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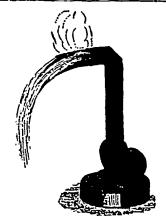
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OTTAWA, 8th October, 1884.

Under arrangements recently concluded Money Orders may, on and after 1st November, 1884, be obtained at any Money Order Office in Canada, payable in France and Algeria, up to the amounts and for the fees specified below.

NOTE.—For purposes of remittance by Money Order, one deliar in Canadian money is equal to five francs and ten centimes.

W. H. GRIFFIN, Doputy Postmaster-General

CANADIAN BREEDER AND AGRICULTURAL REVIEW.—In politics will be perfectly neutral, not joining in those of any party, neither will it ally itself to or be connected with any organization or association, political or otherwise. Legal subjects affecting farming will be treated upon, as well as those relating to all branches of stock and agriculture. Correspondence on important or interesting matters is solicited. Our columns will always be open for the free insertion of questions, and answers will be gladly received from those of experience among our readers. And by the honorable advocacy of the interests of our constituency, we will endeav or to gain confidence and support.

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INTERNATIONAL

ANTWERP IN 1885. LONDON IN 1886.

It is the intention to have a Canadian representation at the Intensational Exhibition at Antwerp, commencing in May, 1885, and also at the Colonial and Ilorian Exhibition in London in testing.

III issos.

The covernment will defray the cost of freight in conveying Canadian Exhibits to Antwerp, and from niwerp to London, and also of returning them to Canada in the event of their not being cold.

All Exhibits for Antwerp should be ready for shipment not later than the flast week in March

next.
These Exhibitions, it is behaved, will afford favourable opportunity for making known the natural capabilities and manufacturing and industrial progress of the Dominion.
Circulars and forms containing more particular information may be obtained by letter thost free addressed to the Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

By order,

By order,

JOHN LOWE, Secy., Dept. of Agric

Department of Agriculture, {
Ottawn Dec. 19th, 1884.



PUBLIC NOTICE.

All persons, including Lessees of grazing lands, are hereby required to take notice that the cutting of timber on the public lands without authority from the Minister of the Interior, or the Local Crown Timber Agent of Dominion Lands for the District, is forbidden by law; and all timber so cut without authority la liable to solzure and to be dealt with as the Minister of the Interior may direct.

Each settler on a homestead quarter section not having timber on it, may, on application to the Local Agent of Dominion Lands, turchese a wood lot not exceeding twenty acres in extent, at five dollars per acre.

Any person other than a homestead settler desiring permission to cut timber, must make application therefor to the Minister of the Interior, who will deal with such application according to law.

law.

Persons who have already cut timber without authority, must pay the dues thereon to the Crown Timber Agent at his office, on or before the 1st May, 1885; otherwise the said timber will be confiscated under the provisions of the Dominion Lands Act.

(Signed) A. M. BURGESS, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

THE MAYORAI

VOTE FOR

ECONOMY.

REDUCTION OF TAXATION,

Abolition of Exemptions,

PURE WATER and

IMPROVED STREETS.

DOMINION OF CANADA.



ORDER IN COUNCIL.—Government House, Ottawa, Monday, 8th Sept., 1884. Present: His Excellency the Gov.-General in Council.

tawa, Monday, 8th Sent., 1884. Present: His EXCELENCY THE GOV. GENERAL in Conneil. WHEREAS, the disease of pleuro-pneumonia provails among neat cuttle in the Western State of Illinois as well as in oth r more Eastern of the United States and there is rousen to believe that neat cuttle for breeding purposes havebeen sent from the State of Illinois to more Western States and Territories;

On the recommendation of the Minister of Agriculture, and under the provisions of the Act of the Parliament of Canada 42 Victoria, chapter 23, intituled "An Act to provide against infections or centagions disease affecting animals" made applicable to the North-West Territories by Proclamation in 1883;

His Excellency by and with the savice of the Queen's Privy Council for Canada, has been pleased to order and it is hereby ordered, that the importation of meat cattle new permitted from the United States and Territories into the Province of Manitoba and the Sume is hereby produced, that the saving of anada be and the Sume is hereby produced to except on the following conditions, as moly:—

1 At Emerson, in Manitoba, or the yoints of

Province of Manitoba and the North-West Territory of a mada be and the same is hereby prohibited except on the following conditions, namely:—

1 At Emerson, in Manitoba, or the voints of Fort Wash and Fort Melecot in the Provisional Districts of Alberta and Ass nibois, or such other point or points as may be hereafter indicated by the Minister of Agriculture;

2 For stock or bracting purposes neat cattle which have been brought to the Camedian frontier for incorporation may be allowed to cross, subject to the regulations herematter recited.

3. For trans i, from West to East, brough the Provisional Districts of Alberta and Assinibols, and the Province of Manitoba, via Emerson or Grotna, to the State of Minucota, neat cattle may be allowed to cross the Camadian rontier at the points of Fort Walsh and Fort McLecus aforesaid, subject to the regulations hereinafter recited.

4. At Emerson, such cattle coming from the East shall not be allowed to cross the Canadian frontier unless after inspection by a duly authorized veterinary surgeon, appointed by the Minister of Agriculture, they shall be declared free from contagious discuss, and also from wellfounded suspiction thereof; and further, such cattle shall be subject to a Quarantine of sixty days, or a chother period as may appear to the Minister of Agriculture advisable.

5 Any cattle desired to be entered at the points of Fort Walsh and Fort McLecul afore-aid, whether for stock or breeding purposes or for transit, shall be inspected by a duly authorized veterinary surgeon apnointed by the Minister of Agriculture, and shall not be allowed to cross. the Canadian fronter unless they are declared by such surgeon to be free from contagious disease, and also from well-founded suspicion thereof.

6. The owner or owners of any such cattle desired to be entered at any of the points aforesaid, shall, on making application for entry, moduce a duly attested coefficiate, indicating

6. The owner or owners of any such cattle desired to be entered at any of the points afropaid, shall, on making application for entry, moduce a duly attested certificate, indicating the State or Territor, and particular locality from which they have been brought.

7. The importer of such cattle shall pay a fee, graded on a scale hereto annexed, to the Customs Officer or other person duly authorized to act as such, for defraying the expense of such inspection, the cattle not being allowed to cross the Canadian frontier until such fee is paid, that is to say, for:—

form any part of a train carrying Canadian cattle.

12. Every car or train carrying cattle in transit from West to East between the points hereinbefore named, shall stop at such fixed place or places as shall be named by the Minister of Agriculture for the purpose of rest, feeding and watering, and such place or places shall be declated, "infected" wilkin the terms of "The Animals Contagious Diseases Act, 1879," being strictly isolated and all communication with them prohibited except by to officers and men in charge of the trains or in charge of such infected place or places

13. Every car which has been used for carrying animals from the United States or Territories, in transit through the districts of Albeits, Asinibela, or the Province of Manitoba via Emerson or Gretna, shall be thoroughly cleaned and districted before re-entering the Province of Manitoba in such insuner as shall be ordered by the Minister of Agriculture.

JOHN J. McGEE.