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TENTH YEAR. MONDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 4, 1889. PRICE ONE CENT.

REV. DR. BISMARCK'S GRIP.

APPARENTLY NOT SO STROKG AS IT ONCE WAS.

The Man of Blood and Iron a Waning Star—His Power Over the Emperor Lessening and son Herbert's Succession Doubtful—Some of the Chancellor's Trials.

BERLIN, Feb. 2.—Since yesterday morning Emperor William has had two long interviews with Prince Bismarck, who has been in constant communication with the German ambassador at Vienna and Count Kafnoky, the subject of the correspondence being it is reported the succession to the Austrian throne. The removal of Prince Rudolph is regarded by official circles here as a misfortune for the alliance. Rudolph, although he recently quarreled with Emperor William and was no special admirer of Bismarck, upheld the alliance as a political necessity. He regarded the Austro-German treaty as the grandest achievement of Austrian statesmen for many years. His legitimate successor, Karl Ludwig, and the latter's son Franz, in whose favor Ludwig abdicated, incline to anti-German policy, favoring rather an entente with Russia. Ludwig has been a frequent visitor to the court of the Czar, toward whom he entertains a feeling of strong personal friendship, while Franz is credited with even stronger Russophile sentiments. Their near approach to the throne gives the Government here cause for anxiety. The opinion in official circles is that Bismarck will seize the earliest opportunity to obtain through Emperor Francis Joseph a definite assurance of how the heir-presumptive regards the alliance.

Prince Bismarck's feud with the ultra-Conservatives threatens to alienate a number of hitherto ardent supporters. Search has been ordered of the offices of The Kreuz Zeitung and the house of its editor for the manuscrip of an article attacking the Chancellor's conduct of the Geffcken enquiry. This order is condemned even in The Cologne Gazette as an offence against the liberty of the press. The Kreuz Zeitung charges that Bismarck has injured the monarchial sentiment by the Geffcken process. The Reichsbote supports the Kreuz Zeitung. These and other symptoms disclose the decided growth and strength of the Anti-Bismarck party.

Reunions at the residence of Count von Waldersee unite the partisans of the ex-Empress and the ultra-Conservatives, whose common aim is to weaken Bismarck's influence. Count Eullenberg, Dr. Stoecker and Herr Koegel appear at these reunions. Count Nesselrode also appears as the representative of the ex-Empress.

The Chancellor's enemies declare that his reign is nearing its close. They assert that besides his physical ailments, which render him incapable of governing, his domestic influence, all-potent with the Emperor, is fast weakening Bismarck's hold and that the Empress, who is a close friend of Countess von Waldersee, sympathizes with the opponents of the Chancellor, Empress Augusta also blaming his action as exposing to the world family scandals. The impression of the diplomatic circle is that though Bismarck's power over the Emperor is lessening his position will remain secure until he retires, but that the successor of Count Herbert is doubtful.

All the Berlin and Frankfort banks are prosperous and bank shares are booming. The Boersen Zeitung gives figures showing the rapid growth of the banking business since 1865 and proves that the dividends paid in 1888 were in some instances double those of 1865 although the capital has been increased sixfold. A report presented to the Landtag on personal taxation for 1889 discloses that the richest Prussian contributor is in the Dusseldorf circle. The person referred to is undoubtedly Krupp, whose annual revenue is 4,380,000 marks. In the Wissbaden circle the largest contributor is obviously Rothschild, who admits an income of 4,020,000 marks.

The Bismarck Dynasty.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—The article in The Contemporary Review on "The Bismarck Dynasty" has made more talk than any recent magazine paper. It is an ingenious mosaic of all the hostile gossip of Berlin against the two Bismarcks, father and son, put together with some literary skill, with none too much scruple, with a total absence of charity, with no large allowance for Adam's fall, and with far too much violence to carry conviction. Rumor assigned it to Sir Morell Mackenzie; to Mrs. Olipiant, the novelist, holding a pen for the Empress Frederick; to Sir Robert Morier; to a syndicate of Sir Robert's friends; to Sir M. Grant Duff, who is one of them; to Lord Arthur Russell, who is another; and to Dr. Geffcken. Lord Salisbury is said to be furious, because the exposure will injure chances of an Anglo-German alliance in Samoa and elsewhere. Authentic evidence of Lord Salisbury's fury is yet to seek. The article is, however, being translated into various languages, and no pains will be spared to secure it a wide circulation in every European country.

A Raise For the Kaiser.

BERLIN, Feb. 2.—A bill has been introtroduced in the Landtag increasing the Crown's dotation 3,500,000 marks.

BISMARCK AND BAYARD.

The United States Secretary of State Talks About Samoan Affairs.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—Secretary Bayard said to-day that he regarded the action of the Australian authorities on the Samoan question as very important, as it indicated that the people of that colony regarded the situation much in the same light as the American people do, and we are not disposed to look favorably upon foreign encroachments in their vicinity. The Secretary said he had not yet received the proposition from Bismarck for a conference regarding Samoan affairs, but thought it would arrive in a few days. He stated that Bismarck's instructions to the German consul at Samoa to withdraw his demand for control of the Islands reached the German minister here before Minister Pendleton at Berlin received Mr. Bayard's telegram, saying the United States would not recognize the martial law declared by the German consul.

Why England is Said to be Glad.

LONDON, Feb. 2.—Lord Salisbury had a long interview yesterday with the German ambassador, it is believed about Samoa and contemporary subjects. England is glad that America has protested and that Bismarck has backed down.

The Feeling in Berlin.

BERLIN, Feb. 2.—The announcement that Bismarck has ordered the exemption of foreigners from martial law in Samoa and has instructed the German Consul to withdraw from control of the administration has elicited only partial approval in the press. Government journals insist upon the necessity of reprisals for Mataafa's attack on the Germans.

Young Politicians.

The Young Liberals, at their meeting to-night, will discuss a motion by Mr. G. S. Macdonald in favor of the abolition of French as an official language in Canada.

THE CABS RUNNING.

Many of the New York Street-car Strikers Asking for Their Old Places.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—Patrick Duffy, a striker, and some friends boarded a 42nd-street car to-day and assaulted the conductor. The police were on hand and drove the assailants off with their clubs. The Broadway company to-day took back eleven of its old hands.

A Belt Line car this afternoon passed over the entire road. The policemen in the car were hissed. Three truck-loads of policemen who attended the car to remove obstructions were attacked between 52nd and 53rd-streets by 2000 men and boys, who threw bottles and stones. The police scattered the mob. Policemen also dispersed a crowd in front of the 2nd-avenue stables.

The 40 cars of the 6th-avenue line are now running on schedule time this afternoon without trouble and some cars are now operated without police. It is reported that the whole strike will be off by Monday, many strikers being willing to return to work. Many old men are applying for work. Some of the men declare that a great mistake has been made by the managers of the lockout.

The 8th and 9th-avenue lines have not made a move as yet. The 8th-avenue line may begin operations Monday.

A leading Knight of Labor asserts that the Belt line is in a bad condition and cannot hold out much longer.

A Sunday Outbreak.

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—Matters were practically at a standstill in the Brooklyn strike on the surface roads to-day. No cars were run as it was believed the regular Sunday loungers might interfere. Cars will be run to-morrow on Deacon Richardson's lines on 6 minutes' headway.

The feverish state of the public mind, especially in the sections of the city where the working classes live, was shown in an outreak on the east side this afternoon. It was on a line where there was no trouble, where the men had not left at all and the row extended several blocks on 1st-avenue on either side of 30th-street. A number of boys started it by rolling a wagon across the track at the 30th-street out. An officer drove the boys away but a crowd soon gathered and piled up logs on the track. The solitary policeman was obliged to call for help and finally Inspectors Byrnes and Steers were summoned. From the roof of a tenement a shot was fired through the roof of a passing car. Stones were sent crashing through the windows and a brick from a roof knocked off the helmet of an officer. It took two hours' lively work to quiet the trouble. The roof of a passing car was stove in by a stone thrown from a tenement house.

No other trouble growing out of the "tie-up" is reported to-day up to night-fall except in the bad neighborhood about Carmine-street, where in the course of the disturbance a 6th-avenue car window was smashed with a stone. No cars were run on Broadway to-day. The 3rd-avenue and 6th-avenue lines were running to-day as if the strike had never occurred.

The New York Herald to the Strikers.

When you become convinced that a thing can't be done don't waste any more time on it. Jump out at once and save the pieces. Here are two facts:

First, it is reasonably certain that this particular strike will not achieve its particular object. One reason is that a degree of violence has been exhibited which has very seriously affected public opinion.

Second, there are idle men enough in this and neighboring cities to take your places twice over and leave you out in the cold with families to support, bread to buy, rent to pay and fuel to be bought.

Now, then, the instant your executive committees are convinced that you can't win this time, rush for your old places before it is too late. You have a grievance! Yes, indeed you have, but hang your grievance when it is a matter of bread and butter. We have to pocket a good many disagreeable things in this life, especially when we have a cold winter ahead of us and no money.

DECLINE OF A GREAT ORDER.

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers Said to be Going to Pieces.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 3.—A local paper publishes an interview with M. F. Bonzano, Superintendent of the Bound Brook Division of the Reading Railroad system, regarding reports that the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers is in a bad way financially and that there is a great deal of dissatisfaction within the organization. Mr. Bonzano said he was aware of the dissatisfaction within the order. It was caused, he said, by the heavy assessment upon members of the Brotherhood made in consequence of the strike of engineers upon the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Road.

"The fact is," he said, "that the men and their families cannot live upon their wages and bear such a burden, and I am satisfied—indeed, I know—that of the engineers upon the Reading system not 25, nor even 15, are in good standing. I mean that not over that number have paid their assessments. There have been two powerful causes operating against the continuance of the power of the locomotive engineers. The first was the death-blow the Reading struck at the Knights of Labor, when it fought so successfully the great strike of last winter; and the other was the victory of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Road over the Brotherhood, in successfully overcoming the strike of the engineers."

"It is only a question of time," continued Mr Bonzano, "as to when other systems, that are now measurably or altogether controlled in their employment of engineers by the Brotherhood, will fight with and overthrow it, and I believe that within a year the Pennsylvania Railroad will find it necessary to meet the issue."

Defaulter Moore in Montreal.

MONTREAL, Feb. 3.—Moore, the Indianapolis defaulter, is in a private boarding house in the east end of the city. Detective Kellert and his assistants are watching all the houses in the part of the town in which it is believed Moore is located. He cannot possibly escape. A gentleman who evidently has some business with Moore arrived here yesterday, but refuses to tell his name. A woman, supposed to be Moore's daughter, accompanies him. The insurance company, so far as can be learned, has done nothing toward running down Moore. They have not opened communication with the Montreal police or detectives.

Remarkably Healthful,—Adams' Tutti Frutti.

A Question For Premier Mercier.

QUEBEC, Feb. 3.—Mr. Faucher de St. Maurice will to-morrow put to Premier Mercier the question: "What position does the Government of the Province of Quebec intend to take with regard to the joint resolutions introduced in the Senate of the United States by Mr. Butterworth of Ohio, which resolutions authorize the President to negotiate with reference to the union and assimilation with the United States of the Dominion of Canada, or of one or more of the provinces thereof."

Oshawa Jottings.

OSHAWA, Feb. 3.—Mrs. O. Driscoll of Oshawa has just received over $2000 from the United States War Department for services rendered by her deceased husband during the rebellion.

Yesterday afternoon, while operating a planer in the Dingle works, John Smith had the three fingers and part of the thumb of his left hand cut off.

TO SET FLETCHER FREE.

APPLICATION AT OSGOODE HALL FOR HIS DISCHARGE.

Judge McMahon Hears the Motion—A Wife's Affections Appraised at $20,000—The Affidavits in the Case—Some Sensational Reading—Judgment Reserved.

On Saturday before Mr. Justice MacMahon application was made by James Tilt, Q.C., counsel for E. Fletcher, for his discharge from the capias under which he is held by W. M. Rice. The cause of action arose through alienating the affections of the plaintiff's wife. The grounds of the application for release were that there was no debt, damage or cause of action and that the defendant being an American subject here on a visit simply was not subject to the writ no exeat regno. It was claimed that all parties are concerned in a law suit in Kankakee and that the defendant's visit here was for the purpose of consulting with the plaintiff and his wife.

The following are the affidavits in the case:

The Plaintiff's Affidavit.

William M. Rice, the plaintiff, in making affidavit on oath, affirmed that about three and a half years ago he came from Kankakee, Ill., to Toronto, the defendant having previously disturbed his domestic happiness. Since coming to Toronto the defendant had continued to carry on a clandestine relationship with his (Rice's) wife by way of correspondence and other acts. On Dec. 6 last, when absent from the city, the defendant came to Toronto and induced Mrs. Rice to accompany him to the Rossin house, where they registered and remained as man and wife for a day, and subsequently went to the Queen's Hotel and again registered as man and wife. Becoming aware of the defendant's presence in Toronto, the plaintiff became watchful of his wife's movements with the results as stated. The plaintiff further swore that he believed unless the plaintiff was at once apprehended he would leave the city, and that he has suffered $20,000 damages by reason of the defendant's actions.

Sworn to by Mr. Wade.

I, Richard A. Wade of Toronto, advertising agent for C. P. R., make oath and say: (1) I know both the plaintiff and the defendant for the past three years and I have a personal knowledge of the domestic relations of the plaintiff and his wife. (2) About the 6th of December last I was boarding at the Elliott House in this city, and the plaintiff and his wife had been boarding there for some time. (3) The wife of said plaintiff knew of my own knowledge me met the defendant at the Rossin House, and they both registered there under the name of E. Farnsworth and wife and remained there for one day, and then went from Toronto to the Queen's Hotel and registered there under the same as man and wife and remained there two days. I saw them in both houses. The said plaintiff's wife, has returned to the plaintiff at the Elliott House as the defendant left the city for Chicago and remained there until to-day, when he returned to Toronto. (4) The plaintiff's wife to-day left her said husband and went to the defendant at the Queen's Hotel aforesaid, where they are now registered as man and wife under the name of E. Farnsworth and wife. (5) The said defendant I am satisfied is about to quit Ontario with intent to defraud the plaintiff of his claim in the courts and I, therefore, believe, leaving by the 7 o'clock train for Chicago unless forthwith apprehended.

Mr. Fletcher's Affidavit.

Edwin Fletcher of the city of Kankakee, of the State of Illinois, makes oath as follows: I am now confined in the jail in the city of Toronto upon a capias issued at the suit of the plaintiff in this cause. I have read the affidavits of the plaintiff and one Richard A. Wade, made upon obtaining the order for my arrest. I know the plaintiff and his wife, Ellen M. Rice, when residing in Kankakee, and that since they left and came to reside in Toronto an action was commenced in the Court of Chancery at Kankakee by one George Symonds against the plaintiff and his wife, in which I am a party defendant, to set aside the deed conveying some lots of land to me as fraudulent and void as against his creditors. I am secretary and treasurer of the Indiana, Illinois and Iowa Railroad, and my office and residence is in Kankakee, where I have lived for the Contator or in Canada. In December last I was coming to Buffalo on business connected with the railroad, and being near Toronto I telegraphed Mrs. Rice that I was coming and wished to see her in connection with the suit and would arrive on a certain day and stop at the Rossin house, where I requested her to call, as I was not aware of her place of residence. I telegraphed to her because she was more conversant with the matters of the suit than her husband was. I arrived in Toronto, and Mrs. Rice called and we talked on the prospects of gaining the suit. She only remained a short time. She also called on me at the Queen's, but it is untrue that she remained with me for two days as man and wife. It is true that I arrived in Toronto on Wednesday and stayed at the Queen's hotel, and Mrs. Rice called on me, as I had previously sent her a telegram, and we again talked over the pending suit at Kankakee. I positively deny that I disturbed the domestic happiness of the plaintiff's family, or that I had any intention of doing so, or that I had any intention of inducing plaintiff's wife to leave her home and children, or ever hinted such a course to her. I was about leaving for my home when arrested, and was not leaving with the intention of defeating the plaintiff.

What Mrs. Rice Swears.

Ellen M. Rice, wife of the plaintiff, makes affidavit: It is untrue, as stated by the plaintiff, that defendant has disturbed his domestic happiness, and I did not learn of this until I read in the plaintiff's affidavit that that was the reason for the plaintiff's leaving the States and coming to Canada to live. He was obliged to come to Canada, as he told me he acted in the management of the affairs of Branche & Keasling's wholesale liquor establishment at Cincinnati, and he also published in The Kankakee Gazette that he was leaving there on account of financial difficulty and not domestic trouble. Before I left there was a suit commenced against me and my husband to set aside the conveyance of some land purchased by the defendant Fletcher as being fraudulent, which suit is pending at Kankakee. The correspondence between the defendant and myself was entirely concerning this suit, and there was nothing improper on part of defendant or tending to alienate my affections. I did meet the defendant last December at the Rossin House, but I was not aware that the defendant registered at the hotel as "Edward Farnsworth and wife." It is untrue that I remained at the said hotel the whole of the day as alleged, and it is untrue that I stayed two days with defendant at the Queen's as man and wife, though I did call upon him at the Queen's to talk over the lawsuit. It is true that we did meet at the Queen's on the day Fletcher last arrived here, but that was to make final arrangements for the trial. I was totally unaware that defendant had ever registered as "E. Farnsworth and wife." I only remained a short time. I deny that defendant has attempted to alienate my affections from the plaintiff, to whom I am lawfully married, and I have no desire to leave him or the children.

His Lordship reserved judgment.

THE COUNTY FATHERS.

They Decline to Pay Part of the Crown Attorney's Office Rent.

At last, after two weary weeks of debate, the County Council fathers on Saturday finished their labors and adjourned till June 11. The tollgate question was again brought up on a motion to ascertain from each municipality in which the York roads are situated whether they would accept the portion in their respective municipalities should the county abandon the roads, but the motion was lost. Mr. Willson gave notice that at the next session he would move that the Ontario Government be requested to declare all toll roads in York County free; also, to provide for the payment of private toll roads and the maintenance of the roads.

Councillor Anderson gave notice that at the June session he will move for the separation of the city from the county for judicial purposes and that the county build a court house independently of the city, as the latter is making no attempt to carry out the agreement.

When the report of the Property Committee was considered the recommendation that the county pay one-half of the rent of Crown Attorney Badgerow's offices was struck out.

Mr. Richardson gave notice that at the next session he would move that it is in the interests of the southern portion of the judicial County of York to have the north riding erected into a junior riding.

An excellent expectorant—Tutti Frutti.

A Cold Wave Coming.

Prepare for it. Great clearing for 30 days. Overcoats and suits to order and ready-made at ruinous prices. $5-pants for $3.50. Heavy underwear equally low. The British Arms Clothing Store, 221 Yonge-street, corner Shuter-street. R. Baker & Company.

ONTARIO'S RAILWAY PROGRESS.

Contracts Let for Canadian Pacific Railway Extension.

Contracts for the construction of the greater part of the Canadian Pacific Railway between London and Windsor have been awarded, and the balance will be let to-day. Over forty tenders were received for the work, from large and small contractors. The largest contract given was for 50 miles. It extends from Windsor a short distance east of Chatham. Angus Sinclair of Chatham and William Dogheney of Montreal were the successful competitors for this work. Ten miles east of the Sinclair-Dogheney contract were given to William Brown of Chatham, and another section of ten miles further east was awarded to Messrs. Hickson and Hutchinson of St. Catharines. The prices obtained are said to be very good. The heaviest part of the work west of London will be constructed by the Canadian Pacific Company itself, and it will also make many of the heaviest cuttings on the line.

The Don Extension.

Work on the Don Extension of the Canadian Pacific Railway is progressing rapidly. Mr. James Hendrie, the contractor, will have his part completed the middle of this week, and at the end of the month the viaduct will be completed and the rails laid down to Winchester-street. The track is now laid along the Esplanade front. The crib work on the Esplanade will be done by the C. P. R. Company itself and J. B. McKay will have charge of the work.

The "Grand Carnival Star" is now ready, in wrappers ready for mailing. It is a beauty, don't fail to get a copy at Winnifrith Bros., 6 and 8 Toronto-street.

CRIMINALS SHOULD NOT TESTIFY.

So Say the Osgoode Literary and Legal Society—A Busy Night.

The President was not on hand at the regular meeting of the Osgoode Literary and Legal Society Saturday night, and in his place the Vice-President, Mr. E. E. A. Du Vernet, took the chair.

Before the graver matters of the society were introduced the glee club gave one of their selections and Mr. N. B. Gash recited Mrs. Heman's "Polish Boy."

This was the subject of debate: "Resolved that a person charged with a crime should have the option of testifying in his own behalf." Mr. F. Pedley opened the debate for the affirmative and Mr. Scott led the negative side. The other speakers were: Affirmative, Messrs. R. E. Fair, W. F. Carey. Negative, William Ludwig, Frank L. Webb. The discussion was closed by Mr. Pedley, and the Vice-President summed up and gave a decision in favor of the negative. The said

A motion was introduced by J. H. Coburn to have the next public entertainment two weeks from Wednesday. Carried.

It was moved and carried that Messrs. D. Hovey, N. B. Gash and J. H. Coburn be a committee to organize the glee club. Mr. Harry Chisholm was elected a member of the society.

INVITED TO TORONTO.

The Teachers' Association With Their American Co-Workers to Visit Toronto.

At Saturday's meeting of the Toronto Teachers' Association Inspector Hughes presided. The object of the meeting was to consider the question of extending an invitation to the National Educational Association of the United States to hold their annual convention in Toronto next year. Some idea of the magnitude of the influx and the consequent advantages to the city resulting from the acceptation of the invitation may be gathered from the fact that board and lodging would be required for 5000 teachers.

A resolution was unanimously adopted to the effect that the Toronto Association heartily invites its co-workers on the other side and will do its utmost to secure the co-operation of the City Council, Ontario Legislature and other influential bodies in furthering the matter. The convention will be held in July.

VALANCEY E. FULLER'S ESTATE.

The Fancy Stock Man Assigns to a Hamilton Lawyer.

The assignment of the Oaklands Jersey Co. some few weeks ago and the subsequent examination into the affairs of the Fuller estate has resulted in an assignment being made by Valancey E. Fuller to J. V. Teetzel, a Hamilton lawyer. Mr. Fuller is interested in a number of concerns outside the Dairy Co., among which are the Oaklands Jersey Farm, the Cochrane Roller Mill Machinery Supply Company of Dundas, the Pike & Richardson Cooperage Co. of Chatham and the firm of V. E. & H. E. Fuller, railway contractors. A statement is now being prepared by Townsend & Stephens, accountants.

Petroleum Soap washes without labor. Everybody uses it.

Dineen's Stock is Over.

For the past ten days all hands in Dineen's fur establishment have been busy entering up goods and preparing for another season's business. It is wonderful what stocktaking accomplishes. Drawers, shelves, tables and counters are emptied of their contents; reduced prices marked on them for immediate sale. Goods are brought to light that before were hid away. Dineen has now some great bargains to offer, and bargains that will pay to examine without delay. The firm find that their robe and fur mantle stock is too heavy, and if the price is any object ought to sell rapidly.

Piccadilly Turkish Cross Cut Cigarettes.

A Contractor's Sudden Departure.

Twenty workmen, mostly bricklayers and stonemasons, are mourning the departure of James Brown, contractor. On Saturday, a week ago, he was to pay his men for work done on a number of houses in Langley-avenue, over the Don. He raised the required amount, but instead of paying his employes, went to his boarding house, No. 2 Bond-street, and packing up, hastily left for Buffalo. He told the landlady he had lost the money with which he intended to pay his men, and being afraid to face them was going to the States. The men have placed a joint lien on the buildings, and employed Lawyer Haverson to look after their interests.

The woman's friend. Petroleum Soap.

An East End Surprise.

On Friday night some 50 or 60 young people, sons and daughters of East End business men, "surprised" Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth McKay, corner of King and Sherbourne-streets. The genial hosts threw open their large hall overhead and entertained the visitors with true Highland generosity. Dancing and feasting were the orders of the evening, and when the party broke up at a late hour, they voted that it was the best "surprise" they had had this season.

Adams' Tutti Frutti aids digestion.

Rivals the Montreal Carnival.

quinn the shirtmaker's great February sale has opened in a blaze of glory at 92 Yonge-street and will be continued until every article of winter wear is disposed of. All winter goods will be sacrificed regardless of cost. It will pay you to buy now for next winter.

The Elite" Scroll Cut Cigarettes.

Delays are Dangerous.

Do not procrastinate. Accidents are occurring every day; your turn may be next. Are your families protected by a general accident policy in the Manufacturers' Accident Insurance Company?

"The Elite" Scroll Cut Cigarettes.

Will Our Friends Funk?

This is the question. One naturally thinks in this vast continent there is enough land to satisfy everyone, but no, they want (some more); like our friend (Oliver Twist), Sanoa, that is what everyone says who has used the German Collars which are sold by A. White. They want some more, without a doubt the finest goods ever imported. 65 King-street west.

WAS RUDOLPH MURDERED?

THE OFFICIAL REPORT SAYS THAT HE SLEW HIMSELF.

But the Whole Story of the Tragedy Has Not Been Told—Many Believe He Fell by Another Hand and There Is a Report That He Was Killed in a Duel.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—The Austrian officials have finally decided to father a report stating that Crown Prince Rudolph committed suicide in a moment of insanity. This statement is absolutely official and no other story of the prince's death will ever be permitted to obtain publication in Vienna.

Nevertheless, there is no doubt that the whole story of the tragedy has not been told, neither is there any doubt that the representations of the great grief of Arch-Duchess Stephanie are very much exaggerated. A great many persons believe that Rudolph was murdered by some jealous or injured enemy, and dark hints of vengeance upon the murderer are becoming common.

The Post Mortem Report.

VIENNA, Feb. 3.—The post mortem medical report in the case of Prince Rudolph sets at rest the rumors of murder. The public is less agitated. The surgeons report that abnormal conditions of the brain indicate that the Prince was insane. Rudolph left altogether five letters addressed to the Emperor, Empress Stephanie, Otto and Prince Braganza.

The King and Queen of Belgium and Prince Baldwin arrived here to-night. They and the Emperor and Empress had an affecting meeting.

Sticks to the Suicide Story.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—The attempt to conceal the fact that the Crown Prince of Austria died by his own hand, says Mr. Smalley, was persevered in for two days. The truth seems to have been known at Vienna on Thursday, but telegrams were stopped and the first news was sent by train across the Austrian frontier. Austrian officials saw no harm in trying to induce eminent physicians to certify an official lie, but the eminent physicians refused. The truth was even kept twelve hours from the Emperor. All sorts of stories are afloat respecting the cause which drove Prince Rudolph to suicide—probably more causes than one.

To-day, however, speculation turns more upon the reasons for Archduke Charles Louis' refusal of the throne, which he hands over to his eldest son, Archduke Francis Ferdinand. This young man of about 25 years passes for being amiable, but without strong points of character.

AND NOW IT WAS A DUEL.

In Which the Austrian Crown Prince Was Slain by an Injured Husband.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—A Berlin special to The Evening Sun says: Crown Prince Rudolph of Austria was killed in a duel Tuesday by Count Franz Clam Gallas. The Prince's witnesses were Count Hoyos and Prince Coburg, his brother-in-law. The Count's witnesses were Prince Ferdinand Kinsky and another nobleman. The duel was fought at 4 p.m. in a little wood near Baden. The Prince was wounded and transported to the nearest castle, Meyerling. He died late in the evening, just at the hour when his coming was anxiously awaited at a state dinner in the Hofburg.

The Prince had been paying attentions to the Countess Clam Gallas, nee Hoyos, for six months. It is claimed that recently while on a shooting excursion on the estate of the lady's mother-in-law Count Clam Gallas surprised his wife in a compromising situation with the Prince. The Count at once challenged Rudolph, and the latter asked for time in which to consider it. At the expiration of the time, which occurred Tuesday, he declared that in accordance with the unwritten rules of affairs of honor in Austria he would avail himself of the privilege of declining the challenge, but he would give satisfaction. Subsequently the Prince changed his mind and the duel occurred.

The whole affair has been largely suppressed by the Austrian court, but it has leaked out through aristocrats compromised in the affair who had to leave the country. The Emperor, who knew of the whole affair, has, it is said, fully approved his son's behavior.

Another Sensation Leaks Out.

LONDON, Feb. 3.—The sensational news leaked out to-day that a beautiful young baroness committed suicide by taking poison at Meyerling at the same time that the Crown Prince took his life. The two acts were committed almost simultaneously.

The Succession.

VIENNA, Feb. 2.—The formal announcement that Archduke Francis is the heir-presumptive to the throne will probably be delayed for legal reasons and on account of the possibility of a posthumous issue of an heir of Rudolph.

The Kaiser to Attend the Funeral.

BERLIN, Feb. 3.—The Vossische Zeitung says that Emperor William has telegraphed to Vienna his intention to waive all etiquette and attend Prince Rudolph's funeral. Emperor Francis Joseph has telegraphed sincere thanks for this evidence of the German Emperor's kindly feeling, but has repeated the hope that Emperor William will forego carrying out his intentions.

HE HIRED A SPECIAL TRAIN.

Rather Than Give the G. T. R. $12.60 He Gave the C. P. R. $125.

Mr. John H. Rogers, the genial husband and manager of Minnie Palmer, is a man of spunk and independence. The company came here a week ago from Detroit by the C. P. R., and they purposed leaving by the 12.20 G. T. R. train yesterday for Pittsburgh. But, as Mr. Rogers claimed, the Grand Trunk people refused to give the company of 14 people the usual theatrical rates because they had patronized the C. P. R. in coming here. This to Pittsburgh meant 90 cents each, or a total of $12.60.

Mr. Rogers plainly hinted that he'd be blowed if he'd pay the full fare, and rather than do that he'd get out of town by some other route if he had to lose a night at Pittsburgh or spend a few hundred dollars extra. And so he went to the C. P. R. and paid them $125 for a special train, which yesterday morning took him and his company to St. Thomas, where they caught the Atlantic express and safely made the Pittsburgh connection.

Cardwell Election Argument Adjourned.

The counsel in the Cardwell election case were on hand before Judge Street at Osgoods Hall Saturday. A petition to unseat "Bob" White, the Conservative candidate for Cardwell, was the matter in hand. Mr. D'Alton McCarthy was not ready to go on and an adjournment was granted until Saturday next, all affidavits to be filed before Thursday.

A Society Lecture.

Rev. George H. Sandwell, the talented Congregational minister from Southsea, England, lectures to-night in Zion Church, Yonge-street-avenue, on "Society, an Indictment and a Panegyric." This is the most entertaining and instructive of the three lectures to be delivered by Mr. Sandwell.

Released at Last.

J. H. Samo, on the application of Mr. W. G. Murdoch, was released from the county jail by Judge Street on Saturday, from the numerous capiases under which he has been held for over a year.

DEATH OF MR. CHAS. H. GRIFFIN.

A Popular Grand Trunk Railway Official's Sudden End.

Railway men throughout Ontario will be sorry to learn of the death of Mr. Chas. H. Griffin, of the solicitor's department of the Grand Trunk Railway, who died at Belleville on Jan. 31, after an illness of only 36 hours. Mr. Griffin was a son of Mr. Geo. D. Griffin of Parkdale, a nephew of Rev. Dr. Griffin of the Methodist Conference, a brother of Mr. Watson Griffin of The Montreal Star, and a brother-in-law of Mr. S. R. Callaway, president of the Toledo, St. Louis and Kansas City Railway and Mr. W. R. Callaway of Canadian Pacific Railway, Toronto. He was born in Waterdown, Ont., on the 24th of January, 1856, and at the age of fourteen entered the solicitor's office of the Great Western Railway at Hamilton as a shorthand writer. He remained in this law office until the amalgamation with the Grand Trunk Railway, being intrusted with the direction of many important legal cases which he conducted with almost unvarying success.

After the amalgamation of the Great Western and Grand Trunk Railways the Hamilton law office was closed and a law office was opened at the Union Station, Toronto, of which Mr. Griffin had charge for some time before it was closed, when he was transferred to the headquarters of the legal department at Belleville. After his removal to Belleville Mr. Griffin's legal business frequently called him to Toronto and other cities of Western Ontario, and he was known to almost every Grand Trunk Railway official in the Province, and loved by all. He leaves a young wife and a daughter five years old.

The funeral took place from his father's residence in Parkdale yesterday afternoon, the services being conducted by Rev. Dr. Stone, pastor of the Parkdale Methodist Church.

LICENSE COMMISSIONERS.

Another Batch Appointed by the Ontario Government.

The following gentlemen have been appointed license commissioners in the various electoral divisions throughout the Province:

Kent (East)—L. Swarthout, Fairfield; J. Dowswell, Dresden; A. McDiarmid, Ridgetown.

Peterdorough (West)—T. Dolan, Peterborough; R. Graham, Lakefield; R. Walton, Peterborough.

Simcoe (Centre)—J. Lummis, Wye Bridge; N. Harkin, New Lowell; J. McNab, Barrie.

Glengarry—J. W. Kennedy, Dominionville; J. Dingwall, Williamstown; W. Bathurst, Dalhousie Mills.

Prescott—J. Cross, Caledonia Springs; D. Bertrand, Caledonia Springs; J. H. Belanger, Alfred.

Waterloo (South)—J. S. Moore, Galt; R. Blain, Galt; G. Schmidt, M.D., New Hamburg.

Norfolk (South)—J. Lemmer, Simcoe; A. McIntyre, Boston; W. Turnbull, Delhi.

Huron (East)—Thomas Gibson, Fordwich; G. Fortune, Wroxeter; G. Murdie, Seaforth.

Lincoln—John Newhouse, Homer, instead of Henry Woodruff, resigned.

Cardwell—G. Jones, Castleberg; T. Brown, Keemansville; A. Doig, Bolton Falls.

Parry Sound—T. Kennedy, Parry Sound; G. Todd, Burk's Falls; W. Brisbon, Sundridge.

Renfrew (South)—J. Ward, Renfrew; S. Reid, Harry's Station; T. Lyons, Adamstoti.

Norfolk (South)—J. Acton, Houghton; R. E. Marr, Simcoe; Orrin Day Dewitt, Langton.

Hastings (East)—G. Phillips, Phillipston; S. Way, Chapman; G. Anderson, Marysville.

Welland—J. R. Swayzie, Thorold; P. Morningstar, Netherly; A. Logan, Niagara Falls.

Bruce (South)—A. Winchster, Bruce; J. K. McLean, Teeswater; J. Stephens, Walkerton.

HE OPPOSES THE PRIEST.

The Statements of Rev. Father Rohleder of Beaverton About the Scott Act.

President F. S. Spence occupied the chair at the temperance meeting in the Pavilion yesterday afternoon and made a lengthy opening address. He said that Canada has now more prohibition to the square acre than any other country in the world. There have been 104 Scott Act contests and of these the temperance people won 73 and lost 31, while to-day the act is in force in 53 constituencies.

The speaker of the day was Mr. Joseph Gibson of Ingersoll, a gentleman who is an active temperance worker, and who took a prominent part in the Dunkin Act campaign twelve years ago. In his address he devoted much of his time to a dissection of the remarks made a week ago yesterday from the pulpit of the Roman Catholic Church in Beaverton by Rev. Father Rohleder, who spoke in strong terms against the Scott Act, stating that he did not believe in it and would advise his people to vote against it. Mr. Gibson said that while he would refute Father Rohleder's statements he did not intend the slightest disrespect towards the Roman Catholic Church, which had furnished many eminent workers in the cause of temperance. This was the most serious attack on the Scott Act he ever saw in print. He then went on to deny the reverend father's assertion that men cannot be made sober by act of parliament and that hotel keeping is as legitimate a business as anything else.

The Morton sisters, four sweet-voiced young ladies, sang several hymns.

Sault Ste. Marie.

The rapid growth of this town is attracting universal attention and from all quarters we hear of parties who intend to try their fortunes at the "Soo." Among the latest addition to the stream is our popular young townsman Mr. W. D. Donaldson, so well known in lacrosse and curling circles and for many years in the employ of Messrs. H. A. Nelson & Sons, who intends leaving for the "rising city of the great lakes" in a few days as assistant to Major R. B. Hamilton in his capacity as secretary of the Water Power and Electric Light Company, real estate dealer and general insurance agent. We congratulate the Major upon his good luck in securing such a valuable assistant and wish them both every success. By reference to their card in another column it will be seen that they make investments in real estate either on commission or on shares and we can heartily recommend this firm to all intending investors.

Piccadilly Turkish Cross Cut Cigarettes.

New Companies.

Letters patent have been issued incorporating the M. Brennan & Sons' Manufacturing Company of Hamilton, capital $100,000, in 1000 shares of $100 each; the Leamington Electric Light Company, capital $3000, in 150 shares of $20 each; the Charles Stark Company of Toronto, capital $200,000, in 2000 shares of $100 each.

Charged With Bigamy.

At the Police Court on Saturday Richard Cole, an elderly man, was charged with bigamy. He was arrested at 29 James-street on Friday night on an information charging him with having on Jan. 4, 1886