detail, and in that detail the deviation in the former is distinctly in the direction of asteris, which it resembles very closely in these organs. In asteris, as Mr. Pierce expresses it, "the clavus is produced to a small irregular knob, spinose." In omissa there is a distinct rounded spinose prominence on the clavus, though it is not similarly produced to a knob. In both my omissa mounts this prominence occupies the same relative position on the clavus as it does in Pierce's figure, and the clavus is much the same shape. But in my mount of asteris the clavus is shortened off abruptly immediately above the knob. In neither of the mounts of asteroides is there anything more than the faintest indication of this prominence. Asteris possesses two cornuti on the vesica, whereas omissa and asteroides possess only one. Superficially, also, the new species resembles asteris in colour and arrangement of shades more closely than does asteroides.

Copablepharon viridisparsa, sp. nov.

thorax and primaries almost white with a very pale tinge of greenish ochreous, most pronounced in the female. The primaries have a slight irroration of scales. most numerous in the male, giving them a slightly sordid appearance. The male has a transverse posterior row of minute black points on the veins, very faintly indicated. Secondaries dull white in the male, with slight fuscous shadings and a fuscous central cloud; in the female a little darker and more shaded, though the central cloud is not as dark as in the male. Abdomen of the general ground colour of the secondaries in both specimens. Beneath dull white, with a dark fuscous cloud on the upper portion of the primaries from the base to the end of the cell, and extending between veins 2 and 5 nearly to the outer margin. This cloud is darkest in the male. Expanse of both specimens 45 mm.

Described from a single pair. The male from Lethbridge, Alta., July 20th, 1915, at light, by Mr. E. H. Strickland, and loaned to the author by him, and the female taken at Calgary town lights by Mr. T. N. Willing on August 7th, 1902. The σ type will be placed in the collection of the Dominion Entomological Department at Ottawa, and the φ type is in the author's collection Both are in fine condition, though the male lacks one antenna.