4 P.M. EDITION

London Advertiser

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PUBLIC LIBRARY LONDON

France Names Fallieres To Succeed M. Loubet

Elected President of the French Republic by Substantial Majority Over M. Doumer.

Paris, Jan. 17. — M. Fallieres was elected President of the Republic. The vote was: M. Fallieres 446, M. Doumer 371.

The National Assembly met at 1 o'clock this afternoon in the congress hall of the royal palace at Versailles for the election of a president of the republic. The assembly consists nominally of 591 deputies and 300 senators, but owing to deaths, illness and the passage of some of the deputies to the senate, leaving their seats vacant, the number present was decreased to about 860, making 430 votes necessary to elect a new president. The greatest interest was manifested in the proceedings, which, however, were very prolonged, the members of the assembly voting in alphabetical order, those waiting their turn discussing excitedly the prospects of their favorites. Although several candidates were mentioned for the presidency, in succession to M. Loubet, the real contest is between M. Fallieres and M. Doumer. The former had the general support of the advanced Socialist and Radical groups, constituting the famous party which sustained the Combes ministry. M. Doumer, however, was a formidable opponent, his election to the presidency of the Chamber of Deputies last year, after breaking away from his former connection with the famous party previously referred to, giving the first blow to M. Combes.

FELL INTO VAT OF BOILING WATER

John Watson, a Laborer, May Die as Result of Accident at Tannery.

John Watson, a young laborer employed in the tannery of C. S. Hyman & Co., fell in a tank of boiling water about 7 o'clock last evening, and is now in St. Joseph's Hospital in a precarious condition.

Watson was working alone when the accident happened. He was employed at a vat containing hot water used to dissolve a substance used in tanning, the water being usually kept at a temperature of 160° Fahrenheit. In some unaccountable manner he slipped into the vat, and was not observed until he had succeeded in pulling himself half-way out. In his fearful plight Watson showed rare presence of mind. He kept his head above the water and tried to get out of the vat. In so doing he reached for a steam pipe, but the instant he touched it the flesh was burned off his hand, and he was forced to release his hold. Then he seized hold of the edge of the vat and continued his efforts to extricate himself. But the vat is five feet deep, and his strength was rapidly failing. Help arrived at this moment and Watson was pulled out of the vat without delay.

The ambulance was at once called and Watson was taken to St. Joseph's Hospital, where Dr. Thompson and the house surgeons dressed his injuries. He was found to be terribly scalded, and his arms and hands were frightfully burned by the steam pipe. He did not lose consciousness, however, and at the hospital it was found necessary to administer chloroform to ease his sufferings.

Watson spent a very good night, and this morning it was stated at the hospital that his chances of recovery are good. He is a young Scotchman, who has been in Canada about a year, having been employed at the tannery about two months. He has made his home with Mr. William McEwen, lot 19, con. 4, London Township.

A CHANCE FOR 'VARSITY

New Zealanders Would Play Canadian Team at Madison Square Garden.

New York, Jan. 17. — The New Zealand football team, which has been playing in Great Britain, has arranged to return to the antipodes by way of the United States, sailing from San Francisco on the Oceanic Company's steamer Sonoma, on Feb. 15. The New Zealanders expect to leave Southampton on the steamer New York, Jan. 20, and may arrange to play a match with a Canadian team at Madison Square Garden if some suitable date can be arranged.

Engineer Foote Dead.

Mexico City, Jan. 17. — George Foote, resident engineer of the old Vera Cruz Railroad, of which he was for some years general manager, is dead, at the age of 74 years. He was well known to American railwaymen. He was born in Dublin, Ireland, and was a member of the British Society of Civil Engineers.

Nothing In It.

Berlin, Jan. 17. — The foreign office calls the attention of the Associated Press to a dispatch, which asserts upon an excellent Paris authority that President Castro's attitude toward France is due to German intrigues. The foreign office says this is absolutely false. Germany has interfered by a single word in France's controversy with Venezuela.

REFUSED MONEY; KILLS MOTHER

A Claimant to Huge Estates Thought to Have Been Murdered by Her Son.

Philadelphia, Jan. 17. — Mrs. Anita De McMurrow, also known as the "Countess De Battencourt," 97 years old, once famous because of her claim to ownership of vast estates in Spain and Cuba of the value of $32,000,000, died at her home here yesterday under circumstances that warranted the coroner in instituting an investigation. Her son John has been detained by the police, pending the outcome of the coroner's inquiry. Mrs. McMurrow came into public notice in the early seventies, when she claimed to be the daughter of a rich Spanish grandee. During the centennial in 1876, when people from all over the world visited Philadelphia, she lavishly entertained distinguished guests of this and other countries. Some years later her claims having been scouted by some of those from whom she had received money, she was arrested on the charge of swindling. She was not convicted. In recent years she and her son lived in the house here where she died. Her neighbors said she always appeared well-to-do.

Late Monday night, neighbors heard screams in the house, and cries of murder. No one interfered. Later a servant summoned Dr. H. M. Hinkle, the family physician, who found her dead. An examination showed marks on her body and a bruise on her forehead. As she had been in good health when the physician last saw her, he deemed it wise to notify the coroner. An assistant deputy coroner started an investigation, and last night admitted he found evidence that the son had struck his mother. On the strength of this, the son was arrested. According to the coroner's deputy, the son had been drinking, and wanted money. The mother refused this, which enraged him, and he attacked her, it is alleged.

Dr. Hinkle said last night that Mrs. McMurrow was to have gone to New York yesterday to confer with Wm. Bushong, of that city, in regard to the claimed Cuban and Spanish estates. The physician said he and his wife knew the woman well, and had confidence in her claims. He had seen papers that acknowledged her claims to be just and legal. Mrs. McMurrow, he said, went to New York two or three times a year and received money.

Mrs. McMurrow came here from New York in the early sixties, and married a sailmaker. She is said to have another son living in New York.

CASTRO BARS TAIGNY

French Agent Broke Rule and Cannot Re-enter Venezuela.

Caracas, Monday, Jan. 15, via Port of Spain, Trinidad, Jan. 17.—M. Taigny, the French charge d'affaires, having gone on board the French Line steamer Martinique at La Guaira yesterday without legal permission, the Venezuelan authorities have prohibited his landing again in Venezuela and he must go to Colon.

U. S. IS PROFLIGATE, SAYS HILL; FORESEES STARVING MILLIONS

St. Paul, Jan. 17.—In a speech before the Commercial Club last night, James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern Railway, made some pungent observations regarding commercial conditions in the nation. "The nation at large," he said, "is prosperous. If we get down, however, to a close examination, we will readily see that the nation is living profligately. We are selling out our natural resources—exploiting them as fast as we can, without building up industries and trade relations to take their places when exhausted.

"It is only a question of time till our timber is exhausted. Our public domain is all gone, and the nation cannot longer boast that it has homes for all. Where are the immigrants rushing to our shores to end up? Not on the land. We have no more to offer them. They must crowd the cities.

"When this nation has 150,000,000 people, they will have to do something else than exploit natural resources to earn a living. We will eventually have to meet the commercial competition England is meeting today, and have to face such problems as she is now facing with 1,500,000 unemployed crying for bread, with no bread to feed, save as charity doles out to them."

Mr. Hill closed his addres with expressing a hope that steps would be taken to conserve the national resources, before it was too late, and to establish better trade relations, so that foreign markets might be had for the increasing output of our industries. He especially urged better trade relations with Canada.

BURNS ELECTED; LYTTLETON LOSES

Bannerman Continues to Roll Up Record Poll.

LIVERPOOL REMAINS UNIONIST

Further Discomfiture of Conservatives and the Enormous Labor Vote Features of Tuesday's Elections

London, Jan. 16.—The following is a summary of the political situation at midnight:

Total seats	670
Elections held	248
Liberals elected	131
Unionists	52
Laborites	28
Nationalists	37

In the last House for the same seats:

Liberals	60
Unionists	149
Laborites	2
Nationalists	37

London, Jan. 17. — The pollings today are the heaviest of the present elections. They affect 92 seats. Attention naturally centers in Joseph Chamberlain's contest in West Birmingham, but among the interesting candidates who today are defending their seats are Sidney Buxton, the postmaster-general, in the Poplar division of the Tower Hamlets; William St. John Brodrick, the former secretary of state for India, in the Guildford division of Surreyshire; Samuel Evans, Liberal, in the middle division of Glamorganshire, and Sir William Evans-Gordon, Conservative, in the Stepney division of the Tower Hamlets. Sir William is the author of the alien's exclusion bill, on account of which the Jews in Stepney are up in arms against him.

The present indications are that former Premier Balfour will not seek another seat in Parliament until after the elections, when one of the newly-elected members will probably retire in his favor, so as to allow Mr. Balfour to try to enter the House by means of a bye-election.

THE DAY'S POLLING.

John Burns Wins—Lyttleton Meets Defeat.

London, Jan. 16.—John Burns, president of the local government board, has been re-elected at Battersea by a majority of 1,800. Alfred Lyttleton, former secretary for the colonies, was defeated at Warwick.

The commercial heart of the kingdom remained faithful to the Unionist cause, the city of London returning A. G. H. Gibb and Sir Edward Clarke with enormous majorities, approximately 10,000 over their Liberal opponents.

Some of the other Conservative London districts, like Westminster, and provincial seats like Oxford, where the working class population is small, managed to retain Unionist representatives.

Otherwise today's story of the struggle is a repetition of yesterday's heavily-increased pollings of enormous

HON. ALFRED LYTTLETON, Colonial Secretary Under Balfour, Defeated in the British Elections.

labor votes and discomfiture of the Unionists, who did not gain a single seat in today's balloting, but lost 22 to the Liberals and Laborites.

The 247 seats already elected for the parliament are distributed as follows:

The solitary Unionist gain at Hastings, since the elections began, is met by a combined Liberal and Labor gain of 89 seats.

The elections in London and Liverpool have not gone so heavily in favor of the Liberals as did those at Manchester, but several seats were won in London and two in Liverpool.

In most cases, however, the Unionists retained their seats with greatly reduced majorities.

T. P. O'Connor (Nationalist) was re-elected for the Scotland division of Liverpool, while at Birkenhead also the Liberals gained a seat. The Liberals gained a seat at Edinburgh,

(Continued on Page Three.)

THE WRECKER.

A Party View of the British Elections.

LONDON'S CLAIMS TO HYGIENIC INSTITUTE BEFORE GOVERNMENT

Strong Deputation Gets Promise of Favorable Consideration from Premier Whitney.

The influential deputation, of which Londoners formed the moving spirits, waited on Premier Whitney and the Ontario cabinet in the Parliament Buildings, Toronto, today, in regard to the school of hygiene for London, and received the answer from the Premier that the Government would give the matter its favorable consideration.

The deputation consisted of the following: Mayor J. C. Judd, Ald. Matthews, Gerry and Forristal; S. Screaton (chairman), and James Mattinson, a member of the London hospital trust; A. White, president of the board of trade; William Gray, Dr. Drake, Dr. J. D. Wilson, Dr. C. Campbell, Dr. W. J. Stevenson, Dr. Moorhouse, dean of the Western Medical College; Dr. Waugh, registrar; Dr. McCallum, Dr. English (chairman of the board of health), Dr. MacArthur, Dr. Graham, Dr. Roome ex-M. P., London; Dr. Gibson, Watford; Dr. McKay, Ingersoll, and Dr. Robertson, Stratford.

Hon. Adam Beck introduced the deputation and explained the project to the Premier. He was followed by Mayor Judd, who went into the matter fully.

Premier Whitney, after the deputation presented a detailed statement so that the Government would have something in black and white to go on, said he would be prepared to give the matter favorable consideration.

He intimated that the school was on an entirely different status to a school or university which was supported by a sectarian body. The policy of the Government was to support institutions that were absolutely provincial and non-sectarian in character.

The deputation was entirely satisfied with the reception accorded them by the Premier and his colleagues.

The entire cabinet was present except Attorney-General Foy.

Speaking of the proposed school the Globe says today: "The institution, it is urged, should be under the entire control of and maintained by the Government, and should have a staff of twelve professors, experts in pathology, sanitary science, and chemistry. The idea is that medical men, particularly health officers, should be able to take a post graduate course at the school, thus avoiding the necessity of going to France, Germany, England, or one of the several states across the border, where hygiene is now receiving much attention. The school would also be largely used as a bacteriological institution for the general welfare of the western section of Ontario, serving in this respect the same purpose that the medical college at Kingston now serves for the eastern section."

Local Speculators Lose By Dever & Co.'s Failure

Will Drop in the Neighborhood of $10,000—One Person Out $1,300.

London speculators have dropped a nice little pile by the failure of the stock broking firm of W. F. Dever & Co. on Saturday. The failure created not a little interest in the city.

The concern's head office is in Buffalo, and it has some 80 branches in Canada and New York State. Its correspondents in this city are Messrs. Charles Abbott and N. S. Williams, and through these men it has done considerable business here. Speculators in Guelph, Galt and several other smaller places throughout Ontario will also suffer, some of them heavily, while it is said that as much as $50,000 was dropped in Toronto, although one broker thought the sum would not go over $10,000.

The local brokers interested have not been officially notified of the failure as yet. To The Advertiser they admitted that there was no doubt about the failure, however, and they stated that their clients here would not lose more than perhaps $4,000 or $5,000, though the sum might reach $10,000.

Furthermore, the losses will be more than covered by the gains that have been made during recent months by the firm's customers.

One local speculator is known to have dropped $1,300 in the affair, and another $600. Several others have lost smaller sums.

THE WEATHER.

Tomorrow—Snow or Rain.

London, Wednesday, Jan. 17.

Sun rises..7:47 a.m. Moon rises..12:00 a.m.
Sun sets...5:09 p.m. Moon sets...11:50 a.m.

Toronto, Jan. 16—8 p.m.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Dawson, 46 below—24 below; Atlin, 22 below—8 below; Victoria, 38—42; Edmonton, 14 below—2; Calgary, 6 below—22; Winnipeg, 4 below—2; Port Arthur, 12—16; Toronto, 32—36; Ottawa, 26—40; Montreal, 28—40; Quebec, 20—38; St. John, 20—42; Halifax, 10—38.

FORECASTS.

Toronto, Jan. 17—8 a.m.
Today—Fair and a little colder today.
Thursday—Light snow or rain.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations.	8 a.m.	Min.	Weather.
Calgary	10	8	Fair
Winnipeg	0	4	Fair
Toronto	20	28	Snow
Ottawa	16	16	Fair
Montreal	26	36	Fair
Quebec	32	32	Snow
Father Point	32	30	Rain

WEATHER NOTES.

Light snowfalls have occurred in Ontario and in the Northwest, and rain in the Maritime Provinces. The weather remains cold in the Northwest and it has

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the local observatory for the 24 hours ended at 8 p.m. Tuesday were: Highest, 45°; lowest, 28° above.

BORE WIFE THROUGH FIRE

Superintendent of M. C. R. Ferries at Windsor Burned Out.

Windsor, Jan. 17.—Fire last night destroyed the residence of Capt. James Innes, superintendent of M. C. R. car ferris. Captain Innes and his wife had a narrow escape, the latter being carried out by her husband. The loss will be $7,000.

NEW ENGINES ARRIVING

One a Week Turned Over to G. T. R. for Main Line Service.

During the past few weeks the Grand Trunk has received eight mogul engines for the freight service on the main line between Sarnia Tunnel, Niagara Falls, Fort Erie and Toronto. The locomotives are of a different type from the 800-class in use for a year or two past, and they are capable of hauling a greater load.

Seven additional engines are yet to be delivered. These will be turned out at the rate of one every week.

CONSERVATIVES MAY STAY AWAY FROM SCHOOL BOARD

Meeting Called for This Afternoon—Some Trustees Undecided as to What Course They Will Pursue.

A meeting of the board of education has been called for this afternoon at 4:30, and from the replies received by an Advertiser reporter it looks as though there will be no quorum.

Dr. English is in Toronto with the deputation which is waiting on the Ontario Government in regard to the school of hygiene for London, and Mr. E. J. MacRobert is away on business.

Dr. Teasdall said he had made a previous engagement, but would be present at the meeting if he could overcome the engagement. Mr. McCormick and Mr. Fitzgerald could not say anything in regard to what they intended to do.

On the face of it, this looks like a move to block the business of the board, though it is possible better counsels will prevail and the members who are in the city will attend the meeting. If even one of the Conservatives should put in an appearance the deadlock would be speedily broken, as six members form a quorum.

Chairman Strong stated that he felt the Conservatives will be making a grave mistake if they stay away from the meeting. Time and again the meeting has been put off to accommodate one or other of the trustees, and now matters have come to a pass where, in the public interests, the board must be organized in order to carry on the business of the schools. Mr. Strong added that he was not absolutely certain that all the Liberals would be on hand, as at least one of them had a very pressing engagement for this afternoon, but if a proper spirit is shown by all, a quorum will be present and the business of the citizens will be transacted. The notices were sent out at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

The chairman has been very careful as to the reading of the notice calling the meeting for this afternoon.

The notice is in strict accordance with the law, and says that the meeting is called "to consider and dispose of the motions hereinafter set out, which were made at the meeting of the said board of education, held on Thursday, Jan. 4, 1906.

"The motions referred to are the following:

"Moved by Dr. English, seconded by Mr. McCormick, that No. 1 committee of the board consist of the following members: Messrs. Fitzgerald, Tillmann, MacRobert and Westervelt; and that No. 2 committee consist of the following members: Messrs. Teasdall, McCormick, Gammage and English.

"Moved in amendment by Mr. Gammage, seconded by Mr. Westervelt, that No. 1 committee consist of Messrs. Westervelt, Weekes, Teasdall and Fitzgerald, and that No. 2 committee consist of Messrs. Gammage, Tillmann, MacRobert, McCormick and English.

"And also to complete the appointment of the standing committees of the board and their chairmen.

"And also to elect the representatives of the board on the Western Fair board, and a member of the public library board.

"And to attend to general business."

BYLAW BROKEN AT THE GRAND?

So the Fire Chief Claims—He Says the Exit Lights Were Out.

City Engineer Graydon and Fire Chief Clark have taken Manager Turton, of the Grand Opera House, to task for the lack of lamps in the theater, which are necessary in case anything goes wrong with the electric light.

Monday night the fire chief was in the house, and he says the lights went out for a period of between fifteen and twenty minutes, during the performance of Viola Allen. The trouble was caused by the blowing out of a fuse, which, the chief says, left the theater, as well as the office, in darkness. All the lights over the exits also went out, and if a stampede had occurred the consequences would have been serious.

With the city engineer, the chief went over the bylaws, and it was found that every theater must be equipped with lamps, which shall be filled with fish-oil, and kept burning during every performance, in the passage-ways.

Mr. Turton has replied to the letters of the city engineer on the subject, and he states that the house is equipped with an auxiliary lighting plant. This, the fire chief denies, and he says that on Monday night the performance was continued through the use of a spot-light only. The spot-light is all right for the stage, but it could not be used to light the passage-ways or back of the house.

Mr. Graydon and the chief declare that the lives of the people must be protected at all costs, and they are still after the manager of the Grand.

CLAIM INFRINGEMENT

Injunction Taken Out Against a St. Thomas Druggist.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Toronto, Jan. 17.—Messrs. Scott and Bowne, of New York, through N. W. Rowell, K.C., today obtained an injunction against N. M. Duncombe, druggist, St. Thomas, and his wife, T. H. Duncombe, to prevent him continuing the sale of an emulsion of cod liver oil, which Scott and Bowne claim is an infringement on their article, and is manufactured in Hamilton, Ont. Duncombe consented to the injunction.

TO DETHRONE KING PETER

Military and Political Conspiracy Discovered in Servia.

Budapest, Jan. 17. — A dispatch to the Hirlaps from Belgrade says that a military and political conspiracy has been discovered to dethrone King Peter and to elect Princh Joachim, the sixth son of Emperor William, king of Servia, in his stead. The conspirators hoped by this to pave the way for German influence in the Balkans and to promote a Balkan league.

COMMITTEE WILL GET REAL BUSY

Manufacturers' Body Beginning to Reach Out for Some New Industries.

The manufacturers' committee, with Ald. Wyatt as chairman, is beginning to reach out for new industries. The chairman believes in the efficacy of printers' ink, and it is not improbable that a move to systematically advertise the city this year will be made by the committee.

"If people only knew what we have to offer they would come here without any trouble," Ald. Wyatt said today. "For example, not many people know the value of the L. and P. S. R. to London, but it really means that London has cheap freight rates in spite of any combination of the railroads. Mr. John McClary once told that it was the city's line of railway to the lake which kept his firm in London, and so long as the city controls the line, it insures to the shippers of London a fair freight rate on all the roads."

Principal Kirk, of Aberdeen school, has sent a very valuable communication to the manufacturers' committee, and it is likely that it will be printed by the manufacturers' committee and distributed among manufacturers who may be looking for a site in Canada. The communication covers in a comprehensive manner the opportunities London offers as a manufacturing center, pointing out the industries now in the city, and those that London needs badly, and would be very willing to help. Some of the latter are a wagon factory, a canning factory, and a vitrified brick plant, London having plenty of clay is the neighborhood to accommodate such an industry as the last-mentioned.

Mr. Kirk also draws attention to the fact that London's progress is steady, and that at its present rate of growth it will be a city of over 100,000 in a very few years.

HER WEDDING GOWN

Satan Brocade With Rare Old Lace For Miss Alice Roosevelt.

New York, Jan. 17. — Quite a large number of the gowns for Miss Alice Roosevelt's wedding outfit are being made in Baltimore, according to a dispatch to a morning paper from that city. The wedding gown is to consist of a heavy white satin brocade being made in an American silk factory of a design originated for the President's daughter. The old lace belonging to the Lee family, of New England, Miss Roosevelt's mother's family, will be used in the trimming of the wedding gown.

Yesterday several of the gowns were sent to Washington for the prospective bride's inspection. Among them is the traveling dress of pale gray broadcloth. For this dress an exquisite set of furs is being made of silver fox, with a turban of the same fur. There is also a white satin evening dress combined with chiffon and real lace, and one of palest sea foam green over green silk.

144,618 IMMIGRANTS LAST YEAR.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 17. — For the year ending December last there was an increase of immigration of 10,395, as compared with the year previous.

The arrivals for the year 1905 were: British 64,863, continental 35,331, and United States 44,424, making a total of 144,618, as compared with 134,223 for 1904. The prospects are that the returns for 1906 will be greater than for the past year.