

# THE MAIL AND ADVOCATE.

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## Flanking Movement Of the Allied Forces Succeeds in the West Germans Themselves Admit that That they Have been Unable To Check this Move and That the Allies Are Advancing

London, Oct. 1.—The 19th day of the Battle of the Aisne finds the Allied armies pushing with all the strength they can bring to bear in their great effort to outflank the German right wing, and force it back from its line of communications through Belgium.

There is evidence that this movement is beginning to tell, and that, unless something unforeseen happens, this portion of the German army must fall back on another defensive line.

A French official report issued this afternoon says: "The action continues to develop Northward so that the French left must be pushing toward Cambrai, as yesterday it was in the neighborhood of Albert."

Even further north than this the French cavalry were operating last week. A German force which was sent to Orchise, 16 miles South east of Lille to punish France Tereus for an alleged attack on a German hospital at that place met with superior force and had to fall back.

The Germans, too, admit that they have been unable to stop the French advance against their right, and also that the Allies have advanced on their right front.

Indeed there seems to be some agreement in the official reports of belligerents on events on this part of the battlefield.

### German Reports.

German reports refer to the advance of the Allies while the French communication says that a vigorous attack made by the Germans on Tracy-Le-Mont, North-east of the Forest of Aigue was repulsed with heavy losses.

Of course, these reports may refer to different incidents, but they nevertheless agree that the advantage is with the Allies centre from Rheims to the Meuse.

The armies still appear to be waiting for the outcome of fighting on the wings, as there has been a lull in the battle there between the Argonne and the Meuse. Again, at Woevre, there has been severe fighting and the French claim they have made slight progress and have advanced at several points, especially East of St. Michael.

### Surrounded Them.

Although the French staff is very sparing with its information, it is evident that the forces which advanced from Toul to oppose the Germans who crossed the Meuse near St. Michael have succeeded in getting behind the small contingent of invaders who had successfully carried out an attempt to bend the French line at this point.

Other offensive movements by the French between Verdun and Toul were, however, according to a German report, repulsed.

### Situation As It Was.

In Lorraine and in the Vosges there has been no change in the situation.

Here the two armies seem to be waiting the result of the greatest contest going on further west, where the British Military Experts believe the allies have at last firmly set the claws of their left in the German right wing under General Von Kluck.

## HELPLESS ARE THE SUFFERERS

London, Oct. 1.—In a despatch from Antwerp, a correspondent to Reuter says that four wounded men and two women were killed by a shell which pierced the roof of an hospital at Liere during the German bombardment.

## TRYING TO STEM RUSSIAN TIDE

Amsterdam, Sept. 30.—The Austrians are sending fresh troops into North Eastern Hungary to stem the Russian advance.

## Two German Armies Practically Overwhelmed

London, Sept. 30.—Despatches indicate that both German armies under Generals Von Boehn and Von Kluck have practically been overwhelmed by the Allies and are fighting to escape destruction.

## EVACUATE BRUSSELS?

Germans Said to be Leaving  
The Belgian Capital for  
Namur

London, Sept. 30.—A Ghent correspondent of the Daily Express sends the following despatch: "Persons arriving from Brussels say that the Germans are preparing to move the Administrative headquarters of the Military Government of Belgium to Namur."

This is taken to mean that the Germans are getting ready for the next stand near their own frontier, near Backhoffen lighthouse, eleven miles south of Winden.

The Russian forts fired on the boats which suffered some loss. The German destroyers then fired on the lighthouse and afterwards put to sea.

## BOURGOMASTER NOW IN PRISON

Wouldn't "Reconcile" Himself to the German Actions and Views

London, Oct. 1.—The following official despatch has been received by wireless from Berlin: "The German Military Governor of Brussels has announced the arrest of Burgomaster Max by public poster as follows:

"I have found myself obliged to suspend Burgomaster Max from his office on account of his irreconcilable attitude. He is now in honorable custody in a fortress."

## AUSTRIANS HAVE WARSHIP SUNK

Rome, Sept. 30.—A report from Milan says an Austrian warship was sunk while trying to escape from Cattaro.

## FRENCH CLAIM SLIGHT GAINS

But Say General Situation Has Changed But Little

Paris, Oct. 1.—The following official communication was issued tonight: "The general situation is satisfactory. There has been no change of any account on the front except to the South of Woevre, where we have occupied Siechpre Island and advanced as far as the slope of Rupt-de-Mace."

## GREAT ADO; DID NOTHING

Germans Made Soundings in the Baltic—That and Nothing More

London, Sept. 30.—A despatch from Petrograd says that an unconfirmed telegram from Mitau, in the Russian Baltic Provinces says that German warships have appeared several times since the war began in the waters of Windau, a seaport of Russia, in Courland on the Baltic Sea.

A large fleet with transports appeared on Sept. 24th, but soon disappeared in a southerly direction.

On Monday afternoon 18 German destroyers and cruisers came fairly near the coast and sent two boats to make soundings.

## ROUMANIA TO BE IN IT?

King Calls Cabinet Session To Decide on Country's Action

Rome, Sept. 30.—A correspondent reports that a message received at Rome from Bucharest says that King Charles has summoned a cabinet session for tomorrow, to decide the attitude of Roumania toward the war.

## 17 DAYS CONTINUED FIGHTING

Contests Extend Along a Line of One Hundred and Fifty Miles and Are Fiercely Fought

## GERMAN FRONT NOW RECEDING

Enemy Finding it Impossible to Stem the Full Tide of the Advance of the Allies

From the Battlefront by way of Paris, Oct. 1.—Yesterday was the seventeenth day of continued hard fighting along the hundred and fifty miles from the Somme to the Meuse, yet there is no definite indication that the historic battle is nearing a finish.

There are, however, evidences that the Germans are receding before a forcibly, sustained pushing from the Allied armies on their westward and eastward wings, while the centre where the Germans are more strongly entrenched than at any other point, with heavy artillery, remains almost stationary.

### Must Move Soon.

It is generally concluded by French military men that some important move must soon be made by the Germans, who have found it impossible to stem the advance of the Allies, which they have opposed with sternest and most desperate resistance, sacrificing thousands of men daily.

The German wings appear as though falling back on the centre, leaving some loop-hole for a backward movement by way of Rethel.

### Heavily Protected.

The German main supply base is in Luneville, which is protected by heavy masses of troops as it is absolutely necessary that this place shall be held for re-occupying.

The German armies in northeast France appear to be placed in a somewhat precarious situation with their single line of railroad. The line of battle has changed considerably since the beginning of the actual contact between the two great armies, whose numbers and real positions are not permitted to be made public.

### Winding Front.

The front presents a series of windings, looping inward and outward at various points in a country which is everywhere wonderfully adapted to defence.

The Allied Commanders are husbanding their men's lives to the greatest possible extent by keeping them from frontal attacks on positions where the Germans are in advantageous situations, but whenever the plan of campaign necessitates direct attacks, the French and British soldiers go forward cheerfully with the utmost confidence in their leaders.

## FRENCH CANADIAN REGIMENT OF 4,000

Is To Be Raised in the Dominion Under Co. Jos. Landry

Montreal, Sept. 30.—The proposal to form a French Canadian Regiment for active service will probably widen into a much larger scheme.

Instead of enrolling one thousand men for service the recruiting officers will try to raise over four thousand men.

Col. Joseph Landry, Commander of the Fifth Militia Division, will probably be the officer chosen to command this brigade of French Canadians when formed.

## German Warship Has Been Wrecked

Copenhagen, Sept. 30.—The reports that a German warship has been wrecked in the North Sea are confirmed.

## UNUSUAL TROPHIES

Russians Capture Kaiser's Pedigreed Cattle and his Prize Stud

London, Sept. 30.—A despatch to the Star from Petrograd says that among the remarkable war trophies arriving at Smolensk is the entire stock of Emperor William's famous pedigree cattle and stud horses, captured by the Russians from the Emperor's estate at Romintonin, East Prussia.

They were taken to Moscow and presented to the Russian Agricultural Institute for distribution to the Agricultural Association.

## AUSTRIA LOOKS FOR WIN WEST

So the Archduke Frederick Tells His Hard Pressed Soldiers

Berlin, Oct. 1.—No official news from the Western battle ground has been received since last night. Newspapers have not been informed by their correspondents regarding the great general engagement which is progressing and its details are not known here.

Archduke Frederick, of the Austrian forces in the army orders today declare that a new and great victory was imminent in the Western camp of the Germans, according to despatches received here from Vienna.

## GERMAN MOVE WAS BLOCKED

And Turning Movement of the Allies is Developing Rapidly

Paris, Sept. 30.—An official bulletin on the war given out in Paris this afternoon says: "The turning movement of the Allies North of the Somme is developing rapidly. A German attack on Tracy Le Mont has been repulsed with heavy losses."

## HAVE PRINCE AS PRISONER

French Report Capture of The Crown Prince Of Bavaria

London, Sept. 30.—A correspondent of The Times at Nancy, France, telegraphing under date of Sept. 26th, gives unconfirmed reports that the French have retaken St. Michael's fortified encampment on the Meuse, 20 miles E.S.E. of Verdun and also says that they have captured the Crown Prince of Bavaria at Nomeny, 14 miles North of Nancy.

The correspondent adds that according to report, the Germans are assaulting Nomeny with the object of setting the Prince free.

## CENSOR IS STILL MUM

Refuses to Confirm or Deny Story of Allies' Success On Left Wing

London, Sept. 30.—The British Censor permitted the transmission of unofficial despatches stating that the German right wing had met with disaster, but the Government Press Bureau refused to confirm them.

Today this statement was given out at 10.45 a.m.: "The Press Bureau is unable to confirm the report that the German right wing has been broken and is being pushed back."

"Efforts to get any explanation of this report elicited the reply that they were unable to confirm it in accordance with the rule that no report on the fighting shall be issued until five days."

Whether this means that no information has been received or whether it was in accordance with the rule that no report on the fighting shall be issued until five days after it has taken

## All Signs Point to Early Action by the Italians

Rome, Oct. 1.—Factories manufacturing big guns are working night and day to finish a supply of modern cannon, which have been ordered for the Italian army.

The firms hope to be able to hasten work to such an extent that the whole army will be provided with these cannons in a few weeks.

An order has been issued to hasten the preparation of a supply of provisions and ammunition for the troops.

### May be Italy's First Move in the Game

Rome, Sept. 30.—Italy has protested to Austria against sowing the Dalmatian coast with mines.

## Russians Surround The Austrian Army

London, Sept. 30.—The Russians surround the Austrian army at Douklo, and the defeat of the latter is complete. The Czar's army captured 500 military auto-cars and a large quantity of war material.

## Germans Meet With Repulses At the Hands of the Russians

Petrograd, Sept. 30.—The Germans were repulsed in their attempts to cross the Niemen. Heavy fighting continues in the Suwalki District.

The Austrians have been repulsed at Dukla, Galicia. Fighting has been reported at Tarnow for 24 hours.

Paris, Sept. 30.—The Germans have been repulsed with heavy losses in the Northeast, where they attacked Trasy Le Mont near Forest of Aigle. Violent fighting has occurred in the Woevre District where the French are advancing.

There is a lull in the centre. The French have retaken St. Mihiel.

## MORE OFFICERS LOST IN ACTION

Latest British Casualty List Includes Twenty-Four Names

London, Oct. 1.—In an official report of casualties among British officers in despatches under date of Sept. 24th and 26th, from general headquarters are included five killed, sixteen wounded, one died of wounds, and two missing. Among the wounded is Brigadier General Frederick Wing, commanding the third division of royal artillery.

Brigadier Wing won distinction in the South African war where he took part in many important operations and in the defence of Ladysmith.

## CLASH WITH THE GERMANS

Belgians Meet Opposition in Their March On Brussels

London, Sept. 30.—A despatch from Amsterdam says that refugees arriving from Ghent report that the Belgian forces marching on Brussels are in contact with the Germans.

## FIERCE FIGHT IN E. PRUSSIA

5 Army Corps Engaged On Each Side—Russians said To Be Winning

London, Sept. 30.—A despatch from Rome dated Tuesday says a Petrograd message that a fierce battle between the army of General Rennenkampf denburg has been raging since Sunday morning along a front extending from Grodno to Druskihki on the Niemer River.

Four army corps have been engaged on both sides and Russians have been constantly reinforced from Vilna. The Russians already have repulsed the Germans at several points.

place is not known, but the inquiry met with no success.

## RECIPROcity IN SCHOLARS

German Children to be taken Home and English Children Brought Back

London, Oct. 1.—Miss Daisy Polls, of San Francisco, has been delegated by the International Women's Relief Committee to take 38 German school girls from England back to Germany.

She will leave tomorrow and on her return will bring back to England an equal number of English school girls.

## ROCKEFELLER PHILANTHROPIC

Gives Hundred Million Dollars to the Cause of Labor

New York, Oct. 1.—According to The New York American, John D. Rockefeller is preparing to spend a goodly share of his vast wealth for the cause of labor.

The American learns that the Rockefeller Foundation, endowed with \$100,000,000, has chosen Mackenzie King, former Canadian Minister of Labor, as a special investigator of labor conditions. The scope of his work is understood to be as wide as the Continent of North America.

[Good idea for the Government of this country to get after a share of this benefaction.—Ed.]

## SOMETHING LIKE MORAL REFORM

Russian Government Continues Ban on the Sale of Intoxicants

Petrograd, Oct. 1.—The Minister of Finance today received orders to the effect that the prohibition of the sale of vodka shall be continued indefinitely after the end of the war.

This order is based principally on a tremendously improved condition of the country since the Emperor issued the edict prohibiting traffic in this liquid.

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