Assembly Report Shows a Prosperous Year.

**CHURCH FINANCES** 

SOUND STATE OF

**A NEW PRESBYTERY** 

Kindersley, Part of Battleford, Made Separate.

Tonnate despatch: The striking dis oreparaty between the census report of 1911 and the returns of the Presbyteries for dist year, a discrepancy which amounts to nearly a quarter of a million mersons as apparently lest to the Presbylesian Church, was the point emphasized by Dr. Somerville to presenting the record of the Committee on Statistics to the General Assembly yesterday

In deshing with the statistics, the treasurer pointed out that there are a greatrnumber not reported, and that in any event multiplying each family by five does not give by any means an ac curate report, but yet the report was curate report, but yet the report was not a satisfactory one for the Presbyterians, . The incucase in communicants, 5,539

and in Daose received by profession of faith, 15,809, were also referred to by Dr. Somerwile, who declared in connec-Br. Somerwild, who declared in consec-tion with the latter that it meant only an increase of one and one-half for each elder, or one for each twenty communi-cants, and he questioned whether it could possibly be thought that a record which eshowed only one new member brought in for each twenty communi-cants and the fortune.

cants was satisfactory. The duty of the church to the careles or merely nominal members caused or considerable amount of discussion, some nominal members caused a commissioners considering that these should be excluded from the returns and thus the did not be church, while others considered as the church, while others considered as the church whi ered that the duty of the church lies that do exclude them would be treating them with anything but Christian char-

After discussion, the matter was dis Dr. W. H. Smith, of Fredericton, "That it be an instruction to sessions to be port every family and single person un-der filier oversight in the annual statis-tical vestures," the recommendation being adopted by the Assembly.

Further recommendations contained were also adopted without discus . These recommendations were that complete and accurate returns event congregation and mission station be ablighted; that the Statistical Com-mitting in each Presbytery take especial case the guard against discreptness in re-turns? That special care be given to the rell of the Presbytery, and that dis schedulic contain a full list of the congreschedulle contain a full list of the congre-gations in the pastoral charge: that changes of manaes in congregations or missions the at once sont to the treas-urer; estal what presbyteries take imme-diate action on the matter of statistics and firmances in order that the increase of dimension of the treas-matter in a statistic statistics and the set or degrense in congregations, and those which stars indentified to report or contribute flowards the schemes of the church

might be known. The report of the Committee on Cornespondence with Other Churches.

year of 67,000 copies and was considered highly gratifying. The committee's re-commendation that the price be increas-ed from 25 to 30 cents with a vicw to equalizing the income and expenditure, was adopted together with the report as a whole. NEWS OF THE whole

NEW PRESBYTERY CREATED. NEW PICESBYIERY CREATED. The overture forwarded by the Pres-bytory of Battleford requesting that it be divided and a new Presbytery to be known as the Presbytery of Kindersley be formed, was considered and it was de-eided to fall in with the suggestion. The division will take effect at the end of

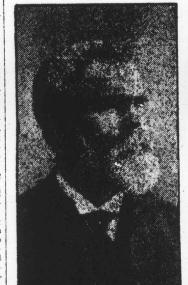
the statistical year, and a moderator will be appointed by the ministers of Kisidersley and Battleford.

An overture in regard to the division of the Regim Presbytery was set askie for consideration at a future date as "the plan in connection with it had been minimald.

Just poior to adjournment Rev. W Just point to adjournment Rev. W. G. Wilson, of Winnipeg, moved that in view of the fact that a great body of Protestants in Canada were outside the doors of the church open air services should be held on Sanday after the regular meetings, and that the matter be referred to the Committee on Sun-day Services. Dr. Rebert Campbell moved an amendment bhat it be referred to the Board of Social Service and Evan-gelism, which carried. Rev. Dr. R. P. MacKay urged that the author will be tak-en up lator. en up leter.

THE MORNING SESSION.

Following the usual formulities the report on matter of holding services on Sunday was taken up in the morning sension, and after a great deal of discussion it was decided to hold all ensension it was decided to hold all rereices of the day at Knox Church. The report of Mr. Thomas Wilkins as Convence of the Committee ou travelling expenses of Commissioners to the Assembly of 1912 was adopted as is stocd. The total amount paid out was \$7.518.61. The units asserted to each \$7,818.81. The quote assigned to each Freshytery was at the rate of 10 cents per family for every family within its bounds, and a total of \$5,380.96 was contributed. The report for this year will be presented as soon as possible.



REV. DR. MURDOCH MACKENZIE The newly elected moderator of the Presbyterian Church in Canada was born at Edderton, Ross-shire, Scotland, in 1858. He came to Canada in 1983 and studied at the Presbyterian Col-

lege, Montreal, graduating in 1889 and leaving the same year for the mission field of Honan. China, where he spent Cornespondence with Other Churches. almost a quarter of a century. He re-which was atlogted, stated that Rev. Principal Scringer, D.D., was appointed on furlough, which under ordinary to represent the Presbyterian Church of circumstances would las? for 15 Canada at the General Assembly of the circumstances would las? fe months, but ewing to his selecti Moderator his furlough will probably be extended for a more lengthy per iod On his return trip from Monan last fall Dr. Mackenzie was able to take the train only a mile from his mission station and make the entire trip to the English channel by railroad. This journey can now be made in fourteen n Toronto. days and is rapidly becoming a pop-ular one, Dr. Mackenzie says. He re-ceived courteous treatment from the Russian officials, in fact had no trouble whatever, although he expected to meet with difficulty in the matter of

DAY IN BRIEF Lord Rendel, Friend of

THE ATHENS REPORTER, JUNE 11, 1913.

Gladstone, Dead.

GERMANS' VISIT OFF More Nations Approve

Bryan's Peace Plan.

A Port Hope Anglican has presented the Baptist choir with gowns.

The labor troubles in Toronto prem ise to prastically tie up every trade. Eugene Carbonneau was acquitted of the charges of fraudulent conspiracy. Kaiser Wilhelm protested against the desecration of the battlefied at St. Privat.

Rev. W. G. H. MoAlister was elected president of the London Methodist Con-ference.

Guelph Baptist Association at Galt declared emphatically for abolition of the bar.

Mrs. Robert Stapley dropped dead on the street in Listowel after attend ing a funeral.

A programme has been arranged for the entertainment of Sir Ian Hamilton in Terento.

Lord Readel, a great friend of Gladstone and owner of the Chauteau le Tomec, on the Riviera, is dead in England.

The Canadian Press Association visit. ed mines in the Cohalt district and were entertained by the Canadian Club of three northern towns.

It is estimated that something like \$5.000 000 has already been subscribed for charitable objects in connection with the Kaiser's jubilee.

Arrangements are about completed for a notable Reform demonstration at Erin, to be held in Stanley Park on Friday afternoon, June 13th.

Peter Elson, M.P., is still seriously ill at his residence near Hyde Park, London, Ont., and shows little improve-ment. His condition is regarded as eritical.

Gordon Smith, of Wainfleet, while attempting to shoot crows, apparently loaded his gun too heavily, and it ex-ploded, completely blowing off his left

hand. Jumping from the steamer Columbia as the boat neared the C. P. R. dock, Windsor, Charles Lewis, 35. of Wind-sor, a stoker, was drowned before the crew could extend aid.

Owing to political and economic dis turbances in Europe arising out of the Balkan war, the proposed visit of a number of prominent German business Balkan war. men to Canada this year has been abandoned.

doned. Young Ray Bushey, son of Mr. Bushy, of Toronto, one of the Hydro-Electric workmen who disappeared on April 15 from the hotel where his parents were stopping; was found to day in the bay just below the wharf at Iroquois.

J. Havelock Wilson has decided to the Wandsworth seat, vacated entest by Sir Henry Kimber, in the interests of the Independent Labor Party. It is probable the Liberals will now us n in the field. Kimber's majority at the last election was \$,314.

U. S. Secretary Bryan announced that Germany, Belivia and Argentina had so far approved his proposal for universal peace as to sak for tentative grants of the treaties. With these additions the hat of nations that have undertaken to consider the proposal favorably



Day Training

AT NIAGARA CAMP

Of a Few Years Ago.

The

Davidson, the Suffragette who was ser-lously injured at Epson Downs yesterday, when she attempted to interfere with the running of the Derby and was knocked down and transpled on by King George's horse, Anmer, rallied for time to-day and became conscious. This was only tem pobary, however, and she soon hapsed back into unconsciousness.

SHE MAY GO FREE

The police are still watching the Epsom Cettage Hospital, where the woman was taken after she was picked up from the Conveniences Not Thought track. This implies that Miss Davidson is technically under arrest.

is technically under arrest. Mr. Luke Flides' portrait of King Ed-ward VII, which Queen Mother Alex-andra lent to the Royal Arcademy Ex-hibition has been removed. The reason for this action is said to be the fear that Buffragettes might attempt to destroy it. The building of he Territorial Army Mervice Corps at Liverpool was burned to-day, and the police suspent that the fire-was shorted by Suffragettes. The blaze apparently was of incensiary orgin, but ne Buffragette literature was left about the place. Niagara-on-the-Lake despatch: advent of modern utilities and Camp surprise to many soldiers and others. The modernisations calling forth astonishment include such conveniences as electric light, a complete telephone system, with a switchboard and long distance connection; an electric-light system; a new method of disposing of and incinerating garbage; shower-baths and filter taps, and numerous

no Buffragette literature was int the place. The loanse of Mrs. Emmelles Pank-must from Holloway Jail because of illness breught on by her latest hunger strike will expire on Saturday, when the is due to return to jail to finish her farce years sentence. The Woman's So-cial and Political Union has issued a statement to the effect that Mrs. Pank-horst is still extremely weak and her ar-rest so soon after she was released would be an act of vindictive erusity. other things that were unthought of even five years ago. The telephene system which was installed by the Royal Canadian En-gineers, runs to over sixteen miles of hne. There are instruments at the



The Congregationalists Hear Tales of Great Progress.

Rev. Dr. Horsey, of Ottawa, New Chairman,

Toronto despatch: The missionary water was to be supplied to the camp The town officials, however, have not work in Africa, constituted the chief adseen the need for chlorination, and some difficulty has been experienced dress of the afternoon session of the some difficulty has been experienced in inducing them to put in the chlor-ine. Accordingly filter taps are in-stalled for drinking purposes. The camp postoffice is in charge of Lieut. B. A. Murray, of the Can-adian Postal Corps, and letters post-ed in scarp receive inst the same Congregational Union yesterday. Dr. William Cammack, of Chisamba, West Central Africa, gave a very interesting

account of the work in the Portuguese settiement. He spoke very highly of the aid

that the new Republic was giving the missionaries. He explained that the railway, now under construction, is going nade to cause an upheaval of the present methods employed by missionaries. As the majority of the nativos earn their allowance for horses from \$1 per day to \$1.25 per day, has had the effect of facilitating to a great extent the securing of horses by the cavalry units in camp. The 25th Brant Dra-goons, who usually have obtained all their horses from the Indian Reserves, this year have been able for the first living by the transport trade, which will be abolished by the railway, new trades will have to be inaugurated. And so to

cope with this problem a training school is to be established at Chisamba. Touch-ing on the slavery question, Dr. Cammack said that largely through the in fluence of Sir Edward Grey, export slav erv had been abelished. Mrs. (Dr.) Summack also addressed

Mrs. (Dr.) Summark also addressed the Union on the work in Africa, dealing with the problems presented in the work among the women. Poly-gamy is so prevalent, said Mrs. Sum-mark, that often a man has so many wires and so many children that he doesn't know the names of all the doesn't know the hadnes of the total of members of his family. She told of the drudgery to which the women are bound, they, like the hadian squawa, doing all the labor, the busband gleaning the prefits. She dwelt on the importance of the medical missionary, pointing out that the medicine sueceeded where preaching failed.

class of men." With this idea in view the Minis-Dr. R. Chambers, missionary 16 Turkey, explained the great strides made by the Christians in the Ottoman



White House.

Washington, June 9 .- Japan this afternoon carried her grievance in the California land law issue directly to'tue White House, Ambassidor Chinda was

White House, Ampassion Chinda Was granted an audience with the President, and discussed the situation with him for nearly an hour. Earlier in the day the President had read the Japanese rejoinder to the raply of the United Mates to her fixed protect against the Caufornia legisla-tion, and so was entriely familiar with the latest presentation of the Japanese case

Cannon Despite the pressure of the Japanese for an early adjustment of the situation, it was indicated at the White House to day that the negotiations are Sur triany make me incrementations are save from nearing a conclusion. In fact, it was positively stated at the White Homme this aftermoon shat no basis of wetfle-ment of the issue hus yet been breight out in either of the three messes that have constituted the diplomatic exchange than far. What actilement three equilibrium

What estilement tieses can be inas been made even more difficult to sur-mise by the positive announcement fo-day that the Administration is not sur-

templating bringing proceedings against the California law in the source. Though the Wolfe House is rangene-ble for the statement that the way law ble for the shatement that the way and been opened for interesting negotising with the Japanese Embasey, it has been hade quite eler that faunn will not lose sight of her sole objective in the discussions, that is, the defeat of the purpose of the Cultornia how. Thissa headquarters' offices, brigade offices, and the hespital, where officers and others may speak to their hemes withothers may speak to their hemes with-out leaving camp. The grounds are also illuminated by electricity, and lights have been installed at the hospital, in the post-office and heasguarters' offices. A new system of garbage dispesal is in operation, which is the latest thing in sanitation, and which eliminates objectionable eders. Shower baths are erastly appreciated. the Tokio Government recedes from, or the John Covernment receases with on machines its stand against the California law nothing but its abculte el'minadion will enable Japan to withdraw with hanor from the discussion,



## U. S. Senate Holds Up Arbitratian Treaty

After Ratification of Two Similar Ones.

ed in camp receive just the same treatment as if they were handled in a permanent postoffice. Three collec-tions and two deliveries per day are Washington, June 9 .--- What Great Britain is likely to regard as an affront was delivered in the Senate this afternoon, when ratification of a new arbitration treaty with that Government The increasing of the Government was prevented after identical treaties with two other countries had been ratified without any objection - being

raised. The Senator responsible for the successful blocking of the attempt to rati-fy the treaty, Senator Chamberlain, of this year have been able for the first oregon, said frankly he based his op-position on the fact that ratification of the treaty would obligate the United time to secure horses from white owners for the Government allowance The Governor-General's Body Guard States to arbitrate the Panama Canal and the Ninth Mississauga Horse have tolls controversy with Great Britain. Failing to move nim by argument, the together contracted with a firm in Toronto for about 200 horses at the rate allowed by the Government, plus Senate sought to avoid the appear ance of giving affront to Great Britain by rescinding the ratification which had already been accorded to exactly rate allowed by the Government, plus insurance. These horses will be used during this camp by the Body Guards and in the second camp will be taken over by the Mississauga Horse, who commence training June 16. Colonel the Hon. Sam Hughes be-lieves that the women of Canada cam similar arbitration treaties with Spain and Italy. The fact that only a few months ago the Senate ratified with out any objection a renewed limited arbitration with France, however, puts the Senate on record as making an ex-ception to the disadvantage of the pardo a lot to increase the strength and raise the standard of the sulltia. "Get the women interested," he has said, "and you won't have any trouble ticular country with which the United States is engaged in a dispute which arbitration already has 10 in getting all you want of the right been

The British treaty in creation expirter invited representatives of women's limitation yeste

asked

Canada at due General Assembly Church of Scotland, meeting at Edia-

burgh in May. At the commencement of the after from the noon Session two delegates from the Congregational thion of Canada, Revs. Dr. Tetsley and Mr. Reid, chaftuna of the Union, were presented to the A3. sembly

The Muderator made a suitable ro sponse and two delegates, Rev. Dr. Herridge and Hon. Justice Sutherland, appointed by the Assembly were nake a return visit to the Congregation al Union new in session.

DEFAILS OF STATISTICS.

The state of the condensel statistical returns from 1912 are as follows: Mansés, 4.223; elders, 10.357, increase 231; sreaching stations, 4,389, in-crease, 40; single persons, 34,040; fimilies, 465,013, increase, 4,226; disms. intauts. 14,701, increase, 4,228; ; diffts. 4,268; Sabbath School and baptiems 009; dunits, 4,208; Sabbath School and Bible physic teachers and officers, 23-102; Scholars, 214,884, increase, 11,234; communicants received in profession, 15,805, increase, 198; certificate, 20, 476, increase, 1,463; communicants 476, increase, 1.463, communicante repeaved, 24.030; increase, 813; total communicants on the roll December \$1, 1912, 301,465. The Toronto Kingston Synod has the largest mon-borship, with \$7.701 names on the roll, while tlamilton and London is seewith 60.791.

The financial report shows • grand total for all purposes of \$5.117.163, an total for all purposes of solarlos, of increase over the preceding year of \$597,461. The amount is divided as follows: Stipends taised by congre-gations. \$1,499,617. increase. \$86,751; raised by Weinen's Missionary Society and Bands. \$260,773. increase. \$67-1889; raised by S. S. B. C. and Y. P. S. 989; raised by S. S., B. C. and Y. P. S., \$273,427, increase, \$20,973; raised for all missions, education and benevolences, \$1,170,550, increase, \$189,021; total by all organizations for congre-gational purposes, \$3,558,247. The averrge denation of each family for all pur pests was \$32.97, and of the communi ants \$18.37. The average contribution for schenes, including donations, was \$5.54 per family and \$3.08 for commun donations, was earts. Of the full amount devoted by each family 810.55 went towards the ministar's stipend. The etalistics of the foreign mussion

fields thow 217 Cauadian missionaries: native staff. 794: total Christian community, 13,038; total scholars and students, 14.334: hospitals, S; medical treatmants, 280.978; total funds, native nd Canadian, \$430.551.27.

report on the Presbyterian Reord showed a monthly issue for

his passport. Dr. Mackenzie is a powerfully built man, typically Scotch of feature, with a most engaging smile and the handwith clasp of a blacksmith.

## THE JAP. PROTEST

Shows Where Californian Law Violates Constitution.

Tokio, June 9 .- The rejoinder of Japan to the inited States note on the subject of the Californian alien land ownership legislation reiterates that the land bill by the Californian Legislature violates the spirit of the Japanese-Am erican treaty by discriminating against a friendly power. It points out that even if the question is an economic one, it enters the domain of International relations, and therefore becomes a politi cal question. The note says that the Californiar

land iegislation violates article 1 of the Japanese American treaty of 1911, which authorizes subjects or citizens of the ontracting parties to own or lease which are inseparable parts of real estate. It also declares that the new bill vio

lates the fourteenth amendment to the United States constitution, requiring the States to grant equal protection under its laws to all persons within its jurisdiction.

## SUCCESSION DUTIES DROP.

sion Toronto, June 9.—After keeping steadijy ties: a head of last year's figures for six months, succession duties have at last months, succession duties have at last and taken a drop, the May returns with a decrease of nearly \$40,000, being respon-ties to the stal from succession duties for seven months to date amounted to \$465,611.69, compared with \$467.392.95 for the corresponding period last year. The May duties were \$70,717. 59, compar-the dwith \$166,617.76 in May, 1912.

reaches thirteen.

Despite its name, the National Hor-Despate its name. the National Hor-bicultural, Live Stock and Dairy-Ex-hibition may be commoned exclusively of dogs, cats, chickens, fruit and flow-ers, as a result of a decision of Ontario's live stock men at a secret conference

PRINCE ALBERT

King's Second Son Sees

Niagara.

Toronto despatch- His Royal Highless Prince Albert Frederick George sond son of King George and Queen Mary, slipped into Toronto this mora-ing, and was away again an hour and ing, and was away again an non-a half later, without any ceremony or official recognition of the visit. A special C. P. R. train, bearing the special c party of sixty-nine other Prince and a party of sixty-nine other Royal Navy cadets, from the training ship Cumberland, arrived here at 6 o'clock in the morning from Montreal, and was shunted to the siding

at the foot of Yonge street until the party emerged at 7.15. The Prince was the last to leave the cars, and few recognized him as a possible future ruler of the British Empire the British Empire. He and the other cadets went aboard the steamen Chippewa, where, despite his dislike for publicity, the Prince posed for the photographers. Then he went be-

low for breakfast. The day is being spent at Niagara Falls, where the party which is in command of Lieut. R. S. Snead, will see the wonders of both sides of the river, and the Prince will pay his first visit to United States soil. The party return to the city to-night at 8.45, and leave later for Kingston on a special. To-morrow they spend among the Thousand Islands.

A large number of be-badged dele-gates to the Presbyterian Congress vent to Niagara on the Chippewa with the royal son.

THE CORNWALLIS-WEST SUIT.

London, June 9.—All efforts to bring about a reconciliation between Mrs. George Cornwallis-West, mother of Win-ston Churchill, and her husband, have been definitely abandoned, and the trial fo the suit for divorce brought By Mrs. Convallis-West will be proceeded with. Mr. Cornwallis-West has entered an answer, but the data for the trial has not yet been fixed.

Empire. The missionaries, he said, in closing were extending their activities into Asin Miner, where they were being shown the same deference as in Turkey proper. At the morning meeting Dr. H. I.

Horsey, of Ottawo, was elected chair-man of the Union for the ensuing vcar.

THE EVENING SESSION.

"THE EVENING SESSION. "The people of Canada and the United States will never be under the one flag politically," said Rev. Dean Bradley, of Cleveland, in his address before the Congregational Union last night, "but socially and religiously we shall, like a great river, flow toge-ther until we find rest at last in the mighty ocean of God's love." The speaker chose as his subject. The speaker chose as his subject, the mistakes made by the United States in Christianizing the West, and

how Canada could profit by them. He appealed to Canadiane to keep liquor out of the West, and referred to the stand the Productionane took against the traffic last Wedne-day. He urged the limitation of all cor-

porations: They, he declared, had done more to retard the work in Western United States than almost anything else. His strongest appeal w for the unification of all Pro-testant Home Missionary Societies, so Prothat there would be one central fund for the Western work. In this re-spect he also urged the establishment one unders sinational shurch ach settlement, two if it was deened

necessary Rev. J. G. Mendley, of Winnireg, gave a very interesting exposition of "Canada

Challenge to Christian Strategy." "In church union." consluded the encaker. "we would only be dying as Christ died, to live again. And if the Congregational Church should be deswould be walking in the path of Christ, and where He leads we should be willing to follow with heart and soul.'

FIRST CHINESE BIGAMY CASE.

FIRST CHINESE BIGAMY CASE. Shanghai, June 9.—The first case in China of prosecution for biguny was con-cluded yesterday. A Chinese whose name is not given married a Chinese woman acording to the Chinese ritual. Later on while he was at Yale University the Chinese married an American girl, whose name is also withheid. Some Chinese Suffragottes here institut-ed the prosecution of the man. The case was held under the new code by a mixed court, consisting of a Chinese magistrate and an American assessor. The man was sentenced to 30 days' imprisonment.

organizations to attend the militi Inviference in Ottawa last winter. tations have now been issued to of-ficers of the Daughters of the Empire, W.C.T.U., National Council men and other bouies to visit the camp at Niagara. They will be personally conducted through the camp, and will be given an opportunity of seeing how men of the militia live while undergoing training. Order in the camp so far has been

remarkably good. The Y. M. C. A. whose tent is in the usual place, is going a great work, in providing sports and holding meetings in the evenings. If they continue as they are now doing, the ladies next week will find that less than 20 per cent. of the in camp go downtown in the evenings, the sports, the meetings, and the Minister of Militia's moving-pietures proving a great attraction.

LOYAL CANADIAN Waved British Flag and Caused a Strike.

Hoboken, N. J., June 9.- One hun-dred and fifty boiler makers quit work at the Fletcher Iron foundry to-day rather than serve under a foreman who, they say, insulted the American

flag. According to the men this foreman, a Canadian, waved an English flag and declared it was the only flag fit

to live under. *f* The boiler makers sent a committee to Andrew Fletcher, their employer. and demanded the foreman's discharge When this was refused they struck.

## STEFANSSON WON'T DELAY.

Edmonton, Alta., June 9. --Vilhjalmar Stefansson, en route to Vancouver, de-nied the report that the start of his expedition northwards would be delayed by the ship Karluk being condemned

by Captain Bartlett. The explorer said he did not believe Captain Bartlett had made any such statement.

hopes to loss stations along the MacKenzie inside of one year.

Governments agreed last week to its. renewal for another period of five years, and to-day the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations brought is a report recommending the ratification of the renewed treaty. At the same time, the committee reported favor-ably on the renewal of identical arbitration treaties with Italy and Spain, which are about to expire by limitation. As it has apparently occurred to no one that objection would, be raised to the ratification of the treaties, the Senate in executive session proceeded to vote on them at once. The treaties with Spain and Italy were ratified, but when a vote on the Bri tish arbitration treaty was proposed Senator Chamberlain objected He defended his position so stoutly that the Senate was forced to yield, and to prevent an affront to the British. thereupon withdrew the ratifications of the Spain and Italy treaties. The British treaty will lie over until it is ascertained that the necessary two-thirds vote can be obtained for its ratification.

MAY BE HELD BACK SOME TIME.

While many Senators to-night exreased the opinion that the treaty will eventually be ratified, there is good reason to believe that ratification may be held up for some time. In any event, it is now certain that if Presi-dent Wilson proposes to concede the ustness of the British contentions in the Panama Canal tolls controversy, or

if he proposes to submit the dispute to arbitration, he will be in danger of having his proposals repudiated in the

Senate. It is understood that a considerable number of Senators stand with Senator Chamberlain In his opposition in yielding even to the point of ar-bitration of the issue with Great Bri-

tain. The action of Senator Chamberlain to-day, and the consequences likely to grow out of his action, will un-doubtedly prove embarrassing to President Wilson and his Secretary of State, Mr. Bryan.

State, Mr. Bryan. That the obvious intent upon the part of Senators to try to escape the demand for arbitration will be re-Said Stefansson: "One reason why I sented in Great Britain is regarded said this is because I know the ship is a good one." During the interview Stefansson statgood one." During the interview Stefansson stat-ed he would not be in touch with the outside world by means of wireless, as that project has been abandoned. He be instrumental in having wire- tending to cast doubt on the sincerity of the United States in its peace and arbitration proposads.