THE ACADIAN,

WOLFVILLE, N. S., JUNE 19, 1885

IMPOSITION.

Statute labor on the roads was commenced this week, and now that they have commenced work the attention of the people is directed towards the new road to the dyke and a great deal of dissatisfaction is manifested that this road should be placed on the Welfville Section. The road is almost entirely a private one being used by owners of the dyke and of no use whatever to the village. But a very small number of the Dyke proprietors belong to the village and it seems hard that the village should have to expend money much needed on its public roads to make and keep up a road only used to subserve the private interests of parties living outside. That the Village will put up with this we doubt, but we would advise that whatever is done to relieve us of this imposition be done unitedly and in an efficient manner according to established law or precedence. In union there is strength, and a united and well organiz d people working against imposition must succeed in a municipal government of the people by the people.

This matter and many others which have come up and are continually coming up in Wolfville should be strong arguments in favor of the incorporation of the village if merely for the advantage of self-protection.

SANITARY.

We notice a deepening of feelings of indignation among persons living near and having to pass "mud bridge" in coming to and going out of the village. From a moral standpoint the doings in that neighborhood are to say the least, disgraceful. From a sani tary standpoint it is even worse, for while, from the nature of the evils indulged, the immeral condition of the place can have little influence outside of itself, the effect of the filth and foul odors eminating from it on all sides must, during the hot weather, seriously affect all within reach of its breath. Every wind that blows from the direction of that row of tenements comes to the nostrils of the passer-by and permeates the residences of those living in the vicinity laden with odors of the vilest type. What can be done it is difficult to say. The persons who own the houses want to make all the money they can out of them, and as their tenants are for the most part poor, the rental will not afford the necessary sanitary improvements. We see one way out of the difficulty. If our people are of the right stamp, and wish to sustain the high standard of morality they are trying to raise in the community, let them buy the buildings and have a big bon-fire. It might possibly be a waste of that property, but it certainly would be a gain to all other property in the vicinity and remove a heinous blot from our fair.

A WOLFVILLE BOY AT THE FRONT.

The following is from a letter written by Mr Wm. H. Evans to his sister Miss Maria Evans and will no doubt be read with interest by his many friends in Wolfville. Although the 68th regiment was not call d upon to help suppress the rebellion still it is pleasing to know that King's county was represented in the Northwest, and that King's county boys were found ready to go to the front in defence of their country when called upon :

South Branch of Saskatchewan, N.

W. T., May 24, 1885. Dear Sister,-I received your letter of the 5th yesterday. It is the first letter I I think I will be back to Winnipeg in have got since the 13th April. I left Winnipeg on that date for the field of action. We came in the cars five hundred miles when we were unloaded at Swift Current-a station on the C. P. frailroad. There were fifty-five teams of us and two were picked on to start at once for the S. B. of S. S., a distance of thirty miles. From Swift Current to Battleford is two hundred and twenty miles. - My load was eight tents and rations for ten men for eight days-the other team took the men-so every thirty miles I left a tent, as there are men scattered all along the trail between

Swift Current and Battleford. My load got quite light before I got to Battleford. There were two hundred teams, six hundred soldiers, twelve mounted polices six mounted cow boys, and cavalry with two gatling guns (a gatling gun is got up the same as a cannon and fires twelve hundred shots in a minute), and three cannons. We arrived in Battleford in six days and a half where we were to make the distance in ten. As we made it in such quick time they styled us the Flying Column, Col. Otter in command The cow boys went ahead. After we were out three days the cow boys came on to a band of Indians of about forty. The Indians fired first so the cow boys went after them (all Indians are mounted or mostly all) and shot two Indians. As it was just night, the cow boys had to come back as their ponies were tired after a day's march. That was the only excitement until we reached the Indian reserve, called "Stony Reserve," where we halted. The mounted men went up to the Indian agent, Payne's place, where they found him murdered with his wife and child (his wife was a squaw, daughter of some chief). Not an Indian was to be seen. We were then in the woods eightteen miles from Battleford; a great number of log-houses in this settlement. About ten miles further on we came to Freeman and Freemont's cattle ranch, where Freeman was shot while fixing his wagon, because he would not give them a fast horse he had. Freeman shot three Indians the night before who were trying to take his horse out of the stable. The Indians drove all his cattle away and shot his hogs because they are hard to drive. That night we camped two miles out of Battleford. About even o'clock we could see the smoke raising-the Indians heard we were coming so they set fire to Judge Rulough's house and it lurnt to the ground, they had raided the Hudson Bay Stores and took all the eatables away. They took the carpets and unrolled them, had a war dance, then ran their ponies over them; raided the houses and destroyed all the furniture. It was a shameful sight to see furniture, such as easy chairs, bedsteads, pianos &c., scattered in all directions. It appears that they have a great dislike to feather-beds and pillows for they took sticks and beat them all to pieces. I stopped in Battleford two days when about eighty of us were sent back. I got back about ninety miles when one of my horses took sick. I layed off three days and when I was about ready to start again, there was a medical staff of eight men come along, footsore and tired, and wanted me to drive them to Battleford. So I went back. We arrived just in time for the Drs to be of use, for the day before they had a fight at Cut Knife Hills, forty miles west of Battleford, where there were nine killed and ten wounded. One of the teamsters was shot dead, another shot five Indians. Teamsters do not have to go into the battle-field unless they wan to. Each teamster is armed with a rifle and revolver to be used in self-defence. I came back again to Short Station, where I started wish the Medical Staff. and where I have been freighting from to Miller Station until about a week ago. In my route I have to go through four miles of woods and five miles of sand hills. When we were about entering the sand hills we saw two men coming, mounted. We stopped and waved our hats but they did not answer it, so

we got ready for action. They were

coming at full speed. We signalled for

the last time and they answered us, and

it was well that they did for we might

have done something that we would have been sorry for. When they came

up they told us that twenty-one teams

of oxen and seven of horses had been

captured and teamsters. We thought of

our loads and skipped too for the South

where we are all now for the last four

days. We expect to start back to-mor-

row or next day. They got a despatch

that Poundmaker (that is the Chief's

name) has given up the teamsters and wants to make peace. This is the last

trip they are going to make this way to

Battleford as the water in the river is

rising and they are going to send freight

to Clark's Crossing by boat. There are

one hundred and fifty teams going to-

gether and twelve scouts, not going

through the woods until Col. Otter sends

out his regiment to escort us through.

about five or six weeks. I often think

of you all in N. S., especially when I am

on guard with my rifle on my shoulder,

vawning as I go up and down my beat,

looking out for Indians, or Nichies as

we call them, and when I lay down with

my rifle, bridle and whip at my head

ready to skip. I thought it was hard at

first, but one associating with hard char-

acters soon gets into their ways and

rather likes it. I am enjoying good

health. You must excuse this poor ink,

for I have made it out of cold tea and

powder out of a cartridge, etc. * * *

W. H. EVANS.

ASSESSMENT ROLLS.

To the Editors of the ACADIAN. Your correspondent, "Above-board," probably knows that one copy of the Assessment Roll shall be posted in "some public and conspicuous place" for the information of the people. It is obvious that while publicity is desirable, the safety and advantage, to the ratepayers, of the information sought to be conveyed, would not be attained by post ing the book on the hay scales, though that would probably meet the demands of the law. I think the course pursued is to post a copy with the Justice in each Ward, appointed to prepare Highway Labor returns. They are :

For Ward 1, C. R. Northup, J. P.
2, John P. Lyons,
3, Everett Kinsman," James Bishop, Henry J. Chute, William Eaton, D. D. C. Reid, John W. Taylor, Nelson Patterson, Thomas Mack, Douglas Bent, 13, J. S. Pineo, "
14, Joshua Beardsley,"

Then each overseer's clerk has a copy and in each Ward, the Collector therein has a copy with form of his tax collector's book, so that there can be no difficulty in getting any information in re the assessment Rolls; and the charge of "secrecy" is false and misleading.

FAIR PLAY

VOTERS' LISTS.

To the Editors of the ACADIAN.

At present the ordinary citizen of this Electoral District has a hazy idea that he ought to be on the Voters' List and that t was somebody's duty to put him on it: but not uncommonly he finds in the end, when most eager to give his vote, that his name has been left off, especially if he was thought likely to exercise the franchise differently from the wishes of the framers of the Electoral List. This manner of disfranchising electors has reached a high degree of perfection in this District, rendering the labors of our Legislators quite useless. Nota Bene.

Old Dr Johnson was a benefactor. Seventy-five years ago he invented what is now called Johnson's Anodyne Liniment, the wonderful success of which in the cure of diseases of the head, throat and lungs is truly astonishing. family should be without it.

It is reported that the late eminent preacher, Dr W. R. Williams, of New York, left a library of 25,000 volumes.

Thousands of dollars might be annually saved to farmers if they would give freely of Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders to their horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, and fowl. They prevent disease and promote the growth. We said Sheridan's. Those put up in large packs are utterly worthless Sheridans in large cans \$1.00.

CURED.-Mrs. Bingham writes: "I have suffered with a cough for over 12 months. Eagar's Phospholeine cured me."

MARKET REPORT.

- PURNISHED BY-BENTLEY & LAYTON, Produce Commission Merchants, Corner Argyle & Sackville, Sts. (Opposite Mumford's Market.) Halifax, June 18, 1885.

	Prices Current this day :		100
	Apples, Green, per bbl 8	3 25 to \$	1 25
	do Dried, per lb	os to	of
	Beef in Qrs per lb	og to	10
	do on foot per hd	9 00 to 1	0 00
	Butter sm hoxes per lb	18 to	20
	do Ordinary per lb	14 to	18
	Chickens, per pr	40 to	60
	Ducks, per prnone	oo to	00
	Eggs, per doz	13 to	14
	Geese, eachnone	oo to	O
	Hams smoked, per lb	to to	1
ŀ	Hides, per lb, inspected	6½ to	73
ľ	Lambs, each	2 00 to	25
l	Mutton, per lb	07 to	0
ŀ	Oats, per bus	50 to	0
l	Pork, per lb	oo to	C
ŧ	Potatoes, per bus	38 to	4
ł	Pelts, each, lambs	15 to	C
1	Turkeys, per lb	18 to	2
1	Tomatoes, per busnone	oo to	C
4	Veal, per lb	04 to	C
3	Yarn, per lb	oo to	C
9	Carrots, per bbl	1 25 to	1 5
	Turnips, do	go to	1
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New Tobacco Store!

Having made some changes in my business, I am now prepared to supply

Tobacco Using Public with all the finest brands of Imported and Domestic CIGARS, CIGARETTES, SMOKING & CHEWING TOBACCOS, ETC., ETC.

-ALSO-A full assortment of BRIAR ROOT and MEERSCHAUM PIPES and CIGAR HOLDERS.

FIRST CLASS BARBERING & HAIRDRESSING

Give Us a Call.

J. M. Shaw. Wolfville May 7th, 1885.

Flour ! Flour ! IN STORE

200 Bbls. FLOUR.

Among which are two of the bes Bread Making Flours made in the Dominion.

Every Barrel Warranted. For sale low for cash by

G. H. Wallace.

Wolfville, June 12, 1885.

The Subscriber. having now in perfect running order his

Shingle and Barrel FACTORY

at Gaspereau, is prepared to furnish in quantities Superior SHINGLES, In Pine, Spruce or Hemlock

Barrel Staves and Headings, And also a small quantity of PINE LUMBER.

All of which will be sold at prices to suit the times. Call and inspect before purchasing elsewhere at the manufactory at Gaspereau, near the Gaspereau Bridge J. D. Martin.

June 3d, 1885.

William Wallac €, TAILOR Corner Earl and Water Streets, WOLFVILLE.

ROOM PAPER

ROCKWELL & CO. Have imported this Spring. direct from the manufactures,

5,000 ROLLS

American and Canadian Room Paper
(extra wide) which they are selling at extremely low prices.

As we have over 100 different patterns, all the newest and latest designs, purchasers will find our stock the best to select from in the County.

We have also on hand a small lot of English Paper, "only been in stock one year," which we are selling at less than

COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE.

ROCKWELL & CO., Opposite Miss Hamilton's millinery store, Wolfville, N. S. April 23d.

New York

(60 CANDLE POWER.)

I have greatly reduced the price on my latest importations of above Lamps.

STAND LAMPS \$4 09 BRACKET" 3,50

Call and see them and leave your order

Lamps sent out on trial!

R. PRAT AGENT

Wolfville, March 24, 1885.

G. A. PATRIOUIN HARNESS MAKER.

Carriage, Cart, and Team Harnesses Made to order and kept in stock

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

None but first-class workmen employ ed and all work guaranteed.

Opposite People's Bank, Woijville.

JOB PRINTING of all kinds ex-

ACADIA FERTILIZER

MANUFACTURED AT AVONDALE, BY

F. Mounce & Co. Our Fertilizer has been before the public for three years. During this period it has given unusual satisfaction. We have been very careful in selecting materials for the manufacture of our Fertilizer, and we are confident it must give entire satisfaction.

We invite the farming community to give it a trial. This Fertilizer has been analyzed by Prof. Coldwell of Acadia College,

Send for Circulars and Price List.

Agent at Wolfrille,

EUREKA!

Found! a Plum Tree that will not Black Knot!

The Masters Plum Tree has stood the test 40 years in Kentville.
King's County, Nova Scotia. Chas. A,
Masters, of Kentville, found this tree
growing on lands now owned by Judge
G. A. Blanchard forty years ago, and
removed the tree to his garden in the
village whereit now stends. removed the tree to his garden in the village, where it now stands a healthy pearing tree, and is now owned by me. bearing tree, and a frees throughout the village in bearing from 4 to 20 years old which bear every year, and not a vestige of black knot appears on one of them. The tree is an annual bearer of rapid The tree is an annual bearer of rapid growth, growing tall not spreading. The Plum is quite large, purp e color, and of excellent quality. It is the best preserving plum grown, and sells higher than any plum brought into the market. Last year, while the crop was immense, this plum readily brought \$4.00 per bushel, \$2.00 more than any other variety offer 52.00 more than ary other variety offer-ed for sale. We have several hundred first class trees to offer for the Fall planting. That this is the best and most profitable Plum Tree to plant that is grown in the Dominion of Canada, and that it will not black knot we refer the planters of this delicious fruit to

F. S. Masters, Barrister, of whom we purchased the original tree; also to Chas.

A. Masters, G. A. Blanchard (Judge), J.

R. Blanchard, H. B. Webster, M. D.,

J. E. Mulloney, M. D., Otho Raton,

John Byrne, A.L. Smith, J. A. Shaw.

> J. F. Rupert, or my Agentfor King's Co., L. W. Kimball, AMERICAN HOUSE,,

> > KENTVILLE, N. S. e grado tabalistica

SPRING STOCK Almost Complete !

The latest arrivals embrace 2 Cases Ready Made Clothing Case American Corsets, Case Yarmouth Hosiery, Case Buttons and Frillings, Case Men's Shirts and Collars,

Case English Cambrics and Sateens UMBRELLAS, in all colors ! UMBRELLAS, from 25c. to \$3.25! UMBRELLAS, in Lace and Satin! Umbrellas, Umbrellas,

UMBRELLAS! BURPEE WITTER'S Is the best place to buy UMBRELLAS!

Wolfville, April 17th, 1885.

OLD RELIABLE

(THE COMPLETE FERTILIZER.) -MANUFACTURED BY-

JACK & BELL. The Best in the market. Lasts in the land for years.

Do not be put off with cheap and inferior Fertilizers. Ask for the "CERES" and take no other.

Note its High Analysis.

The three sizes Jack & Bell's Celebrated BONE!

The splendid reputation for thorough excellence of all the above goods is established beyond dispute by many years of practical use.

G. H. WALLACE, AGENT, WOLFVILL E 5-5-2m]

THE WOLFVILLE

Local a Rain is mu

The weath Light and handsome rat

FIRE.-A running thro

The usual has begun, strangers are RELIGIOU reach in the

Sunday, mor

A party Davison Lal get back in this issue. I. O. G. the Grand I

G. T., will I on Tuesday, GOOD F White Rec noyance of

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