turia following he would try the benzoic acid, after active purgation with croton oil and an early use of the tinet, ferri, mur.

Dr. Comfort bore favourable testimony to cold sponging when the cruption was fully established and febrile heat was severe. In an epidemic he had seen benefit from small doses of nitrate of potash, which kept the hidneys active. In the congestive forms he bere favourable testimony to the free use of stimulants and the hot air bath.

Dr. Mack described his programme of treatment to be, according to the nature of the case, free use of sulpho-carbolate of soda internally, local applications by mon, garelo, or atomization of the sulpho-carbolate of zinc, with the application of powdered ice in a net bag, dipped in weak carbolic lotion for short periods, at intervals, to the tonsils. Lactate of iron dissolved and mixed with whey, so that a quantity of iron proportioned to the age should be taken in the course of the day, in small quantity, largely diluted and at short intervals. Inunction of fat by means of the rind of pork as at first recommended. In recommending these remedial expedients. Dr. Mack purposely left the indications for their employment to the judgment of the practitioner, and fully recognised the possibility of verifying the great Sydenham's allogation, that scarlatina is simply fatal "only through the officiousness of the doctor." An abundant supply of fresh air was of the greatest importance, tepid affusion, or in some instances when arterial action and heat of skin ran high, cold affusion or immersion for one minute in a cold bath followed by being wrapped in warm bedelothes, or when internal inflammations were threatened, wrapping the patient in a blanket coming out of warm water, encasing him in warm dry blankets and covering with oil cloth or india-rubber, so as to excite the sudatory glands to resume their suppressed functions.

During desquamation quinire is frequently required, acctum celehici is useful in uramia and nitrate of urea has proved a valuable remedy in combating the dropsical sequela.

Dr. Goodman reported the following remarkable case of chorea.

Rhoda O---, was admitted into the St. Catharines General and Marioe Luspital, on the 4th of March, 1871, she is a slender delicate looking girl, about nine years of age, and was suffering at the time of her admission from a very violent attack of chorea,