

North-West Arm, Halifax, Col. Hardy, R. E., (How's List, 1876.) Near Shelburne, P. Jack. Near an old mill pond, North-West Arm, Halifax, Macoun and Burgess.

NEMOPANTHER FASCICULARIS, *Rafinesque*. Mountain Holly. *N. Canadensis*, DC. Halifax County and Pictou, A. H. Mackay, in Macoun's Cat.

CELASTRACEÆ.

CELASTRUS SCANDENS, *Linn*. Wax-Work. Introduced by Hon. Justice Ritchie, and now grown as an ornamental creeper in Halifax City and other parts of the Province.

EUONYMUS AMERICANUS, *Linn*. Windsor, Hants, cultivated, Dr. How.

VITACEÆ.

VITIS RIPARIA, *Michaux*. Northern Grape. The evidence in favor of the former and present existence of grape vines, presumably of this species, in Nova Scotia, is given and discussed in a paper published in the Proceedings of the Institute. It is very desirable that further inquiries should be made, and specimens obtained.

AMPELOPSIS QUINQUEFOLIA, *Michaux*. Virginian Creeper. American Ivy. Not indigenous in Nova Scotia, so far as known, but a common creeper on the walls and verandas of dwellings. Common in Halifax, especially in the older parts of the city, in the "north end." Windsor, Hants, cultivated, Dr. How.

SAPINDACEÆ.

ÆSCULUS HIPPOCASTANUM, *Linn*. Horse-Chestnut. An Asiatic tree, long cultivated in western Europe and America. In deep, porous, well-drained soils, it thrives remarkably well, but on heavy land it is not so vigorous, and is apt to be killed off in dry seasons. There are some fine old trees at Donaldson's, Birch Cove, on the western shore of Bedford Basin, near Halifax, at Windsor, and other places.