

# Victoria Times.

Twice-a-Week.

VICTORIA, B. C. FRIDAY, AUGUST 11, 1899.

NO. 59.

\$1.50 Per Annum. \$1.50

VOL. 18.

## Looks Like Mutiny

### The Washingtons Object to Further Fighting and Reluctantly Obey Orders.

### Captain Otis Placed Under Arrest - Soldiers Are Sick and Unfit for Duty.

(Associated Press.)

Manila, Aug. 2, via Hongkong, Aug. 8.—The gunboat Napidan last week shell-ed Paete on the lake near Santa Cruz. The town was full of people, who had been encouraged to return after General Lawton's expedition, having been assured they would not be molested if they peacefully attended their business.

Lieutenant Copp, who was in command of the Napidan, heard the insurgents had re-occupied the town, and, assuming close in, opened fire with six-pounders without warning. The people, seeing the boat approaching, fled to the hills in a terrified condition, and with barely time to escape. One child was killed and many buildings damaged. The authorities express great regret on account of the incident. After the taking of Calamba by the Americans, Gen. Lawton ordered Captain Otis, of the Washington regiment, to be relieved of his command, and placed under arrest, on account of the slowness and seeming reluctance of the companies under his command in obeying the order to disembark from the vessel and wade through the marshes under fire. The men say the majority of them have been sick and were unfit for duty, and were given to understand they would not be asked to do any more fighting.

Is It For Aguinaldo?

San Francisco, Aug. 8.—The Examiner to-day says:

"The City of Peking, which sailed on Saturday for Hongkong by way of Honolulu and Yokohama, took among her cargo 321,440 pounds of shot, the first shipment of the kind ever made to Japan. In addition there were 107,650 pounds of pig lead and 54,768 pounds of sheet lead. Just to what use this rather unusual shipment is going to put is not known, but suggestions have been made that it may be intended to smelt in Manila for use of Aguinaldo and the army."

Aguinaldo's Appeal to the Powers.

Manila, Aug. 8.—Aguinaldo has appealed to the powers for recognition of "Filipino independence." In a document, dated from Tarlac, July 27th, and signed by his lieutenant, it has been received by all foreign consuls in Manila with the request they forward it to their respective governments.

The Filipinos hold to the argument that they have the sovereignty of these islands by treaty of Spain before the signing of the treaty of Paris, and therefore Spain was in no position to cede them to the United States. They argue that the possession of 7,000 Spanish prisoners, headquarters of the revolutionists, was abandoned when the Philippines were ceded to the United States, and that the Filipinos are "eloquent proof of the nullity of Spanish sovereignty, as when they surrendered Spain's hold was practically lost."

## THEY COULDN'T FIGHT.

### Ambassador Choate Thinks It Would Be Impossible for Britain and the States to Go to War.

(Associated Press.)

London, Aug. 8.—Mr. Joseph H. Choate, United States ambassador to Great Britain, interviewed today by a representative of the Associated Press in regard to the recent "war or arbitration" speech delivered by Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Canadian premier, said: "There will be no war, it is safe to say. The amount of political politicians in either country could occasion war in this connection."

The ambassador, continuing, said, "The London parliament was on the eve of dissolution and leaders of both parties had to speak." Mr. Choate seemed to think the latter circumstance explained Premier Laurier's position, and was inclined to attach small importance to the premier's remarks.

Mr. Choate added that negotiations were progressing, "but," he explained, "they are always slow, and I can say nothing at present as to their status."

## MOLSON BANK ROBBERY.

### A Clerk Is Charged With Having Stolen Money Which Has Been Found Intact.

Winnipeg, Aug. 8.—John W. Anderson, who was employed as the Molson's bank at the time of the recent robbery, and who acted as accountant with the McClary Manufacturing Company, has been arrested. His arrest was effected through a detective, who came there at the instance of the bank. The detective employed as clerk in a leading dry goods store, and obtained board at the same place, and Anderson, they became intimate with Anderson. They finally persuaded him to help them in the possession of a sum of money. Investigation followed, and Anderson was taken into custody to-day. It is understood that the entire amount of money stolen was recovered, having been hidden by Anderson in a valise and buried near the river bank. The robbery occurred be-

tween the 28th of September and the 4th of October of last year.

## GOVERNOR McCALLUM'S NARROW ESCAPE.

(Associated Press.)

New York, Aug. 8.—A despatch to the Herald from Placenta, Nfld., says Secretary Chamberlain has called Governor McCallum, who has arrived here from St. John's, that representatives sent by the Finns will meet him to discuss the project of 3,000 Finlanders settling in Newfoundland.

While steaming from St. Mary's toward Placenta in the fog this morning the vessel had a narrow escape from being run down by the steamship Grand Lake. The vessel reached Placenta at 1 p. m., and the governor was joined later by Lady and Miss McCallum, who came by railway.

The ancient capital was in a picturesque and the weather delightful. The governor ascertained the views of the residents on the closing of lobster factories in the fall. Most of the fishermen are opposed to the project, and at the close were heartily cheered.

It is said Governor Libour leaves the French colony of St. Pierre because of friction with the consul-general. The dispute is over the internal administration of affairs, and not an international subject.

## The Fishery Seizures

### There is no Law to Prevent Canadian Boats Fishing in American Waters

(Associated Press.)

Port Townsend, Wash., Aug. 8.—The recent seizure of several Canadian fishing vessels by the United States revenue launch Guard in the vicinity of Point Roberts and Blaine, has raised some intricate points of international law. It is claimed that there is no law which prohibits foreign vessels from fishing in American waters, and under this claim, the American embassy at Washington has made a demand on the United States government for the immediate release of the vessels.

This matter was referred here for investigation and the revenue officers say the vessels were seized for landing nets in American waters without complying with the customs laws by entering their certificates. This explanation was not satisfactory and advices received to-day from the treasury department at Washington say United States Consul Smith, of Victoria, B. C., has been ordered to proceed to Point Roberts and Blaine immediately for the purpose of making a thorough investigation and reporting without delay to the department.

Consul Smith left for Point Roberts and Blaine on Friday via Vancouver. He is not expected back here till Friday.

## ELECTRIC CAR BLOWN UP.

Motorman Hurt, But the Passengers Escape Uninjured.

(Associated Press.)

Cleveland, Ohio, Aug. 8.—A Wade Park avenue electric car was blown up near Euclid avenue this morning. The motorman was badly hurt, but the passengers were unhurt. The perpetrators of the outrage escaped.

## AN INTERESTING DISCOVERY.

(Associated Press.)

Laramie, Wyo., Aug. 9.—Dr. W. J. Holland, of the Carnegie Museum, Pittsburgh, Pa., who has a large force of scientific people working in the great fossil quarry near here, was seen to-day. He discovered a monster fossil dinosaur in a perfect state of preservation and obtained nearly the whole of this new species. This animal had a long neck, tall and hind legs, and short forelegs. The whole length of the animal was sixty feet. It stood 20 feet at the hips, the thigh bones or femur being six feet long and 15 inches in diameter and had a head like a frog.

## EXPRESS JUMPS THE TRACK.

Serious Accident at St. Polycarp Junction - Fireman and a Second-Class Passenger Killed.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, Ont., Aug. 8.—The Canada Atlantic fast mail, which should have arrived here at noon, jumped the track at St. Polycarp Junction, and fireman George McCaul and a second-class passenger, whose name cannot be ascertained, were killed.

## Seven Persons Killed.

Montreal, Aug. 9.—News has just reached here that the fast express from Montreal to Ottawa on the Canada Atlantic railway jumped the track 20 cars from St. Polycarp this morning. Seven people were killed and many injured. Most of the dead and injured were pilgrims returning from the shrine at St. Anne de Beaupre.

## The Emperor of Austria, who has been able to travel from Vienna to Lechl, will take a course of waters at Gastein during August, by the advice of his physicians.

## Sir Wilfred's Statement

### Denies Having Used the Words Attributed to Him by Mr. Fitzpatrick.

### The Premier Has Not Been Officially Invited to Chicago.

(Special to the Times.)

Ottawa, Aug. 8.—In the House again this morning Mr. Davin brought up the question of the Fitzpatrick interview. The Premier, he said, had declined to give any information on the subject, but a paragraph in the Toronto Globe seemed to him to confirm the statement in the interview that the Premier refused to accept the invitation. Mr. Davin also read from the Chicago Record to the effect that Mr. Fitzpatrick had never been authorized to invite the Premier, but that they expected to have the pleasure of Sir Wilfred's presence on the occasion of the laying of the cornerstone of a public building in Chicago.

Sir Wilfred Laurier said: "Let me say one word, not because the hon. gentleman has brought the matter to the attention of the House, but because several newspapers have taken hold of it. There has been an interview published in a Washington paper attributing words to me of a certain character, which the hon. gentleman has just mentioned. I did not take any notice of that interview, and I do not propose to do so. This interview was not published by me. It was an interview which a Washington paper had with a Mr. Fitzpatrick, and Mr. Fitzpatrick has put words into my mouth for which I do not hold myself at all responsible. If I wished to say anything to the public I will say it myself, and in my own way, and not through another party. I have received no invitation so far from the Chicago authorities to the demonstration proposed to be held in the month of October. I understand that one of the hon. gentlemen has been informed unofficially this morning that one is coming, and whenever it comes I shall certainly treat it with the courtesy that is due to it, not only because of the position I hold, but on account of our relations with our neighbors."

Mr. Davin appeared to be greatly incensed at the reflection on his conduct which the Premier had just mentioned, and declared with considerable heat of temper that it would take a stronger man than the present Prime Minister to snub him. Mr. Sutherland, the Liberal whip, said that the session had been prolonged by the reading of such extracts from newspaper articles as Mr. Davin had done and demanding explanations.

The Yukon Bill.

When the Yukon bill came before the House this afternoon Mr. Foster moved to provide for the manufacture of spirituous liquors in the Yukon.

Mr. Sifton stated that was not done now, and he did not see the necessity of liquor being manufactured there. The amendment therefore passed.

An amendment by Mr. Taylor that the importation of liquor be prohibited except for medical and manufacturing purposes, was also defeated.

Liquor will be permitted to enter as at present, under permits.

## MARCHING AGAINST YAQUS.

### The Rebellious Indians Are Trying to Draw Mexican Soldiers into an Ambush - Stories of Outr. g.s.

(Associated Press.)

Austin, Tex., Aug. 8.—A despatch last night from Casa Grande, State of Chihuahua, saying one regiment of Mexican cavalry has just left there on its way to the upper waters of the Yaqui river, in the state of Sonora, and that it is the evident intention of these troops to enter the Yaqui Indian country from the north, and endeavor to drive the warlike tribes out of their strongholds in the Subaripa mountains, where they are rapidly gathering large forces.

Rebellious Indians have fortified themselves in the Bacatete mountains between the Yaqui and Matapor rivers, and an effort is to be made to keep the two forces of warriors apart. It is known, however, that the two divisions are in constant communication by means of couriers, and it is feared the Indians are planning to draw the Mexican soldiers into an ambush.

Two more parties of prospectors have just arrived at Casa Grande. They abandoned their claims upon hearing alarming reports of murders and other terrible outrages committed by bands of Yaquis at points below them.

## A SAD END.

(Associated Press.)

Peoria, Ill., Aug. 8.—Mrs. Betsy Griffin, whose grandfather was the Earl of Charnock, died in a hut near Farmington to-day. Papers found in the house where she lived in a miserable manner for several years, show her to be of noble blood, and had she pushed a claim at the proper time would have received the third of an estate valued at \$1,000,000. Up to her last days she refused all favors. Friends of the woman will sell her hut to defray expenses.

More cases of sick headache, biliousness, constipation, can be cured. Use Carter's Little Liver Pills, than by any other means.

## DOMINICAN REVOLT

### Government Soldiers Evacuate the Town of Dajabon—Jaminex May Land in Hayti.

(Associated Press.)

Port Au Prince, Hayti, Aug. 8.—The revolutionary Dominican troops, who assembled at Ouanaminthe, have crossed the frontier and taken possession of Dajabon. The garrison at that place retired to Port Seair, a strategic position commanding the town.

The foreign population and the Haytian consul have left the place. It is considered probable Jaminex, the leader of the revolution, will attempt to make a landing on the island shortly in order to join the revolutionary troops at Dajabon, and direct the movement. The Haytian government is taking measures to prevent him from landing in its territory.

Havana, Aug. 8.—General Isidore Jaminex who was interviewed to-day, said he is in daily receipt of about 25 cables-grams from Santo Domingo, where all was going well. He remarked that he counted on a majority of four fourths, and talked in a very confident strain, expressing himself as hopeful of complete success. He is now receiving offers of assistance from many Cubans.

## Regiments For Natal

### A Large Body of Men To Be Sent to South Africa.

(Associated Press.)

London, Aug. 9.—Replying to various questions in the House of Commons to-day Mr. Joseph Chamberlain said no official confirmation had been received of the report that the Transvaal had declined to agree to a joint inquiry into the effect which the franchise reforms may have on Uitlanders. Several regiments, he added, were about to be despatched to South Africa for the defence of Natal, in response to the request of the Natal government, and preparations were being made for contingencies.

Later, replying to Mr. T. P. O'Connor, Irish Nationalist member for the Scotch division of Liverpool, Mr. Chamberlain deprecated a resumption of the debate on the Transvaal situation, which, he pointed out, while serious, still remains doubtful. The Colonial Secretary added he sincerely hoped the report that the enquiry proposal had been rejected was untrue.

While he regretted the necessity of answering Mr. O'Connor, it would be a false mistake to allow the latter's view that was entirely needless, and that the government ought to express a willingness to wait maybe 25 years for the redress of the grievances of which they complained, to be considered.

He added: "We recognize the grievances of the Uitlanders and have said these grievances are not merely to be redressed for medical and manufacturing purposes, but are a source of danger to the whole of South Africa. We say our predominant concern is the action of the Transvaal in refusing to redress the grievances or give consideration to requests hitherto put in the most moderate language of a suzerain power. We say this state of things can not be tolerated. We have put our hands to the plow and won't draw back. With that statement I propose to rest content."

## ANOTHER SECRET SESSION.

### General Chanoine To Day Explains the Position to Dreyfus's Judges—Public Session on Saturday.

(Associated Press.)

Rennes, Aug. 9.—The secret session of the Dreyfus court martial to-day lasted from 6:30 a. m. until 11:45 a. m. General Chanoine nearly completed his part of the explanation of the dossier. He will continue to-morrow about a couple of hours, then M. Paleologue, of the foreign office, will take up the task, which, it is understood, will be completed on Friday next. A public session, therefore, will take place on Saturday morning.

Several documents, written in German, were examined during the proceedings to-day. A German dictionary was sent for, and the correspondent here of the Associated Press learns that, when certain words and expressions could not be exactly understood even with the aid of a dictionary, Dreyfus, who is a perfect German scholar, volunteered a translation, and was allowed to give explanations of the words of value assistance to the members of the court.

## BAR HARBOR DISASTER.

### A Weak Ferry Slip Caused the Loss of Twenty Lives.

(Associated Press.)

Bar Harbor, Me., Aug. 8.—The coroner's jury, empaneled to hold an inquest into the disaster at Mount Desert on Sunday, by which twenty persons lost their lives by the breaking of the ferry slip, completed its sittings to-day, finding "these people came to their death by drowning, caused by the insufficient construction of the slip."

## MANY VESSELS SUNK.

### Port de France, Island of Martinique, Aug. 8.—A cyclone struck La Pointe a Pitre, Island of Guadeloupe yesterday at 11 a. m. The storm lasted until 2:30 p. m.

## The Queen's Speech

### Read in the House of Lords at the Prorogation of Parliament.

### The Grievances of the Uitlanders - Situation in India - The Plague.

(Associated Press.)

London, Aug. 9.—Parliament was prorogued at 2 o'clock this afternoon by royal commission. The House of Lords met and summoned the Commons to the bar and the proceedings terminated with the reading of the Queen's speech.

The speech contained the following statements:

"My Lords and Gentlemen: My relations with other powers continue friendly."

"The conference summoned by the Emperor of Russia to consider measures for the promotion and maintenance of peace, has completed its sittings. Although the result of its deliberations may not fully correspond with the lofty aim which it was summoned to accomplish, it has met with a considerable measure of success. The institution of a permanent tribunal of arbitration cannot fail to diminish the frequency of war, while the extension of Geneva convention will mitigate its horrors."

After a reference to the conclusion of the Anglo-French convention on the subject of the Nile Valley and the Anglo-Russian convention in regard to railway enterprise in China, the speech continued:

"We have received a petition from a considerable number of my subjects residing in the South African Republic praying my assistance to obtain the removal of grievances and disabilities of which they complain. The position of subjects in South Africa is inconsistent with the promise of equal treatment, whereupon my grant of internal independence to that Republic was founded, and the unrest caused thereby is a constant source of danger to the peace and prosperity of my dominions in South Africa. Negotiations on the subject with the government of the South African Republic have been entered into, and are still proceeding."

Another paragraph deals with the satisfactory reports of the recovery of agriculture and trade of India from the depression caused by famine, "but," it adds, "fears are now entertained of the prospects of the harvests in western and central India, owing to insufficient rainfall, though officials are taking timely precautions to meet any scarcity."

"The speech then proceeds: 'I regret to add that the plague, though still confined to the town of Bombay, has during the winter, shows no sign of abatement.'

"The speech thanks the Commons for the liberality with which they provided for the naval and military defence of the empire, and concludes with a reference to the benefits of domestic legislation passed.

President McKinley's secretary, Mr. John Addison Porter, and Solicitor General John K. Richards, visited the United States Embassy to-day and were afterwards introduced to Speaker Gully, who witnessed the prorogation of parliament.

A number of houses had the roofs blown off and were flooded, and a number were demolished. No fatalities are recorded. Twenty-three flat boats and fishing boats sunk in the harbor, also a schooner and two small steamboats and another steamer, the Hirondele, were wrecked at other places. Alcyon, a fourth steam vessel, was damaged. All communication with the interior of the island is interrupted.

## TO BE BURNED IN PUBLIC.

W. O. Waggoner, Formerly an Agnostic, Will Consign His Library to the Flames.

(Associated Press.)

Toledo, Ohio, Aug. 8.—On the evening of August 15th, in the middle of the street in front of the Memorial United Brethren Church, in this city, the elegantly bound volumes which compose the library of Marshal O. Waggoner, formerly one of the most pronounced agnostics in the world, will be burned. He was recently converted to Christianity and made a public declaration of faith a few weeks ago and became a member of the United Brethren church. The library in question is valued at several thousand dollars. Nearly every author of any note, who wrote in defence of infidelity and agnosticism, found a place for his works in Mr. Waggoner's library.

## The Czar's Scheme

### Russia's Foreign Minister Urges a Franco-German Reconciliation

(Associated Press.)

London, Aug. 9.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Mail, telegraphing regarding the mission of M. Delcasse, French minister of foreign affairs, who now is in Russia, says:

"I learn from a good source M. Delcasse, in his conference with the Russian foreign minister, failed in his endeavor to strengthen the Franco-Russian alliance by pleading Russia's colonial policy on a basis of absolute solidarity with that of France. Count Muraviev approves, and even urges, a Franco-German rapprochement."

"Nothing was arranged about the Czar's visit to Paris during the exposition."

M. Delcasse will not stop at Berlin on his way home."

## TROOPS DESERT THEIR LEADER.

### And Join the Revolutionists in Santo Domingo—Jimenez's Army Reinforced.

(Associated Press.)

Cape Haytien, Aug. 9.—General Francisco Liriano, sent from Monte Christ by the Dominican government, to attack General Ramon Pacheco at Dajabon, headquarters of the revolutionists, was abandoned when he arrived in front of the army, by his troops, who, without firing a shot, deserted and entered the camp of General Pacheco.

The advance posts of the latter are at Lasagus, and the revolutionists are masters of fords across the river Yaque, thus cutting off communication between Monte Christ and the interior.

The forces of Don Juan Isidore Jimenez, leader of the revolution, are being argued every day, and news from all parts of the Dominican republic is favorable to him.

## SMALLPOX ON A LINER.

(Associated Press.)

New York, Aug. 8.—The Red Star line steamer Kensington, which arrived this morning from Antwerp with 114 cabin and 363 steerage passengers, is detained in quarantine by a case of smallpox in the steerage. The patient is a boy 14 years of age.

## MINISTER'S REWARD.

(Associated Press.)

Paris, Aug. 8.—Emperor William has conferred upon Count von Munster, German ambassador here, the title of prince, in recognition of his service as head of the German delegation to the Peace Conference at the Hague.

## STARVING PEASANTS KILLED.

Vienna, Aug. 8.—According to the Neue Bessarabien (a government of Russia bounded on the south by the Danube and the Black Sea) have revolted, being driven desperate by famine. Troops, it is added, have been sent there, and several encounters have taken place. A score of peasants have already been killed, and many more have been wounded.

A correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial-Tribune says the Georgia melon growers have crossed the fruit with the ground, to make the rind harder for shipping purposes, but have thus greatly injured the flavor.

## NOT THE TREE.

When disease has become chronic and deep seated it is often difficult to cure it. That is the reason why it is best to take Hood's Sassafras when disease first shows itself—in pimples, badsores, indigestion, or other troubles which tell of liver or kidney. This great medicine regulates the whole system. It never disappoints.

## HOOP'S PILLS are the favorite family cathartic.

of the cost attendant upon shown in the fact that the of packing to the mouth of sek from Dawson, a distance miles, is 85 cents per pound, near of considerable expense your correspondent that a ridge trail led instructed up and down the at a cost of \$500 per mile, but 112 miles would give a of good main trails, from claim-owner could construct ridical trail. Sixty thousand ended on creek roadways eddy return in the large in- in development and conse- in royalty tax matters. The however, should not be in making the desired youngest of Canada's cities one well in revenue-yielding, all encouragement. s, and these are almost ative, are certainly changed regulations, greater securing the government re-olution of alternate blocks, al of placer claim sections in royalty. This ending iver, will doubtless be into by the Minister of the is proposed visit to the ters, which is being looked for, much interest and satisfac- on of Public Offices. ublic works are demanded, ount arrival of Mr. J. E. the Public Works Depart- well timed, both for the and the commissioner's relief, time has been much tax- ministration of matters per- sion department, and he will sson's arrival to be a great construction of government begin at once, and the vari- ents hope to be properly urnished with some accom- ances and convenience be- Yet another requirement is of the insane, and due con- of the Department of Justice disposal of the Yukon's minals. The present jail, confines of the Northwest ice barracks, quarters al- able both from point of Accommodation. spondent visited the jail, and the size of it, number of inmates, discipline, and ere a revelation. The jail- ate about 300 inmates, and one-third of that number are merely from memory. row corridors are confined m ordinary inmates, but us time-serving to the life- nimals, together with some insane people. The work in- care of this jail alone is especially to keep it in an and cleaning as presents, fair to impose this onerous already so burdened with the Yukon detachment of the ounted Police. The work- ing under the same condi- on and result, that the en- on-Canadians and Ameri- respond to their efforts with approval, while the American ritories on either side are a better endeavor by their ex- it is neither just nor wise to he willing horse, and the po- ave not only encouragement ut relief in this measure. Discoveries Reported. s been reported up the Klond- the foothills of the Rocky eads of experienced miners for this new field. Thistle wart river district, has also me very favorable reports July is being duly celebrat- iter is closed by a mass of an citizens, who passed up k square bearing the Union d Glory side by side, and speeches, sang our National "My Country, 'tis of Thee," verse, and cheered the Queen- dent, the Northwest Moun- the Yukon force, Col. Steele- sioner Ogilvie, and annex- tates to Canada generally in tie burst of good-will. ic forms of early times—the auroids and elands—have from Europe, they say, says Dr. Seitz, when the atmosphere became quite ge of season became rare and elegantly formed cere- taken the place of these in- animal kingdom. In other world, however, these radi- have not yet taken place. m, elephants, buffaloes and ill occupy extensive tracts. tropics are many creature- orders that seem too lar- the present time. In Bra- tierdies, gigantic swamps an- ants drive away heavy air- birds. The largest butte- Agrippina, measures more- ter of a yard between the- extended wings; and the- with a strength enabling- nd from a man's hand with- 48 tooth-like projection- hind legs. A water bug is- its three inches. The- ne on the breast that ma- able wound. The great- agoon fly of South Ameri- but, to enable it to lay- inch long, though sc- than a knitting needle. tures of plant-growth, tak- all expose an hour, is- ately announced wonders. Another novel develo- continuous illustration- rations, kinematograph- been taken by M. De- ed French subjects, the- s kinds of operations fr- of the knife to the laying- As it is often impos- bal descriptions so com- all risk of error, it is last- pictures will be of gr- to students of surgery.