

APPENDIX "A"

INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION FOR SUPERVISION
AND CONTROL IN CAMBODIA

No. IS/VII/2

Phnom Penh, 30th June, 1955.

From

The Deputy Secretary General (Records)

To

All Teams.

Subject: 1. Constitution of the Kingdom of Cambodia.
2. Election of Deputies (Kram No.363-NS
of 26.9.47)

1. English translations of the above mentioned documents are being circulated to all teams.

2. It is recommended that all team members familiarise themselves with their contents, in view especially of the incoming period when these Acts will assume an immediate importance.

3. Your attention is drawn more particularly to the following sections of the Constitution:

- Title 1 -- Nature and form of the State.
- Title 2 -- Liberties, rights and duties of Cambodians.
- Title 3 -- The Law and powers.
- Title 5 -- The National Assembly.
- Title 9 -- General provisions.

Articles 48, 49 and 50 concern the Electoral Law and define who can be electors and who are eligible to be candidates to the National Assembly.

To be an elector, a person must:

(a) be a Cambodian citizen Although neither the Constitution nor the Electoral Law specifies the male sex, the French text uses the masculine gender "citoyen" and only males can be electors;

(b) be fully 20 years old "at the date of the closing of the electoral lists of one of the Khums of Cambodia";

(c) "be regularly inscribed on the said list";

(d) not be deprived of his civil rights, i.e., condemned criminals, bankrupts, dismissed civil servants, etc.;

(e) not be a soldier or officer on the active list;

(f) not be a monk.

To be eligible as a candidate, a person must:

(a) be an elector at least 25 years old "fulfilling the conditions set forth in Chapter 1 of the