



## Laugh and Grow Fat

is an old Axiom.

We advise the use of a Good Tonic  
and we know of no better than

## BRICK'S TASTELESS.

Brick's Tasteless is a wonderful nerve tonic and blood builder that we gladly recommend. If you have no appetite, and feel tired, no energy for anything, try a bottle of BRICK'S and see how quickly it will help and improve your condition.

You can purchase a bottle of this excellent tonic at nearly every store in the country.

Price \$1.20 per bottle.

## Dr. Stafford & Son

(Sole Agents for Newfoundland)  
Duckworth Street and Theatre Hill.

Men who know  
values quickly  
appreciate Quality.  
They realize that

## 'SAILOR'S PRIDE'

is the greatest  
Tobacco value  
ever offered in  
Newfoundland.

20c. a cut  
EVERYWHERE

June 14, 1924

## Eating Plants

Feeding plants are by no means new. They exist by the capture of insects and small animals. Insects are found in many English houses. Such plants abound in the tropics and in the south. Carnivorous plants are common in a sense of taste, and a morsel of meat is speedily de-

lobes look like a half-opened book. When a beetle stumbles over them the lobes shut up, dropping the insect into the cleverly-constructed trap.

Have you a Suit or Overcoat to make? We make a specialty of making up customers' own goods at prices that are absolutely the lowest for first class work. FARRELL THE TAILOR, 310 Water St.—Nov 17, 22

the saddle plant found in parts of Africa, sets water-traps for its prey. These insectivorous plants are to the sunlight, vase-like around the mouth of which is a scent that attracts insects. Temporarily, the insects make their way across the leaves to the mouth of the plant; farther and farther wander down the tube, looking for honey.

These hairs prevent their exit, and weary they eventually fall into the pool, secreted at the bottom of the leaf. Another plant, a native of California, is constructed in a similar fashion, and the acid stored in its glands draws and drowns both birds and insects.

Common window captures dragonflies and ants. Attracted by the appearance of the rosy leaves, the unfortunate prey becomes fixated to the gum, and the tentacles close in on the unfortunates.

The fly-trap catches its victims by means of fringing hairs that are sticky. The peculiar-looking leaves are almost straight and their

## Golf Increasing

WINNIPEG, June 16.—A survey of the progress of the "Royal and Ancient" game of golf has revealed the fact that there are twice as many golf courses in Canada at the present time, than there were before the war. It is estimated by authorities closely connected with the sport that more than \$25,000,000 has been invested in land and buildings and that the amount spent each year on playing golf in Canada easily exceeds that figure.

There are now nearly 350 golf clubs in the Dominion. On the first of May, 1922 a census was taken by the officials of the Canadian Golf and Country Club Association and figures showed that 315 clubs were then listed. But many new clubs were opened during the present season and the end of last year.

Ontario has more golf links than any other part of Canada. The province had 104 courses last year. Strangely enough Alberta comes second with 51; Quebec has 44 and Saskatchewan 41. The golf bug seems to have bitten a larger proportion of the people of Western Canada than elsewhere in the country. The other provinces rank as follows: Manitoba, 29; British Columbia, 25; Nova Scotia, 12; New Brunswick, 8; and Prince Edward Island, 1.

The city of Toronto leads with the number of clubs, showing a total of 21. Winnipeg comes next with 10. Montreal has 13, while western cities, such as Calgary, Edmonton and Vancouver are well up in the list.

There is a movement to make golf cheaper. In addition to municipal golf clubs, courses are being opened in connection with real estate subdivisions. One such club in Western Canada leases a large acreage at the nominal rental of one dollar a year. This enables the promoters to offer memberships in the club at a low figure, while the owners of the property also benefit inasmuch as the proximity of the links adds to the purchasing value of the land.

## Masons Congregate

WILL ERECT MONUMENT.

TORONTO, June 16.—(By Canadian Press)—One of the largest Masonic gatherings ever held in Canada will assemble at the city of Belleville, Ontario, on June 17th, when the Grand Lodge of Canada in Ontario will lay the Corner Stone of a monument which is being erected to the United Empire Loyalists from Canada and from Rochester, N.Y., and other American cities will participate in the ceremony.

It is 140 years since the U.E. Loyalists settled in the native forest of what is now Ontario. They brought Freemasonry over from the New Republic and not withstanding their struggles for a livelihood in their new home, they kept Freemasonry alive. In some instances members walked 60 miles to attend Lodge held in a private room of a tavern. In 1801 a committee of three walked from Meyers Creek (now the city of Belleville) to Kingston, 80 miles away, to present a petition for a dispensation to form a Lodge and that Lodge has been in existence ever since.

The monument will be of a simple inexpensive character to typify the humble beginnings of the U.E. Loyalists, and will consist of a representation of a log cabin mounted on a solid expansive pedestal with four seats underneath. It will be constructed of cement made from stone and clay off a farm originally settled by one of the pioneer settlers.

## Strange Beetle Found

OAKLAND, Cal., June 13 (A.P.)—E. L. Knowlin, a rancher at Hayward Heath, has found a weird beetle that resembles a human skull. Local experts have been unable to classify the beetle and it has been sent to the University of California for further study. It is the size of a man's thumb-nail and in shape as well as in general appearance is like a skull.

Fresh codfish fried in Crisco. Delicious. That's all.—adv.

# Don't Miss the Popular STAR To-night

## 'The Hawaiians' in the Following Musical Program

- 1.—IAUKEA. SONG and INSTRUMENTAL SOLO, by the Co.
- 2.—MAI POINA OE IAU. INDETTA and CO.
- 3.—HONOLULU GIRL. BY "BIG" BILL and CO.

- 4.—ONE STRING SOLO. BY CHARLIE.
- 5.—STEEL GUITAR SOLO. BY EDDIE.

THE BIG PRODUCTION, IN TEN PARTS

## "ABOVE ALL LAW"

COMING:—"THE BONDED WOMAN," with BETTY COMPTON, and "LET NO MAN PUT ASUNDER," with an all Star Cast

## All Big Productions for the STAR MOVIE

## Hero of Kut Dead

General Townshend's Two Sieges—  
Tale of Victory and Failure in Mesopotamia.

With the same iron courage which was the dominating feature of his life, Major-General Sir Charles Townshend, the defender of Kut-el-Amara, faced his death in a Paris nursing home. He had been recuperating on the Riviera during the winter after suffering from an infection of the spine, and the news of his death was unexpected, as his health lately appeared much improved. Just after setting off for his usual drive, he had to return home owing to a paralytic seizure of the throat, and his condition became rapidly worse, until the end supervened. He and his wife had planned to return to England on June 1st, and the General had never lost hope of one day re-entering Parliament. General Townshend, who was 63, may be said

to have taken part in every military operation undertaken by the British Army since he entered it, as a subaltern of Royal Marines, in 1881. He served in the Camel Corps which attempted to relieve Gordon by a forced march across the Bayuda Desert; he was present at the fights at Abu Klea and Gubat, and it was his banjo and cheery voice which kept the Desert Column, weary and thirsty, in good heart. As a forerunner of what was to come at Kut, he was the hero of the defence of Chifal. Detached from his regiment, the Central Indian Horse, he joined the troops in Gilgit on the edge of the Pamirs, and found himself second in command of the little garrison besieged in a fort. His commanding officer was wounded during the siege, and the command devolved upon him. For many weeks he held the fort against hordes who attacked it, and was nearly starved into submission before the relieving force could get up. He is best remembered, however, for his defence of Kut-el-Amara. His Mesopotamian campaign in 1915 was at first a great success, but after the victory at Ctesiphon, the heavy British losses compelled a withdrawal in December to Kut, where Townshend's force was invested. The siege lasted 143 days, the defence being accounted one of the greatest feats of the Indian Army. In the end the troops were compelled to surrender to the Turks. Desperate efforts were made in vain by following forces, food and other necessities being sent to the garrison by aeroplane during the later stages of the siege. As a contrast to his men, who suffered bravely, General Townshend was well treated by the Turks in his two years' captivity, and eventually took an important part in the negotiations leading to Turkey's surrender to the Allies. No appointment was offered him after his release, and he resigned his commission in 1920. He sat as Independent M.P. for the Wrexham division for a year.

## The Seed Swindler

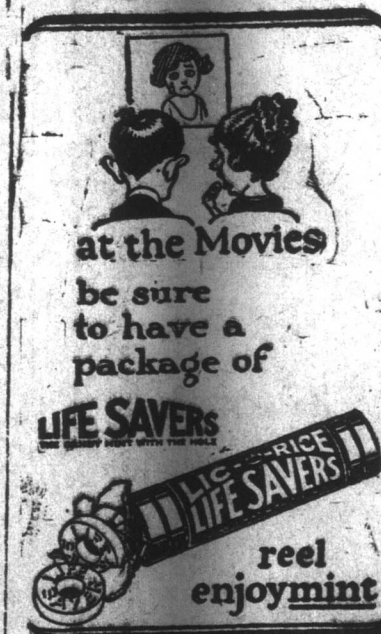
In the past there were perhaps no other trades in which swindling was so rampant as in that of the sale of seeds. The artless dealer of half a century ago adulterated his goods by adding a considerable portion of soil and seeds.

The Seed Adulteration Act put a stop to that practice, but not to the sale of dirty and old seeds. Most of the seeds are dirty when fresh gathered—that is, they contain a considerable percentage of weed seed, and all the great seed houses possess elaborate and costly machinery for cleaning.

Clover seed has to be carefully cleaned. If this is not done the result will be a crop of all kinds of pernicious weeds in the clover field. Some weed seeds, such as those of

the dodder, are so tiny that it is almost impossible to detect them except under a strong magnifying glass. Seeds vary in their powers of retaining life. While those of peas and beans will retain vitality for many years, others, such as those of the pansy, are useless if kept over one season. Seeds of the willow and poplar are so short-lived that unless they land at once in a moist place, they die in a few days.

The Cowan Brokerage Co., Ltd., agents for everything but trouble. "Ask Cowan, he probably knows" where you can buy what you want, or sell what you have to offer.—June 16



at all stores  
GERALD S. DOYLE,  
Distributor.

## The March Past

(Be Prepared)  
I heard the sound of music,  
And the tramp of many feet,  
So straightway to my window  
I hastened—such a treat!

For here were beds and baskets,  
A marching to the tunes  
And on those earnest faces  
There wasn't any gloom.

For each had found a something,  
A something quite worth-while,  
A promise and a service,  
To do something with a smile.

There are many forms of service,  
In the world as you all know,  
And if we all do something,  
The world will better show.

So let us love each other,  
As God has meant us to,  
And we'll find a "four-leaved clover"  
In everything we do.

"Gaiety."  
EVEL LYNNE.

## Livestock in Japan

EDMONTON, June 17.—A firm of Japanese livestock dealers, headed by a wealthy Japanese of considerable prominence in Yokohama, known as the Japanese Butchers' Association, is already preparing to handle livestock shipments into Japan on a large scale. If a recent shipment of livestock to that country proves satisfactory and providing reasonable freight rates can be secured, it will be Canadian cattle that this big firm will handle. The Company is now engaged in the erection of livestock yards and corrals at Yokohama capable of handling at least 200 head of cattle each month.

The fact of the matter is that the Japanese are beginning to eat more meat, and this fact has prompted the Japanese Butchers' Association to the action they have taken.

—By Bud Fisher.

## MUTT AND JEFF

THEY GIVE THE ALPS THE ONCE OVER.

