

By Electric Telegraph.

SPECIAL TO THE DAILY BRITISH COLONIST

Eastern States.

WASHINGTON, July 11.—The President has issued a proclamation...

In the Senate the bill to bridge the Mississippi river at Rock Island passed...

In the House Townsend introduced a bill to incorporate the postal telegraph system...

WASHINGTON, July 11.—In the House the bill for a reduction of the army was taken up...

New York, July 10.—A committee from the Democratic Convention to-night formally notified Seymour and Blair of their nominations...

Blair in a brief speech accepted his nomination...

The Herald says the Democratic party has decided that Gen Grant shall be next President...

New Orleans, July 10.—Both Houses ratified the 14th clause of the Constitutional Amendment...

CHICAGO, July 13.—Specials to morning papers say that several politicians and members from Tammany Convention...

NEW YORK, July 9.—F. P. Blair was nominated for Vice-President unanimously...

NEW YORK, July 12.—9 p. m.—Specials from Washington say that Seward has purchased Sonoma and Sinaloa from Mexico...

Europe.

LONDON, July 9.—The English journals publish the platform of principles adopted at Tammany Hall convention...

VIENNA, July 9.—Minister Beust has written a sharp answer to the recent allocation of the Pope on the state of the religion of Austria...

LONDON, July 10.—The Irish Reform Bill passed the House of Lords. Both Houses of Parliament have voted a pension of £2000 a year to General Napier...

PARIS, July 10.—In a speech in the Corps Legislatif Baroche Minister of Justice, declared that the spoliation of the Church and State was only a question of time...

LONDON, July 11.—The leading papers including the Standard, News, Herald and others, consider Seymour's defeat certain.

BERLIN, July 11.—By virtue of the provisions of the naturalization treaty with the United States; have been stayed all prosecutions against adopted citizens; and American German citizens who have been sentenced or imprisoned will be released forthwith.

Oregon.

PORTLAND, July 15.—The schooner Crosby arrived this morning.

CALIFORNIA. SAN FRANCISCO, July 11.—Rear Admiral Thatcher will be relieved on the 6th of August by Rear Admiral Craven...

SAN FRANCISCO, July 13.—Steamer Constitution sails for Panama to-morrow. The steamer Alaska arrived to-day...

Legal Tenders, 704@714. Flour steady. Wheat nominal, range for new, \$1 80@1 90.

Barley, new \$1 85@1 87; old, feed and brewing \$1 90@2 00. Oats, \$2 20@2 40.

Sailed—Barkentine Fremont, Seaback. SAN FRANCISCO, July 14.—The Constitution sailed to-day for Panama, carrying 310 passengers.

ARRIVED—Steamer Oriflamme from Portland.

TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES.

Eastern States.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—In the Senate Frelinghuysen reported a joint resolution authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to receive for instructing at the Naval Academy, not exceeding six persons appointed by the Government of Japan...

Edmonds introduced a bill to fix the time of the next meeting of Congress for the third Monday in November. Connors called up the bill relating to the Western Pacific Railroad grants and the use of so much land on Yerba Buena Island, in the harbor of San Francisco...

CHICAGO, July 3.—The papers have voluminous specials from New York speculating variously upon the prospects of the different candidates. It is impossible to extract anything reliable. An indefinite number of candidates are named, but Pendleton's friends have the most compact organization, and are strongly hopeful of success.

It is said that Chase has written a letter endorsing Democratic principles. Seymour, it is said, will decline in favor of Chase.

Western delegates will not hear of Chase as a candidate. NEW YORK, July 3.—The Herald's special says the President has determined to issue a general amnesty proclamation to include Jeff Davis, Breckinridge and other leaders of the rebellion.

NEW ORLEANS, July 2.—The military is still under arms; several Democrats presented themselves to be sworn in, but were informed that oaths were contested.

NEW YORK, July 4.—The National Democratic Convention has assembled at Tammany Hall, which is handsomely decorated for the occasion with large American flags, etc., and elaborate painted escutcheons of all the States. The accommodations for the delegates are ample, and there are excellent arrangements for the press. The hall and galleries are densely crowded.

At twenty minutes past twelve, August Belmont called the Convention to order. He spoke at some length, denouncing the policy and character of the dominant party and concluded by nominating for temporary Chairman, Henry W. Palmer of Wisconsin, which was agreed to. Palmer took the Chair amid applause and briefly returned thanks for the honor.

Prayer was offered by the Rev. Dr. Morgan, Rector of St. Thomas Church. After considerable discussion, the rules of the House of Representatives were adopted for the government of the Convention.

Several motions were made in regard to the appointment of Committees on permanent organization and credentials. A motion to allow the Territories to be represented in both committees was lost; 106 to 184.

A motion was finally passed allowing States only to be represented on these committees, which were thereupon appointed.

California is represented in the Committee on Credentials by W. Jacoby, and Committee on Permanent Organization by A. H. Rose.

A Committee on Resolutions was subsequently appointed; California being represented by E. Steele. A resolution was adopted instructing two of the former Committees to report at seven this evening.

A motion was adopted that all resolutions offered shall be referred to the Committee on Resolutions without debate.

It was ordered that the Committee on Organization be instructed to report rules for the government of the Convention.

Brooks, on behalf of the New York delegation, moved to reconsider the resolution for a meeting to-night. He urged extreme heat and also the fact that the city of New York had arranged for an appropriate celebration of the day and hoped the Convention would participate. After considerable discussion, the motion to reconsider prevailed and the Convention adjourned to 10 o'clock, the Secretary having first read the Declaration of Independence by a vote of the Convention.

CHICAGO, July 5.—Specials from New York say that in the committee on per-

manent organization, one half the States voted for Horatio Seymour for Permanent Chairman. The Pendleton men complain bitterly of partiality shown in the distribution of tickets by which Tammany Hall is filled with New York local politicians, and the Pendleton escort got no show.

A Tribune special strongly denies the truth of the report that Chase has written a letter pledging himself in any event to support the nominees of the Convention. Chase freely says that if the Convention adopts his principles, including the recognition of existing reconstruction at the South, negro suffrage, and honesty in the payment of the national debt; he would support the nominees.

New York, July 6.—The Convention was called to order about 11 o'clock. General Morgan of Ohio, moved that the delegation from the working men's convention be entitled to seats on the floor. The motion was adopted.

Mr. Chambers of Pennsylvania, from the committee on Permanent Organization, reported Horatio Seymour for permanent Chairman, and one Vice President and Secretary from each State and also recommended that rules be adopted.

Mr. Seymour was escorted to the chair amid applause. He returned thanks and counseled moderation and harmony. He said the most important questions would be forced on the consideration of this Convention. Some would be forced on it by the resolutions of the late Chicago Convention. He discussed briefly the Republican platform and accused that party of violating its own declarations against repudiation and unequal taxation. He then expressed solicitude for the soldiers and sailors, their endorers and widows and orphans. He accused the now dominant party of extravagant waste of public money; with tainting the national credit; impeding emigration by overwhelming the laborer with taxation and breaking the guarantee of republican liberty. He denied the assertion of the Republican Convention that the principles of the Declaration of Independence were sacred now on every inch of American soil, for in ten States of the Union, military power suppresses civil law. Gov. Seymour closed his address amid great cheering.

Tilden offered a resolution which was adopted, admitting delegates from the territories to honorary seats in the Convention. A large number of resolutions were presented and referred, including one to the effect that the banks of the nation are due Chief Justice Chase for his ability and impartiality in presiding over the Court of Impachment.

Also a resolution in favor of an increase of pay to soldiers and sailors by paying gold or its equivalent. A letter was received from Susan B. Anthony with great laughter, urging the claim of women to participate in elections.

A resolution was adopted that no steps be taken towards nominating a candidate until after the platform is adopted. The vote on the resolution was taken by States. A resolution was adopted endorsing the recent proclamation of amnesty. The Convention took a recess until 4 o'clock.

CHICAGO, July 4.—The President's Amnesty Proclamation is as follows, omitting numerous verbiage: "Now, therefore, be it known that I, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, do by virtue of the Constitution and in the name of the people of the United States, hereby proclaim that unconditionally and without reservation to all and every person who directly or indirectly participated in the late insurrection or rebellion, excepting such person or persons as may be under presentment or indictment in the United States Courts, or having competent jurisdiction upon charges of treason or other felony, full pardon and amnesty for the offense of treason against the United States or adhering to their enemies during the late civil war with the restoration of all rights except as to slaves, and except also, as to any property of which any person may have been legally divested under the laws of the United States." The proclamation is dated July 4.

NEW YORK, July 7.—The Convention was called to order at 10:40 A. M. Prayer was offered by Dr. Plummer, in the course of which he referred with feeling to the sudden death of Peter Caggar, a delegate to the Convention.

A delegate from Delaware submitted resolutions from Alex H. Stephens, of Georgia, which were read.

Richardson of Illinois moved that all resolutions hereafter submitted be referred without reading.

Murphy moved the previous question on adoption of the platform, which was carried, and the platform was adopted amid the wildest enthusiasm and cheering.

Bigler offered a resolution that the Convention now proceed to nominate a candidate for President. The motion was carried amid some confusion.

Seymour then explained the two thirds rule—being anxious that no misapprehension should arise. After a ballot was taken he invited discussion by the Convention, whether two thirds of the whole Convention or two thirds of the delegates voting should determine the ballot.

Richardson moved that two thirds of the delegates voting should determine. He denounced the two thirds rule as mischievous. Finally, however, he withdrew his motion, and the chair ruled that two thirds of all the delegates shall be necessary for a nomination.

The Convention then proceeded to receive nominations: Connecticut nominated Gov. English. Maine nominated Gen Hancock. New Jersey nominated Gov. Parker. New York nominated Sanford E. Church. Ohio nominated Geo H. Pendleton. Pennsylvania nominated Wm F. Parker. Tennessee nominated Andrew Johnson. Wisconsin nominated James B. Doolittle. Each nomination was accompanied by a brief speech, which was received with applause.

A delegate inquired whether nominations could be made after balloting had commenced. He was answered in the affirmative.

A communication was received from the Soldier's and Sailors' Convention, announcing the adoption of a resolution approving and endorsing the platform of the Democratic Convention.

NEW YORK, July 8.—The Convention

met at 10 A. M. The Hall was filled in every part. No prayer was offered.

The following was announced as the National Executive Committee: Alabama, John Forsyth; Arkansas, John M. Herrick; California, John Bigler; Connecticut, M. Copvers; Delaware, Saml. Townsend; Florida, Charles E. Dyck; Georgia, A. H. Collicutt; Illinois, Wilbur F. Storey; Indiana, Wm. Black; Iowa, Daniel D. First; Kansas, J. Eaton; Kentucky, Thomas C. McCreery; Louisiana, Joseph McConnelly; Maine, Sylvanus R. Lyman; Maryland, Odin Bowie; Massachusetts, Frederick O. Prince; Michigan, William A. A. Moor; Minnesota, C. W. Nash; Mississippi, C. E. Hooker; Missouri, Charles A. Stewart; Nevada, J. W. McCordle; New Hampshire, Henry Bingham; New Jersey, John M. Gregor; New York, August Belmont; North Carolina, Thomas Briggs; Ohio, John G. Thompson; Oregon, J. C. Hawthorne; Pennsylvania, Isaac E. Heister; Rhode Island, Gideon Bradford; South Carolina, Charles E. Simonton; Tennessee, John W. Sedgwick; Texas, John Hancock; Vermont, Henry B. Smith; Virginia, John Gord; West Virginia, John Hall; Wisconsin, Fred. W. Horne.

Fish, of Indiana, made a short speech and nominated Hendricks. He said the delegation had voted a reasonable time for Pendleton and thought they should still adhere to the gentleman from Ohio; and a minority of the delegates expressed the highest respect for Hendricks, but he said the State Convention had instructed the delegates to vote for Pendleton.

The roll was then called on the seventh ballot. Missouri and a portion of Tennessee voted for Pendleton whose name was vociferously cheered. A recess of 15 minutes was then taken.

On the eighth ballot Louisiana went over to Pendleton. At the conclusion of the roll New York withdrew the name of Church and cast a solid vote for Hendricks. This was received with frantic cheering mingled with hisses.

The remaining ballots showed little change till the twelfth, when California cast half a vote for Chase. There was long, continued applause in the galleries. A scene of confusion ensued. A motion was made to clear the galleries, but not acted on. Tennessee gave one vote for McClellan and the galleries applauded, though not so long as for Chase. Pennsylvania still kept voting solid for Asa Packer. A recess of 15 minutes was had.

On the ninth ballot; North Carolina voted solid for Hancock instead of Pendleton; Virginia went for Hancock, dropping Pendleton; California voted variously on different ballots; generally giving Pendleton 3. Oregon gave a solid vote for Pendleton.

On the fifteenth ballot Pennsylvania went solid for Hancock amid great cheers. This ballot stood, Pendleton 129; Hancock 79; Hendricks 82; Packer, Johnson and Doolittle, each received the same vote as before.

On the sixteenth ballot Arkansas changed from Pendleton to Hancock. Georgia gave 6; for Hancock. Louisiana and Mississippi left Pendleton and voted solid for Hancock. The result was Hancock 114; Pendleton 107; Hendricks 70. Several delegations retired for consultation.

On the 17th ballot Alabama changed from Pendleton to Hancock.

CHICAGO, July 8, 4 o'clock P. M.—On the thirteenth ballot, Pennsylvania went for Hancock. The ballot then stood: Pendleton, 129; Hendricks, 84; Hancock, 79.

On the 18th ballot, Pendleton 56; Hancock, 143; Hendricks, 87; Hoffman Mayor of New York, 3.

A row broke out in the Illinois delegation. Their chairman cast the vote solid for Hendricks. A delegate protested. Pending this row, the convention adjourned till to-morrow.

NEW YORK, July 9.—On the 22d ballot, Horatio Seymour, of New York, was nominated for President.

NEW YORK, July 7.—While Peter Caggar and John E. Devlin were riding in Central Park last night, their horses ran off and threw both gentlemen out of the vehicle. Caggar was found about midnight dead—his neck broken. Devlin is still unconscious and lies in a critical condition.

NEW YORK, July 7.—The Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention met at noon. Gen. Franklin was not present, owing to indisposition. Gen. Denver of California took the chair.

Slocum reported a resolution from the committee on platform, reciting that a nominal interchange had been had with the Democratic Convention which had fully confirmed our former estimate of the purity and patriotism of that body, and fully justified the belief that in the selection of candidates and construction of the platform, the Convention will be governed by the spirit of the address adopted by this body. Therefore.

Resolved, That we will support their nominees, and on our return home, will induce our late comrades in arms to do likewise.

Col. Campbell of Ohio, moved to lay the report of the Committee on the table. He was unwilling to endorse the Democratic platform or candidates without knowing what they were.

A scene of great confusion ensued, and the vote was finally taken by States, when Campbell's motion was lost, and

the report of the Committee adopted; only seven votes being in the negative.

General Ewing introduced a resolution favoring the preservation of the integrity of the national bank currency and the substitution of greenbacks, a policy favoring the few as against the many and tending to produce repudiation. Gen. Ewing supported his resolution in a lengthy speech.

A delegate from California raised a point of order that the resolution should go to the Committee without debate. A motion to suspend the rules and allow the resolution to be passed, was lost; 78 to 197; so the resolution went to the Committee.

The platform of the Democratic Convention was then read and received with applause, and a resolution accepting the platform unanimously passed.

General Buckner, late of the Confederate army, was called for and greeted with cheers: He said he wanted dead issues to be buried, as the brave soldiers on both sides had been buried, and both sections of the country united in unity and peace.

A resolution of thanks to the officers of the Convention was passed, and thereupon they adjourned sine die.

COAL EXPORTS

From Nantamoo, for the month ending June, 1868.

Table with columns: DATE, VESSEL, TONS, DESTINATION. Lists various coal shipments to Victoria, San Francisco, etc.

Shipping Intelligence.

PORT OF VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

ENTERED.

July 9—Stm Active, Floyd, Nantamoo. Stm Enterprise, Swanson, New Westminster. July 10—Stm Alice, Hunt, San Juan. Stm Lady Franklin, Pendleton, San Juan. Stm California, Winsor, San Francisco. July 11—Stm Margaret Brander, Nissen, Tahiti. Stm Alpha, Brennan, Nantamoo. Stm Lady Franklin, Pritchard, San Juan. Stm Eliza, Middleton, Saanich. Stm Hamley, Hollins, Nantamoo. Stm Ringleader, Bradley, San Juan. Stm Enterprise, Swanson, New Westminster. July 14—Stm Eliza Anderson, Finch, Port Townsend. Stm New World, Smith, San Francisco. Stm California, Winsor, Port Townsend. July 15—Brig Bryantine, St Clair, Alberni. Stm Neaneze, Rodd, China. Stm Kaituma, Stm Emily Harris, Frain, Nantamoo. July 16—Stm Lady Franklin, Pritchard, San Juan. Stm Enterprise, Swanson, New Westminster.

CLEARED.

July 9—Stm Enterprise, Swanson, New Westminster. Stm Active, Floyd, Portland. July 10—Brig Robert Cowan, Gardner, Honolulu. Stm Lady Franklin, Pritchard, San Juan. Stm Alice, Hunt, San Juan. July 11—Stm Mystery, Robinson, San Juan. Stm Alarm, Kendall, Comox. Stm Thurston, Warren, San Juan. Stm California, Winsor, Port Townsend. July 12—Stm Angelina, Kirk, Comox. Stm Alpha, Brennan, Nantamoo. Stm Eliza, Middleton, Saanich. Stm Favorite, McKay, Honolulu. Stm Enterprise, Swanson, New Westminster. July 14—Stm Eliza Anderson, Finch, Port Townsend. Stm New World, Smith, San Francisco. Stm California, Winsor, San Francisco. July 15—Stm Hamley, Hollins, Nantamoo. July 16—Stm Enterprise, Swanson, New Westminster.

PASSENGERS.

For stmr ELIZA ANDERSON from Puget Sound—Mrs & Miss Hastings, Mrs Sparrow, Mrs Miller, Miss Morgan, Messrs Gamble, Mumford, Haines, Lot, Lockman, Officers, Bellows, McCullin, Dalton, Leighton, Weber, 40 Indians. For stmr CALIFORNIA from San Francisco—Capt Tom Wright, Capt Leon Smith, O B Nicol and family, J L Jungermann, John Copland, Miss Anne Cobden, J A Quares, wife and child, Mrs Ashley, E Boyle, Capt Leonard, E B Arnold, Miss Moore, Phillip Mosey, Margaret Foley, Rev Father Golvett, D Turner, W F & Co's Messenger and 24 others.

CO-SIGNERS.

For stmr ELIZA ANDERSON, from Puget Sound—Reynolds & Co, Jackson, Murray, James, Black, Goldsmith, Fordham, Fish, of \$200 of \$200 of \$200. For stmr CALIFORNIA from San Francisco—Kwong Lee & Co, P McQuate, Tai Soong & Co, Grelley & Pittors, G Siro & Co, Millard & Beely, E Harrison, J Grantham, Bros, L & J Bosworth, A Cassinaway, Hudson Bay Co, J R Stewart, H Nathan, B S, Follows, Roscoe & Co, J J Langley & Co, G Siro, Hearn & Co, Capt Irving, H Nathan, Jun & Co, Yu Wo & Co, Julius Sontag, Spratt & Co, Cair & Graciani, Jas Cunningham, Thos Russell, T N Hibben & Co, W H Burt, R W & M, J D P, O Noleman, Bros, Walls, Fargo & Co, Lowe Bros, E B Arnold, Moore & Co, Adams & Co, J Copper, Vancouver Coal Co, Spiny Pike, E Searby, J A McKee, C H C, Bros, D & S, John Scott, J D, P, V P, F & D, Dr J W Powell, W S Peime.

IMPORTS.

Per bk MARGARET BRANDER, from Tahiti—20 bxs Arrowroot, 21 pkgs fungi, 20 lbs lime juice, 10,000 coconuts, 60,000 oranges, 19 bxs Secche DeMer; Consigned to Mission. For stmr ELIZA ANDERSON from Puget Sound—17 hd cattle, 10 hd cows and calves, 42 sheep, 20 m lambs, 20 lbs oil, 6 rolls leather, beef, &c.

GOODS ON THE WAY.

To Nantamoo—Per ship SHOOTING STAR—June 30—1 pump. Value \$50.

DIED.

In this City, on the 12th inst., Marie Camille Victore Aene, only daughter of George and Adole Beckinghaus, aged 2 years. In this City, on the 12th inst., Amelia F. Mansson, aged 8 years & 4 months. At New York, May 15th, 1868, Mary Fleming, aged 72 years, mother of Captain John Fleming, of the steamer Lillicoet.

TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS FOR THE REPAIR OF A Brick Church, on the Corner of Courtney and Gordon streets. Plans and Specifications may be seen at the office of Mr. Tiedemann, Architect, on and after Tuesday, the 14th inst. Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to noon, of Wednesday, the 22nd inst. The Building may be tendered for as a whole or in portions. The lowest, nor any tender not necessarily accepted. R. WALLIS, Chairman, St. Andrew's Church Building Committee, Victoria, 9th July, 1868.

WANTED.

Chairman, St. Andrew's Church Building Committee, Victoria, 9th July, 1868.

THE WEEKLY BRITISH COLONIST AND CHRONICLE. VOL. 9. HIGGINS, LO... Mr. Johnston, who... to Kootenay, arrived... on Monday evening, and... news from that distant... Colony. In the first... happy to announce the... the hydraulic pipe on... Creek is complete, and... as it will everywhere, a... lution. Dore & Co., in... their claim, are using... extended scale upon a... just previous to Mr. Jo... cleaned up \$1400 for the... touching nothing but... This result caused gre... and led to the whole hi... diately located, for no... joining claims, if wor... same system, will yield... and it is the intention... taking up the ground t... the same system. In... pay which hydraulizing... almost any ground, p... tains gold, it is also... the most effectual way of op... and by this means, ow... scope given to investig... Co. have conferred anot... the district, for they... been the means of findi... which formerly paid... impossible at present to... amount of pay Dore &... out when they clean up... tom dirt together; but... pression the result of... ment made, that adjo... which Mr. Johnston has... years ago for \$75, chan... great before he left for... greatest confidence... the immediate and perm... of Kootenay; and we... now it is shown what... pipe will do in this Col... in California, that the ex... followed in other places... also will experience a... At the same time our in... the old complaints of the... dition of the trails. On... himself had to go thro... ican territory, 175 m... reach Hope, the trail fro... hard to Wild Horse... utterly impossible. Ye... ought to be done immed... it repaired. Mr. Johnst... mense amount of goods... from Walls Walls and E... merchants in Kootenay... this trail at all passab... purchased in Victoria... to their destination... own territory. It does... too bad that our people... to trade with strangers... to ourselves. Owing t... taxes imposed upon pa... moment they cross the... on their way to Hope, th... of Kootenay merchants... purchase their goods fr... people, and in their... cause it would not pay... the trail from Fort She... Creek, being impassable... probably cost \$20,000... road, though it only ne... timber being removed,