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THE IRISH PROBLEM.

MORLEY ADVISES THE LIBERALS TO PREPARE FOR A NEW ELECTION.

CHURCHILL DENIES INTRIGUING WITH THE PARNELLITES.

LONDON, March 3.—Hugh Holmes (Conservative), late Attorney-General for Ireland, will move in the House of Commons to-morrow that the House is unwilling to vote the estimates for civil service in Ireland before the Government announces its measures for the restoration of social order in

MORLEY PREDICTS A GENERAL ELECTION. LONDON, March 2 .- John Morley, in an address at a conference of Liberal delegates to-day, denounced Lord Rando ph Churchill's "fagitions attempt to stir up civil war in Ulster," and urged the Liberals to do their utset to place their party in a state of complete preparation for a general election, for, said the speaker, "The Government is now face to face with the Irish difficulty and will probably be compelled to make an early appeal to the country."

NATIONAL LEAGUE MEETING.

Dumin, March 2.—The fortnightly meeting of the Irish National League was held today. Michael Davitt presided. Receipts since last meeting were announced as \$30,600.

Mr. Davitt denied that outrages were now of frequent occurrence in Ireland. If any were committed the League was not responsible for them. He charged the enemies of home rule with conspiracy to mjure the League, and declared that the so-called outrages were more aventions of their malice.

CHURCHILL'S VIGOROUS DENIAL

LOYDON, March 2.-Lord Randolph Churchill has written a letter to the Daily Mess describing the statement in a leading article of that paper to-day to the effect that he, Lord Carnaryon and Lord Ashbourne had prepared a scheme of home rule for Ireland, as the falsest of all falsehoods ever emanating from a new paper. He says :- "I have never departed from the opinions expressed in my speech at Edinburgh on De-cember 20, 1883 It is absolutely false to say that Lord Salisbury's Government ever wavered in resolute hostility to the repeal of the union or anything appreaching repeal." In the speech referred to Lerd Randolph said that the Tories would met yield an inch on the home rule question and would not make any furthr concession to Government also assured the delegates that it Mr. Parnell either on the land, franchise or would use it influence to have freight rates Mr. Parnell either on the land, franchise or on the local government questions. He on the Canadian Pacinc reduced, especially on advocated the advance of public money on lumber from British Columbia. With regard the easiest terms to develop Irish railways, canals and public works. "England," he added, "owes Ireland reparation. Money enres most injuries, however deep. But the Krish yells of repeal must be answered with an unchangeable and unanimous 'No!'"

THE "NEWS" AND CHURCHILL.

difficult legally to prove the assertant the life of that in all likelihood a rebate would the belief that in all likelihood a rebate would be given in virtue of certain extra duties including improvement to stock, and tree culture. The old division on the medical relief bill, and that the conference between Mr. Healy and Lord Randolph (nurshill resulted in the Parnellites leaving the nouse to avoid opposing the Conservatives. "Lord Randolph," the News leaving the house to avoid opposing the Con-servatives. "Lord Randolph," the News da, "refers to an old speech, but makes no

ied five hours of the time of the House of Commons la: night with a question regardsing a bill deating with drainage in Belfast. Sir Wm. Version Harcourt, chancellor of the exchanger, deprecated the raising of questions of public pole you private bills. He strongly arged that a mestic affairs could be settled much better in Ireland than in the House of Commons. I timately the previous question the object of the Parnellites was to shelve

the Churchil motion. The house agreed to Mr. Bradlaugh's motien that a (vernment bureau be established similar to to t in the United States for the collection of ...bor statistics.

FATHER TABARET'S DEATH.

PARTICULA: S OF THE SAD EVENT-A SHORT EXETCH OF HIS LIFE-PRESI-DENT OF THE COLLEGE FOR THIRTY-ONE YEA: 3.

OTTAWA, March 2.-The flags floating at half-mast f in the main staffs of the College of Ott. wa was the first intimation to the public that Rev. Father Tabaret, D.D.O.
M.I., had placed to that bourne from whence no traveller returns. He died surrounded by his colleagues, and about 300 students under his parental charge. A man vigorous of body, sound of mind, high of spirit, and president of the greatest Educational inetitutions in the Dominion, was almost instantly swept from

HOW HE DIED. He appeared to be in his usual good health yesterday morning, and performed his customary religious exercises, and at the students' ten eclock Mass he reminded them of the Joseph which opened yesterday evening. He had just sat down to dinner, when he was seen to lean back gently in his chair, apparently unconscious, and was immediately carried to his room, when it was soon perceived that medical aid was of no avail, although the distinguished patient was conscious for some twenty minutes, during which time his old triend, Pather Pallier, gave him the last sacra-In three quarters of an hour the great Christian educator was dead.

HIS LIFE. The Very Rev. J. H. Tabaret, President of the College of Ottawa, was born in the De-partment of L'Isere, France, on April 10th, 1828. He came of a family more than one of whose members had entered the Church, and he determined to tread in their footsteps. After studying at Notre Dame de l'Osier, and their seminary at Marseilles, he was raised to the priesthood at Marseilles, by the Rt. Rev. James Gay de Hazenod, the founder of the Oblate order, which he joined. His zeal in his labors was such that he was raised to the order of Deaconship, and in 1850 was sent to Canada as a missionary. He came directly to the diocese of Ottawa, which at that time had as a Bishop the Rt. Rev. Father Guigues, whe was also an oblate. After three years' mis-sionary work he was placed at the head of the College of Ottawa, then a struggling institution. The rest of his life was devoted to the work of The rest of his life was devoted to the work of building up this college, and how successful he was the membership rolls of the institution to day show. From 1868 until his sudden and lamentable death yesterday he held the primapalshy of the college, with he exception esthe years of 1866-63, when he was Provincial of the Oblate Order in Canada and the United States. In 1854 the Administrator of the Government appointed him Senator of Terento University. In 1862 Rt. Rev. Dr. Grigues made him Vicar-General of his

dtocese. In 1974 he introduced a higher order diocese. In 1874 he introduced a higher order of studies and university methods into his college. The new programme so pleased the reigning Sovereign Pontiff that Right Rev. Dr. Duhamel was delegated in 1879 to confer upon the learned president the dignity of Doctor of Divinity. His own department in the college was Political Economy, in which he instructed the students. The chartered University College of Ottawa is deeply indebted to Dr. Tabaret for its present flourishing condition, and the host of succere friends which his charitable disposition and fatherly council have won him will regret his sudden demise.

and the state of the

OTTAWA, March 3.—The funeral of the late Dr. Tabaret, O.M.I., D.D., founder of the University of Ottawa, took place this morning with imposing ceremonies. The ronte of the procession was down Cumberland street to St. Patrick and up the latter to the Basilica. Shops along the ronte were closed out of respect to the detaction of the ceased's memory. There must have been is there a fullness about the right 2,000 people in the procession, included as if the liver were enlarging? ing over 100 priests and ecclesiastics. Among other prominent persons present ness when rising suddenly from a horizontal were His Grace Archbishop Taché, cf Boniface; their Lordships Bishop Grandin neys scanty and highly coloured, with a deof St. Albert, and Duhamel of Ottawa; the posit after standing? Does food ferment Very Rev. Vicar-General Marechal, of monty real; Very Rev. Vicar-General Routhier, of or a belching of gas from the stomach? Is careers, too, make one rather doubtful account Ottawa; Hon. Messrs. Chapleau and Caron, there frequent parpitation of the heart? Chapleau and Caron, These various symptoms may not be the blessings of a system of government by present at one time, but they torment party.

State Chaffae. Lacoste. Poirier and Armand; present at one time, but they torment party.

MR. GLADSTONE'S SCHEME. Dugas, M. P.'s; members of the City Council, and prominent city officials. After the service in the Basilica, the procession reformed and proceeded to St. Joseph's Chucrh; within the walls of which the deceased divine had often worshipped. His remains were carried in and a Libera sung over them by perspiration. As the liver and kidneys bethe Right Rev. Bishop Grandin, of St. Albert gome more and more diseased, rheumatic pains. The casket was then placed within a special appear, and the usual treatment proves envault built for the purpose, on the Sacred Heart, or right side of the main altar.

THROWING UP THEIR HANDS.

THE GOVERNMENT GIVES WAY ON ALMOST EVERY POINT TO THE NORTH WEST DELE-

GATES OTTAWA, March 3.—In addition to the con-cessions to the people of the North-West secured by the delegates from the territorial council, the Government has promised to grant the majority of the demands contained in the famous bill of rights. Among other powers, the North-West council after next session will have the power to incorporate companies having rurely territorial objects. The Government has signi-fied its intention of immediately settling old settlers' claims as well as to extend the right to transfer. Habeas Corpus will be extended to the Territories and the opening for settlement of cancelled lands is under consideration. The to the request made that no charge be made to settlers for wood or hay privilege on Government lands, and that each homestead be allowed four thousand linea' feet of building timber or free permit, the Cabinet Ministers said that a complete concession would not be made, but intimated that a norminal fee would likely be charged. The construction of a trail to the Peace River was favorably considered, but London, March 3.—The Daily News this mo definite action has been decided upon. A survey of the route is talked of. The Churchill's letter, admits that it would be difficult legally to prove the assertion made the rapid construction of the Hudson Bay railway, is opposed to the sceme. In future, apreference to his utterance since the special pointment of the positions of trust and emolument in the Territories can be looked for, and the settlers, to a great extent, will supply food supplies to the

THE POPE'S ANNIVERSARY.

ROME, March 2.-Pope Leo XIII. cele brated the 75th anniversary of his birth to day and the eighth anniversary of his coronation, which falls to morrow, by an address to the members of the Sacred College. was voted by 200 to 84. It is rumored that In this His Holiness eulogized the union existing among the cardinals, and urged concord among Catholics against those seeking to corrupt and weaken the authority of the Church. He deplored the oppressed condition of the Holy See as unworthy of the head of the church and incompatible with his independence. His Holiness spoke with much severity concerning the attempt to connect ecclesiastical authority with the crime of furnishing the foreign enemies of Italy secret information about its military defences, as was done recently in the case of a man on trial at Rome on the charge of having sold such information to a foreign power. During his trial, the prosecution read what purported to be a letter from Vienna, in which the writer, whose name was withheld, imputed the prisoner's act to inspiration from the Vatican which was accused of having a purpose to undermine and destroy the present kingdom of Italy by obtaining for foreign powers secret information concerning Italy's coast defences. His Holiness repelled this imputation with indignation and condemned the impunity with which vulgar malignity of this kind has been employed to excite against the Vatican the hatred of the multitude.

Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites. Its Use in Lung Troubles.

DR. HIRAM CADORETTE, of Jacksonville, Fla., says: "I have for the last ten months prescribed your Emulsion to patients suffering from lung troubles, and they seem to be greatly benefited by its use.'

DEATH OF AN OLD RESIDENT OF QUEBEC.

Quebec, March 2 .- To-day it is our melanchory duty to record with the deepest feelings of regret the demise of a venerable and widely respected lady, whose connection with this city runs back beyond the half century, and whose identification with the St. Patrick's congregation dates from the very foundation of their church by the late Father McMahon. Mrs. Widow John Jordan, of D'Aiguillon street, widow John Jordan, of D'Aiguillon street, mother of our esteemed colleague of the press, Mr. Jordan, and mother-in-law of Councillor T. J. Molony, passed away last evening at the ripe old age of 74 years, Mrs. Jordan was not only a model wife and mother, but a lady of superior attainments. A native of the County Carlow, Ireland, she emigrated to Canada in 1832, making Quebec her home as it is now her last reating place. She was twice married—firstly in New York by the late Cardinal, them Father McCloakey to the late Mr. Samuel Neilson, who, with his father, Hon. John Neilson, was the founder of the Quebec Gazette (now merged in our contemporary, the Chronicle) and who also held the office of Queen's Frinter for the old Province of Lower Canada, and lastly, to the late Mr. Jordan, whom she also survived nearly sixteen years.

PROF. LOW'S SULPHUR SOAP is: larly recommended to persons of studious and highly recommended for the cure of Eruption, Chafes, Chapped hands, Pimples, Tan &c.

AN ALARMING DISEASE AFFLICTING A NUMEROUS CLASS.

The disease commences with a slight de

rangement of the stomach, but, if neglected,

it in time involves the whole frame, embracing the kidneys, liver, pancress, and. in fact, the entire glandular system, and the afflicted drage out a miserable existence until death gives relief from suffering. The disease is often mistaken for other complaints; but if the reader will ask himself the following questions, he will be able to determine whether he himself is one of the afflicted: —Have I distress, pain, or difficulty in breathing after eating? Is there a dull, heavy feeling attended by drowsiness? Have the eyes a yellow tinge? Does a thick, sticky, mucous gather about the gums and teeth in the mornings, accompanied by a disagree-able taste? Is the tongue coated? Is there costiveness? Is there vertigo or dizziful disease progresses If the case be one of long standing, there will be a dry, hacking cough, attended after a time by expectivation. In very advanced stages the skin as sumes a dirty brownish appearance, and the hands and feet are covered by a cold, sticky tirely unavailing against this latter agonising disorder. The origin of this malady is indicestion or dyspepsia, and a small quantity of the proper medicine will remove the disease if taken in its incipiency. It is most important that the disease should be promptly and properly treated in its first stages, when a little medicine will effect a cure, and even when it has obtained a strong hold the correct remedy should be persevered in until every vestige of the disease is eradicated, until the appetite has returned, and the digestive organs restored to a healthy condition. The surest and most effectual remedy for this distreasing complaint is "Seigel's Curative Syrup," a vegetable preparation sold by all Chemists and Medicine Vendors throughout the world, and by the proprietors, A. J. White, Limited, 17 Farrington Road, London, E.C. [Branch office, 67 St. James street. Montreal.] This Syrup strikes at the very foundation of the disease, and drives it, root and branch, out of the system.

RICHMOND CORNERS, N.B., Jan. 10, 1886. Dear Sir,-I wish to inform you the good you Dear Sir,—I wish to inform you see good you Seige's Syrup has done me.

I thought at one time I would be better dead than aive, but had the luck to find one of your almanae and after reading it concluded to try your remedy.

I tried one bottle and found my health so much important the state of the state proved that I continued it until now I feel like a new nan. I have taken altogether 5 bottles. Every body here speaks well of it.

Richmond Corners, N.B.

Gents—Seigel's Syrup gives good satisfaction where-ever used. One case in particular (where the cure of Dyspepsia seemed almost a miracle) was greatly benefited by your medicine.

Yours respectfully,
JNO. G. MORRISON.

SPRINGFIELD, N.B., Oct. 15, 1985.

STEVENSVILLE, WELLAND Co., ONT., Feb. 17, 1584.

A. J. White,
I commenced using the "Shaker Extract" in my family a short time since. I was then afflicted with a sick headache, weak stomach, pain in my left side, often attended with a cough, but I am now fast gaining my health; my neighbors are also astonished at the results of your medicine.

edicine. Yours, tc., Manasshi E. Bran. FREDERICTON, N.B.

A. J. WHITE, Limited.

Yours truly, PATRICK McLUSEY,

TROUT LAKE, ONT., May 12, 1885;

A. J. White, Limited.

Gentlemen—Your medicine is just what is needed here for disordered liver. When I was in London the doctors there said I was a "gone man," and advised me to travel. I did so, and came coross Seigel's Syrup, which cured me entirely by continued use, which proved that sometimes the best of skill is not always the only hope. not always the only hope. Yours truly, W. J. Robertson, Evangelist.

ALBERT BRIDGE, N.S., May 16, 1885.

A. J. WHITE, Limited.

A. J. WHITE, Limited.

Gentlemen—I am now using Selgel's Syrup for Dyspopsia, and find it to be the best medicine I ever used for that complaint. It is a priceless boon to any one afflicted with indigestion.

Yours truty,

WM. BURKE

South Bay, Ont., Dec. 7, 1835.

Sir.—I take great pleasure in informing you that have been cured by your Siegel's Syrup and pills. I suffered ten or twelve years with indigestion and constipation of the bowels, vomiting food and bile from the stomach, which caused great pain. I tried several good physicians, none of whom were able to give me any relief.

I tried soveral patent medicines, some of them giving I tried soveral patent medicines, some of them giving relief for the time being, so you can easily see that I was discouraged and it was with little faith that I commenced to take your Seigel's Syrup and pills. I started with your medicine about one year ago and have taken in all about 2 dozen bottles, it did take some little time to stop the vomiting, but I can say that now my health is greatly improved.

I will cheerfully recommend it to all suffering from stomach complaints.

I can give you the names of several others if you wish.

You may print this if you wish, a it may be the means of helping some other sufferer.

LEWIS M. WALBANK

outh Bay, Ontario. Branch office, 67 St. James street, Mon-

THE FRENCH PRINCES.

treal.

PARIS, March 3.-M. Clemenceau caused a by demanding that the French princes be ex-pelled from the country. He denied that their expulsion would be contrary to republican principles. Those principles, he said, were based upon the rights of man. The princes claimed, by virtue of their birth, more rights than other men enjoyed, and they therefore condemned themselves by placing themselves outside of democratic society. Clemenceau was enthusi-astically applauded. The majority of the groups in the Chamber of Deputies are now in favor of the expulsion of the princes.

Holloway's Pills .- Nervous Debility .- No part of the human machine requires more watching than the nervous system—upon it hangs health and life itself. These Pills are the best regulators and strengtheners of the nerves, and the safest general purifiers, Nansea, headache, giddiness, numbness, and mental apathy yield to them. They dispatch in a summary manner those distressing dyspeptic symptoms, stomachic pains, fulness at the pit of the stomach, abdominal distension, and overcome both capricious appetites and confined bowels—the commonly scoompanying signs of defective or derange nervous power. Holloway's Pills are partioularly recommended to persons of studious and

THE IKISH PARTY.

MR. JUSTIN M'CARTHY DESCRIBET THEIR RECEPTION OF LORD RANDOLPH CHURCHILL.

LONDON, March 3.- It was amusing to hear the burst of ironical cheering from the Irish members when Lord Randolph Churchill rose to make his first speech since his return from the absurd campaign in Ulster. Lord Randolph looked round for a moment astonished and almost abashed, although it takes

very much to abash him. His Ulster campaign was a complete failure. Even his speech was not of much interest to the noisy Orangemen of Beliast. They are used there to such a roaring style of cratory that Lord Randolph Churchill seemed dull, tame and moderate. Wnat seems "sound and fory" in the House of Commons is mere buttered thunder to Belfast Orangemen.

DOWN FOR THE PRESENT.

Lord Randolph Churchill has distinctly gone down for the present, but he will come up again no doubt. He has plenty of animal spirits, is as reckless as a New York newsboy and conducts his political career very much

Mr. Gladatone is working hard over his scheme for home rule. He does not intend to proceed by mere resolution, but will intro-duce a regular scheme. The leaders of the Irish party continue to maintain an attitude of reserve. Their policy is to wait and see public opinion here veering round again. The sudden fury against Mr. Gladstone and Ireland has greatly abated. People are now commonly saying the Irish question must be settled at once. There is an excellent article on home rule in the Nineteenth Century by Mr. Frank Hill, late editor of the Daily

Thus far Mr. John Morley has given high satisfaction to the Irish party. He seems really determined to see things for himself, and is not content with a look through the horn spectacies of the permanent officials in the Castle.

A MAIDEN SPEECH.

One event of the week in Irish parliamentary affairs was the maiden speech of Sir Thomas Grattan Esmonde. He is a descendant of Henry Grattan, is very young and handsome, an aristocrat and a landlord, who throws in his lot with the National party. His speech was singularly quiet and modest, almost monotonous in its subdued accents. The language was remarkably clear and good, and it contained several bright hits.

WILL NOT BE PUT DOWN. The House listened with much interest. It always likes a young aristocrat whose father and grandfathers were members in their day, especially if he begins modestly. Some time Sir Henry Esmonde will astonish the House by his resolute, outspoken Nationalism. Then the House will groan at him and try to put him down. The House will not succeed in this. The firm lines in Sir Henry's handsome face tell any one at a glance he is not a man to be put down.

AN EDUACATION COMMITTEE.

The Irish party has formed a committee to take special charge of the question of national education in the schools and universities. On the committee, among others, are Messrs. Parnell. Dillon, Sexton, Sir Henry Esmonde, Mr. Gray and the two McCarthys.

JUSTIN McCARIHY, M.P.

The Willimantic Thread Company some time since accidentally illustrated the in fluence of plants on the atmosphere. The nature of the operations of this company demanded a reasonable and constant humidity this they had employed two men and a spray-Gentlemen.—Your medicine has done more for me ing machine, but Col. Barrows, desiring to than any doctor ever did, and I would not be without ing machine, but Col. Barrows, desiring to the comfort and planeure of his operincrease the comfort and pleasure of his operatives, commenced the cultivation of plants around the factory, and placed many in the rooms, employing one gardener to take care of them. The atmosphere was at once changed in character; the spraying machine was no longer needed, one man's wages were saved, and the operatives were surrounded by beautiful flowers and their lives made more pleasant.

> A WINNER OF THOUSANDS MENDED A COAT.

Mr. Izadore Schwartz is a German tailor, residing at 784 Cherry street, Kansac City, Mo. The fifth of a Louisiana State Lottery ticket had been purchased by Schwartz' wife as a birthday present to her husband. On the 12th instant the ticket drew a prize, but as her husband's birthday did not occur until the 18th instant, she decided to keep it a secret until then. Thursday night, however, unable longer to hold her secret, she told her husband of the luck that had befallen him. He went to his shop after sending his ticket away through the Bank of Commerce, and finished a coat on which he was working Besides the \$30,000 drawn by Schwartz and Benson, Mr. John W. Barnes, proprietor of of the Diamond saloon, held a whole ticket which drew \$6,000. Altogether it was a pretty good month for Kansas Caty.—Kansas City (Mo.) Times, Jan. 16.

A candidate for a Scottish borough in Pariament, on asking an intelligent elector for his vote, was emphatically refused, and the reason given was that, being a rich man already, he could not possibly need more. "But why?" asked the candidate. "It makes me no richer. I don't get paid for it." "You don't?" asked the voter. "I know better. I read my paper regularly, and every day it is the same old story, 'Divide! divide!' and you do divide—the rate-payers' money. No; sensation in the Chamber of Deputies yesterday if I must give my vote I will give it to a poor man.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

A Good Thing. Dr. ADAM MILLER, Chicago, Ill., says: "It is one of the very few really valuable preparations now offered to the afflicted. In a practice of thirth-five years, I have found a lew good things, and this is one of them.'

The wicked story comes from Paris that a sausage-maker there displays a placard in his window appounding: "Every link carefully inoculated by M. Pasteur."

The extraordinary popularity of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is the natural result of its use by intelligent people for over forty years. It has indisputably proven itself the very best known specific for all colds, coughs, and pulmonary complaints.

Do not suffer from Sick Headache a moment longer. It is not necessary. Carter's Little Liver Pills will cure you. Dose, one little pill. All druggists sell them.

THE ANCIENT GREEKS PILGRIMAGE TO LOURDES

THEIR BELIEF CONCERNING THE Prospectus on Application to Vory Rev. W
SEAT OF LOVE AND Ring, Provincial, O.M.I., PASSION.

The Liver regarded as the Favored Organ— How Could it be fo? Recent Facts partly Confirm this Belief.

The ancient Greeks thought the seat of love and passion was in the liver, and in great measure their opinion was not far astray. The lover whose liver is off, or the husband who is bilious, is not half a man—his sluggish liver has filled his blood with bile.

Of all the mean contemptible counterfeits in the world, red blood full of bile is the worst,-the very worst!

We have about ten quarts of this fluid in the average size man. It is constantly undergoing change and is manufactured from the going change and is manufactured from the food we daily consume by a chemical process nature has. She selects only that portion which, after digestion, is found to be proper, and takes it up by a tube called the thoracic duct, emptying it into the large vein near the left collar bone, from which it is at once carried to the kidneys to be strained of all the deleterious matter which was left by the

If the kidneys are in healthy condition, the blood is in an absolutely pure state, con-tains all the elements for repairing waste, returns at once to the heart and is thrown by that organ to every part of the living body to give up its nourishment and take up all the worn-out material. Contrary to general belief the liver is not a

blood purifying organ; its purpose is only for nutrition digestion and it secretes daily many pounds of bile, some being used in digestion and nutrition, and the balance as a cathartic. Now, after being housed up all winter, with mest largely composing the diet for the purpose of producing heat, the liver increases one-third of its supply of bile, and in the spring, nature not having use for the excess, it is thrown into the blood, carried to the skin (for it must be got rid of in some way) and causes that condition known as 'bilious" when the person is dull, lethargic, restless, well to day and half sick to-morrow because the blood is loaded with this an batance which is just as foreign to it as so much dirt or corruption, and poisons the entire body, making your blood impure. You know there is something cut of gear and the natural impulse is to take cathartics,—but drastic cathartics do not remove the cause—they

make matters worse. You ask, why? Because, my friend, the liver is a sluggish, lethargic organ that cannot be relieved of any ailment except by medicine which acts upon it in a quiet, steady manner, producing permanent effects, and assisting, not goading its normal action. The kidney do the purifying. Always remember that No other organ in the body can take their place in this respect, and they attend to over 9,000 hogsheads of blood in a year! Think of it and wonder that they are able to do so large an amount of work!

A healthy kidney to purify, and a healthy liver, emptying its poison into the bowels and not into the blood, are the true and only givers of pure blood.

The interiors of the kidneys have few nerves of sensation, and a stone can be, and often is present without any indication until it reaches he first outlet, which is supplied with nerves that soon sound the alarm.

Do you see the moral of this? A healthy liver and kidney is all there is to this question of pure blood. Keep them in order. Don't wait until you find they are diseased, for then it may be too late. Do this and you are bound to have pure blood. Warner's safe cure has a direct action upon both the kidneys and liver, and has become a recognized agent for its health preserving and of the atmosphere in their shops. To obtain blood-purifying properties, and as such is used by many physicians. A few bottles will positively prevent disease, and we are certain that disease of either organ is prevented by its use, if taken in time.

The Spring approaches, and nature needs help. Take it and save sickness and doctor's bills. Don't let any season go by without its use, or you may regret it forever.

A GHASTLY DISCOVERY. THE PARISH OF ST. DAMIEN EXCITED OVER

THE FINDING OF A BODY HANGING TO A TREE.

QUEBEC, March 2.- The Quotidien, of Levis, publishes the following accounts of a supposed murder :-

We have been informed by letter from St. Damien, in the adjoining county of Bellechasse. that what may turn out to be a most atrocious murder has occurred in that parish. The body of an old man named Jean Garant has been found hanging to a tree in a bush, about eight acres from the residence of his son, with whom he lived. After cutting down the body it was neticed that it bore a horrible gaping wound in the belly, as if inflicted by an axe. The news of the ghastly discovery spread like wildfire through the parish and created intense excitement. Two acres away from the place where the body was found suspended a stump covered with blood was also noticed. There were appearances that the snow had been packed about to conceal these tell-tale traces of packed about to conceal these tell-tale traces of the tragedy. In the face of these facts the theory of suicide eeems untenable, as it is diffi-cult to believe that the old man first tried to kill himself with an axe and then walked two acres off to hang himself. It has been stated that the poor old victim hved with his son, but it appears they were not on the happiest of terms. Since old Garant's end grave suspicions have been gathering around the son, whose conduct it is said was exceedingly strange, to say the least. When his father's body was found and carried to his residence he manifected no regret whatever; on the contrary, he indused in a good mall and said down on the he indulged in a good meal and sat down on the side of the bed on which the corpse was laid to chat pleasantly with the neighbors present, as if nothing out of the common had happened. This strange indifference was much remarked, and has given rise to the grave supicions which now overshadow him. The coroner has been notified and will hold the usual inquest.

JUDGE McDOUGALL DEAD.

AYLMER, Que., March 3.—Judge William McDongall died here this afternoon after a lengthened illness. He was born in Scotland in 1831 and accompanied his parents to Canada when very young, his father, John McDougall, settled for Drummond in the Canadian Assembly from 1851 to 1854. Judge McDougall was called to the Bar of Lower Canada in January, 1854, created a Queen's Counsel in 1873 and a judge of the Superior Court in 1878. He was an unsuccessful can didate for Three Rivers in the Canadian Assembly at the general elections of 1863, was returned to the Dominion Parliament for Three Rivers in the Conservative interest in 1868 on resignation of the sitting member, was re-elected at the general elections in 1872 and 1874, and resigned in 1878 to accept When the hour is struck in Mandalay the 1872 and 1874, and resigned in 1878 to accept watchmen still announce: "By the favor of a judgeship. He was married to Agnes, the King it is such and such o'clock."

daughter of the late John Henderson, of Hinchinbrooke, Que., whom he survived.

FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS require no Purgative. They are safe and sure to remove all varieties of Worms!

MAY, 1886.

LOURDES HOUSE (OBLATE'S NOVITIATE).

Stillorgan, Dublir, IRELAND.

APPLICATION TO LEGISLATURE I, the undersigned, hereby give notice that an appli-cation will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Quebec, at its next Session, for an Act to admit me to practice at the Bar of the Province of Quebec, in the District of Montreal, on passing an examination without serving the usual time.

Montreal, Feb. 17, 1886.

JOHN NAPIER FULTOR.
30-4

NOTICE

#Felix Brien dit Desrochers, trader, of Montreal, has been this day sued for separation of property by his wife, alphonsine Gauvreau, under Number 785 of the Records of the Superior Court sitting in Montreal.

Montreal, 28rd February, 1886.

LONOPRE & DAVID,

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, DISTRICT OF MONTREAL. In the Superior Court. No. 531. Dame Corione Collie, wife of Charles bormandin, hotel-keeper, of the Town of Longueull, in the District of Montreal, duly authorized, Plaintiff, and the said Charles Normandin, Defendant.

An action en separation de biens has been, this day, instituted in this cause.

Montreal, let February, 1886.

JODOIN & JODOIN, Plaintiff's Attorneys.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, DISTRICT OF MONTREAL. Superior Court. Exparte Joseph Vincent, Railway employee, of the Parish of Vaudreuil. Petitioner for envoi en possession. The petitioner hereby notifies that he has this day petitioned to have possession of the estate of his late wife, Dame Anna Maria Carroll, in her lifetime of the Parish of Vaudreuil, and that all persons having any claim to the estate of the said Dame Carroll, are aummoned to exercise said claims within two modities from date.

Montreal, February 9th, 1886.

ABCHAMBAULT & ST. LOUIS.

27-10 Atterneys for Petitioner.

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, DISTRICT OF MONTREAL. In the Superior Court. Dame Isabella Brown, of the City and District of Montreal, wife of James Walker, of the same place, trader, to the effect hereof duly authorized en justice, Plaintiff, vs. the said James Walker. Defendant.

An action en separation de biens has been instituted in this cause:

PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, DISTRICT OF MONTHEAL. SUPERIOR COURT.
Dame Emilie Piche, of the City and District of Montreal, wife on Ambroise Tellier dif Lafortune, trader, of the same place, to the effect hereof duly anthorized capusfice, Plaintiff, vs. the said Ambroise Tellier dif Lafortune, Defendant.
An action en separation de biens has been instituted in this cause.

Montreal, 2nd March, 1886.

ETHIER & PELLETIER,

31-5

Attorneys for Plaintiff.

PATENTS THOS. P. SIMPSON. Washington, D. C. No pay asked for patent until obtained. Write for Inventor's Guide. 23-13

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