

An Act to establish the Toll to be taken at the several Grist Mills in this Province.

[Passed the 31st day of March, 1834.]

Be it enacted by the President, Council and Assembly—That the Tolls, hereafter to be taken and received by every Miller for the grinding of any Grain or Corn, hereinafter mentioned, shall be as follows, that is to say: for grinding Wheat, Rye, Barley, Buck Wheat or Indian Corn, one sixteenth part of the whole quantity brought to the Mill to be ground, and no more, to be ascertained by a sealed measure; and for grinding Oats, where the same shall not be kiln-dried, shelled and sifted, one sixteenth part of the whole quantity brought to the Mill to be ground, and no more, to be ascertained as aforesaid; and for kiln-drying, shelling, grinding and sifting of Oats, one eighth part of the whole quantity brought to the Mill to be ground, and no more, to be ascertained as aforesaid.

II. And be it further enacted—That every Miller, keeping in his Mill suitable Machinery for the hulling of barley, shall receive and have, and for the Toll for hulling the same, one sixth part of the whole quantity brought to the Mill to be hulled, and no more, to be ascertained as herein before mentioned.

III. And be it further enacted—That every Miller, who shall have or keep in his Mill a good and sufficient Bolting Machine, shall be obliged, if required so to do, to bolt the Flour or Meal of all Wheat, Rye, Buck Wheat or Barley, or bolt or sift all Flour or Meal of Indian Corn ground at his Mill, and shall be allowed to receive and take at the rate of one quart out of each Bushel of Grain or Corn brought to the Mill to be so ground and bolted or sifted, and no more, as and for the Toll for bolting or sifting the same, in addition to the Toll hereby allowed for grinding such Wheat, Rye, Buck Wheat, Barley or Indian Corn.

IV. And be it further enacted—That if any Miller shall, in any case, demand and take any larger or greater Toll for grinding, hulling or bolting, any Grain, Corn, Meal or Flour, than is hereinbefore allowed and prescribed, such Miller, being thereof legally convicted before any two Justices of the Peace for the County or District wherein such offence shall be committed, on the oath of any one or more creditable witness or witnesses, shall forfeit and pay a fine or penalty of Two Pounds, to be levied by Warrant of Distress, under the hands and seals of the said two Justices before whom such conviction shall be had.

V. And be it further enacted—That if any Miller shall refuse to grind any Grain or Corn for which his Mill is prepared, the said Grain or Corn being clean, dry and in good order, or, if his Mill be provided with bolting machinery, shall refuse to bolt any Meal or Flour hereby required to be bolted, when he is requested so to do to, or shall refuse to hull any barley when required, the same being clean, dry, and in good order, and his Mill having proper and suitable machinery for hulling Barley, then, and in either of such cases, any such Miller, so refusing and not having some good and sufficient excuse for such refusal, being thereof legally convicted, in manner as herein before mentioned, shall forfeit and pay a fine or penalty of Two Pounds, to be levied as aforesaid.

VI. And be it further enacted—That each and every Miller in this Province shall at all times keep and have in his Mill properly fitted and erected in a convenient place, a good and sufficient beam and scales, with proper and legal weights, for the use of persons requiring Grain or Corn to be ground at such Mill, and any Miller neglecting to keep and have in his Mill such beam and scales and weights so fitted

and erected in manner aforesaid, being thereof legally convicted as hereinbefore mentioned, shall forfeit and pay a fine or penalty of Five Pounds, to be levied as aforesaid.

VII. And be it further enacted—That all penalties recovered and levied under this Act shall be paid and applied for the use of the poor of the town or place where the offence, for which any such penalty is imposed, shall be committed, and if no sufficient distress shall be found to satisfy any such penalty, then, and in such case, the Offender upon whom such penalty shall or may be imposed, shall be committed to Jail, there to be confined for a space of time, not exceeding Thirty days, or until the said fine or penalty be paid.

VIII. And be it further enacted—That each and every Miller, who shall be convicted as hereinbefore mentioned, of demanding and taking any greater or larger Toll for the grinding, hulling of any Grain, Corn, Meal or Flour in any case, shall, in addition to the penalties hereby imposed for any such offence, forfeit the full value of the Grain, Corn Meal, or Flour, which shall or may be demanded and taken by any such Miller as aforesaid, over and above the Toll herein before mentioned, allowed, and prescribed, to be levied, together with the said penalty hereby imposed, and in the same manner, and to be paid to the owner or owners of the Grain, Corn Meal, or Flour, whereon such excessive Toll shall or may be demanded and taken.

XI. And be it further enacted—That the Act, passed in the Tenth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, entitled, An Act for establishing the Toll to be taken at the several Grist Mills in this Province, and the Acts passed in the Twenty-First and Twenty-Eighth years of His said late Majesty's Reign, in addition to, and in amendment of, the said Act first-mentioned, shall be, and the said several Acts, and every matter clause and thing therein contained, are hereby respectively repealed.

X. Provided always, and be it further enacted—That this Act shall not extend, or be construed to extend, to any other Mills than such as are propelled or worked by water.

5 W. 4th, Chap. 5, Sec 1.

That instead of the allowance of one quart out of each bushel of Grain or Corn ground or bolted and sifted at any Grist Mill, as in the 3d clause of the above recited Act, no Miller shall take or receive for the bolting or sifting of any Flour or Meal, of any kind of grain, bolted or sifted at his Mill, any greater or larger Toll for such bolting or sifting than one pint out of every bushel of grain, which may be bolted ground and sifted at such Mill as aforesaid, and no more, as and for the Toll for such bolting or sifting, in addition to the Toll by the said Act allowed for grinding such Grain or Corn.

ALMANACS FOR

1836,

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE—PRICE 7½d.

viz:

Belcher's Farmer's Almanac,

“Temperance do.

Cunnabell's Nova Scotia do.

Pictou, Nov. 11.

AIR an cuir a mach ann an Ghalic, bho cheanna aghaidh, agus ri bhi air an reic, le Seumas Dawson leabhar roicedar ann an Pictou.

AINEAMANA URRAMACH CHRIOSD,
Le Ulliam Dyer.

Prish sia Tarsdain ceangailte, na Cuig Tarsdain, ann am bordalbh.

Mar an Ceudna,

ORAIN SPIORADAIL,
Le Paudrig Grund.

Prish tri Tarsdain, leth Cheangailte gu greunte.

NOTICE.

AT a meeting of the Inhabitants of the Township of Pictou, held this day in the Court House, it was

“Resolved, That Messrs. Anthony Smith, John McLean, and James Primrose, be appointed a Commission to investigate the Claims against the Inhabitants of this Township, incurred by George McKenzie and John Geddie, while Overseers of the Poor, and not considered by a previous Arbitration, and that George Smith and Jotham Blanchard, Esquires, be requested to procure the passage of a Law enabling this Township to assess themselves for such Sum, as by those Gentlemen shall be found to be justly due.”

Now notice is hereby given, that the said commissioners will meet at the Court House, in Pictou, on the said second Tuesday of February, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of taking into consideration the unsold claims against the Township, which were incurred during the said period; and all persons having such claims, are requested to present the same without delay to said Commissioners, for adjustment, in order that provision may be made for their liquidation.

“By order of the Commissioners.”

Pictou, 21st Dec'r, 1835.

if

TO BE LET,

WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION,

THAT Dwelling HOUSE, and GARDEN, and also the SHOP, lately occupied by Mr. James Beaton, tailor. The house is well adapted for a small family. For Particulars apply to the Subscriber, who offers

FOR SALE,

1. That valuable LOT of LAND, on Sutherland River, Merigomish, formerly possessed by Hugh Skinner, containing 200 acres, and on which there is one of the best MILL SEATS in the Province.

2. That HOUSE and LOT on Colerain Street, situated between Messrs. Adamson's and McKenzie's properties.

3. A LOT of LAND, containing 120 acres, on Mount Dalhousie, bounded on the East by land belonging to Mr John Robertson, W. R.

4. A LOT of LAND, containing 71 acres, on Scotch Hill, bounded on the North by land belonging to Mr Thomas Lowden.

A liberal Credit will be given,

THOMAS G. TAYLOR.

15th December, 1835.

m-m ce-s

BLANKS

FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE:

BILLS OF EXCHANGE on Britain, U. States, and Canada

Bills Lading

Seamens' Articles

Indentures

Deeds of Conveyance and Mortgage do.

Magistrates' Summons, Capias and Executions

Law do do and do

Declarations and Subpenas

Cargo Manifests, Inwards and Outwards

Arbitration Bonds

Mortgage do

Writs of Enquiry

Recognizance, Warrants, and Affidavits.

[December 30.]

ON CONSIGNMENT.

CASKS Herbert's Liquid and Paste SHOE BLACKING—cheap for Cash.

Apply to the Subscriber, JAS. DAWSON.

Pictou, 16th September, 1835

TO LET.

Entry Immediately.

THE Premises lately occupied by Mr. J. Roman as a SHOP and DWELLING.

For particulars apply, at this Office.

Pictou, July 10, 1835.

Those who are Subscribers to Chambers' Journal, are informed that they can have their files continued to No. 183, by applying, at this office. January 4th, 1836.