inter Suits, Etc.
ICES.
TREET

o meet Billie Plimmer; and Buffalo Costello s preparing for his meeting with Alex. Greggains. It is an interesting colony, and the combination is in excellent time, for Maher the Irishman is notoriously lazy. To accompany the others in their work makes him do twice as much as he would with a trainer to go through his perfunctory handling. Peter traveled 13 miles with Costello yesterday, where he would have gone but three alone. Dave Holland, his manager, is delighted with Maher's condition thus early in the game.

DIXON AND EDGERTON.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 12.—Geo. Dixon, the champion featherweight pugilist, not only did not knock out Walter Edgerton in four rounds at the Lyceum Theatre, last night, but narrowly escaped being knocked out himself. Edgerton knocked Dixon down in the second round, and during the whole contest kept him extremely busy.

THE TURF.

COMING TO AMERICA.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—Col. North has decided to send a string of horses to America next month to fill engagements made a year ago. These horses, which will be under the control of Col. Thomas P. Ochiltree, include El Diablo, whose recent defeat by Orme at Newmarket is still fresh in the public mind, Addesleigh, Sir Frederick Roberts, High Commissioner, Rough and Ready, and Arturo. They are to run for big handicaps while Eltham Queen, Anti-Fyrene and Emita are engaged in the American Derby, the Queen Isabella stakes and the Sheridan stakes at Chicago. Several 2-year-olds will accompany the contingent, which will be one of the most valuable ever sent from England.

PULLING DOWN THE RECORD.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 12.—Kremlin, to-day, lowered the world's record for stallions to 2:07¾. Arion lowered the three-year old stallion record to 2:10¼.

ATHLETICS.

The members of the V. A. C. will begin their indoor exercises on Monday evening next. A meeting of the managers of the association will be held that evening, when arrangements for two wrestling matches for medals, catch-as-catch-can, will be made.

THE RIFLE.

BERLIN, Nov. 12.—The summer of 1893 has been determined on for the eleventh grand national rifle contest at Mayence. There will be 150 concurrent targets.

OCEAN DOCK SURVEY.

The Dominion to Have an Official Report as to Depth of Water.

Will the Canadian Pacific Company's Steamships Run in Here?

It is understood that within the next fortnight there will be an official survey made of that portion of Victoria Harbor known as the Outer Wharf, to ascertain exactly what depth there is at all tides. This survey is to be made by order of the Dominion Government, and the report made will be forwarded at once to Ottawa.

Victorians are well acquainted with the steps that have been taken from time to time to provide at this port a wharf where steamers and steamships, the largest and the smallest afloat, could dock in all weathers and under all conditions to land passengers and freight. The work, through the energy and enterprise of Mr. R. P. Rithet, was practically completed some time ago, but there was still some work in the way of dredging to be done by the Dominion Government, for which an appropriation was voted at the last session of the House of Commons. The Dominion funds so far available have been nearly expended, and in the next week or ten days a report will be made as to the depth of water and other matters.

The outcome of this report will be awaited with interest, as it will then be found out, through official channels, whether the Canadian Pacific company's steamers, the Empresses of India, Japan, and China, are to come in here or not. The C.P.R. has promised that they will come when there is water enough provided. The report will show officially that there is enough and to spare.

A Complicated Case.

DEAR SIRS,—I was troubled with biliousness, headache and lost appetite. I could not rest at night and was very weak, but after using three bottles of B. B. B. my appetite is good and I am better than for years past. I would not now be without B. B. B., and am also giving it to my children.
MRS. WALTER BURNS, Maitland, N. S.

CAT[illegible]
Is a most loathsome [illegible] lent malady. It is [illegible] of Scrofulous origin, [illegible] treatment is useless. Before [illegible] sible, the poison must be [illegible] the system, and to do this
SUCCESSFU[illegible]
the disease must be treated through the blood. For this purpose no remedy is so effective as Ayer's Sarsaparilla.
"For the past eight years, I have been severely afflicted with Catarrh, none of the many remedies I tried affording me any relief. My digestion was considerably impaired, and my sleep disturbed by phlegm dropping into my throat. In September last I resolved to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla, began to use it at once, and am glad to testify to a great improvement in my health."—Frank Teson, Jr., engineer, 271 West Fourth street, New York City.
"My daughter, 16 years old, was afflicted with Catarrh from her fifth year. Last August she was
TREATED WITH
Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and after three months of this treatment she was completely cured. It was a most extraordinary case, as any druggist here can testify."—Mrs. D. W. Barnes, Valparaiso, Neb.
Ayer's Sarsaparilla
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.
Cures others, will cure you

CABLE NEWS.

Troubles of a Journalist in Germany—Moderate Meeting in Trafalgar Square.

Short Time in English Mills—Murder and Suicide, all for Love.

BERLIN, Nov. 14.—Journalist Metzer, the correspondent of the New York Herald in Berlin was, to-day, expelled from Germany on the charge of publishing sensational stories, alleged to have been supplied by a notorious suspected police agent, Norman Schumann, alias Walgrene. Metzer received notice recently that he had incurred the risk of expulsion by his statements. He offended the Government by alleging that the Berlin authorities were negotiating for the assistance of the Vatican in procuring the passage of the military bill by the Reichstag, and he has since given offence by an article intimating that the military bill was a sign of approaching war.

A later dispatch says: "The correspondent of the International Telegram Co. is authorized by the Foreign office to state that Metzer, the Berlin correspondent of the New York Herald, has never been expelled from the country. He was merely cautioned to stop maligning Germany, and misrepresenting her officials and the country's interests generally, in his correspondence. American newspaper correspondents, without exception, who report facts, and do not allow themselves to be biased in their political reports, the Foreign office says, are assured of every privilege."

LONDON, Nov. 14.—In an action for libel, brought by the proprietor of a saloon against the Chronicle, and tried before Lord Coleridge, on Saturday, a verdict for £400 was given against that paper. It appeared that the authorities had refused to grant a license for the saloon, and in commenting on this fact, the Chronicle called the place a brothel. In to-day's issue the Chronicle boldly criticized the result of the trial in a leading article, and scorched Lord Chief Justice Coleridge for his conduct in the case. It is thought that the surprisingly free comments will more than likely get the Chronicle in further trouble.

LONDON, Nov. 14.—In commenting on yesterday's meeting at Trafalgar Square most of the papers congratulate the Government on the peaceful character of the demonstration and the notable absence of rabid Anarchist or Socialist speeches. The newspapers are of the opinion that the leaders comprehended how far they could go, and that violent language would lead to the interference of the police. The Evening News and Post takes the workingmen to task for putting to such a silly use their only holiday of the week.

LONDON, Nov. 14.—In response to the request of the Masters' Federation three mills in Huddersfield and two mills in Oldham announce that hereafter they will work on short time.

LONDON, Nov. 14.—Mr. Gladstone returned to London to-day.

LONDON, Nov. 14.—Lord Chief Justice Coleridge was too ill to-day to preside in court. His physician says that he will probably be able to resume his duties on Thursday.

VIENNA, Nov. 14.—Friedlander and Valencia, Anarchists, were arrested here to-day on suspicion. Valencia came to the city recently from Chicago, via London, and had considerable money when arrested. Both men are believed to have intended to use dynamite in this city, either against high officials or the Government buildings.

ROME, Nov. 15.—The Roman Catholics have opened a subscription with which they will prepare to present to Lord Mayor Knill, of London, a testimonial of their esteem, as a counterpoise to the demonstration of the anti-popery fanatics in London, who object to the Lord Mayor because he is a Roman Catholic.

HAMBURG, Nov. 14.—There have been 11 cases of cholera, another since Saturday. None of them were fatal.

BERLIN, Nov. 14.—Civic Treasurer Stoole, of Memel, who was awaiting trial for frauds committed in office, hanged himself in his cell to-day.

LONDON, Nov. 14.—A fatal tragedy occurred yesterday on an English country road in the village of Beter-Tavy, Devonshire. William Williams has been the lover of Emily Doidge, the daughter of a family in the vicinity. Emily deserted him for William Rowe. Williams became crazed with disappointment. On Sunday he attended the same church as Miss Doidge and Rowe and kept his eyes on the girl during service. When worship was over, Rowe started to escort Emily to her home. Williams followed them, and coming up to Miss Doidge he began to speak to her, and she turned away disdainfully, whereupon Williams drew a revolver and shot her dead. Then he fired at Rowe, inflicting a fatal wound. Rowe fell, and then Williams turned the pistol on his own head and sent a bullet into his own brain. Williams is not yet dead; Rowe, who was unconscious from the time of the shooting, died this morning.

LONDON, Nov. 14.—A dispatch from Sydney, N.S.W., to Reuter's Telegram says: A meeting of free-traders in this city to-night cabled congratulations to Grover Cleveland upon his election. Sir Henry Parkes presided over the meeting.

PARIS, Nov. 14.—Important business is before the French Chambers this week. On Wednesday the Government will urge the bill asking for power to suppress violent Anarchist papers. On Thursday the Panama canal question will be debated. Either of these measures may bring about a crisis, and result in the overthrow of the Government.

PARIS, Nov. 14.—It is reported this evening that Colonel Dodds, commander of the French forces in Dahomey, has insisted upon being reinforced, and that two steamers with troops from Algiers and Marseilles will be sent to Dahomey by the Government. Rumors of a Cabinet crisis are more numerous this evening. The general opinion is that another week cannot elapse before the fall of the Loubet Government. M. Ricard, the minister of justice and public works, may resign sooner.

PARIS, Nov. 14.—The Anarchists continue to cause trouble. At a meeting of Anarchists held here yesterday, a workman named Georges advocated the use of dynamite by the working classes to gain their ends. He commended the authors of the recent explosion at the police station in the Rue des Bon Enfants. A number of the audience protested against the language, and the meeting broke up in a melee. A meeting of miners was held at Carmaux, yesterday, at which resolutions were adopted saying that they would pursue in concert with the *proletari* of the whole world a policy of political and economic expropriation of the property of the monied middle class by means of social revolutions.

BERLIN, Nov. 13.—The military bill has stuck fast on the opposition of Bavaria and two or three other states, as they did not wish to commit themselves to it before knowing whence the Imperial government expects to get the $16,000,000 annually necessary to realize its provisions. Until the government gives assurance of its intention as to beer and tobacco there is likely to be a deadlock. This state of affairs embarrasses Chancellor Von Caprivi, as the government's financial plans have been kept purposely in the dark, in order that they might not complicate the battle of the parties around the technical portions of the military bill. It was generally supposed that the bill would be got through the bundesrath without difficulty, hence the new complications have given courage to the radicals and liberals who are opposing it.

THE TWO SYSTEMS.

Tom Mann, Before the Labor Commission, Condemns Both the English and American Methods.

LONDON, Nov. 14.—Tom Mann in his testimony before the labor commission to-day stated that in the matter of adopting improvements and developing new machinery, America was far ahead of England, and that of his own knowledge enterprising firms who desired the most improved machinery in existence often had to go to America for it. In conceding the superiority of American machinery and methods, he did not admit that the American workingman's lot was any happier than the one of his English brothers. He thought that there were faults both in the American and English labor systems, and that where the American was worse, it should be avoided as carefully as it should be adopted when better. His remedy for the evils of existing labor systems, whether English or American, lay in the adoption of collectivism as against individualism. He made a strong argument in favor of the adaption of the former system to the London docks, in which labor under the existing management is scattered under a number of different administrations, thereby causing immense loss of labor and money. He went on to say that the concentration of the dock system might cost four million sterling, and that the docks ought to be under the absolute control of the London County Council.

SIR JOHN MACDONALD.

The Memorial in St. Paul's to be Unveiled Wednesday by Lord Rosebery.

LONDON, Nov. 14.—On Wednesday, in St. Paul's Cathedral, Lord Rosebery will unveil the memorial to Sir John Macdonald, the late Canadian Premier. Lord Ripon, Sir J. J. C. Abbott, present premier, Hon. Geo. E. Foster, Canadian Minister of Finance, and ex-Minister of War Stanhope will be present. The Canadian High Commissioner, Sir Chas. Tupper, is detained in Paris. The ceremonies will be of a very imposing character, and many American and Canadian friends of the late premier will take part.

THE HOLY SEE.

Great Cardinal Consistory Forthcoming—Difficulties of the Situation—Spanish Complications.

ROME, Nov. 11.—It is probable that a great cardinal consistory will take place December 10, when the Pope will create 13 cardinals out of 17 vacancies. For England there is as yet no selection. Austria demands three, but the Pope will accord only one. At the last audience the German minister renewed the Kaiser's demand that Monsignor Kopp, Bishop of Breslau, be included among the cardinals. His Holiness secludes himself in his apartments, working over encyclicals, one for the jubilee and the other on charities in the East. It is stated that he occupies himself also with America. It is denied that Monsignor Satolli has any missive regarding scholastic questions in the United States.

A serious complication has occurred between the Holy See, the Spanish Government and the Spanish parties. On the death of Nocedal, representative of Don Carlos, his son solicited succession to the post, but Don Carlos preferred a Spanish grandee. The schism obliged Don Carlos to reorganize his party, and it has now a circle in every village. Nocedal has conceived the idea of forming a Catholic union, the programme of which will be to rally to the existing monarchy. Nocedal requested the Pope to write a new encyclical in order that the power to rally from one side to the other might be confirmed. The Spanish government, enchanted with the recruits, supported Nocedal's request, while Don Carlos exerted himself vigorously to nullify the scheme. The state of parties is so precarious that the holy see will not compromise itself.

ALASKAN STATISTICS.

Have the American Government Got the Correct Figures?—That's the Question.

BOSTON, Nov. 14.—In regard to a Washington dispatch stating that it was upon the recommendation of General Francis A. Walker, of the Massachusetts, Institute of Technicology, that Ivan Petroff was selected to furnish the Alaskan statistics for the census just completed, General Walker told a reporter to-day that he was quite positive that he had not recommended Petroff to Commissioner Porter. When the General was put in charge of the 1880 census, Petroff was recommended to him as having a wide knowledge of the people of Alaska, and was therefore selected to gather the statistics and data, which were part of General Walker's report. His work gave entire satisfaction, and has never been seriously impugned. Alaska was not then a political division of the United States, and Petroff's report was not expected to be much more than a generalization of the chief characteristics of the country. The work of reporting upon the sealing industry of the islands of Alaska was intrusted to Henry Watson, of the Smithsonian Institute.

For Young or Old.

Children and adults are equally benefited by the use of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, the new and successful cough remedy. It stops coughs in one night and may be relied on as an effectual remedy for colds, asthma, bronchitis and similar troubles. Price 25 and 50c. at druggists.

CAPITAL NOTES.

World's Fair Commissioner Saunders Laid off on Account of Over Work.

Interesting Items Regarding Canada at Chicago—The Department and Military Cyclists.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

OTTAWA, Nov. 14.—Mr. Saunders, the World's Fair Commissioner, has overworked himself, and is imperatively compelled to take a rest. He left for New York to-day, to consult a specialist. W. D. Dimmock will be in charge here, durding Mr. Saunders' absence.

A thousand applications have been made for positions on the Canadian staff of the World's Fair. Only ten officers will be appointed. An Ontario woman wrote to-day for a position as matron to take care of the women officials. The Canadian building on the fair grounds is making rapid progress. A Peterboro man has written desiring to enter for exhibition his "pair of twins," who he says are "paragons of beauty."

The Militia Department looks coldly on the application to start a [cyclists' battalion in Toronto, but the General commanding favors cyclist detachments connected with city corps, provided the men are properly drilled.

Speaker White stated to-day that the suspension of the accountant and assistant accountant of the House of Commons were final.

Hon. Mr. Costigan goes to St. John to-night to attend a banquet in his honor.

FROM SEATTLE.

Laughable Liquidation of an Election Bet—Smallpox Under Control—Election Results.

SEATTLE, Nov. 14. — (Special). — Matt Branigan and Jesse Cochrane, two prominent citizens furnished amusement to a big crowd on the streets to-day. They bet on the election and lost. Under terms of the bet Branigan ground a hand-organ and Cochrane passed a soap box for contributions on behalf of the Orphans Home.

The Board of Health says that smallpox is all under control. There are 19 cases in the pest house; 100 persons altogether being under quarantine. The county poor farm near here has been recently quarantined.

An official count of the votes at the recent election made to-day, shows that 15,387 were polled in this county. It makes no changes in the results already announced by the unofficial count.

CANADIAN NEWS.

An Allan Steamer Quarantined With Supposed Cholera Cases—French Press and Church.

Dishonest Public Servant Sent to Penitentiary—The Northwest Government to Resign.

(Special to the COLONIST.)

CORNWALL, Nov. 14.—A petition is being circulated for the reprieve of James Slavin, sentenced to be hanged December 16, for the murder of John R. Davey.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Nov. 14.—Albert A. Dodge, freight cashier on the Intercolonial railway, charged with the embezzlement of about $4,000, has been sentenced to five years in the penitentiary.

TORONTO, Nov. 14.—On Saturday, on the application of Dalton McCarthy, Chief Justice Galt ordered the release of Mrs. Agnes Church, capiased on a verdict returned against her at the Brantford assizes for alienating the affections of Joseph Quick, of Woodstock.

INGERSOLL, Nov. 14.—The Sun reports that the wife of Henry Monchell, of Cornell, has just given birth to three baby girls, each weighing 2½ pounds.

MONTREAL, Nov. 14.—It is reported that there are five cases of cholera on board the Allan Line steamship Circassian, now off Father Point and that orders have been given to stop her at the Grosse Isle quarantine. No authentic news has been received here yet, but Dr. Lachapelle, of the Provincial Board of Heath, says he has received a despatch that there are five cases of sickness on board, but will not say what they are.

CAYUGA, Ont., Nov. 14.—The election petition for Monck was tried here before Justices Falconbridge and Street. The petition was dismissed without costs.

SARNIA, Nov. 14.—The buildings owned by J. S. Thorn and James Kelly and occupien by Messrs. Thomas, photographer; Duncan, barber; Reynolds, harness-maker; Leiscombe, butcher; and Story & Kelly, confectioners, were burned.

MONTREAL,, Nov. 14.—A sensation has been caused in Roman Catholic circles by a mandement from Archbishop Fabre, which was read in the churches forbidding the faithful from reading La Revue du Canada and L'Echo des Deux Montagnes on pain of being refused the sacrament. These two papers have for some time been carrying on an agitation against clerical abuses, and have been very outspoken.

PICTOU, N. S., Nov. 14.—Hon. R. P. Grant, Senator, died yesterday in his eightieth year. He had suffered for some days from lung trouble. He was called to the Senate in 1877.

MONTREAL, Nov. 14.—The Cartier club, up to 1885 one of the leading Conservative associations of the Province, but which ceased to exist at that time, was revived on Saturday at a meeting of Conservatives.

HALIFAX, Nov. 14.—The steamer Lansdowne arrived last night with Captain Samuel Wolfe and three of the crew of the schooner Arbutus, wrecked near Garnet Rock. The schooner was owned in Liverpool, N.S., and was bound from Sydney to Annapolis with coal. Hiram Conrad, seaman, was lost. The survivors were taken off the wreck after being lashed to the rigging for thirty-five hours. They are in a dying state.

GRENFALL, Ass., Nov. 14.—At a conservative convention for East Assiniboia, Mr. McDonald was selected a candidate for the Commons, to succeed Hon. Mr. Dewdney.

REGINA, Nov. 14.—The bye election for Wallace, in the Northwest Assembly, was held yesterday. Insinger, the Haultain candidate was elected by 150 majority over McNutt. This election breaks the deadlock in the Assembly, giving the Haultain party two majority. It is expected that the Cayley executive will resign at once, and that the House will be called together.

CORK, Nov. 14.—The Fenian societies are preparing for an imposing demonstration in this city on November 27, to celebrate the memory of the Manchester martyrs, Allen, Gould and Larkin, who were hanged 25 years ago for complicity in the Fenian movement of that time.

SARNIA, Nov. 14.—It is generally believed that the schooner Hercules, owned by Finlay McGibbon, of this place, has been lost with all hands. The vessel cleared from Penetanguishene with a cargo of lumber for this port, and is now eight days overdue. The Hercules was commanded by Captain Joe Glass, and carried a crew of six men, all of Sarnia.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Bogus Louisiana Lottery Scheme.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—Some time since an individual in Montreal, Canada, representing himself as an agent of the Louisiana Lottery Co., with headquarters at Montreal, sent numerous circulars into the United States, advertising his lottery scheme, which worked successfully, the promoter pocketing about $10,000 and then disappeared. The success of this operation apparently had the effect of inducing others to enter the same field. Recently the Post-office department became aware of the existence of a firm doing business under the name of J. G. Clarke & Co., with headquarters at Niagara Falls, Canada, and pretending to be agents of the Louisiana Lottery Co. As in the first instance, circulars were sent through the United States mail inviting remittances for tickets. The Department to-day took steps to nip the scheme in the bud by executing an order stopping the payment of all money orders and the delivery of all registered matter addressed to the firm through the United States mail.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 14.—Yesterday the Pacific Coast Steamship Company's steamer Queen, sailed from here for Astoria and Portland. The Queen takes the place of the steamer State, which has been taken off to receive a thorough overhauling. The steamer City of Topeka which has been on the Alaska route for the last two years has been placed in first class condition and will go back on the Alaska route, leaving here on or about the 17th inst. She will take the place of the Al-ki, and that steamer will come to this city. The Topeka will make her Alaska trip via. Puget Sound ports, but will carry only Alaska freights from this city and no passengers. The passengers for Alaska will leave on the Umatilla sailing on the 20th inst.

CONCORD, Mass., Nov. 14.—Lillian Emerson, widow of Ralph Waldo Emerson, the poet, died yesterday, aged 90 years.

SEATTLE, Nov. 14.—Three cases of smallpox were found yesterday in a railway camp, near East Kittatis, and the camp was quarantined, but not before about fifty laborers had escaped. The residents of adjoining towns are much excited, and are being vaccinated by wholesale to-day. Another case has been found at Woodenville, forty miles north of here.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 13.—The Times Democrat's City of Mexico special says: Hon. General Defunata, a prominent Government official, and one of the best known characters in the Mexican capital, is in a critical condition as a result of a wound received in a duel last Friday with Hon. Francisco Ibanez, who is also a well-known politician. The affair took place in a suburb of the city. Colonel Fernando Poncel and Francisco R. Blance were seconds for Defunata and General Sartel Rocha and Javier Borneue acted for General Ibanez. The duel was fought with pistols at 20 paces. At the second shot the ball from the pistol of Ibanez struck Defunata. The wound was not thought to be serious at first, but the injured man has grown rapidly worse and cannot recover. The affair was kept a secret, but the details of the duel have leaked out. M. Ibanez has not yet been arrested.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The steamer Weimer, which has arrived at Baltimore from Bremen with 1,900 immigrants on board, will be detained in quarantine twenty days by order of Secretary Foster, who declares he proposes to strictly enforce the President's proclamation.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—The Wall Street Journal says: We have official ruthority to say the Union Pacific has now about $3,000,000 in its treasury. It is believed by some there is a contest going on in a quiet way for the control of the Union Pacific, but those managing its affairs say there is no evidence of it as far as they can see. It is certain that the people are buying the stock, and, they say, because it is doing so well and while this state of affairs continues, it is hardly likely the stockholders care to change the management.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Nov. 12.—Prof. Martin of the State Entomological bureau has just finished an investigation of the basement of the State house and finds that the rooms are so infested with white ants that an immense store of official State records are in danger of being lost. The Secretary of State, after receiving a report from Prof. Forbes, State Entomologist, will refer the matter to the General Assembly.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Nov. 12.—The powder magazine belonging to Douglas & Johnston the tunnel contractors, blew up with terrific force at 10 o'clock this morning, killing John Hobson, master mechanic of the works, and fatally injuring William Weir and Sherman Demuth, employes. The explosion was so tremendous that for a mile around the windows were blown to pieces, and the sashes along the Bluff street fronts were badly shattered. The damage will be very heavy.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—Immediately after the election of Father Louis Martin as General of the Order of Jesus, Pope Leo XIII addressed to him a congratulatory letter, the tenor of which shows the friendly relations existing between the Holy See and the Jesuits. A copy of the letter was received in this city yesterday.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 11.—In consequence of numerous robberies on the Wlodikankas Railway, armed Cossack guards have been ordered to accompany every train.

[A Dangerous Cold.

DEAR SIRS,—My little girl last winter had a very bad cold which almost resulted in congestion of the lungs After doctoring with her for three months without success I tried Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, and two bottles of it cured her. She is now strong and healthy.
MRS. SAMUEL MULHOLLAND, Hamilton, Ont.

CABLE CORRESPONDENCE.

Another Attempt to Find an Arctic Passage—Germany and the World's Fair.

Betrothal of Lord Rosebery and the Prince of Wales' Daughter Victoria.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—The famous Norwegian explorer, Dr. Nansen, has plans for an Arctic voyage. His scheme is essentially different from those followed by other explorers. He will attempt to ascertain if there is not a possibility of reaching the north pole by utilizing certain natural facilities in frozen seas, of which all early explorers were ignorant. Three years after she sank there were found near Julianshaab, in Greenland, several articles belonging to the Jeanette which had been carried to the coast of Greenland from the opposide side of the Polar sea on a piece of ice. This fact at once aroused curiosity, and Dr. Nansen will attempt to fathom the mystery as to what unknown current bore the message from Behring straits to Greenland. His expedition will endeavor to realize the hope of a direct route across the apex of the Arctic ocean. It will consist of ten or twelve men. The Norwegian government subscribes two-thirds of the cost and King Oscar and others will privately donate the remainder. The expedition will leave Norway in June and proceed direct to Nova Zembla.

Rumor says that Lord Rosebery, Secretary for Foreign Affairs, and Princess Victoria, the eldest unmarried daughter of the Prince of Wales, are betrothed. The fact that Lord Rosebery attended the celebration of the Prince's birthday at Sandringham is construed as a confirmatory indication. The Princess was born July 16, 1868. Her union with so distinguished a Liberal should have a marked political effect. Lord Rosebery is only 45 years old. His first wife, whom he married in 1871, was the only daughter and heiress of Baron Meyer Amschel de Rothschild. She died in November, 1889. By her he had two girls and two boys.

Viscount Sudley, eldest son and heir of the Earl of Arran, is about to marry the widow of Robert Sherman, of New York. The earl is said to be opposed to the marriage. The viscount is 24 years of age. The prospective bride has a daughter nearly as old as that. Viscount Sudley is deputy lieutenant of County Mayo, Ireland, and a lieutenant in the Royal Horse Guards Blue. The earl's seat is at Castle Gore, Ballina, County Mayo, and Queen Anne's Mead, Windsor. The family is not wealthy. Earl of Arran is the Scotch title of Baron Sudley, an English lord of the Gore family. He is commissioner of customs.

President Fowler, of the local government board, has prepared a circular advising local authorities to modify the distress among the unemployed by making roads, constructing sewers, cleaning streets and paying the men employed regular day's wages. A large number of employers, influenced by the success of the shipping federation labor registry offices, have applied to the directors of the federation to create a labor exchange, with branches in every manufacturing centre and at all ports. Trades unions are jealously watching the development of the project, as it will obviously operate in favor of free labor and non-unionists.

Information from St. Petersburg contradicts both the conclusion of a Franco-Russian alliance and the sensational stories of Russian troops being concentrated upon the frontier. The weakness of the French Government in dealing with the socialists has intensely displeased the Czar, who has ordered suspension of negotiations for a treaty.

At a meeting of anarchists at Berlin on Saturday the anarchists executed at Chicago for the Haymarket massacre were extolled as martyrs, and Ravachol, the French anarchist, murderer and thief, who suffered death by the guillotine, was praised as one who gave his life to advance the cause of universal freedom.

The adoption of the man's saddle by a number of ladies who devote themselves to the hunts is a prominent topic in society. It is startling to see these ladies attired in divided skirts, blouses and mannish hats, foremost in the hunt astride their horses. Some of them appear in long riding coats, boots and breeches. The most generally accepted form of riding habit, however, is the divided skirt.

The official register of German exhibitors at the Chicago Columbian exhibition shows 3,300 firms to be represented. Wine producers number 267. In the book trade 330 houses are represented. The mining, iron-working and textile industries will be sparsely represented.

The Portuguese Government has sent a memorial on the subject of the Delagoa Bay railway to the Berne tribunal, which is to hear and determine the facts in the case. The memorial presents proof that the Portuguese had a right to seize the railway. The dispatch adds that three months more will be allowed for the claimants to contest the memorial.

Disclosures of the fact that Prussia is financially embarrassed, taken with the proposal of Dr. Miguel, Prussian minister of finance, to levy a tax on capital, has contributed to the revulsion against the Government's financial policy generally. The army bill will be introduced in the Reichstag on the 24th, and if defeated Caprivi will resign. The Emperor is not an enthusiastic adherent of the project. His Majesty is credited, in giving financial assent to it, with remarking to the Chancellor: "You risk much over this."

The official gazette announces that on the initiative of France it has been decided to hold, prior to the assembling of the international monetary conference, a preliminary conference of the delegates from the countries forming the Latin union.

Evidence that the Paris anarchists are still intent on terrorizing the public was offered Saturday by finding a bomb in a house in the Rue des Halles, near the central market.

The will of the late dowager Queen of Wurtemburg bequeathed 84,000,000 marks, 10,000,000 being to her niece, Princess Vera of Wurtemburg, and several millions to Princess Vera's two daughters. The King of Wurtemburg receives 10,000,000 marks.

A Berlin merchants and manufacturers' club has decided to organize a German exhibition to be held in 1895 or 1897, in lieu of abandonment of the German world's exhibition.

The week has been full of excitement in Europe. The crisis in Hungary has been coming to a head for some time. The new ministry will be almost identical with the preceding one, but mutual concessions will be made by the ministry. The visit of the Czarowitz to Vienna is a sign of the approachment between Russia and Austria. The Hungarians are at last appeased, but the change has not been easy.

In Belgium there is some trouble, due to the agitation for the revision of the constitution. Neither the King, the ministry nor the majority of the deputies desire universal suffrage, but the people are clamoring for it. The situation recalls the event of 1869 in France during the empire. The surface is yet unbroken, but there are many fissures in the interior. Belgium is marching on toward revolution, and with or without a vote in the charter she will achieve universal suffrage.

Portugal, too, has her troubles. The agitation of the republicans during the absence of the court has not, perhaps, been very important, but the signs are precursors of a revolutionary movement, which can gain strength easily in Spain.

The recent explosions in Paris have caused a great deal of commotion. The whole course of events, including the constant troubles at Carmau, where, despite the close of the strike, the workingmen are singing "Carmagnole" and waving the red flag; the useless defeats in the chamber, where, without pausing to reflect, the deputies cry out that there is a deficit of $8,000,000, goes to show that France has a Ministry but not a government. This recalls the condition of affairs preceding the outbreak of Boulangism. The country loves liberty, but remains quiet, always ready to demand a dictator when everything does not go just as is wished. The police have not discovered the authors of the explosion, nor any trace of them.

A dispatch to the Reuter telegram company says the Leipsiger Neute Nachrichten states that while out hunting with the Emperor yesterday the King of Saxony advised him to become reconciled with Bismarck, and pointed out the dangers of the military bill.

DE LEVRON'S VERSION.

The Sealers Went too Close to the Rookeries—Glad to be Rid of His Prisoners.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 14.—Captain De Levron, late commander of the Russian cruiser Zabiaka, which seized and confiscated the American sealer C. H. White, and a number of British schooners, during the past season, arrived yesterday from Yokohama on the City of Peking. He comes from Petropaulovsky, which place he left on September 28th, and is on his way to St. Petersburg. In an interview he said:—

"I have read the published reports from sealers who had their vessels taken away from them by myself and other officers, and they are greatly exaggerated. We confiscated only one American schooner, the C. H. White, and Capt. Fuhrman and his men have nothing to complain of, unless it is their own fault in going too close to the rookeries trying to kill seals on Copper Island. The crew of the White were given enough to eat and drink until they reached Vladivostock, where they were given some rations daily as prisoners of war, although they were free to leave whenever they got a chance. After the crews of several British sealers were turned loose with the crew of the White, the men began to raise disturbances, and in one instance I sent an armed force to stop it.

"When the bark Majestic took 50 of the sealers on board and sailed for Victoria, B. C., we were glad to get rid of them. When I left Petropaulovsky two Russian men-of-war, the Iakuth and Bobre, had not returned from their cruise in Behring Sea, so I cannot state positively that no further seizures than already reported have been made. Next year will see a very close guard kept on the Russian seal islands, and five men-of-war will cruise around for that purpose alone. It will make no difference where a sealing schooner is found, for they will be seized regardless of locality. The Russian islands have suffered heavily from poachers this past season, but they will do little more damage in that direction, if I am not mistaken."

SHOT IN HIS TRACKS.

A Runaway Murderer Disposed of by Avenging Citizens.

WINNIPEG, Man., Nov. 14.—(Special)—A Red Deer, Alberta, special to the Free Press says: Michaelson, who murdered and robbed his companion, named Schmaadt, on Friday last, was shot dead to-day near here. A man answering the description of the murderer was seen walking on the track by a settler, and on being interrogated and charged with the murder offered $100 to be allowed to escape. The settler not answering, Michaelson pulled out two revolvers and fired, but the shots did not take effect. The settler gave the alarm and a posse gave chase. They succeeded in running the murderer down and a brisk fire was exchanged. None of the settlers were harmed; but the murderer was shot through the head with a rifle bullet by a man named Allen. He lived but half an hour. Incriminating documents were found on the body. Schmaadt came to Edmonton from Crookston, Minn., last week with Michaelson, and had been but a few days in the country when he was found murdered and robbed. Michaelson was suspected, with the results as above.

FALSE INFORMATION.

The Alaska Commercial Company Declare that an American Sealing Expert is a Schemer.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 14.—When Louis Straus of the Alaska Commercial Company was shown a Washington dispatch stating that Ivan Petroff had furnished the Government with false information in regard to the sealing industry, putting the United States in the wrong, he said: "This is important, and its effect may be of national importance. The issue at stake at present is not local, but international, and it is galling if American interests are to suffer through the perfidy of a schemer. I know this Ivan petroff, he was at one time deputy collector of customs in Alaska, and afterwards census agent. He has written a great deal about that country and talked more. Of course, in the absence of any definite idea of the nature of the information furnished to the Government, it is impossible to criticize it, but of necessity it must bear on the sealing industry in relation to the demand and supply of seals.

"Petroff could doubtless supply any information required with all the authority of an expert. It would hardly be probable that he could have been bought by any of the local interests, for as I say the issues are national, and we are all interested in presenting a good case. The rights at present enjoyed by the North American Company, were accorded by bids, and Petroff's information could have had nothing to do with that award. Anyway, I have no hesitancy in saying that this Petroff is a schemer, and that if any of his information has been found to have been falsified it was wilfully falsified."

De Fiva's Grammaire des Grammaires just received by T. N. Hibben & Co.

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Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.
THE ORIGINAL and ONLY GENUINE
Vice-Chancellor Sir W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the inventor of Chlorodyne; that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was literally untrue, and he regretted to say that it had been sworn to.—*Times*, July 13, 1864.
DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE IS THE BEST AND MOST CERTAIN REMEDY IN COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, CONSUMPTION, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, &c.
DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE—The Right Hon. Earl RUSSELL communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in Cholera was Chlorodyne.—*See Lancet*, Dec. 31, 1864.
DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE is prescribed by scores of orthodox practitioners. Of course it would not be thus singularly popular did it not "supply a want and fill a place."—*Medical Times*, Jan. 12, 1865.
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CAUTION — None genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne," on the stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle. Sole manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT, 33 Great Russell St., London. Sold at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d.
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EDUCATION OFFICE,
Victoria, 26th April, 1892.

WHEREAS, the Council of Public Instruction is empowered, under the "Public School Act," to create School Districts, in addition to those already existing, and to define the boundaries thereof, and from time to time to alter the boundaries of existing Districts; it is hereby notified that the Council has been pleased to create the following tract of land to be a School District, under the title of "Galiano School District:"

All that tract of land known as Galiano Island.

Also, that