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DRIVE TURKS OUT AT BAYONET POINT

Details of Desperate Battle With Servians Which Ended in Fall of Kumanova

Ottoman Troops Made First Attack, But Were Repulsed —Then Servians Charged Under Fearful Hail of Shot —Great Losses on Both Sides in Balkan War--Bulgarians Now at Adrianopole

(Canadian Press)

London, Oct. 26—The Turkish troops were the first to take the offensive in the desperate battle which ended in the fall of Kumanova into the hands of the Servian troops and opened up the way for their further advance on the stronghold of Uskup.

The Servian legation in London has received an official account of the fighting, from which it appears that during a drizzling rain and heavy fog on Wednesday, the Turkish troops advanced on the Servian position five miles from Kumanova.

As soon as they came into touch with the Servian outposts heavy fighting began and lasted throughout the afternoon. Both armies suffered severe losses but the Servians succeeded in staying the Turkish onslaught.

The battle was resumed at one o'clock on Thursday morning, the Servians this time taking the offensive and attacking the Turkish troops who had entrenched themselves during the lull in the fighting. After an artillery duel, a general advance was ordered by the Servian comander at six o'clock under cover of the artillery. The Turkish field guns replied vigorously.

The ground over which the Servian troops had to advance was open and the infantrymen were exposed to a sweeping fire. Nevertheless they stormed the Turkish trenches again and again until finally, at the point of the bayonet, they drove Ottoman troops out.

It took the Servians four hours to clear the valley, but it was then found necessary before occupying Kumanova to take the heights on the right bank of the river to which the Turkish troops had retreated in disorder.

At one period during the fighting the Servian artillery annihilated three squadrons of Turkish cavalry and the Turkish losses are said to have numbered 5,000 killed and wounded while twelve of their field guns were captured. The Servian casualties also were heavy. They lost many officers including two regimental commanders and several battalion comanders.

The Servian advance guard is now before Uksup, according to the report. At the town of Novipazar farther to the north, there was also a brisk battle. After the town was taken by the Servians, the Turks attempted to retake it, but were repulsed and virtually annihilated.

Paris, Oct. 26—The Matin says that news has been received in Paris from Constantinople through an indirect but reliable source to the effect that on Friday morning the Bulgarians routed the Turkish forces massed at Kavakly between Asanbeli and Novakdira, and that, according to the Turkish headquarters staff, the affair cost the Turks 1,300 men killed.

London, Oct. 26 —After a four days' heavy battle the Bulgarians are resting. There were no reports of fighting yesterday along the line from Kirk-Klisseh to Adrianople. The Bulgarians have not yet decided whether they will attempt to capture Adrianople by assault or starve out its garrison by a siege. The full extent of the Turkish disaster at Kirk-Kilisseh is still unknown, but it is almost certain that the bulk of the garrison there effected a retreat from the town before it fell into the hands of the Bulgarians.

The early capture of Kirk-Kilisseh was a great surprise even to the Bulgarian staff officers and their allies and the swift progress of the war was unexpected by Europe generally. It has been only nine days since Turkey declared war and yet events have marched to the point where the possibility of intervention by the powers already is talked of.

Much interest centres in the nature of the alliance of the Balkan States. It is said on good authority that one of the provisions of the alliance is that no one state shall conclude peace without the others agreeing to do so.

Next in importance to the operations in Thrace is the struggle between the Servians and the Turks in the Kumanovo region, Constantinople at last admits the success of the Servian army. The Servians on Thursday captured two towns Vuchitrin and Gilan, on the road between Mitrovitza and Vranya.

The Montenegrins are pressing their attack on Scutari. It is reported that the Turkish garrison at Scutari has retired to the heights of Zadriana, south of the town. This action is interpreted as a preparation to evacuate Scutari.

The Greeks are continuing their northward march and yesterday occupied Kosani, about twelve miles northwest of the town of Servia.

Accounts of the fall of Kirk-Kilisseh received here admit that the Turks fought doggedly, repeatedly repulsing the Bulgarians, who, however, always returned to the charge. The reports says the Bulgarians displayed praiseworthy endurance in the hand to hand fighting in the vineyards to the north of the town, which began at dawn after Wednesday night's attack by the artillery, which had set the town on fire.

Turkish Losses Heavy

It is now said that it was Asmed, son of Mahood Mukatar Pasha, commander of the Turkish forces at Kirk-Killiseh and not a son of Ghazi Mukhtar Pasha, the grand vizier, who was captured. It is also said that the Turkish columns fled south and east pursued by the Bulgarians, fighting rear-guard actions as far as Visa on the east and Babenski on the south. The Turkish losses were more than 2,000 men killed and 2,000 made prisoners. In their conversations the prisoners gave the impression that the fortress at Kirk-Kilisses was on short rations.

King Ferdinand has sent a stirring message to the troops, praising the dash and gallantry they exhibited in their attack on Kirk-Killisseh.

Bulgarians Fire Adrianopole

Sofia, Bulgaria, Oct. 26—A portion of the town of Adrianople has been set on fire by the Bulgarian artillery, according to private despatches. The Bulgarian troops have taken the outlying forts of Maret, Havare and Suflar and have also captured a railroad station in the extreme outskirts of the town. Enghteen hundred prisoners have fallen into their hands.

The Bulgarian army is reported to be advancing along the whole front, and a despatch says the Turks are retreating in panic, while the civilian population is fleeing toward Constantinople.

The village of Kotchavi was captured by the Bulgarians yesterday after severe fighting at the point of the bayonet.

Another Montenegrin Victory

London, Oct. 26—The Montenegrin army under General Martinovitch has occupied Koplik near Tarakosch from which position its artillery can be trained on the forts of the Turkish city of Scutari according to official reports received by the Montenegrin consul here.

The other Montenegrin army commanded by General Vukotich has defeated a force of Turkish irregulars entrenched at Rogova endeavoring to prevent the advance of the Montenegrins to Ipek. The Turks were put to flight and abandoned two field guns and some ammunition and baggage.

Constantinople, Oct. 26—Strong columns of Bulgarian troops have been observed in front of the northern and western defences of Adrianople, according to a despatch from that city. It is supposed they are also strengthening their attacking lines in front of the northeastern forts. The exodus of the civilian population from the fighting zone continues. A crowded train coming from Adrianople was derailed yesterday interfupting traffic for twenty-four hours.

The Turkish council of ministers yesterday discussed possible intervention of the powers and decided not to entertain any such proposal at present. Turkey is believed to be trying to secure the support of Austria-Hungary.

At the Pass of Sarandapore

Athens, Greece, Oct. 26—The losses of the Greek army in the battle at the pass of Sarandaporo totalled eighteen officers and 169 soldiers killed; forty officers and 1,037 men wounded. The Turkish losses were very heavy. The civilian population in Macedonia is stricken with panic and many of the families are emigrating to Egypt.

AROUSING PROVINCE IN GOOD CAUSE

Mrs. Dennis of Halifax Tells of Women's Work For Feeble Minded

URGING GOVERNMENT

Agitation For Institution For Care of Mentally Weak—The Reasons For it—Playgrounds Activity and Other Matters

The Women's Council of Halifax has shown an excellent example for the rest of the dominion in the action taken to deal with the problem of the feeble-minded of their province. The need for protection for these unfortunates and for the protection of society against them, had been brought to the attention of the council, and a systematic investigation proved how serious are the problems which arise from the lack of means for caring for them. With characteristic energy the council has undertaken the work of arousing public opinion to the point where the government will be forced to take steps to provide an institution where they can be properly cared for.

Mrs. Wm. Dennis, of Halifax, president of the council, who has been in St. John recently, in an interview with a Times' reporter, gave an interesting description of this work. The need for some action in this regard, she said, was brought to their attention partly through the heads of various institutions who, in the course of their work ,were brought face to face with various phases of the problem. The feeble-minded were classed separately from the insane and include those persons whose mental development was handicapped from birth, and who were characterized by lack of mental development rather than by the affliction of any particular mania.

Although there was a wide range in the quality or quantity of their intelligence, the feeble-minded were those whose minds never reached maturity, and who never attained a state of development where they could be regarded as responsible or capable of self-government.

Although, in the past, for want of a better place, many such have been confined in asylums for the insane, this was not the proper place for them. Others were found in the poor houses, where they were equally out of place. Their afflictions had led many to the prisons, although their lack of responsibility should prevent them being classed as criminals. The schools for blind and the deaf have had to cope with the problem, as these afflictions also affected many of the feeble-minded. Another pitiable feature of the problem was the number of feeble-minded girls found in rescue homes, the superintendent of the Salvation Army maternity home in Halifax reporting that more than half of the cases which came to the institution were so afflicted.

Milder cases among the young, who were frequently regarded as merely backward, were found in the public schools to add to the difficulties of the teachers. The superintendent of penal and humane institutions, the superintendent of education and many others whose work has led them into direct contact with the problem had, for years, been recommending that steps be taken to deal with such cases, but so far without the accomplishment of definite results.

Action By The Council

When the Women's Council decided to take up the matter their first step was to secure exact information regarding the extent to the problem, and for this purpose circulars were sent to teachers, ministers and others throughout the province asking for a detailed report on every such case in their neighborhood. The information secured in this manner indicated that at least one in every thousand of the population was thus affected and circumstances related showed conclusively how pressing was the need for their care.

The problem was regarded in the light of its effect on the state, the race, the family and the individual. The state felt the effect economically, as sooner or later nearly every feeble-minded person became a charge on the community. Furthermore, through thir lack of mental balance, much mischief and even many acts which in other persons would be classed as crimes resulted from their being at large.

The effect on the race was a serious matter. There was nothing to prevent such persons marrying and many of them did so. It was a peculiar fact that when they did marry they were usually more productive than normal people, and their taint was continued in their offspring. Taking an average family of five children it had been found that the percentage was usually about two feeble minded, possibly one of criminal tendencies and perhaps two were liable to be as seriously affected as the others.

In the family the existence of even one feeble minded person, and such cases occured in apparently perfectly normal families without any apparent explanation, was usually distressing. If the afflicted child was to be properly cared for it would need nearly the entire attention of one other person and in poor families the lessening of the earning power of the family was a serious matter. The humiliation caused by the presence of such a one frequently had the disastrous effect of driving the other children from home and, on the death of the parents the child would usually become a charge on the community.

In the case of the individual the need of protection was easily understood. Unable to care for themselves their lives were frequently made miserable, and they were a source of trouble to those around them as well as to themselves. When the feeble-minded person was a girl, the lack of responsibility and self-protection became an ever more serious matter than in the case of boys.

No Place in Canada

It had been found that the only way to deal with these cases to secure a safe and partially pleasant life for them and to protect the community from their acts and the possibility of their reproduction was their confinement in suitable institutions. So far there was not a single institution of this character in Canada, although the asylum at Orilla, Ont., for idiots comes nearest to it. A splendid example of what could be done, however, was found in Massachusetts, where the state home cared for 1,500 of the feeble-minded. Here they were sheltered and protected and cared for by specially trained attendants. Those who were able to work were practically self-supporting, and those who were not were cared for in a proper manner. The surroundings were made as pleasant as possible, and the inmates were far happier, in most cases, than they would be at large.

(Continued on page 7, 4th column.)

MONUMENT TO "NEWSY" WHOSE SACRIFICE SAVED LIFE OF ETHEL SMITH

Gary, Ind., Oct. 26—Residents of this town will erect a monument to William Rugh, a "newsboy" who was a grown man and a hero, though crippled. Ethel Smith, a girl she had never seen, was so badly burned in an explosion of a motorcycle that she is in danger of losing one leg and possibly her life. Rugh had one leg that was paralyzed and useless. He offered to have it amputated that the skin might be used for grafting to cover the flesh of Ethel Smith's burned member. The operation was performed, and Miss Smith was soon able to leave the hospital, though she is not yet entirely well. Complications set in after Rugh's leg was amputated, and he was told by the doctors that he could not recover. "All right," he said. "I was some good to the world after all." These words will be engraved on the monument that Gary will erect to his memory.

BECKER'S LAST APPEARANCE IN HEADQUARTER

Picture to Be Taken F Place in Rogues Gallery

THE FUTURE OF HIS CASE

Preparations for Appeal From E pected Death Sentence to B Pronounced on Next Wedne day—More Than 4,000 Excep tions at Trial

(Canadian Press)

New York, Oct. 26—Charles Becker, a tomatically dropped from the police rol by his conviction for murder, and no lon er a lieutenant in that department, w pay one more visit to police headquarte before he goes to Sing Sing prison t await the action of the court of appeals.

He will be taken from the Tombs to th bureau of identification to be photograph ed and measured for the rogues' gallery The legal work necessary to get Becker case before the court of appeals will be gin immediately after the sentence is pro nounced by Justice Goff on next Wednes day. Notice of appeal will be filed forth with, and this will operate as a stay o execution.

The case is not likely to be set for argu ment for several months, and decision on the appeal is not expected for a year or more, although the action will be expedited by District Attorney Whitman in every way possible. In the event of a reversal of the verdict, Becker would be remanded to the Tombs again without bail to await a new trial. Because the trial just ended was in a special term of court, ordered by Governor Dix, all of the records on appeal will go to the governor, and all the costs of appeal will be paid by the state. This follows the precedent set in the Molineaux case in which Justice Goff was reversed by the court of appeals after a delay of two years, Molineaux was acquitted on his second trial.

After Wednesday next Becker's lawyers will prepare a record of the case for use before the upper court. The district attorney has ten days to prepare his amendments and then the result is submitted to Justice Goff for allowances and disallowances. After this the entire record in the case goes to Justice Goff and the case is ordered filed.

Within thirty days the whole case must be printed and sixteen copies sent to the court of appeals. Usually the preparation of briefs requires from two to three months. The district attorney is allowed five days in which to serve his brief and the defense has ten days for its reply.

Although Becker will be sentenced on Wednesday Oct. 30, he will not go to Sing Sing until about November 9, ten days being generally allowed for consultations with counsel.

Eleven points on which the appeal will be based are outlined today in a statement prepared by Becker's chief counsel. More than 4,000 exceptions were taken during the trial to rulings made by Justice Goff.

AMBASSADOR BRYCE SPEAKS ON MISSIONS

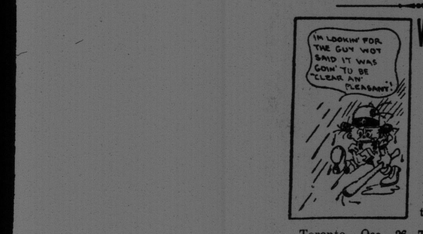
Baltimore, Oct. 26—Ambassador James Bryce, of Great Britain, was the principal speaker at the opening exercises of the missionary exposition in the Lyric Theatre yesterday afternoon. After sketching the different forms which missionary effort had taken, Mr. Bryce adverted to the need for evangeliatic work among the neglected classes at home, and particularly among the immigrants from Central and Eastern Europe.

As these nearly all came from Christian countries, Mr. Byrce said such work ought not to be directed towards proselytizing or withdrawing them from whatever form of Christianity they might hold, but ought to tend to enlighten them, relieve their necessities in conjunction with pastors of their own faith, and fit them to be worthy citizens of their new country.

DEGREES EXEMPLIFIED

In the rooms of St. John Council, No. 937, Knights of Columbus, last evening, the first and second degrees were exemplified. Past Grand Knight, C. A. Owens and staff exemplified the first degree, and Past Grand Knight Dr. S. H. McDonald officiated excellently on the second.

WEATHER BULLETIN



Issued by autrority of the Department of Marine and Fisheries. R. F. Stupart, director of meterological service.

Toronto, Oce. 26—The centre of disturbance is now near the Maine coast, moving north. The weather continues fine in the western provinces. To the grand banks, moderate southeast and south gales; to American ports, winds shifting to southwest and west.

Probabilities Here.

Strong southeast winds; showery; Sunday, winds shifting to southwest and west; clearing.

STRONG WIND; HEAVY RAIN

Inch and a Half Since Thursday Night—Wind 40 Miles

From Thursday night until noon today one and a half inches of rain had fallen. Rain has fallen almost incessantly since the start and, aided by the heavy wind, made things rather disagreeable. About midnight a heavy gale started and within an hour or so had attained a velocity of about forty miles an hour. The sea in the bay was very rough, but no reports of any mishaps have been received today. The storm is moving very slowly over the provinces, and the chances for fine weather on the holiday are believed to be but slim. The wind this morning was blowing quite strong from the Southeast.

NEW TRIAL IN ATLAS CASE

Toronto, Oct. 26—Proceedings were set on foot today with a view to securing a new trial for Rev. G. M. Atlas, convicted some time ago of having defrauded the widow of a murdered Macedonian of $400. Last night Rev. Mr. Atlas, who was paroled from Kingston made serious charges against Judge Winchester, ex-Detective Inspector Duncan, and Frank Tremble, son-in-law of the judge. He emphatically denied ever receiving the money alleged to have been misappropriated from the express office adding that his name had been forged to the express money order and that the person who committed the alleged forgery had the money. Friends express belief in the innocence of Mr. Atlas and call upon the dominion department of justice to give him the new trial he asked for, and at which, he says, he can prove the charges made.

BELIEVED TO BE ADVANCE TOWARDS PROLONGING OF LIFE

New York, Oct. 26—Doctor Carroll of the Rockefeller Institute announced that he has been able to keep viscera separated from the body alive for ten hours. This is believed by scientists to be a step forward in the prolongation of life.

RAILWAY MEN HERE

Been Over G. T. P. and Say Little Needed For Start—Inspect Harbor

W. B. Cronk, superintendent of transportation of the G. T. P. railway who, with W. J. Press, chief mechanical engineer of the N. T. R. and others made an inspection of the New Brunswick section of the new transcontinental this week, is in the city. To a Times reporter today he spoke very highly of the road and said that with very little additional work it would be ready for operation. Mr. Cronk and Mr. Press were the guests of Manning W. Doherty this morning on a trip around the harbor in the tugboat Lord Kitchener to secure an idea of the present facilities of the port and the harbor development work which is under way.

COMMISSIONERS AGAIN DISCUSS RECLAMATION

The reclamation project for the foul grounds to the south of Ballast wharf occupied the attention of the city commissioners at their noon meeting today. The commissioners are securing all available information regarding the location of the proposed reclamation, and also regarding its possibilities.

They will not take any definite stand regarding the matter until they are fully informed and in a position to judge the advantages and disadvantages. Their investigation so far indicates that the estimate of ninety acres which could be reclaimed is too large.

Quebec Election Case

Quebec, Oct. 26 — Further evidence in the Lotbiniere federal election case was introduced in the superior court yesterday before Chief Justice Lemieux and Judge Dorion. Seven witnesses were examined, several of whom admitted having received money from one of the principal agents of the liberal members and the case was adjourned to November 12.

NO TIMES MONDAY

Monday Being Thanksgiving Day, and a Public Holiday, The Times-Star will not be published.

REV. OWEN N. MOTT DIES IN HOSPITAL

For Years Prominent in Baptist Ministry in New Brunswick

The death of Rev. Owen N. Mott, one of New Brunswick's prominent Baptist clergymen, occurred in the General Public Hospital last night, after an illness of several weeks. He had been retired from active service for several years. Of late years he was afflicted with stomach trouble. He went to the hospital for treatment several weeks ago and passed away last night. He was well known throughout the province as an able speaker, and was well liked by all who knew him. He was born in Queens county and was ordained to the ministry in 1883. He was in charge of churches in Wickham, Johnson, Kars, Campobello and other places, and for several years was engaged in evangelistic work.

About six or seven years ago he retired and went to Greenwich Hill, N. B., where he conducted a general store. Two years ago he sold his store and went to Fredericton Junction, where he lived in retirement. In his evangelistic work as well as in his other ministerial duties he was very successful, and during his career baptized several hundred persons. He was about seventy-five years of age. His wife and family survive. G. N. Mott of this city is a son. The body was taken to Brown's Flat this morning for burial.

MRS. ROSS OF CHATHAM DEAD; MARRIED LESS THAN A YEAR

Chatham, N. B., Oct. 26—Mrs. Alex. T. Ross, Jr., died last night after a brief illness, aged twenty years. She is mourned by her husband, her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Jardine, two sisters, Mrs. William Watling of Chatham, and Ella, of Boston; and one brother, Frank, of this town. Much sympathy is felt for all. Mr. and Mrs. Ross were married less than one year.

Roosevelt Man Wins

Juneau, Alaska, Oct. 26—James Wickersham, Progressive candidate for delegate to congress from Alaska had a substantial plurality in the election held last August, votes in which were counted today.

LOCAL NEWS

S. S. Pandosia, Captain Wright, from Montevideo, arrived at Santa Fe today.

MORE CARS.

Two more cars were received in the city today for the St. John Railway Co. They are similar in appearance and arrangements to the two others which reached here some days ago.

BURIED TODAY

The funeral of John D. Ritchie took place this afternoon at 2.30 o'clock from his late home in Adelaide street. Funeral services were conducted by Rev. D. Hutchinson, and interment was in Cedar Hill.

FIVE DEATHS.

Only five deaths were reported this week at the board of health offices, which is a particularly small number. They were from the following causes: Cancer of stomach, two; phthisis, meningitis and cancer of rectum, one each.

THE FORESTERS.

At the regular meeting of Court Log Cabin, I. O. F., last evening, there was initiation, in which the officers were assisted by E. J. Todd. The court's present rooms in Coburg street are the most comfortable it has occupied since its organization.

BEFORE JUDGE FORBES.

A summons to show cause why summary judgment should not be signed in the case of Meriden Britannia Company, Limited, vs. Asepto Soaps, Limited, was returnable before Judge Forbes this morning. His Honor granted the application giving leave to the plaintiffs to sign summary judgment. E. C. Weyman appeared for the plaintiffs and Barnhill Ewing & Sanford for the defendants.

NOVELTY SHOWER.

At the home of Miss Reta Bubar, in Queen street, about twenty-five friends assembled last evening to congratulate her upon an event of interest to transpire next week. She was tendered a novelty shower, and received many useful and pleasing remembrances, which she will the more appreciate after she has begun house keeping on her own account. Refreshments were served, and a pleasant time enjoyed by all present.

PRICES EASIER.

In some cases prices were easier this morning in the country market. Meats were slightly relieved by arrivals of new stocks, while there was an abundance of poultry, and the soft weather combined with the quantity was expected to force a decline in prices. Turkeys went higher, however, and reached 35 cents. Geese were from $1.60 to $1.75, while chickens dropped to sixty cents, and ranged as high as $1.30. Henery eggs sold from 36 to 40 cents, while case stock brought 30 and 32. Butter brought from 30 to 32.

NEW STRAUSS OPERA WINS AN OVATION

Stuttegart, Germany, Oct. 26—"Ariadne on Naxos" a new one-act opera by Richard Strauss, was given its first production at the Royal Opera House here last night in the presence of the members of the court, the musical leaders of Germany and many foreigners. The work made a deep impression upon the audience and Strauss was given an ovation. Herr Hoffmanstahl wrote the libretto and Max Reichardt staged the new work.

MARRIED IN SHANGHAI

Moncton Groom and Wolfville Bride—Railway Town's New Library

Moncton, N. B., Oct. 26—Relatives of John H. Geldart, formerly of Moncton, but now of Shanghai, China, have received a cablegram announcing his marriage in Shanghai on last Thursday to Miss Treva Mitchell, daughter of Walter Mitchell of Wolfville, N. S. The groom has been in China about three years taking active part in Y. M. C. A. work. The bride, formerly lived in Moncton. Miss Mitchell left San Francisco on Sept. 27 and proceeded to Shanghai, where the legal ceremony took place, the United States consul officiating. Afterwards a religious ceremony was performed by a Protestant clergyman. Mr. and Mrs. Geldart will live in Shanghai.

Moncton's free public library will soon be a reality. The Daughters of Empire, who pledged $1,000 for the library, have raised $500 of the amount and expect to raise the balance before next spring. It is expected that the rooms will be opened by January 1.

NIGHT SCHOOL MAY BE JOINED WITH Y. M. C. A. TECHNICAL CLASSES

A movement is being promoted amongst those interested in the matter to have the St. John night school, and the technical school which is being arranged for by the Y. M. C. A. conducted in the same building and more or less together. The original intention was to have the night school opened in the Centennial school but it is argued that it would be better to have a more central location and that if the Y. M. C. A. would take over to a certain extent the arrangements for the night school, combining it with the technical school the results would be more satisfactory. There is a possibility that if such idea is agreed upon the government grant intended for the night school in Centennial could be applied to the other.

A SIMILARITY OF NAMES

Thomas Russell and John Willis, whose names appeared in yesterday's police court were not the men of those names residing in Milford.