§ 12.

AGRICULTURE.

Professor .- GEORGE BUCKLAND, Esq.

Subjects of Lectures:

I.-History of the Art.

- Agriculture as understood and practised by the Ancients.
- (a) Agriculture during the Middle Ages.
- (b) Modern Agriculture. (c)

II. The Science of Agriculture.

- Soils: their origin, composition, distribution, classification, &c. Relation of Geology, Chemistry and Mechanical Analyses. (a)
- Plants: their structure, composition, growth &c. Manures: theory, action, and relative value of; modes of preparing, (b) applying, and economizing. Relation of Chemistry and Botany
- to Agriculture. The Domestic Animals of the Farm: history and description of varieties or breeds; the principles of breeding, with bio-(c) graphical sketches of the more distinguished breeders: diseases and treatment. Relations of Animal Physiology to breeding,
- Influence of Climate on agricultural productions, both feeding, &c. animal and vegetable. Value of a knowledge of Meteorology (d) and Physical Geography to Farmers.

III.—The Practice of Agriculture.

- Methods of acquiring a practical knowledge of Farming. Importance of an Agricultural Literature. Connection of (a) Theory and Practice.
- Principles of Cultivation: Instruments of Tillage illustrated and described.
- Draining: its value and various modes of execution explained, Subsoil Ploughing. Fallowing. Rotation of Crops, &c. (c)
- History, cultivation , and economic uses of the various Grains, Roots, &c. raised on the Farm. Weeds, Blight, and their (d) Remedies. Harvesting and securing Crops.
- The practice of Manuring, and the means of restoring (e) exhausted Land. Management of Pasture. Irrigation, &c.
- The management of Stock, and the construction and (f) arrangement of Farm Buildings.