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London Advertiser

SAVING one's money by not doing necessary advertising in conducting business is like saving it by starving to death

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FAR EAST ROADS DRY AGAIN; JAP COLUMNS RUSH FORWARD

Appear To Be Combining For Heavy Assault On Liao Yang---Russians Are Puzzled.

ST. PETERSBURG HEARS OF VICTORY AT PT. ARTHUR

St. Petersburg, July 8. — 1:25 p.m.—With the return of three days' fine weather drying the roads at the theater of war, the military authorities here are once more inclined to believe in the probability of heavy fighting and of a general engagement. The Japanese column appear again to be rushing forward at all points, but the strategic plans of the Japanese, as well as the local scene of their main forces, and the places where their chief blow will be struck, whether at Kai Chou, Hai Cheng, Liao Yang, or even at Mukden, are still puzzling the Russian authorities. In a general way the Japanese seem to be withdrawing their strength southwest of Kai Chou and Liao Yang, but to be maintaining it northeast, as if contemplating a combined attack on Tai Tche Kiao and Liao Yang. The success of the Japanese flanking operations is disconcerting the Russians.One by one the passes in the mountains, which the Russians had fortified in advance at infinite pains, have been attacked by the Japanese, who have always managed by trails not marked on the maps to circumvent the Russians.

A Russian Victory.

St. Petersburg, July 8. — 1:32 p.m.—It is reported in a special dispatch from Liao Yang, under yesterday's date, that a persistent rumor is current there to the effect that a naval engagement has occurred at Port Arthur, in which 21 Japanese warships participated, resulting in a Russian victory.

A similar report was current at Liao Yang, July 5, the location of the engagement then being given as northward of Gensan, Korea.

The Baltic Fleet.

St. Petersburg, July 8. — 1:20 p.m. — Advices say the Baltic squadron will sail from Cronstadt July 28, under sealed orders. Complete mystery enshrouds its destination. It is said that the order for the division will be opened at five days' intervals. Whether the warships are bound at once to the far east in advance of the other ships may depend upon naval developments at the seat of war, but it seems unlikely that the division will start on its long journey until the other ships are ready. It is understood the division will include the armored cruiser Admiral Nashimoff, the battleship Oslia-bia, and Alexander III., the protected cruiser Aurora, and possibly the battleship Navarin and the transport Kamchatka. Great stacks of charts were put on board the Admiral Nakhimoff, the Oslibia and the Aurora yesterday. The general naval situation with the other Port Arthur squadron ready for sorties at will, and the Vladivostock squadron embarrassing the Japanese transports' plans, compelling the constant presence of Vice-Admiral Kamimura in the Sea of Japan, is considered to have much improved. There is elation everywhere over the latest successful cruise of the latter.

Small Craf. Failed.

St. Petersburg, July 8. — The admiralty expresses astonishment at the failure of the Japanese torpedo flotilla to drive home its attack on the Vladivostock squadron under the favorable circumstances detailed in the dispatches received from Vladivostock yesterday. The admiralty thinks the Japanese missed a fine oppporunity through flinching at the last moment. It is a matter of general comment at the admiralty that notwithsanding the energy and activity displayed by the Japanese torpedo craft, not since the attack at the opening of the war when the Russians claim they were taken off their guard, have the Japanese torpedo attacks sunk a Russian warship. With 30 Japanese ships engaged in 8 attacks, without counting that of June 23, no Russian ship has been destroyed, indicating how difficult it is for torpedo boats to cope with battleships or cruisers, when the latter are prepared. This is considered to be a lesson of the war and as vindicating Russia's decision to continue her naval programme for the construction of heavy ships.

Viceroy Alexieff has confirmed a long list of decorations on the subordinate officers of the Vladivostock squadron, the captains have already been decorated by the Emperor. Although no official announcement to this effect has been made, it is believed the Vladivostock squadron returned to port several days ago.

Kuroki Advancing.

St. Petersburg, July 8, 1:30 p.m. — A special dispatch from New Chwang dated yesterday says Gen. Kuroki is advancing all along the line, and adds that Japanese officers are organizing Chinese bandit bands throughout the Liao Valley for an attack on Mukden.

Cholera in Manchuria.

Washington, July 8. — A cable report from United States Minister Allen, at Seoul, points to the existence of a great danger to both belligerents in Manchuria. He says that he has learned from a missionary surgeon that cholera has crossed Manchuria, and appeared at An Tung.

To Garrison Port Arthur.

Liao Yang, Thursday, July 7. — In the recent night attack at Hoi Han the Japanese lost 200 killed and 500 wounded.

Liao Yang, Thursday, July 7. — Gen. Kuroki, talking to a Russian officer who had been taken prisoner, said the Japanese intended to take possession of all Southern Manchuria, establishing themselves at Port Arthur and Yin Kow (the port of New Chwang), which it is proposed to fortify and garrison with large bodies of troops, and with long range artillery. If the Russians recaptured these places, Gen. Kuroki declared, it would be at the cost of an enormous amount of money and 800,000 fresh troops from Europe.

MORPHINE KILLS PARKHILL GIRL

Believed to Have Suicided After Quarrel With Lover at Detroit.

Detroit, Mich., July 8. — A girl whose name is said to be Gertie Cays, but who lived under an assumed name, died yesterday afternoon at the Emergency Hospital, from the effects of a heavy dose of morphine taken, it was supposed, as the result of a quarrel with a soldier-lover from Fort Wayne. Just as the girl was being removed from her room to the hospital, a postman delivered a letter from the girl's parents, who live near Parkhill, Ont., asking her to come home as her sister was dying and her mother was sick.The girl's body was taken to a morgue and her parents notified.

TRACED WIFE WITH TUNE

Unique Method by Which Musician Found Runaway Spouse.

West New York, N. J., July 8.—Anthony Sperner, a professional guitar player, who lives in East Sixteenth street, New York City, went through Adams street, this place, playing an air from the opera "Romeo and Juliet" on his guitar, in the hope that the music would reach his wife, who eloped some time ago from New York. The opera had always been a favorite with his wife. While playing Sperner kept his eyes on each house as he passed, and soon he saw the face of his wife appear at a window in one of the houses. The face only remained for a moment and then was withdrawn.

Sperner immediately went to the office of Recorder Murphy, who issued a warrant for the arrest of the woman and the man with whom she disappeared. A policeman returned to the house with Sperner to serve the warrants, but the couple had disappeared over the back fence.

A DRAFT TREATY HAD BEEN SIGNED

Blue Book Tells of Govt's Helplessness as to Boundary Commission.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, Ont., July 8.—The blue book containing Alaska boundary correspondence was presented to Parliament today. It contained little that has not already been given to the public. Correspondence shows that when Canada was protesting against the character and personnel of the commission the Dominion Government learned through the public press that a draft treaty had been signed at Washington, so that there was nothing left for it but for the Dominion Government to do what was necessary to carry out the engagements of the British Government.

CHURCHILL ON TARIFFS

He is Opposed to Premier Balfour's Policy of Retaliation.

London, July 8.—Mr. Winston Churchill, who is now the prospective Liberal and free trade candidate for East Manchester, has been speaking again at Manchester this week on the fiscal question Assuming, he said, we support the Government, whose Premier is for retaliation, we should resent the idea of turning everything upside down because even now, with corn laws repealed, England could at any time retaliate if Parliament decided it to be necessary. And if retaliation were entered upon, against whom shall we retaliate? Germany might be the first, but Germany's average tariff is 30 per cent, whereas Russia's is 130 per cent, and America's is 70 per cent on the average. If we retaliate against Germany we must do the same against all other foreigners, and thus we should have a return to wholesale protection. Thus it is made evident that retaliation, if we want it, can be carried by the House of Commons vote in any particular case, is applicable now. And if this idea of Mr. Balfour's is distinguished from Mr. Chamberlain's, the practical result is the same either way, whether we have protection or retaliation.

NINETEEN MORE SAVED

Another Lot of Norge Survivors Are Picked Up by Sailing Ship.

Scotland, July 8. — Nineteen more survivors of the wrecked Danish steamer Norge, picked up from a boat by a sailing ship, have been landed at Porshavn, Faroe Islands.

DR. CHAMBERLAIN CHOSEN

Will Be Liberal Standard-Bearer for Dundas County.

Morrisburg, Ont., July 8.—Dr. T. F. Chamberlain, inspector of prisons and asylums in Ontario, an ex-resident of Morrisburg, was chosen yesterday at Winchester Springs as the Liberal candidate to contest Dundas County for the House of Commons at the next general election. The convention was one of the largest ever held in the Liberal interests of Dundas, delegates from all parts of the county being present.

BRITISH TROOPS TO LEAVE TIBET

Went in Reluctantly at Curzon's Wish, Says a Washington Dispatch.

Washington, July 8.—The inquiries of the state department into the object of the British Tibetan expedition appears to have developed the rather curious fact that the British home Government was lukewarm, if not absolutely indifferent, in the matter of sending Col. Younghusband's expedition toward Lhassa. Indeed, it is said here that Col. Younghusband was allowed to go forward only to save the pride of Viceroy Curzon. The latter fancied that he had not been treated with proper consideration by the half-wild Tibetans, and failing to secure what he deemed due official recognition of the representatives of the Indian Government sent by him into Tibet, he appealed to the home Government for an armed escort to secure proper treatment for his envoys, and the home Government reluctantly assented.

It is said here that the British Government already has indicated its willingness to withdraw this expedition as soon as it can obtain from the Tibetans pledges of freedom of trade between the two countries and official recognition of the right of the British Government to exercise its functions in Tibet.

PREFERENCE GIVEN TO SOUTH AFRICA

Benefits of Our Tariff Extended to New Colonies.

PROSPECTS BRIGHT FOR TRADE

Exports Last Year Amounted to $1,931,541 --List of Articles to Come Under Preference.

Ottawa, July 8. — The Governor-General has approved of an order-in-council adding the Cape of Good Hope, Natal, Orange River, the Transvaal and Southern Rhodesia to the list of British colonies entitled to the benefits of the British preferential tariff in Canada, dating from 1st of July, instant. This is in return for the preference extended by the South Africa customs union convention to Canada. On certain specified articles the South African preference amounts to 2½ per cent, which is the whole ad valorem duty. These articles are: Acids, bolts, nuts and rivets, chain, cranes and elevators, belting, hoes, machinery, electrical and otherwise, electric cables, piping and tubing, railway supplies of all kinds, including steel rails, sleepers, traction engines, tramway construction supplies, wire and wire netting for fencing, and wire rope. In the case of other articles imported under an ad valorem duty the preference is 25 per cent. As the ad valorem duty is 10 per cent, the duty on articles from Canada will be 7½ per cent.

Our exports to British Africa last year amounted to $1,931,541. For the calendar year 1902 the imports via the Cape of Good Hope were $166,000,000. Via Natal for the same year the imports were $76,000,000. The United States sent in via the Cape of Good Hope in 1902 goods to the amount of $16,000,000. By way of Natal the value of the goods from the United States were $6,000,000. The class of goods we export to South Africa are bicycles, flour, chairs, agricultural implements, cotton, lumber, doors, sashes and blinds, household furniture, dairy products, musical instruments, carriages and harness, hay, condensed milk and provisions. With the aid of the preference and the direct line of steamers established by the Ottawa Government between the Dominion and South Africa, Canada ought to enjoy considerably the best of it in commercial competition with the United States.

HOT EXCHANGE IN COMMITTEE OVER PEACE RIVER COUNTRY

Members Fall Out Over Mr. Macoun's Report — Looked Like Fisticuffs.

[Special to The Advertiser.]

Ottawa, Ont., July 8.—The agricultural and colonization committee had a lively meeting this afternoon. It looked for a time as the word "slander" was being thrown around, that there was to be a free fight. Mr. F. B. Wade, K.C., was referred to by Mr. Cochrane as "fools like you." Fortunately for the good name of the committee the cooler minds prevailed, and there was no personal violence.

What caused all this trouble was the report which the sub-committee presented in reference to the J. L. Macoun evidence on the Peace River country. The report of the sub-committee was to the effect that Mr. Macoun's conclusions were not warranted by the time he spent in the country. It is also said that his evidence contradicted his own report. The sub-committee, therefore, recommended that the evidence should be published and the report suppressed on the ground that it contradicted statements of Dr. Dawson and other leading authorities who had visited and reported upon the country. In view of all these considerations the sub-committee reported that the Government send out immediately an exploration party of qualified and reliable men to make a report upon the Peace River country. The Opposition members, led by Mr. Blain and Dr. Sproule, argued that the report was a reflection upon the Government that published the Macoun report. Mr. Blain said that Hon. William Ross had been repudiated by his chief, Mr. Alexander Mackenzie and retired from the Government.

"It is a base slander," retorted Mr. Ross. "I left upon the best of terms with my leader, who gave me the best position he had in his gift at the time."

Mr. Blain repeated his statement and Dr. Kendall called out with some warmth. "Blain, you are a slanderer."

"Am I?" replied Blain.

"Yes," came the quick retort. "You are a low slanderer." Committee adjourned without doing anything.

3 ASSAULTERS ARRESTED

New Jersey Negroes Have Confessed to Atrocious Crime.

Philadelphia, July 8. — Through the good work of the New Jersey and Pennsylvania authorities, coupled with fortunate circumstances, all the negroes implicated in the assault on Mrs. Charles Biddle at her home near Burlington, N. J. on Tuesday, are now under arrest. Aaron Timbers, the leader of the attacking party, and Jonas Sims are in the Lancaster County (Pa.) jail, having been captured in Columbia, near Lancaster; Wm. Austin is in Moyamensing prison here, and Thos. Jones is in the Burlington County jail at Mt. Holly. All have confessed. The machinery of the law for the transfer of the three men in Pennsylvania jails to New Jersey has already been set in motion.

For fear that the citizens of Burlington County might take the law into their own hands the authorities of that county have promised a speedy trial for the accused men. Public clamor for vengeance was increased when it became known that Mrs. Biddle has collapsed under the strain. She lapsed into semi-consciousness, coming to her senses only to go into a series of spasms. The family physician was in attendance most of the day. At one time her condition was so serious that it was deemed best to send for all the relatives of the family. She is somewhat improved tonight.

Driven to Suicide.

Denver, Col., July 9.—W. H. Morgan, assayer and president and general manager of the Grouse Mountain Gold Mining Company, has been found dead in a lodging house in this city. He had committed suicide. He was one of the first deported from Cripple Creek. Letters left by him show that he had been threatened. Morgan was an employer of union labor.

Six Killed By Waterspout.

Oklahoma City, O. T., July 8. — A waterspout, accompanied by terrific wind, passed through Clinton, Oklahoma, and vicinity, at midnight Wednesday night, in which six persons were killed and several injured.

Reports from Araphaie, Weatherford, Geary, Cordell, Anadarko and other points in Western Oklahoma tell of great damage by flood.

Restaurant Aboard.

London, July 7. — The Hamburg-American Steamship Company is about to add to its fleet a vessel of 25,000 tons, to be built at Stettin, and another of 22,000, to be built by Harland & Wolff, of Belfast. The former steamer will be fitted with a restaurant, where passengers not caring for the table d'hote, can order meals when they please, paying separately for their passage and meals.

Anglesey's Paste Jewels.

London, Friday, July 8.—The Daily Mail says that experts have examined the jewelry of the Marquis of Anglesey, against whom proceedings in bankruptcy have been started, and discovered that the alleged gems are mostly paste, but of exquisite workmanship. The valuers who estimated the worth of the jewelry at £170,000 were deceived. The experts say it is worth £40,000.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Tomorrow—Showery.

London, Friday, July 8.

Sun rises..4:44 a.m. Moon rises..1:13 a.m.
Sun sets...8:01 a.m. Moon sets...3:37 p.m.

Toronto, July 7—8 p.m.

With the exception of scattered showers near the shores of Lake Erie and in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, the weather in Canada today has been fair. It has continued warm in the Northwest Territories, and warmer conditions are spreading over Manitoba.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Port Simpson, 42—64; Victoria, 58—66; Kamloops, 60—76; Qu'Appelle, 50—82; Winnipeg, 44—72; Saugeen, 54—78; Toronto, 58—74; Ottawa, 52—82; Montreal, 58—78; Quebec, 50—80; St. John, 58—74; Halifax, 54—78.

FORECASTS.

Friday, July 8—8 a.m.

Today—Moderate easterly winds; fine and warm.

Saturday—Easterly winds and showery.

TEMPERATURES.

Stations.	8 a.m.	Min.	Weather.
Winnipeg	66	52	Clear
Parry Sound	66	52	Clear
Toronto	70	56	Clear
Ottawa	70	54	Fair
Montreal	72	60	Clear
Quebec	66	56	Clear
Father Point	52	52	Cloudy

WEATHER NOTES.

The weather is now fine and warm throughout the Dominion. In Manitoba the temperature will probably be much higher, with continued fine weather.

The highest and lowest readings of the thermometer at the local observatory for the 24 hours ended at 8 p.m. Thursday were: Highest, 76°; lowest, 61°.

THE SOO DIRECTORS

Are Holding Sessions for Appointment of General Manager.

Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., July 8.—Directors of the Lake Superior Company returned yesterday from Michipicoten, where they went on Tuesday evening. There they looked over the railway properties and visited the Helen iron mine, but not Grace mine, on account of lack of transportation facilities. After their return the directors began meeting and held sessions afternoon and evening. Late last night Mr. N. W. Rowell, K. C., announced to your correspondent there was nothing yet to give out. Meetings are to be continued today, with the appointment of a general manager yet to be made, and the plan for the operation of the industries to be adopted. The directors expect to leave on Saturday noon for the east.

TWO JAP SHIPS WERE DESTROYED

Admiral Skrydloff Thinks Mikado's Navy Met With Reverses at Sea.

London, July 8.—A dispatch to a news agency from St. Petersburg says Vice-Admiral Skrydloff has reported that on July 3 the Russian cruisers commanded by Vice-Admiral Bezobrazoff met a Japanese squadron consisting of three battleships, four protected cruisers and torpedo boats. The Japanese pursued the Russians, the battleships and cruisers firing on them without result. The Japanese torpedo boats then attacked the Russian ships, which returned the attack, and Admiral Bezobrazoff believes that two of the enemy's torpedo boats were sunk by the Russian fire. The next morning the Japanese had disappeared. The Russians sustained no damage.

Admiral Skrydloff also reports, the news agency dispatch continues, that Russian torpedo boats have again visited Gensan, burned a tug and a schooner and destroyed numerous other boats. Japanese troops fired at the torpedo boats, which replied. The Japanese sustained no losses.

BOBRIKOFF'S MURDER

Father and Two Professors Taken to Russia.

London, July 8. — Helsingfors advices state that on Monday General Schaumann, father of Eugene Schaumann, the slayer of Governor Bobrikoff, was conveyed to St. Petersburg. Dr. Estlander and Prof. Marion, teachers in the university, Alfthan, a bank official, and Gummerus, a library assistant, have been arrested. It is supopsed that Schaumann will be examined in reference to the assassination. The others will be "forwarded to Russia."

TO BREAK HURRAH RECORD

Flag 60 Feet Long Is To Be Used at St. Louis.

St. Louis, July 8. — The managers of this convention have procured the great American flag, 60 feet long on the fly, which was used at the Kansas City convention four years ago to stir up the enthusiasm when Bryan was renominated.

This year it is in hiding, but it was said yesterday that when the proper time comes it will be unfurled and allowed to float before the eyes of the delegates.

There is a good deal of curiosity as to the means that will be adopted to keep the enthusiasm up for a length of time sufficient to make it possible for the nominee's friends to say in the campaign that he was cheered longer in the national convention than any candidate was ever cheered before.

Each year the cheering has to be prolonged, and each year the task becomes more and more difficult. However, the delegates to this convention are a lot of howlers, and they may be depended upon to do the best that they can for the man who gets the prize.

NO BRIBE OFFERED

Pavement Question Causes Squabble With Windsor Ratepayers.

Windsor, Ont., July 8. — At a meeting of ratepayers held last night Dr. Carney, city physician, was accused of having stated through the public press that a bribe had been offered him for his influence in the pavement question.

R. Bangham, representing the Ontario Asphalt Block Company, of Walkerville, who was present at the meeting, stated his company had made no offers to Dr. Carney for his influence.

The ratepayers have been squabbling over the material to be used in the pavement. A committee was selected last night to report on the matter and Dr. Carney himself was placed upon it.

CHANGES IN DUTIES

Mr. Fielding Gives Notice of More Amendments to Act.

Ottawa, July 8. — The Minister of Finance yesterday gave notice of resolutions for the imposition of an excise duty of $1 90 a gallon or less on alcohol manufactured from sugar, syrup, molasses or other saccharine matter, and a duty of 2½ cents a pound on malt flour or malt imported into Canada and ground. The duty on alcohol distilled from molassas will be the same as that on alcohol distilled from grain. The malt flour is used by the brewers in substitution for malt. The resolutions take effect July 8.

Got Away With $20,000.

City of Mexico, July 8. — A daylight robbery, in which the robbers secured $20,000 in gold, has caused great excitement. The robbers engaged a room in the Maison Doree, and cut a hole through the wall into an adjoining building. Then the robbers cut a hole through the floor into the money exchange and cleared out the place during the siesta hour.

BRYAN SCORES AT ST. LOUIS; HAS GOLD PLANK REMOVED

The Apostle of Silver Also Succeeds in Having Tariff Resolutions Modified in Committee.

LIBERAL TRADE TREATY WITH CANADA RECOMMENDED

St. Louis, July 8. — When the national Democratic convention reassembled for the third day's session today, it was hoped by the leaders that the work might be concluded today and a Sunday adjournment taken. There yet remained to be accomplished the adoption of a platform, and the nomination of candidate for president and vice-president. It was appreciated that this might require three sessions, the last running into the night. Today's programme held out special inducements to the spectators. Oratorical and stirring situations are promised in abundance. The report of the committee on resolution and the discussion incident to the consideration of the platform recommended, were awaited with keen interest.

The committee on resolutions was in session all night, working upon the draft of the party platform, and a number of conferences were held to consider the question of a candidate. The feature of the early hours of the days was the knocking out by the committee on resolutions of the gold plank which had been put in the platform. The exciting contest which marked the session of the committee throughout the night, and the action on the gold plank was the talk of the morning hours. As the delegates arose their first inquiry was as to what the resolutions committee had done. W. J. Bryan, they learned, not only scored in the fight on the money plank, but secured a modification of the tariff plank. When it was learned that the gold plank had been voted out, it was anticipated that the fight on the floor over the platform would be waged with greater vigor than had been counted upon, as there was promise of stirring scenes that would mark a climax.

The greatest interest is taken in the principles to be enumerated, and which will be embodied in the platform upon which the Democrats are to make a stand in the coming campaign.

The great convention hall is again completely fille dand the day is extremely warm. A majority of the delegates are in their seats, but the convention officials have not arrived. There are no indications that the committee on resolutions can report for some time, and there will be in any event considerable delay before the work of the convention can be taken up.

LATER.

St. Louis, July 8, 11:35 a.m. — The committee on resolutions have unanimously adopted the platform without a financial plank, and will report to the convention at 8 p.m. tonight.

It is understood that in case of failure of the convention to declare on the money question in the platform, Judge Parker, if nominated will make a specific declaration on the subject in his letter of acceptance.

After the decision of the platform committee had been announced, the programme for the remainder of the day was decided upon. The convention will assemble at 8 o'clock, the platform will be read, and it is believed adopted without debate, and then the nomination of a president taken up. If a decisive vote is arrived at the convention will adjourn until Saturday morning when the nomination of a vice-president will be made.

Chairman Clark had the convention in hand from the moment procedings opened. He announced, through a strong-voiced assistant: "That the first person raising a row would be thrown out by the police."

After the committee had been dispatched to learn the pleasure of the resolutions committee, the bands gave a concert of popular and patriotic selections.

The convention has adjourned until 8 o'clock tonight.

St. Louis, Mo., July 8. — The tariff, financial and reciprocity planks agreed upon by the sub-committee of committee on platform resolutions at the Democratic convention are in part as follows: We favor a wise, conservative and businesslike revision, and a gradual reduction of the tariff. We favor the reduction of tariff taxation upon trust-produced articles, to the point where foreign competition may enter the American market, whenever trusts and combines, seeking monopoly, raise their prices to the American consumer above a reasonable and just profit by such reduction depriving trusts and monopolies of the power to extort from the American people under shelter of American law, prices higher than those charged foreigners for identical articles. The discoveries of gold within the past few years, and the great increase in the production thereof, adding two thousand million dollars to the world's supply, of which seven hundred million falls to the share of the United States, has contributed to the maintenance of a money standard of value, no longer open to question, removing that issue from the field of political contention. We favor a liberal trade treaty with Canada.

FRENCH DISTRUST SIR ROBERT BOND

Fear Newfoundland's Action in French Shore Case.

QUESTION BOTHERS DIPLOMATS

The Awarding of Medals for Service During Fenian Raid—Meeting of Liberal Union Club.

London, July 8. — The Paris correspondent of the Mail wires that there is a hitch in the ratification of the Anglo-French convention due to difficulties which have arisen on the questions between Newfoundland and France. There is little confidence in the good intentions of Newfoundlands Government toward the French fishermen. The Government of the republic demand the free exercise of the right of its citizens to fish in Newfoundland waters, and permission to obtain bait on the coast of the island. Lord Lansdowne and M. Cambon, each assisted by two technical advisers, are actively engaged in seeking a solution to this thorny question.

Sir Robert Bond expects to leave on the 20th inst., to return to Newfoundland. The Standard's Paris correspondent says that no one in Paris impugns the complete good faith of the British Government, but Sir Robert Bond's remarks have aroused distrust as to the possible action of the Newfoundland authorities, whose intentions are believed to be opposed to the views of the French Government.

Mr. Lyttelton, replying to Mr. Moon, M. P., as to why the services of those detailed on naval service in Canada against the Fenians in 1868 were not awarded a medal, said that medals were given in 1866 and 1870, but it was not considered desirable to grant a medal to men who defended the Dominion frontier in other years, since their services amounted to policing the frontier and not actual military operations.

The Liberal Union Council meets Thursday. The Duke of Bedford will propose for the presidency Mr. Chamberlain. Out of 57 resolutions, 45 relate to tariff reform, one being an approval of the Chamberlain policy re imperial preference.

The Telegraph says the fact that an Englishman rowed the Diamond sculls race faster than either Howell or Nickals, and yet was beaten by a Canadian, is a thing which the empire may well be proud of.

PANIC ON EXCURSION BOAT

Sister Ship to Slocum Has Narrow Escape From Disaster.

New York, July 8. — Disaster was narrowly averted last night when the steamer Grand Republic, sister ship of the General Slocum, scraped the side of the Coney Island boat Dreamland in a dense fog at Seagate, Coney Island. The paddle wheel of the Dreamland was torn off and both boats careened badly, causing a panic among the passengers, many of whom rushed for the life preservers. There were many women and children on each boat. The Grand Republic was not injured.

KANSAS CITY, MO., FLOOD STRICKEN

The Great Wholesale District Covered With Water.

RAINSTORMS SWELL RIVER KAW

Great Suffering Throughout the Entire State, and a Number of Fatalities Reported.

Kansas City, July 8. — All of the west bottoms on the Missouri side, including the Union depot and the great wholesale district of Kansas City will have been covered with water before the day has closed. A break in the Kaw River near Armourdale, Kansas, late last night, sent a current of water into the bottoms that inundated the outer railroad yards, flooded cellars in the wholesale houses and spread out towards the Union Depot. The water rose slowly and while the flood will undoubtedly do great damage, it is not believed that the tremendous loss of last year will be duplicated. The water is not expected to reach so high as last year, and merchants had taken warning from their experiences of a year ago and removed their goods to higher ground or to upper stories. This morning a heavy rain storm started at Kansas City and west to Topeka, which will send the Kaw still higher.

Wichita, Kansas, July 7. — Kansas City is flooded today worse than ever before in its history. The docks at several places along the Little River gave way before the rush of water, which poured down Waco avenue, one of the principal residence streets, in a raging torrent. On Main street, the Baltimore Hotel was flooded, and the water is swiftly flowing within the blocks of Douglas avenue, the main business street. People living within seven blocks of the Little River have been forced to vacate their homes.

The house of Cass Woods, a park policeman, in Riverside Park, was washed away, and Mrs. Woods and her two children drowned.

Kansas City, Mo., July 7.—Heavy damage is reported throughout Kansas from Abiline, Kansas City, Ottawa and Lawrence, where the Smoky Hill, the Solemn, the Walnut and the Marais de Cicifnes Rivers are rising at the rate of two inches per hour. The damage to crops will be enormous. In the vicinity of Abiline alone it is estimated that damage will amount to $250,000. The Kaw has made a new channel at North Lawrence, cutting the west portion off from the rest of the town. At Kansas City the market in cash grains was suspended, owing to the non-arrival of trains from the southwest.

Zanesville, Ohio, July 7. — The heavy rainstorm of last night and today has wrought inestimable damage to crops, while railroads have sustained severe damage from washouts.