At a regular meeting of Branch No. 39, held on Wednesday, Sept. 2ad, the following resolution was read and unanimously adopted:

dopted:
Moved by Bro. V. Lang, and seconded

Moved by Bro. V. Lang, and seconded by Bro. McArthur, Whereas it has pleased Almighty God in His inscrutable ways to call home our beloved Parish Priest, the Rev. F. A. Raesaerts, this Branch deeply deplores the loss, as the rev. deceased was an exemplary pastor and a kind adviser; and that our charter be draped for thirty days as a token of mourning. token of mourning.
A P. McARTHUR,

Rec. Sec., Branch 39.

C. M. B. A. in Canada.
Atter justice being done the good things
placed on tables by brother Suannahau,
the Grand President addressed those
present on the benefits to be derived
from membership in the C. M. B. A. and
other matters connected with the association.

Toasts were then in order and speeche Toasts were then in order and speeches were made by J. J. Behan, president of the local branch, Rev. Father McGrath, Chancellor Sullivan and others. Songs were sung by M. J. Brennan.

The press was represented by Wm. P. Kilcauly, of the British Whig and Francis Cicolari, of the Canadian Free

When the time arrived to separate each and every member present hoped that it would not be long before Branch 9 of Kingston would be favoured with another visit from their Grand Presid-

The Grand President left for Brock ville on Wednesday, carrying the good wishes of all members of the C. M. B. A.

in Kingston.

Hoping this slight sketch of the visit of our Grand President will not crowd

your space,

I remain, yours fraternally,

M. Brennan, Sec. Branch 9.

Special to the CATHOLIC RECORD. FROM QUEBEC.

ST. BRIDGET'S BAZAAR. The proceeds of the late bazzar and oncert in aid of St. Bridget's Orphanage amounts to \$2 695 73.

amounts to \$2 690 73.

Rev. Father Henning, C. SS. R.,
Toronto, formerly Pastor here, now Pastor
of St Patrick's, is at present on a visit to
the Redemptionist Fathers here.

The repairs at the Archiepiscopal palace, made necessary by the late fire, is now nearly completed, and his Eminence the Cardinal, who took up temporary quarters in the Laval University, will

At the last meeting of Branches in November, the nomination of officers for the ensuing year will take place; and the elections will take place at the first meeting in December. Besides officers for the Branches, Representatives and Alternates to next Grand Council Convention must be nominated and elected.

We hope our C. M. B. A. members will see that none but competent men are elected to fill the various offices.

At the last meeting of Branches in November, the decorations were in keeping with the solemnity of the service. A catafalque surrounded by lighted candles, and the walls, were draped in sombre black, relieved here and there with white crosses and other religious emblems.

At St. Patrick's a solemn high mass was celebrated, Rev. Father Hayden, C. SS. R., Superior, celebrant. Ramented and elected to fill the various offices.

cruel persecutions under the most cruel persecutions under the government of England, but now that country extends the olive branch of peace to her sister. Erin at first hesitates, she remembers the long weary ages of suffering, bloodshed and death and can hardly realize that Albion is in agreed. Finally ing, bloodsned and death and can hardy realize that Albion is in earnest. Finally, she accepts the proffered hand and now Albion, who acknowledges her wrong, has determined to make amends for the past and soon the chains of oppression that binds Ireland to England will be changed for the silken bonds of love and

friendship.

Hon. D. A. Ross, seconded by Senator

ment.

By later despatches it appears that his speech is very coldly received by the public generally. The head of a Government which wantonly violates law, and is responsible for the worst disorders in the country, should not prate about the preservation of law and order.

It is said that in the suit of Peggy Dillon against. Secretary, Ralfour, for defama-

It is said that in the suit of Peggy Dilion against Secretary Balfour for defamation of character, the latter will plead the privilege of Parliament for his calumnies.

A Unionist meeting was held in Dublin on Friday evening, 11th inst., at which the Duke of Abercorn presided. The speakers were Ashmeade Bartlett, the Marquis of Carmarthen, and William Gray Macartney. They declared that Ulster would stand by the Loyalists of Leinster, Connaught and Munster. They did not lay particular stress on the fact that Ulster sends to Parliament 17 Home-Rulers and 16 Unionists.

Rulers and 16 Unionists.

While Mr. O'Brien was asleep in Tullamore jail on the 11th inst, the prison authorities removed his clothing and substituted the prison uniform. He refused

Fifteen members of the National League were sentenced at Kiirnsh on the 12th inst., to one month's imprisonment at hard labor. While being removed from the court room they sang "God Save Ireland"

A proclamation has been issued for-oidding crowds to assemble near Tullamore prison. The Government thus

expects to prevent manifestations of sympathy for Mr. O'Brien.

At Innisbeffin an encounter took place between the people and the police. Many policemen were injured with stones. The police charged with bayonets and killed one woman. The magistrates exculpate the police.

Most converts to our holy faith testify that they have been previously bigoted and blinded. The scales fell from their soon move back to his apartments.

The religious services on All Saints' and All Souls' day was more than usually impressive. On All Souls' Day, at the HOME RULE.

IRELAND'S POSITION FROM A PROTESTART STANDPOINT

At the last meeting of Branches in November, the nomination of officer for the casting year where the committed of the first for the casting year where the cast is not the cast the first meeting to December. Besides of Green for the Branches, Representatives and Alternates to next Grand Council Convention must be nominated and sletted.

We hope our C. M. B. A. members will be a seed of the council of the water of the cast of the seed of the water of the cast of the water of the cast of the parameter of the Carthy, C. S. S. R. deacon, and Rev. Father Comin, C. S. S. R. deacon, and Rev. Father Comin, C. S. S. R. deacon, and Rev. Father Comin, C. S. S. R. deacon, and Rev. Father Comin, C. S. S. R. deacon, and Rev. Father Comin, C. S. S. R. deacon, and Rev. Father Comin, C. S. S. R. deacon, and Rev. Father Comin, C. S. S. R. deacon, and Rev. Father Comin, C. S. S. R. deacon, and Rev. Father Comin, C. S. S. R. deacon, and Rev. Father Comin, C. S. S. R. deacon, and Rev. Father Comin, C. S. S. R. deacon, and Rev. Father Comin, C. S. R. deacon, and Rev. Father Comin, C. S. R. deacon, and Rev. Father Comin, C. S. R. deacon, and the cast of the parameter of the Carthy of the cast of the parameter of the Carthy of the cast of the parameter of the Carthy of the cast of the water of the cast of the parameter of the Carthy of the Carth relief at a cost of £7.58 000. Some say dissipation is the cause of the misery. Why, dissipation means money. A person cannot dissipate with an empty pocket. The speaker quoted General Gordon's remarks on the misery in Ireland, and said that a picture of the privation that prevails in that country could not be drawn by either pen or pencil. How can this be accounted for ? asked the speaker. Is it in the climate, people, or the country, or accounted for a sked the speaker. In it in the climate, people, or the country, or is it the Government? Irishmen were often spoken of as being chronically discontented. This is not the case, it is also charged that Home Rule means separation from the crown of Great Britain. This charge is nothing but infects importingue, because Irishmen are inite impertinence, because Irishmen are just as good Britons as anyone. Ireland is cursed by its land system and by religious strifes. The Doctor then proceeded to discuss the land system, and explained that most of the land in Ireland was held

Ireland had no history; in no school or institute was the history of Ireland taught. No person ever wrote a history of Ireland and no person could. Men ask the question—Why did not Ireland govern herself when she had a Parliament? Why, out of the Parliament of 300 only 70 of its members were elected, and no Catholic had a vote. Hence fourfifths of the Irich people were political.

and no Catholic had a vote. Hence four-fifths of the Irish people were political ciphers. Up to the present evening Irish-men have never had a chance to govern themselves. He went on to speak of the Grattan Parliament, and explained how Irishmen had no chance at that period. Referring to the society of United Irishmen

Referring to the society of United Irishmen he said as that society was grossly misrepresented and maligned, he would read its constitution, which was signed by 57 Protestants, and called for equal liberty for all Irishmen. Dr. Burns spoke of other societies similar to the United Irishmen. These societies he said were characterized as being rebels. Five Presbyterian ministers who worked for these societies were hanged and six priests shared the same fate. There have been three Irelands—the Catholic Ireland and two Protestant Irelands, and Ireland and two Protestant Irelands, and as a member of one of those bodies of Protestants the speaker said his ancestors were not responsible for the indignities thrust upon Catholic Irishmen.

can colonies. How did the Irish act when they received no representation? asked the speaker. Some opponents say, why was not something said sgainst the union of Ireland with England before? This is one of the most hadiscone questions ever nut. Protestants England before? This is one of the most ludicrous questions ever put. Protestants and Catholies alike were opposed to the Union. Here the lecturer read several resolutions passed by Orange lodges against the legislative union of Ireland with England. Petitions were sent to the British Parliament against the Union signed by 700 000 names. One per cent of the Irish nation were in favor of that Union. So that ever since that Union Union. So that ever since that Union was advocated lishmen were against it and Union. So that ever since that Union was advocated inhmen were against it and are against it still. Since 1801 has Ireland been united with England. It was a forced marriage and a deliberate insult to ninety-nine out of every hundred Irishmen. Here the speaker again referred to the intolerant system of land government in Ireland, a system which did not curse any other country. He cited the words of Lord John Russell, G.ldwin Smith, John Bright, Lord Dufferin, Carlyle, John Stewart Mill, Beaconsfield, Green's History, Prof Blackie and others who condemned the system of land government and that which now exists in Ireland. The most eminent of Britain's states men have condemned this system. He pointed out the heavy odes against the passage of a bill through the English Parliament to amend this state of affairs. But, said the speaker, the climax has come, and with the climax came the man. William E. Gladstone to-day stands the colossal figure among the great men of the country. Although his bill was defeated, the echo of his speech will ring throughout all time until the last resting of empley.

of his speech will ring throughout all time until the last vestige of complex land tyranny is swept from the face of Right is right since God is God, And right must win; To falter would be sin. No person can believe that the disestab-lishment of the Episcopal Church would cause the fall of that church. It would make the church look for support to the patriotism of its members. Did the destruction of the temporal power of the Pope cause the fall of the Roman Catholic Church? It neither tottered nor fell when the temporal power was taken away. And would the Episcopal Church of England fall when disestablished? When a and would the Episcopal Church or England fall when disestablished? When a
church has to depend upon anything outside of its members it is time that its
epitaph was written. The question is
asked, "Why are not the Catholics of
Ireland satisfied like the Protestants
of Ulster? Irishmen would be satis
fied if they were all Protestants."
Not much. The Protestants are not satis
fied with one jot less than the Catholics
demand. Every attempt to govern a
nation and ignore the religion and traditions of the country will end in failure.
He pointed to the small percentage of
land that is worked by the men who own
it. Seventy per cent. of the farms are
cultivated by tenants at will; 23 per cent.
of the farms are held by lesses, whils
three per cent. are worked by the owners.
How would Canada like that system introduced? The large estates of Ireland
aboutle hearth interest. were the control of the farms are held by leases, while from Esphane and Soxiand. In reland was held by control of the farms are held by lease, while from Esphane and Soxiand. In a decided the severe to religous hatory. Henry VIII., he said, was called "Delender to the British American Hote, after which they took a drive to different points of interest in the city, calling at St. Mary Cathedral, and His Lord-hip the Bishop's Palace, where Grand President O'Connor had an interview with the Area of the Bishop's Palace, where Grand President O'Connor had an interview with the Area of the Bishop's Palace, where Grand President O'Connor had an interview with the Area of the Bishop's Palace, where Grand President O'Connor had an interview with the Area of the Bishop's Palace, where Grand President O'Connor had an interview with the Area of the Bishop's Palace, where Grand President O'Connor had an interview with the Area of the Bishop's Palace, where Grand President O'Connor had an anterview with the Area of the Bishop's Palace, where Grand President O'Connor had an anterview with the Area of the Bishop's Palace, where Grand President O'Connor had an anterview with the Area of the Bishop's Palace, where Grand President O'Connor had an anterview with the Area of the Bishop's Palace, where Grand President O'Connor had an anterview with the Area of the Bishop's Palace, where Grand President O'Connor had an anterview with the Area of the Bishop's Palace, where Grand President O'Connor had an anterview with the Area of the Bishop's Palace, where Grand President O'Connor had an anterview with the Area of the Bishop's Palace, where Grand President O'Connor had an anterview with the Area of the Bishop's Palace, where Grand President O'Connor had an anterview with the Carlo Bishop's Palace, where Grand President O'Connor had an anterview with the Carlo Bishop's Palace, where Grand President O'Connor had an anterview with the William Shanshan, Tressurer of the Local Branch, who the Grand President of the Bishop's Bishop Presid justify the treatment. This may be a good reason in ordinary therapeutics, but it never will work on the religion of a human race. In an animated manner the speaker denounced those who did not fully regard liberty of conscience, and incidentally mentioned that in his lecture he quoted and spoke entirely from Protestant statistics and the works of Protestant writers. He pointed his hearers to the many years of grinding suffered by Irishmen who were Catholics—when they could not go to school, teach school, accept security or vote. These years of depression were in a measure relieved when the American war started. Here the speaker pointed the audience to the fact that Ireland had no history; in no school or institute was the history of Levical teachs. No person servers as a few peach other for dear old Ireland. If ever there was a time when an Irishman should hold himself in restraint tis now.

They must join hands from north to south, no orange, no green. Tell the children that the Boyne waters have been bridged, and when the stationed troops are withdrawn from Ireland and 50,000 more men are asked for they will leve there was a time when an Irishman should hold himself in restraint tis now.

They must join hands from north to south, no orange, no green. Tell the children that the Boyne waters have been bridged, and when the stationed troops are withdrawn from Ireland and 50,000 more men are asked for they will leve that the Boyne waters have been bridged, and when the stationed troops are withdrawn from Ireland and 50,000 more men are asked for they will leve that the Boyne waters have been bridged, and when the stationed troops are withdrawn from Ireland and 50,000 more men are asked for they will leve that the Boyne waters have been bridged, and when the stationed troops are withdrawn from Ireland and 50,000 more men are asked for they will leve that the Boyne waters have been bridged, and when the stationed troops are withdrawn from Ireland and 50,000 more men are asked for they will the stationed troops are

ing on London bridge sketching the ruins of St. Paul's, but will see all united, fearing no fee nor dreading the future.

As soon as the lecture was concluded
Mr. Geo. C. Gibbons moved, seconded by
Mr. A. B. Powell, that a vote of thanks
by tendered to the speaker of the evening. H. D. Hunter put the resolution, which was carried by loud applruse. Br. Burns briefly replied.

"DEAR OLD SCOTLAND."

United reland.

The deputation of representative Scotch men who are coming over to Ireland next Saturday must get as warm a welcome as the Irish heart can give. Not merely for their own sakes, though there are not in their own sakes, though there are not in the House of Commons two honester or braver friends of Ireland than Mr. Suther-land and Mr. Brown, the leaders of the deputation. But for the sake of their country—for the sake of the nation that Mr. Gladstone in his loving gratitude speaks of as "dear old Scotiand." We owe the salvation of Home Rule to Scot-land. At the last election had Scotland and. At the last election had Scotland shown as much doubt as England did, the hopes of Mr. Gladstone would have been buried. But Scotland had faith in her old indignities thrust upon Catholic Irishmen.

There is generally a privileged class in every country, and there was one in Ireland. He referred to the manner in which the American colonies rebelled when they were taxed without securing representation; and spoke of the last words of the Earl of Chatham when he endorsed the conduct of the American colonies. Sociand now sends a deputation to Ireland to follow in the wake

of the English representatives who have visited us. It is more than five hundred years since Scotland sent a deputation to the Irish people. Then she sent Edward Bruce and an army of six thousand men to help the Celtic Irish to free themselves from the English yoke. It was one good turn for another. The Celtic Irish had been shelping the Celtic Scotch to break the power of Edward north of the border, and on the field of Bannockburn O'Neil's classmen did much to turn the fortunes of the day. To day we are renewing that ancient pact between the peoples—peoples who are of the same race, and almost of the same name.

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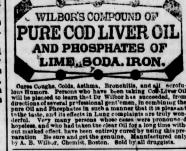
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Beautiful feet are those that go On hindiy ministries to and fro— Down lowliest ways, if God wills it so Beautiful shoulders are those that bear Conscient burdens of homely care With patient grace and daily prayer.

Beautiful lives are those that bless ilent rivers of happiness,
Whose bidden fountains but few may gue Beautiful tiwlight, at set of sun. Beautiful goal, with race well won, Beautiful rest, with work well done

Beautiful graves, where grasses creep, Where brown leaves fail, where drifts ever worn out hands—oh beautiful sleep

MR. O'BRIEN'S TRIAL. THE JOURNEY FROM CORK.

Great Demonstration. SPEECHES BY MESSES. O'BRIEN AND

(From the Cork Herald of Tuesday) Mr. William O'Brien, M. P., arrived the city on Monday morning from M. lcw en route from Midleton. A lar growd, including the Mayor and sever members of Parliament, had assembl members of Parliament, had assemble at the Glamire station, and as the diffusished gentleman was recognized deatening cheer was raised, and wagain and again repeated. A lar crowd bad assembled outside the V toria Hotel, and as the gallant gentlem alighted, a triumpbant shout was raise and many rushed forward eager to cla his hand. After a short delay at t his hand. After a snort delay at the hotel the party started for Summ hill station, which was packed with expectant crowd, and as Mr. O Briens Mr. Mandeville entered the termin the people burst into a tremendous che As Mr. O'Brien was borne off amidst hoarse cheering of the crowd he exclain to some of his friends in a laughing to that he would be returning in the eveni but with an escort of a couple of hund

IRISH CAVALRY ESCORT. The Janction was reached at a quarto twelve, and Mr. Win. O'Brien, I Mandeville, and their friends, alight About one thousand stalwart horsen were drawn up on the road towards ( rigtwohill, as were also an almost numerable number of vehicles of descriptions. The appearance of O'Brien was the signal for an outburs cheering which, being taken up by long array, was repeated again and ag After a short delay, and with an alu military precision, the vast concou formed in procession, and with the ho men three deep in front, proceeded Carrigtwohili. Along the route gro of country folk had gathered the ditches. The men cheered lou and the women waved green embl and poured forth hearty wishes of g will. When about a mile from Carr wohill the bands began to play "God s Ireland," and the notes, being taken by the processionists, swelled in mighty chorus and created an impres which could not be easily forgot Over twenty clergymen were in the cession, and deputations and continge were present from the remotest part were present from the remotest part the county. On arriving opposite National League rooms, Mr. O'Bri carriage halted, and the eager or pressed round, anxious to get a s of the distinguished visitor. Across wall of the League rooms was fixe green banner, bearing the inacript "Bravery, lead on, and we will folk Choose fixe cheer rent the air and

the enthusiasm had somewhat subside the representatives of the different a ciations and boards pressed forward presented addresses. MR. O'BRIEN'S REPLY.

Mr. O'Brien, who on rising in carriage was received with great cheesaid—Fellow countrymen, I have be time to utter a few words of thanks the deluge of addresses pouring in me. I do thank you from the botto my heart for this wonderful outpot of affection from the people of country around (cheers). It is the held in this or any other country, a will be a compensation to me not me for the three wretched months of in sonment that are before me, but it be a compensation for a long devotion the cause of Ireland (loud cheers feel it is more than mere complime myself—it is a proof of the incorre spirit that animates the Irish rac day. Since I was a boy I have kno good deal of the inner working of Irish cause, and have known man hour of hope and many an hour of gl but I have never in all my life ki anything like the spirit that bound is bounding through the veins of the

Cheer after cheer rent the air, and w

people to day (great cheering). A WONDERFUL SPIRIT.

Notwithstanding the fearful winter