

Weather Forecast for Today
Light to moderate winds, mostly
northerly and westerly, fine and
warm today and on Saturday.

The Daily Herald

LARGEST NET PAID CIRCULATION OF ANY VANCOUVER ISLAND PAPER EXCEPTING VICTORIA PAPERS

VOLUME XV

NANAIMO, VANCOUVER ISLAND, BRITISH COLUMBIA, FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 10, 1915

NUMBER 163

COUNCIL DECIDES QUESTION HALIBURTON STREET PAVING

After a thorough investigation into the whole question the City Council finds the only relief it can afford the ratepayers of Haliburton street for what they consider the excessive cost of paving that street is for the ratepayers of the whole city to pass a money bylaw borrowing sufficient money for the payment of the cost of grading Haliburton street or any other street in the city which may be paved.

The Council met in special session last night to receive the report of the special committee appointed to deal with the matter, the committee reporting as follows:

Gentlemen,—We, your Legislative Committee, to whom was referred the matter of relief to the property owners on paved streets, beg leave to report as follows:

We have made a thorough investigation of the whole matter, and have the advice of the Inspector of Municipalities in regard thereto (see correspondence attached hereto). In regard to Haliburton and Nicol streets relief could be granted if the Council sees fit, but in regard to Front, Wallace, Skinner and Macleary streets, it is beyond the power of the Council to amend the bylaws, as the

Court of Revision has passed upon the work.

We are therefore of the opinion, that if the Council cannot adopt a principle to affect the whole of the city streets, it would be unwise and unfair to the ratepayers as a whole, to grant relief to any individual street or section.

The only way we see, to grant the above relief is for the Council to have a bylaw prepared and submitted to the ratepayers for their approval, which method we respectfully suggest should be adopted and a vote taken thereon, at the election for Mayor and Aldermen.

Respectfully submitted,
A. FORRESTER,
F. A. BUSBY,
E. G. CAVALSKY,
Legislative Committee.

In connection with the question the Committee wrote several letters to the Inspector of Municipalities, the correspondence between the committee and the inspector reading as follows:

Letter to Inspector.
Dear Sir,—The Municipal Council of this city has passed a bylaw authorizing the construction of a paved street.

(Continued on Page 3)

UNITED STATES TAKES ACTION

Demands That Austro-Hungarian Government Recall Dr. Dumba as Envoy—No Longer Acceptable to the United States.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 9.—Ambassador Penfield at Vienna was instructed by cable tonight to inform the Austro-Hungarian government that Dr. Constantin Dumba no longer is acceptable as envoy to the United States and to ask for his recall.

Secretary Lansing formally announced this action. It was the answer of the American government to Dr. Dumba's explanation of his intercepted letter to Vienna outlining plans for handicapping plants in this country making war supplies for the allies.

New York, Sept. 9.—Dr. Constantin T. Dumba, Austro-Hungarian Ambassador, dined tonight with Count von Bernstorff, German Ambassador, at the latter's hotel. Both denied themselves to callers. Dr. Dumba, it was learned, received a copy of the note sent to Ambassador Penfield requesting that the Austro-Hungarian Ambassador be recalled, but he declined to comment on it.

CHARGED WITH MANSLAUGHTER

Attorney General Bowser Institutes Proceedings Against Chief Inspector Graham and Mine Manager Tonkin of South Wellington.

The Hon. W. J. Bowser, attorney-general, yesterday initiated proceedings for the prosecuting of J. H. Tonkin, manager of the Pacific Coast Coal Co. at South Wellington, and Thomas Graham, chief inspector of mines for the Provincial Government, says yesterday's "Victoria Colonist," this course having been determined upon after full consideration by the executive council of the report of Mr. Justice Murphy, who was commissioned to investigate the cause of and responsibility for the accident that occurred on February 9, 1915, in the No. 1 slope of the South Wellington coal mine, resulting in the loss of nineteen lives. The charge is manslaughter.

The formal summonses in the case were issued yesterday, and Mr. W. H. Bullock-Webster has been named as crown prosecutor. This afternoon Mr. Bullock-Webster will appear before Mr. A. J. Dallin, justice of the peace, and ask for an adjournment for a week, so that the preliminary hearing may be commenced before Mr. John Kirkup, stipendiary magistrate at Nanaimo.

Added interest to the announcement of the decision of the Government is created through the high esteem and great popularity enjoyed by the two officials who are to face trial, but the public was prepared for an announcement of prosecutions to follow a finding of the commissioner which warranted such action through the statement made to the press by Mr. Bowser, when the commission was issued to Mr. Justice Murphy. On that occasion the Attorney General, as acting Minister of Mines, declared that it was the intention of the government to probe the matter of the accident to the bottom, and to prosecute those who would be adjudged guilty of negligence.

The commission was issued to Mr. Justice Murphy on May 29 last, and the investigation was held at Nanaimo on the 5th, 6th and 7th of July. The following appeared: Mr. H. J. Maclean, K.C., for the government; Mr. J. G. F. Hudson, for the Federal Mines Department; Mr. Yarwood, for the Western Fuel Company; Mr. H. W. R. Moore, for the Pacific Coast Coal Mines; Mr. J. H. Simpson, for the B. C. Trust Corporation; Mr. J. DeB. Farris, for Mrs. Miller et al and Mr. A. Leighton for relatives of Mr. Foy and Mr. Fearson.

On February 9 a shot was fired by men working in the No. 1 slope of the South Wellington mine which broke through the wall into the old

(Continued on page 2.)

WILL NANAIMO DO ITS SHARE?

Saturday is "Tag Day" When Residents of City Will Be Asked to Subscribe Funds for Soldier's Hospital.

Tomorrow will be "Tag Day" in Nanaimo. The tags are for the B. C. base hospital which is to go from British Columbia to the front. The idea of sending a base hospital from this province is one which must appeal to every British Columbian. It is staffed with doctors and nurses from all over the province, its orderlies and attendants are B. C. men and it may be that the men injured on the field to whom it will minister will be B. C. volunteers.

Nanaimo has contributed to every department, and it goes without saying that it will not fall behind the rest of the province in subscribing for its extra equipment. The reason that \$25,000 is being asked from the public is that there are many accessories which will greatly add to the efficiency of the hospital, which are not provided by the government. Dr. A. P. Proctor has explained that in the matter of these hospitals the government provides a certain amount of stereotyped equipment, but if the hospital is to be as efficient as every citizen would like to see it, it is imperative that it be provided with a certain fund for the purpose of providing extra equipment and necessities and to provide for emergencies that must and will arise and which make for the difference between efficiency in the work and the other thing.

The other similar hospitals which have left the Dominion, such as the Montreal and Toronto, have been most generously provided for by the citizens of their respective places, and it would be somewhat of a reflection on our people if we were allowed to go from a province, whose name the hospital will bear, and who have not been asked to put up one cent towards the financing of the movement, without being placed in this respect on an equal footing with the other base hospitals.

The general Tag Day in the province was held on August 28, but it was thought better to defer it in Nanaimo until tomorrow. It is announced that \$23,000 has already been subscribed, and the collection here tomorrow should make a big hole in the balance. The collection will be taken up by the Daughters of the Empire, and every citizen is urged to contribute to the success of the day.

PATROTIC FUND NEEDS ASSISTANCE

These are hard times in Nanaimo, but they are not as hard for us here as they are for the men in the trenches at the front. These men have left their work, their homes and their loved ones to fight for the homes and the liberties of all. They are risking their all as much for us who are left behind as for themselves and are surely entitled to more than our gratitude, our cheering when they go, and our celebrations at what they do. Many of them have left dependents behind them, wives and mothers, or aged parents, and it is up to all remaining behind to see that these dependents know no want. It was for this purpose that the Canadian Patriotic Fund was started, and now more than ever it must be kept fully adequate to the demands made upon it.

Tomorrow collections will be taken from the employees of the Western Fuel Company by the committee appointed for that purpose. The collections are entirely voluntary, and through forgetfulness or indifference the amounts subscribed lately have not come up to the wishes or expectations of the committee. Some men give the limit of their ability, others do not give at all. The committee want every man to chip in what he can. Every man cannot give the same but every man can give something, and if every one gives what he can tomorrow a record will be established. The committee will be on hand in the Herald office all day up to 9 o'clock at night, and strongly appeals to every one of their fellow employees to give what he can to help the fund along.

RUSSIAN ARMY SCORES ANOTHER BIG VICTORY

Petrograd, Sept. 9.—An official communication made public here, announces another big success for the Russians in eastern Galicia. Following their reported victory at Tarnopol, it is stated that southwest of Tremblo during the 7th and 8th the Russians took as prisoners 150 officers and 7000 men and that the Tenth Army retreated hastily toward the River Strypa. The communication adds that the Russian captures since September 3rd on the Sereth front total 383 officers and over 17,000 men and great quantities of guns.

Petrograd, Sept. 9.—The brilliant victory won by the Russians near Tarnopol is regarded here in the nature of a fitting celebration of the assumption of chief command of the Russian armies by Emperor Nicholas and as an omen of success to come.

As a strictly military event, great importance is attached to the victory by military circles, which point out that the Germans had collected a large force on a twenty-mile front for the undoubted purpose of breaking through into the rich grain provinces of Southwestern Russia.

With inferior forces the Russians

were able to defeat the plans, inflicting severe losses and shattering, it is claimed, an entire army corps.

The fact that the Russians could not follow up the victory at Tarnopol was due entirely to the superiority of the Teutonic artillery, it is declared.

London, Sept. 9.—The battle of Tuesday near Tarnopol, seventy miles east of Lemberg and near the Galician frontier, is regarded here as indicating that the Russians are reaching the stage where they purpose striking back after their long retreat.

The Teutonic forces engaged in this battle included not only Austrian but German forces.

The Russians captured more than 8,200 prisoners. The enemy's losses in dead and wounded were heavy. The victory would have been even more pronounced but for the Russians' inferiority in artillery.

The German centre is moving forward slowly by virtue of sustained pressure, but in the north Field-Marshal von Hindenburg still is unable to force a passage of the Dvina.

ITALIAN ADVANCE BEING PRESSED WITH VIGOR

London, Sept. 9.—The evacuation of Rovereto by the Austrian forces which have barred the advance of the Italians toward Trent was reported in dispatches received here today by way of Amsterdam. The city is reported to be burning.

The abandonment of Rovereto, if the reports are confirmed, is the greatest setback the Austrians have had since Italy entered the war. It means that the Italian advance is being pushed hard and that greater forces of men now can be used against the Austrians in the Trentino than was possible before.

While details are not to hand as yet, it is believed here that the encircling movement begun by General

Cadorna a few days ago has been partly successful. Attacks upon Trent are expected to follow as fast as Italian troops can be moved up the valley from Rovereto.

London, Sept. 9.—Fighting of great intensity by land and air on the western front, reports that the Austrians have evacuated Rovereto, leaving the city in flames; Russian successes against the Austrians and the Zeppelin raids on London were the outstanding features of today's war news.

The Zeppelin raid of last night took precedence. Twenty persons were killed and eighty-six were injured by the raiders. The people of London displayed great coolness.

GEN. FRENCH REPORTS ARTILLERY ACTIVE

London, Sept. 9.—Field Marshal Sir John French, commander in chief of the British army in the field has sent the following report on recent operations:

"There has been no change in the situation since my last communication. There has been mining activity on both sides without important result. Our own artillery and that of the enemy has been active east of Ypres. Elsewhere on our front conditions are normal. A German aeroplane was brought down by rifle and machine gun fire on September 1, falling close behind the German lines southeast of Hooge. A second German aeroplane on September 5 was brought down by one of our fighting machines. It fell behind the enemy's lines opposite the southern portion of our front."

TURKS WORSTED IN THE CAUCASUS

Petrograd, Sept. 9.—The war office made public the following official communication concerning operations in the Caucasus, Sept. 7. In the coastal region a large column of Turkish scouts attempted to cross the Arkhar River. They were repulsed in the direction of Olti.

"Our scouts near the village of Khost annihilated a Turkish guard corps. In the region of Glasgurd and Van, encounters have taken place between our scouts and Kurds. On the southern shore of Lake Van our cavalry scouts had an engagement with a large force of Turkish infantry and cavalry.

DROPPED BOMBS ON HEART OF LONDON

New York, Sept. 9.—In their latest raid over England the Germans apparently have succeeded at last in striking at the heart of London. This inference may be drawn plainly from various cable dispatches which have passed the censor. That German aeroplanes dropped bombs on the old city of London in a region which contains hotels, business district and land marks famous the world over. In this district there are normally thousands of American tourists at this time of the year although their number is far below the average this summer on account of the war.

ENLISTING FOR THE CANADIAN PIONEERS

Recruiting Officer Major Macdonnell will be at the recruiting office, Gibson Block, on September 15th and 16th, to enlist men for the 1st Canadian Pioneers, which is to be commanded by Lieut. Col. A. E. Hodgson. This regiment is to be composed of working men and as soon as they get enough men they leave for England.

Major Macdonnell has authorized Lieut. Marsden to secure for him 50 men, medical qualifications same as before.



"Your King and Country
Need You"

Men wanted at once
for Overseas Service.
Enlist today at the Con-
naught Barracks.

ASKS FOR ADDITIONAL TROOPS AT NANAIMO

Energetic action has been taken by the City Council, the Board of Trade and Mr. F. H. Shepherd, M.P., in petitioning the military authorities to train a large force of soldiers here during the winter months, and to protest against the reported intention of the military authorities to remove the soldiers at present stationed here.

The question was discussed at length at a special meeting of the Council last night and on motion of Ald. Coburn, seconded by Ald. Forrester, a telegram was forwarded to the Minister of Militia, as follows: Maj.-Gen., the Hon. Sir Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia and Defence, Ottawa.

Citizens of Nanaimo learn with regret the contemplated removal of the training camps from this city. We trust report is untrue as it will prove a great detriment to recruiting here and disappointment to the citizens after spending considerable money on quarters for troops and officers.

A. E. PLANTA,

Mayor.
In addition to the above telegram the appended communication goes forward to Ottawa by today's mail: Maj.-Gen. the Hon. Sir Sam Hughes, Minister of Militia and Defence, Ottawa.

Dear Sir:—It is currently reported that the garrison and training camp now maintained in the interior of the province of British Columbia is to be moved. It is also stated that the intention is to increase and to concentrate the garrisons now maintained at various coast cities. We are also informed that the purpose is to extend the scope and increase the facilities of some, at least, of the camps maintained in connection with these garrisons so as to more effectively deal with the concentration, equipping and training of the military

forces, raised, and to be raised in the province for overseas service. In connection with this proposed arrangement, we wish respectfully to point out that Nanaimo is exceptionally well suited for such purposes.

It is the geographical centre of Vancouver Island.

It is easily accessible both by sea and land.

It is the centre of the vast and valuable coal fields of the island.

It is the hub of the extensive coal mining industry of the province.

The island is the only easily available and presently accessible source of fuel supply for the whole of this western coast and country. Hence it is imperative that these immensely valuable mines be guarded and defended by adequate forces, fully equipped for the purpose.

Nanaimo is the ideal location of the whole island for concentration and training purposes.

It is but two hours from Vancouver.

The climate is much superior to any point on the lower mainland, and better than most other points on the island, there being comparatively few days in all the year when out-of-door work is not possible.

The roads in all directions are exceptionally good and there is ample ground available for military evolution and manoeuvres.

For instruction in trench work we have secured and agree to provide a large area of suitable ground.

The city has expended a large sum in properly equipping and maintaining superior barracks and drill grounds and is prepared to augment and improve this as far as possible. In addition to this, adequate accommodation may be secured in the city for officers and a large force, in case such should be required.

(Continued on Page 3)

MANY JOINING THE NANAIMO VOLUNTEERS

Applications are pouring in for membership in the Nanaimo Volunteer Reserve and by the time the general committee meets next Wednesday night an enrollment of over one hundred is anticipated.

Application blanks can be had at the office of the Herald, Free Press at Jepson's store or from any of the following committee men.

Messrs J. A. Macdonald, Fred Jepson, C. H. Beevor-Potts, Hy Shepherd, Dr. W. F. Drysdale, J. M. Rudd, Ald. Ferguson, John Stead, F. L. Randall, Ald. Young, T. L. McRae, Rev. McLennan, E. W. Harding, W. B. Anderson, Harvey Murphy, H. N. Freeman, Andrew Murdoch and William Galloway.

LOOK FOR FORGING OF DARDANELLES

Paris, Sept. 9.—The Dardanelles cannot hold out much longer, according to press dispatches received here today from Athens. The Sultan has sent an urgent request to Kaiser Wilhelm for reinforcements.

Sofia, Sept. 9.—According to information received from reliable sources the allies are concentrating large forces, including heavy landing artillery, for a general attack on the Dardanelles.

The presence of mine sweepers at Seddul Bahr, near the entrance to the straits, is regarded as foreshadowing increased activity, including a vigorous bombardment of the outer Dardanelles forts.

NOT SATISFACTORY TO ENTENTE POWERS

Sofia, Sept. 9.—It has become known here that Serbia's reply to the Entente Powers regarding Bulgaria's claim on Serbia is unsatisfactory to the Entente Powers. Although it is alleged that Serbia granted the demands of Bulgaria the Serbian note proposes a modus vivendi for carrying out a settlement which it is felt by the Entente governments Bulgaria would not accept. The Entente Powers, therefore, it is reported, have referred back Serbia's reply. Meanwhile the Bulgarian government is said not to have been informed officially of the situation.

ONE SAILOR KILLED.

Washington, Sept. 9.—One sailor was killed today and two others were injured in an explosion aboard the destroyer Decatur, at Cavite, Philippine Islands, according to a cablegram from Admiral Winterhalter.

SHOES--Specially for Fine Wear

Our one aim in business is to have satisfied customers, and with this idea in view we buy only the very best makes from the several manufacturers of Canada to supply the ever increasing demands on our stock. You may just as well have a good shoe as a poor one—it costs a great deal less in the long run, and you have the comfort—which is clear profit to you.



V. H. WATCHORN

"The Store With All New Goods"