for fifty head horned cattle and ten horses; also a large Barn, Granary and other buildings, sufficient to hold all the grain and hay grown on the farm. Immediate possession given if required.

OWEN CONNOLLY.

Charlottetown, April 6, 1887—tf

Fruit and Confectionery.

B. BALDERSTON has a full supply of the purest and best

CONFECTIONERY,

Manufactured on the premises every day. Customers can rely on their Candies being fresh and pure.

We want every country dealer to call on us and see if he cannot save money by getting his Confectionery from us.

Choice Fruits in their Season.

Best GROCERIES at Low Prices.

Colgate's Soaps & Perfumery.

B. BALDERSTON.

Charlottetown, July 27, 1887.

Health, Comfort, Economy AND LUXURY.

IF you wish the above, get your FEATHER BEDS and PILLOWS Cleaned and Renovated by Dufort's Patent Steam Feather Renovator, Patented 1882 and 1887.

We have been very busy since coming to Charlottetown. Everybody is delighted with the work. Farmers bringing in their beds in the morning can have them back with them in the evening. Satisfaction guaranteed. Charges moderate.

J. H. GORDON, JR., Manager.
E. B. DUFORT, Proprietor.

Shop Corner of Queen and Kent Streets, Charlottetown.

August 17, 1887—4i pd

TOBACCO.

Smoking and Chewing Tobacco

OF THE FINEST QUALITY,

Manufactured from Pure Virginia Leaf, at

Riley's Tobacco Factory, Water Street, Charlottetown.

Special Wholesale Rates. See my prices and inspect my Goods before making purchases.

T. B. RILEY.

March 23, 1887—1y

CANADIAN SILVERWARE!

THE greater part of our Silver-Plated Ware is made by First-class American Houses, who have crossed the line and now manufacture on this side, thereby saving the purchaser the amount they formerly paid in duty, and the goods are of equal quality to those made in the United States.

Cruet Frames,
Cake Baskets,
Salvers,
Card Trays,
Butter Coolers,
Spoon Holders,
Syrup Jugs,
Biscuit Boxes,
Cups, Mugs,
Spoons,
Napkin Rings, &c.

For Sale Good and Cheap by

E. W. TAYLOR,

CAMERON BLOCK.

February 2, 1887—1y

IMPERIAL CREAM TARTAR BAKING POWDER

TRADE MARK

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST, CONTAINS NO ALUM, AMMONIA, LIME, PHOSPHATES, or any injurious materials.

E. W. GILLETT, TORONTO, ONT. CHICAGO, ILL.

Mnf'r's of the CELEBRATED ROYAL YEAST CAKES.

Farmers Bank of Rustico.

A DIVIDEND at the rate of six per centum per annum for the last six months has been declared upon the capital stock at this Bank, payable at its banking house in Rustico on demand.

ADRIEN DORION, Cashier.

Aug. 24, 1887—1i wkly pat 1i.

Farm for Sale.

FOR sale, 200 acres of land on the North Melville Road, Lot 29, the property of the late James Duffy. For full particulars apply to James Bradley, Great George Street, or to Michael Duffy, Pownal Street, executors.

Charlottetown, Aug. 17, 1887—tf

THE CHARLOTTETOWN HERALD is acknowledged to be the Best Paper published in the Province.

We Do Not Want the Earth.

Modest Prices ARE SATISFACTORY. MODERATE PATRONAGE IS ACCEPTABLE.

Small Profits ARE SUFFICIENT. WE REACH Your Approval —THROUGH— Low Prices.

HONEST, HIGH GRADE, NEW STYLE

Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, and Men's Furnishings.

Our Stock is Fresh, New and Stylish. Our assortment is large and complete. Have a look through. If we do not save you money, we will make some one else sell you Low.

STANLEY BROS.

Brown's Block, Charlottetown, Aug. 17, 1887.

HOUSEKEEPERS & OTHERS ABOUT TO FURNISH,

Should See Our Magnificent Stock.

We Show the Largest and Most Varied Stock of

CARPETS AND OILCLOTHS

IN THE PROVINCE.

Our facilities for getting all classes of merchandize at the closest prices, enables us to give customers the best value.

An inspection will convince that our prices, quality considered, are below others who are everlastingly advertising reduced prices, and even then cannot get clear of the goods.

MR. PATON is now buying large stocks in England to fill up again for Fall and Winter.

JAMES PATON & CO.

MARKET SQUARE.

Charlottetown, Aug. 10, 1887.

B B B B

In order to make room for

FALL GOODS,

Soon to arrive, we are now offering

Clearing Prices

On the balance of our

SUMMER HATS, DRESS GOODS, SACKS, COTTONS, &c., &c.

Call early and secure bargains.

BEER BROS.

Perkins & Sterns

ARE NOW OPENING THEIR

New Stock of Spring and Summer Goods.

New Dress Goods, New Cloths, New Prints.

GRAND DISPLAY OF

English and American Millinery,

Parasols and Umbrellas.

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

OF ALMOST EVERY DESCRIPTION—IN LARGE VARIETY.

25,000 Rolls Room Paper, a large stock of Tapestry, Brussels and other Carpets.

Customers will find our Goods New and our Prices Low.

PERKINS & STERNS.

Charlottetown, May 11, 1887—1yr

NEW GOODS!

CASH! CASH!

L. E. PROWSE

Is Determined to Sell for Cash.

Therefore Can Sell Cheap.

He Has the Largest Stock of Hats and Clothing

ON P. E. ISLAND,

and his prices are the lowest. Kindly give him a call and you will save money.

L. E. PROWSE,

April 27, 1887—1y Sign of the Big Hat, 74 Queen St.