warmth of her body. I stood by and rubbe her for a long time, expecting to hear her speak and see her rise. The hands grew cold while I rubbed her, and they also cold while I rubbed her, and they also stiffened and became somewhat discolered. I be ame frightened and thought that life dial gone. I asked God to show me what we had done, and it came to me that I had put my hands in the way of God's work. Life did not entirely leave the body, however, when I thought it did. There was warmth and a smell of brandy for days after. It did seem some times for days that I could detect a little breath, but I cannet say that I really knew breath, but I cannot say that I really knew that she breathed after that Sunday night "On February 11th, Dr. Palmer exam ined her and said there was inanimate lift there then. Dr. Palmer, from his stand

point, says she had been in a trance; be we believe that life was; even in answer prayer. The body kept warm until Febru ary 16th, without any marked change e cept that the tips of the dingers and the co-of the nose dried from freezing and thaw Mrs. Stickney says that she can see n Mrs. Stekney says that she can see he difference whether God heals a sick person who is half dead or one whose breath has just left the body, or one who has been dead for months, and she quotes a number of Scriptural texts in confirmation of her

TERRIBLE INJUSTICE.

John H. Hall Dies in Prison Awaiting a To-

Long Delayed Parsion.

A Joliet, Ill., despatch says; John H Hall, sentenced for life in 1884 for the Mount Pulaski triple tragedy, in which John McMahon, a rich bachelor, and his two hired men—Robert Melthew and John Carlock—were murdered, died on Monday in the prison hospital. Hall was generally believed to be innecent, and recent developments tend to confirm that helief. Hall ments tend to confirm that belief. ments tend to confirm that belief! Hall's brother married McMahon's sister. McMahon also had a sister half crazy, who romembered after the murder to have heard Hall talk about the gagging and murdering that had been done in Texas while he was there. She insisted from this that Hall did the deed, since all three of the murdered men were gagged, hobbled and blindfolded when found with their throsts cut. Susnicion was at once their throats cut. Suspicion was at once directed to Hall. The murder was com-mitted in August, 1882, but Hall was not arrested until a year later, and was tried in June, 1884. He proved a distinct alibi by three of his neighbors and his two daughthree of his neighbors and his two daughters, but was convicted on the evidence of a fellow-prisoner, who swore that Hall confessed to him that he plotted and carried out the job. This, Hall said, was a bired detective, who perjured himself. His name is Charles Montgomery, and he is now in pententiary for burglary, and says he swore falsely. Hall made a dying statement, in which he maintained his innocence, and stated that, he knew the truth would come out some day. He was a stort would come out some day. He was a stout good-looking man when received, bu gradually wasted away brooding over hi misfortune till disease finished him.

A MONTREAL TRAGEDY.

Young Girl Seriously Wounded by a Crazy Drunken Man.

A Montreal despatch says: On Thursday night a young French Canadian girl named Demise Lavigne, aged 13, who lives with her father, a pilot, was shot in the back and thigh by Patrick Maloney, a man about 50 years of age, who, with his wife, lived in the same house. Maloney, who had been considerably addicted to strong drink of late has been laboring under the impression that the Lavigne family were attempting to take his life by injecting poison ing to take his life by injecting poise through the wall which separates the s their apartments. During the ever Lavigne's house and without saying a word began to discharge a seven-shooter. Two balls struck the girl, who fell on the floor Her brother. badly, wounded. present, escaped, and two balls fell to the ground without effect. Maloney then left the house and coming up town quietly gave himself up to the police authorities. He was brought before Judge Dugas yesterday merning and, having pleaded not guilty, was committed for trial at the Court of Queen's Bench. The young girl is as well as can be expected and is cared for at the General Hospital.

Heating Cars by Steam.

A St. Paul despatch says: An official test of steam hearing apparatus was made yesterday on a Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad short line train between St. Paul and Minneapolis. The device consists of the use of exhaust steam from the dome of the engine carried the engine carried through pipes underneath the engine and cars, with patent flexible coupling between each car. This pipe connects in the centre of each car with a radiating pipe on each side, with a branch under each seat. The test seeme iperfectly satisfactory, the thermometer has tering eighty degree within the respectively. eighty degrees within the cit stood at zero, with a pound to the

Wine from Jerusalem.

A Chicago despatch says: Invoices for large consignment of wine from Jerusalem A Chicago despatch says! Invoices for a large consignment of wine from Jerusalem were received at the custom house vister, day. The invoices foven and 100 gallons of liptor, and are intended specially for the feest of the Passover, which begins April 19th, and continues one week. This feast is particularly observed among the Hebrews throughout the world, with imposing ceromonies and rejoicing. The wine is said to be of superguality, seven years old. The invoices icft Jerusalem December 15th.

A cry deaf Boston man has a charming wife and a cross doc. The other morning quality, seven years old. The invoices icft ing. Mr. Blank. Your wife made a very pleasant call of this last evening. The

to drink between the acts. It may result occur again "I'm going to chain her up after this."

THE FISH TIT FOR TAT.

t's Retaliation Measure Passed by Congress.

A Washington despatch says: The House of Representatives yesterday by a rote of 138 to 123 practically decided that there shall be no retaliatory legislation at there shall be no retaliatory legislation at this session of Congress. The vote was on the Belmont substitute for the Bill which passed the Senate four weeks ago, and by this vote the House determined to substitute the more radical for the more moderate measure. Belmont wanted abso-lute nonintercourse between the two countries, and to bring this about he was willing to extend the embarya to the sellilling to extend the embargo to the roll ng stock of Canadian railroads. The bate on the latter extended from 11 clock a. m. until 2 p. m., and called forth all sorts of patriotism and gash from the able Representatives on the floor. The members from New England were far more moderate in their demands than those from the Southern States. The Massachu-ietts and Maine Representatives declared has the floor. that the fishermen most interested did not ask for the Belmont Bill, but would be nutricly satsfied to apply the same treat-tent to Canadian vessels that Canada neted out to those sailing under the United States flag. But the House was not di posed to pay any attention to the wants of New England, and the Northwest, which lirectly concerned in the proposition to clude Canadian cars and engines, ent are in the controversy. The Bill a ended was passed by a vote of 252 to amended was passed by a vote of 252 to 1. This would seem like a very forcible endorsement of the Bill, but there is something behind all this. The Senate has expressed itself very emphatically upon the original Bill, and it will certainly not agree to the amendment of the House. The measure will therefore go to a conference committee, and the conferees on the part of each House will be instructed to stand out for the will of each body as expressed by the vote, and the prospect of a compromise is not at all good. It is the general belief on the Alepublican side that the Administration is opposed to any retailatory legislation, and that this method has been adopted to prevent action, while at the ted to prevent action, while at the hat blood is wanted.

TRANSPORTS ON THE LAKES,

The United States Authorities Investiga ing the Means of Attack on Inland

Water. A Cleveland (Ohio) despatch says: The ceal custom house authorities have made lmost daily reports to Washington for almost daily reports to Washington for three months past about dealings with Canada. Fishermen who have caught fish in Canadian waters have been compelled to tell of their doings for the past three years, and now comes a query to all of the owners of steamboats in the city from which it would appear that the authorities at Wash-ington are paying more attention to the isheries question and the possible outcome of the controversy than is engreally believed fisheries question and the possible outcome of the controversy than is generally believed. All the owners of large steamboats have received from Captain F. A. Mahan, of the United States Engineers' Office at Buffalo, a letter in which he says he wishes to know the shipping facilities of the port of Buffalo. He asks for a full description of each vessel and how much room there is available in each to carry passengers. Instead of asking outright, "Will your boat carry so many men through the Welland Canal?" the officer gets around the point with many men through the Welland Canal?" the officer gets around the point with several indirect questions. These letters are undoubtedly for the purpose of ascertaining what steamers there are on lakes capable of landing men on the Ganadian frontier in case of sudden cause for an attack in that direction. Cleveland has an immense fleet of large freight and ore carrying propolelers, that could be willing as g propellers that could be utilized a orts at short notice.

A ROMAN WEDDING.

The Righ Contracting Parties Assaulted b

a Madman,

A Rome cable says: A matrimenta
yent which has excited great interest it
he coclessastical world came off a few days
go when the wedding of Signorina Marie obini, the Cardinal's niece, to Signo Alibrandi a wealthy merchant, took place with great rejoicing at the Vatican.—After the religious ceremony the wedding party adjourned to the Cardinal's apartments, just above the rooms occupied by the Pope, whose meditations must have been curiously disturbed by the laughter and clinking, of glasses at the breakfast table. The Cardinal seemed to have forgotten his illness for the moment. In the afternoon the young couple had been married civilly at the Capitol. The proceedings were interrupted by a sensational incident. The registration clerk, seized with a guiden fit Alibrandi a wealthy merchant, took place with great rejoicing at the Vatican. After ration clerk, seized with a sudde f insanity, greeted the bride and bride room by pitching a candlestick at their room by pitching a candlestick at their cads. The bride fainted, the bridegroom mued, and several bystanders cried and bricked. Finally, after a hand-to-hand truggle, the madman was collared and the cremony ended happily.

A MEDICAL SUBJECT.

Mutilated and Decomposing Huma Body Found in a Trunk at Pittsburg. A Pittsburg despatch says: The emompany in this city made a ghastly dis-overy yesterday, which may turn out to be mother-trunk horror. A wooden box, about our feet long, was received here this mornig from Cincinnati. It was addressed t

James Osborne, Pittsburg, Pa., and had a peculiar odor. A search of the city failed to find the person to whom the box was consigned, and it was then decided to open it. When the lid was broken the mutilated remains of a man in an advanced state of decomposition were revealed. The legs and arms were severed from the trunk in order to crowd it into the box. A surgeon here gave it as his opinion that the body had been the property of a medical student, who had proposity estimated in been the property of a medical student, wh had probably shipped it to some friend it this city. The top of the head was sawed of and the work showed it to have been done by a professional hand. The authori ties have telegraphed to Cincinnari to inves-tions to be affect. tigate the affair.

Lord Randolph's Rapid Speech, Lord Randolph Churchill has become mild terror to the reporters—mild, because the sourcousness of his voice and the general distinctness of his utterance are some set off against the rapidity of his delivery, says the Pall Malloristic. On Monday might, in fifteen minutes, he spoke 208 lines of the Times, or mineteen-twentieths of a column being about the average spoken by members who are reported in the first person. Lord Randolph's rate of delivery, without allowing for cheers or other interruptions, was at the rate of 140 words a minute, and, as there were some paness in the fifteen minutes. His Lordship when he was speaking kept up the pace of 150 words a minute or more. This puts an unusual strain on reporters taking notes under conditions not favorable to the hearing of every word with certainty, and gives them individually a disproportionage amount of werk to do mild terror to the reporters—mild, becaus he sonorousness of his voice and the gen a disproportionate amount of work to do

-A man ought to be careful about going drink between the acts. It may result

WITH THE SPIRITS.

Miss Brown's Peculiar Manner of Invoking the Dead.

Numbers of People Hear from Friends Across the

Dark River. The Atlanta medium, Miss Zaida Bro held the fort again at Spiritualists' Hall, on Sixth street, last night. Miss Brown is on Sixth street, last night. Miss Brown is a buxom young woman of 22, with a ready command of language and strong lungs. She was listened to by a large audience, most of whom were believers in her doctrines. The lady claimed to be controlled by mediumistic power in the address, which was well received. At the conclusion of the lecture Miss Brown gave some of her recentiar, kind of tests, which convict of peculiar kind of tests, which consist peculiar kind of tests, which consist of telling all about some dead person from some trinket or memento worn in life. She also gave a history of the wearer of the ornament. When the young woman called for applicants who wished to hear from departed friends there was a rush of men and women to the platform with rings, bracelets and other kinds of jewellery. Miss Brown remarked, as they overwhelmed her with the numerous articles "One at a time, please." She also ex-plained that to make the tests successful they must be handed directly to her by the The first person to receive attention wa

a man who handed the medium a ring Miss Brown pressed her hand tightly or he treasure as she said: "The perse tho comes to me has had many change There is more down in her nature than understood. She has a gentle face, with gray hair. She is about five feet seven or eight inches in height, and has dark eyes. She always rushed into things impulsively, but earnest and sincere, and went out of life rather suddenly. This man must have his own way, and was very skeptical. I near the name. He went over to the other near the name. He went over to the other side a long time ago." The owner of the ring said that Miss Brown's statement, which was unintelligible to the rest of the spectators, was correct.

The next individual accommodated by

the medium was a lady, who took off a bracelet, which Miss Brown held in her hand. "This brings an influence of some one ery amiable, of some one not closely con cted. There come to me the names of Elle and William. The possessor of this article has lately buried something, whether in the grave or not I am unable to say. I also see I lady, rather short, with dark hair. A man s also connected with this in some unac

ountable way."

The lady who put her faith in Miss Brown's powers declared that William was her husband, but was silent as to the other persons whose first names were suggested.

The medium received another ring and told how it brought visions of a lady who nad passed through startling changes in he past few months. There was a feeli of a child dying, and the influence of a two story brick house, and in a room was oman leaning over a bright fire. The medium, and she was moved by an accident en the street. The lady who submitted the ring knew nothing about the circumstances spoken of by Miss Brown except the name of Charlie, which was rather remarkable cause Charlie is such a rare name

secause Charlie is such a rare name.

So far the efforts of the Atlanta girl had
not been conspicuously successful. The
next trial was on a ring. The young woman said sie was influenced by a feel-ing of impetuosity. The person was dis-posed to rush into things, and was inclined to regret it afterward. An element of travel entered into the impression. She regretted to say it, but the young gentle-man of dark eyes and sallow complexion who was brought out in the test chewed tobacco. There was also the fluence of a storm, the thunder rolled and lightning flashed, and the additional influence of something lost. She revealed the names of Jimmie and Herman. The matter was made still more complex by a large brick building which fell in and killed a man. A man also appeared in the vision. He was 45, with dark hair and the large brick building which was a great who was a great with the large way. and lightning flashed, and the additiona ves. A lady also came who was a great over of music. The man that owned the ing said that Miss Brown's disclosure

vere correct. The next subject was a young an who surrendered a ring to the edium. She took it and at once brought medium. She took it and at once brought up in her spiritualistic way two young girls, Tillie and Mary. The former was very pretty, with light hair and blue eyes, and of rather slender build. Miss Brown complimented the owner of the ring by saying if he was not a lawyer he ought to be one. He was too skeptical to be religious. The young man was given lots of taffy, and during the course of the test the medium brought up the names of Dayil and Willowshi and William and Will ught up the names of David and Wil. iam, whom she described minutely. When he had finished the young man stated for he benefit of the audience that he didn't ecognize any one spoken of, but everything aid about himself was true. Several other individuals submitted articles upon which Miss Brown cast a horoscope. She pleased the believers, but the skeptics were inclined to doubt the efficacy of her declarations. ncinnati Enquirer.

THE QUEEN AND THE BIBLE.

Iemorable Testimony from Queen Victoria to the Value of the Holy Scrip

The public learned with some disap pointment from a letter writer, it is understood, by Sir Henry Ponsonby that the story of the Queen presenting a Bible to a heathen prince with the words. "This is the secret of England's greatness," was incorrect. It seems, however, that the interesting story is very writer. nteresting story is not without very solid oundation. It would appear that some ioundation. 11 would appear that some time agos a present having been made to Her Majesty by the chiefs of Abbeokuta, the Earl of Chichester was authorized to write the following letter: "The Queen and the people of England are very glad to know that Sagbra and the chiefs think as know that Sagbua and the chiefs think a they do upon the subject of commerce But commerce alone will not make a natio reat and happy, like England. England as become great and happy by the know-edge of the true. God and Jesus Christ. The Queen is, therefore, very glad to hear hat Sagbua and the chiefs have so kindly received the missionaries who carry with them the Word of God, and that so many the people are willing to hear it. In der to show how much the Queen values order to show how much the Queen value. God's Word she sends with this, as a present to Sagbua, a copy of this Word in present to Sagbua, a copy of this Word in two languages—one the Arabic, the other the English.

Trouble Among the Tongas.

A London cable says: Advices from th Tonga, or Friendly Islands, show that ther attinues to be great excitement among thatives over the trial of the men under arrest for the attack on Missionary Baker Five more of the prisoners have been sen tenced to death, and thirty others ar awaiting their trial. The British Consul, i is said, has succeeded in averting furthe executions, but he declines to interfer

A wide field for speculation is opened by this paragraph in the Nashua Telegraph, describing dancing parties in Amherst, N.H.: These dances have been kept upon sept upon as purely a moral basis as practicable.

LATE SCOTTISH NEWS.

Rev. Dr. Clerk, minister of Kilmallie, ied on the 7th inst., aged 74 years.

Lord Dalhousie has been elected President of the Brechin Liberal Association There are in the British army 138,053 nglishmen, 15,497 Scotchmen, and rishmen.

At Thurso ice 14 inches thick is consid

red evidence of the recent extreme severity f the weather there. Mr. J. McArthur, Mayor of Prin

lbert, Northwest Territories of Canada a native of Nairn. Major Davidson, son of Mr. Davidson hmarlo, was married in London on the st instant to a daughter of Vis

The plan of campaign has been practicall adopted by the farmers on the Ellon estate They will keep back 10 per cent. on the cents for one year.

Miss Sanderson, Tweedmouth, who ha for fifty years been deprived of the power of speech, has suddenly acquired power of peech again. Rev. Alex. Beverly, LL.D., formerly an

for many years one of the masters of the Aberdeen Grammar School, died at Aber deen on the 5th inst. Rev. J. M. Sloan, M. A., of Andersto Free Church, Glasgow, has been elected colleague and successor to the Rev. Horatius Bonar, Edinburgh.

On the 4th inst., yellow and white prim roses, pansies, snowdrops and daisies were in bloom in the garden of Mr. James Bil on, at Glencarrick.

ton, at Glencarrick.

The Dumfries Standard announces the death at Minholm, Langholm, on the 7th inst., aged 75 years, of Margaret, daughter of the late Sir James Malcolm, K. C. B. J. Blackwood, joiner, Greenock, has go days for a brutal assault on his son aged 10 years. Besides thrashing him ter ribly with a strap, he held his naked body over the fire.

On the 1st inst., the body of R. Craig, Oban, was found in the Crinal Canal. His dog was sitting on his staff, and on being approached rose and put its nose in the water. This led to the canal being dredged. The remains of Lord Deas were interred

in Warriston Cemetery, Edinburgh, on the 11th inst. Prior to the funeral, which was of a private character, a short service was conducted at his residence in Heriot row by Rev. Dr. Norman Macleod. A book by the Marquis of Huntly i about to be published by Messrs. Chapman & Hall. "Travels. Sports and Politics in the East" is to be the title of the volume which will be illustrated by the Marchiones

f Huntly. On the 5th inst., at Liverpool assizes Jessie Robertson, aged 34, was found guilty of forging an order for the delivery of some jewellery in the name of Lady Gibson Craig, of Riccarton, and was sen-tenced to six months' imprisonment, with hard labor.

On the 7th inst., in Edinburgh, Professo On the 7th inst., in Edinourgh, Professor Sir Douglas Maclagan was presented by the Lord Justice-General with his bust and portrait, which had been subscribed for as marks of personal appreciation in connec-tion with the honor of knightheod con-

for with the none.

ferred on him.

On the 1st inst., there were interred in Kilmuir churchyard the remains of John Mactie and his wife, both of whom were found dead in their house at Totscore. They had been attacked by fever, and dread of the infection had prevented any one from entering the house, and they were simply left to perish.

The Tay Bridge, to replace the structur blown down several years ago, when a trait dashed into the river and many person were killed, will be opened for traffic in May. The last of the large girders is read for being placed. The Queen will formally over the killed in the large girders is ready. pen the bridge in June

Lord Gifford, an ex-Judge of the Court of Lord Gifford, an ex-Judge of the Court of Session. Edinburgh, who died recently, has bequeathed £80,000 to found National Theology Lectureships at the four Sectists universities. Edinburgh gets £25,000. Glasgow and Aberdeen £20,000 each, and St. Andrew's £15,000. The total value of the property left by His Lordship is £190,000.

Intelligence has been received from Caircof the death of General Sir Charles MacGregor, of the Bengal Staff Corps. This

One Hundred and Forty Elephants Cap

Mr. Sanderson, Superintendent of Government Kheddahs, succeeded on the 14th a capturing an immense herd of elephants mbering no fewer than 140. This is the argest capture on record, and represents t is estimated, about a lakh of rupees The scene of the capture is only six miles from the Tura headquarters station of the Garo Hills. The stockade in which the elephants are enclosed is immensely strong but is being further strengthened against pressure of so many powerful animals by being backed up with powerful timber supports, while an extra stockade is being prepared, into which some of the elephants may be admitted before the tying up process with tame elephants commences. main stockade is literally tightl packed with elephants of all size Graham Smith, Commissary General, who is paying an official visit to the Kehddahs, was, with Mrs. Graham Smith, fortunate ough to be present at this most exciting pture, and to witness a scene uncornella capture, and to witness a scene unequalled in Kheddah operations. Unfortunately during the drive, one elephant, breaking back, escaped, and in doing so killed one of he hunters .- Calcutta Englishman.

Two Ladies Dragged out of Church. A Montreal despatch says: Misses Alice Lamareux and Mary Ellen Foley, respectable and well-connected young ladies here, the latter the daughter of Mr. Foley, a dry goods merchant, on the afternoon of Sunday last entered the Notre Dame de Bonsecours Church and knelt down in a pew. They were not acquainted with the Bonsecours Church and knett down in a pew. They were not acquainted with the regulations of the church, and, shortly after their entrance, the proprietor of the pew came in and took his seat. He appeared quite satisfied, when suddenly the beadle of the church approached the young ladies and caught one by the arm and the othe by the neck and endeavored to drag them out through the aisle into the street. A large imber of worshippers noticed the scene and three young gentlemen who were passing at the time came to the ladies rescue They were indignant at the beadle's conduc and applied through their attorneys to Mr.
stice Ouimet in the Practice Court
esterday for leave to take a joint action of 31,000 against the beadle and the reverend centlemen of St. Sulpice Seminary, the proprietors of the sacred edifice.

-.. What's the defference between a piano and a gun. Charley?" asked a young wife of her non-musical husband. "A gun kills the quickest, that's all," was the staccato response.

When the Presiding Elder preached ecently at Hermitage, Mo., he was much nnoyed at the sound of a small bell which rang whenever he was particularly emphatic At last he stopped in the sermon and said for a characteristic forms and a characteristic forms and a characteristic forms and a characteristic forms. Thereupon one of his rearres stepped to the pulpit and moved a small call bell that had stood just under the edge of the big Bible in such a position that when the Elder banged the book the bell rang.

LATEST FROM IRELAND.

Mr. Vernon, Irish Land Commissioner, seriously ill at Londonderry.

St. Luke's Church, the largest Protestan ace of worship in Cork, was destroyed by re on the 4th inst. Prof. Salmon, of Dublin, has a new

olume of sermons in the press entitled Gnosticism and Agnosticism." The sum of £400 has been subscribed in Cork towards the erection of a statue to the memory of the late Dr. Delany, Bishop of Cork.

Mr. James Robertson, Manager and co courtner in the extensive drapery firm of Robertson, Ledlie & Co., Waterford, died on

Jan. 28th.

A tragic affair has occurred in County Kerry, when at a dance a young man named Falvey, in a fit of jealousy, stabbed another man named Sullivan, who has since died.

Mr. W. P. Hanley, J. P., of Thurles, agent for the extensive estates of Pennefeather Wood and Ballymure, County Tipperary, has announced to the tenants a reduction in their rents of 50 per cent. on the former, and 40 per cent. on the latter an. 28th.

the former, and 40 per cent. on the latter property. All the tenants paid. Subscriptions are invited to a fund to relieve Mr. Daniel O'Connell, of Derrynane relieve Mr. Daniel O'Connell, of Derrynane Abbey, Ceunty Kerry, of immediate and pressing calls upon him through hard times, and not arising from any fault of his own, in order that the historic pile and relies of the great O'Connell should not pass under the auctioneer's hammer into the hands of green later.

peculators. The Duke of Leinster died on the 10th inst. in his 68th year. His Grace was Premier Duke, Marquis and Earl of Ire-land. He sat for Kildare in the House of Commons from 1847 to 1852, and was called to the House of Lords as Baron Kildare (peerage of the United Kingdom) in 1870. He married in 1847 Lady Caroline Sutherland Leveson-Gower, daughter of the second Duke of Sutherland: He is succeeded by his eldest son, the Marquis of Kildare, who was born in 1851.

PRINCE OF NEW YORK DETECTIVES.

How He Manages to Corrall Thieves, Big and Little.

Markedly individualized and independmatriculy individualized and invitive of confidence. He knows the thoughts, plans, vays and characteristics of "crooks," and readily infers how any one of the category will proceed in the projection and execution of crime, and what he will do to cover his tracks. Charles Reade's advice to "put yourself in his place" he follows in practice of a profession to which pre-eminent fitness rather than choice has called him. Like every genuine "sleuth hound" of just government, he exhibits rare coolness, selfpossession and bravery, persistence un-wearying, sagacity almost unerring, and the fine scent that sniffs the slightest odor of the quarry. Kind as keen, and im-partial as imperturbable, he has formed a class of police officers equal to the needs of a municipality so free to ingress and egress that it is the most difficult of all to guard against criminals. "Honor among thieves" one of the time-worn lies that he de unces with emphatic scorn. He says: never met a thief in my life, pro-led he could benefit by peaching on ded he could benefit by peaching on is confederates, from whom I could not ind opt anything I was desirous to know. There is no such thing as honor among thieves." * * * Some of the men reporting to him are said to be college-bred, and can bass muster in the best society. All are chosen in view of individual aptitude for certain kinds of work. The stamp of officialism is about the last of which there officialism is about the last of which there is any trace. Keeping incognito as much as possible, the chances of prompt detection are multiplied. "Crooks" are now afraid of their shadows; great robberies have ceased, and minor crime been reduced over eighty per cent. Detectives more or ess closely imitate the example of their hief, who says: "Every evening I make ta point to meet some of these men in esorts, and learn from them the wherebouts of their friends, and what they are ing. One crook of consequence generall knows what other good men are doing. In this way I keepposted, and know in what part of the country all the sharp men are.

As experts are liberated from the State Prison I follow their tracks in this way House-Plants and Water. Strange as it may seem, water is one

the greatest obstacles to the successful cul-ture of window plants, in giving too much as well as in giving too little. Plants want water and in just the right amount. s the right amount can be learned by fill-What top. Pour on water, and when what will has drained off and it no longer drips, the soil will contain just the right quantity of water. But all soils will not let the exc of water drain off thus; when filled with water they hold it and remain as mud, in hich no plant, save an aquatic, can grow. If it is inferred that such an impervio soil can be made into a porous one by add-ing a sufficient quantity of sand, a good conclusion will have been reached. A close soil may be made a porous one by adding sufficient sand. The writer was once called upon to inspect some window plants that were growing in the wrong direction, n spite of careful watering. We found arge plant stand in which was a collection We found a of plants, in porcelain and other impervi-us pots, each of them filled with liquid and. The owner, though a fairly intellient man, was astonished to learn that it was possible to water too much, and that he was killing his plants with kindness. he was killing his plants with kindness. Pots with ample drainage and a soil made porous with sufficient sand will prevent the evil of too much water. Still, plants may suffer from a lack of water. The window gardener, finding that the surface of the soil in the pots looks moist, infers hat no more water is needed and gives none, hence the plants suffer. The cause of this trouble is the same as that of over-watering; an impervious soil prevents the bassage of water through it. Water is

A Cincinnati newspaper man, who re-ently led a blushing maiden to Hymen's ently led a blushing maiden to Hymen dtar, is said to have started out upon hi matrimonial career the proud possessor of the following housekeeping outfit: The object of this article is to encourage

The object of this article is to encourage those who are contemplating a journalistic career by showing them what can be accomplished in that profession by industry, sobriety and economy.—Colorado Dispatch.

—The hostess who has the tact to arrange can little nooks in her apartments, where

THE DEAD ALIVE

Man Who Was Drowned is Arrested fo

A Man Who Was Drowned is Arrested for Conspiring to Defraud an Insurance Company.

Supt. Cornish, of Pinkerton's detective agency, and Chief Inspector Hanscom escorted to police headquarters a man who, according to the certificate of death, was drowned more than four months ago, says a Boston despatch of February 9th to the New York Sun. At headquarters he met the man who had sworn to seeing him New York Sun. At headquarters he met the man who had sworn to seeing him drown, and who was so mad that he exclaimed, "You fool! If you got out of the way why didn't you stay out?" These two men, with two others, were arrested for conspiring to defraud the United States Mutual Accident Association out of \$5,000. One of the conspirators took out a policy for that amount, and soon afterward was reported to have been drowned. Applied reported to have been drowned. Applica-tion was made for the insurance money, but the conspirators made one or two blunders, and failed to get the cash. The story of the conspiracy, as confessed by the supposed drowned man, is this:

the conspiracy, ascomessed by the supposed drowned man, is this:

Early last summer Henry J. Thomas, of Cambridge; Charles L. Frost, of North Andover, and Walter E. Bray and Eugene L. Saunders, of Chelsea, were discussing schemes for making money. They decided to try a plan for defrauding the United States Mutual Accident Association, of New York. On June 8th Thomas procured a blank application, and Saunders filled in the necessary answers to interrogatories concerning his health and general condition. A policy of \$5,000 was taken out, and Mary Leonard, who passed as Thomas' interded A policy of \$5,000 was taken out, and Mary Leonard, who passed as Thomas' interded wife, was made the beneficiary. It was understood that Thomas was to die at a certain time, and that the money would be equally divided among the conspirators. Two assessments were paid, and then the men thought it was time to act. On the morning of September 30th the four men met in a saloon in Boston and decided to drown Thomas in Beverly Harbor. Thomas went to his room at West Springfield street, packed all his things and took them away. packed all his things and took them awa Then he went to Beverly and met Bray and Frost. They spent some little time in discussing who should assist Thomas in his voluntary sacrifice. Frost was chosen, and he and Thomas went to the docks Frost and Thomas spent two hours in examining the yacht Mayflower, which lay alongside one of the wharves, and at sun down they went to the railroad bridge ar hired a boat. That was the last that w. seen of them until meday. Late that high Frost returned to the bridge alone and re ported, with every appearance of grief, that the boat had capsized and that his com panion was drowned. He said he searched for the body, but without success. All h for the body, but without success. All he could find was his friend's hat, which was in the boat. After telling the boatman where to look for the body, he drew a wal let from his vest pocket and paid the man with a note that had not been wet The boatman did not notice this important

fact until after Frost's departure.

The papers announced the death of Thomas, and on October 2nd Mary Leonard telegraphed to the secretary of the insurticle of the insurticl ance company claiming the amount of the policy. The agent visited her to make the usual inquiries, and found her at a restaurant at No. 86 Dover street. He askeddier how she had learned of the accident, and she promptly replied that she had seen the account of the drowning in the Journal, which was taken regularly by the proprietor. The agent had not seen it, so he went to the proprietor and asked for the paper. The man said he did not take it. The girl's confusion made the agent suspicious, and an investigation was begun. After patient shadowing, a man who partly answered the description of Thomas was seen visiting the woman, and was traced to Taunton. where he went by the name of Thompson He recently moved to Cambridge, and the police went there to arrest him to-day.

"Well, you are looking pretty well for a man who has been drowned four months,"

said Chief Inspector Hanscom.
Thomas recognized Hanscom and turned as 'though to run, but the inspector stopped him. He pretended he didn't know what the inspector meant. He denied being Thomas and stoutly maintained that his name was Thompson, but when Detective Thornhill produced a picture of him, taken before his alleged departure from this world, he confessed. He said that he and Frost rowed around the harbor until a specified hour. Then they rowed to the shore and he got out and met Bray. Frost then jumped overboard in water up to his waist, and careened the boat until several buckets of water had been shipped. Then he got in again and rowed back to the bridge with his sad tale.

Frost was arrested in North Andover

Thomas in Inspector Hanscom's office The men stared at each other without sign of recognition. Then Frost went up to Thomas, touched his face, and said Acctionally: "He's alive, that's sure."
Yes, I'm slive, "was Thomas' dry retort.
The woman heard of Thomas' arrest and

A Surprise for the Teacher. After all, popularity may have its draw-backs. It is embarrassing to be liked too much, because so few individuals can live up to the reputation of universal favorite I heard of a young teacher in one of the public schools, the other day, who suffer Il the pleasure and inconvenience of b olized by her boys, and it seemed a though it must be much more pleasant to be a little less adored after being told of some of her experiences. The children demonstrate their affections in various ways peculiar to shy young innocents who mus walk, breathe and speak according to publi school discipline. One of their greatest pleasures is "giving teacher something." It may be an apple, or a very warm and greasy loughnut, brought to school in the coat pocket; it may be some toy of home con-struction, and in the summer it is flowers —perhaps only a nosegay of dandelions, a bunch of buttercups, or the more effores-cent lilac branch. In short, winter or satering: an impervious son precent passage of water through it. Water is given, but it wets only a slight layer at the surface, it cannot pass downward and the roots may be suffering and dry, while the surface looks well. The remedy, as in the other case, is an open soil.—American of the case, is an open soil.—American is covered that show an inherent spira of which is quite touching—in the abstract. Which is quite touching—in the abstract. It is covered that show an inherent spira of which is quite touching—in the abstract. It is quite touching—in the abstract the abstract the abstract the abs em for you." "What is it, dear?" saiteacher. "Oh, you look!" with a grin o satisfaction. Untying the string she openethe box, and behold, there was a set of fals teeth! "They are mamma's," explained the child in a delighted tone. "They're much prettier than yours, and I brough em to you."—Hoston Herald.

Variety may be the spice of life, but advertising is the pepper and salt of a newspaper, and the bread and butter of the acceptance. The customer comes in for the

eream.

—A literary man says: "I have surely "The Broad -A literary man says: "I have surely discovered the author of 'The Breadwards of the Breadwards of the

deore began to write poems when he was a Hay wrote the much talked about novel.

Hay wrote the much talked about novel. when he was 11. Keats was a successful poet at 18. Leigh Hunt talked in rhyme at 13. Chaucer at 12, and Milton when he was 10. And where are they now, Ethel? was 10. And where are they now, Ethel? Where are they now? They are dead. Go wash the ink off your thumb and help your mother pare the potatoes. Ethel, if you would live long. I'll write the poetry! I don't care to live any longer. P. S.—In fact, I'd rather die than pare the potatoes. fact, I'd rather die than pare the potatoes. hot, he can watch from a distance the effect of the lubricant he applies.

THE LADIES' COLUMN.

A Pretty Table Invention.

A lady who entertains charmingly and in her own large hearted and original way has invented an additional course at her most delightful ladies' lunches by intro-ducing after the dessert a platter of fresh Parma violets, from which each guest helps herself to a luscious bunch of fragrance and beauty. A side dish of silver pins accompanies this course of sweets. Before being served to the guests these same beau-tiful flowers did duty as a centrepiece on which the guests feasted their eyes.—Bos-

Dressed as Flowers. The wild imagination of mantuamakers The wild imagination of mantuamakers has taken a new flight; they are dressing people to personate flowers. A young girl appeared at a recent ball in a white silk and tulle sprinkled over with white and purple violets; the corsage was covered with a network of heavy gold cord, which formed a complete basket, and in this receptacle violets were strewn. The straps over the shoulders were a violet ribbon tiedly been shoulders were a violet ribbon tiedly been houlders were a violet ribbon, tied in bows to represent the handles of the basket; the stockings were embroidered with violets and leaves; she were green satin slippers and leaves; she wore green sain suppers and carried a voilet bouquet. Another young woman wore a skirt of pink poulte de soie, with a garniture of pink rosebuda and fern leaves, placed over a drapery on moss, green errors, with a necket of moss moss-green crepe, with a pocket of moss rosebuds and fringes of grass that fell to the bottom of the skirt. One shoulder was adorned with moss roses and ferns, and the corsage was of pink moire antique trimmed with bands of cut crystal. These astonishing costumes appeared at a private, not a fancy, ball.—New York Letter. Pashton Notes.
Old Normandy laces are again in use.

The full sleeve gathered at the elbow is more and more popular with evening dresses of transparent material.

Shoes with uppers of patent leather and oxed with thick soft kid are still preferred for carriage and house wear, and walking shoes maintain the patent leather tipped

Corsets are made very high over the oust, and long in the waist for street wear to increase the long-waisted effect aimed at in all French gowns, but for evening wear they are cut very low to provide for the very decollete gowns that are fashionable. Stockings in silk and Lisle thread repeat all the new greens and shades of heliotrope. For wear with evening dress are silk stockings with black feet and black half way up the leg, the rest flesh colored. This gives a curious appearance as if only half high hose were worn.

Large shell ornaments for the hair grow ore and more popular and in the shape of ong daggers, stilettos, two-handled swords tridents, etc., are thrust through the elaborate long puffs. A pretty one worn by a woman with light brown hair heaped in silky folds on the crown of her head was of dark reddish shell in the shape of crescent, three inches across from

In line of the new fancy for ribbons around the throat and wrists are new collars and cuffs with small loops of linen along the upper edge, through which narrow, picotaged ribbon of different colors is run and ied in a bow of many long loops, under the chin and on the outside of the sleeves. Another fancy is for ruffles of crimped lisse, set thick with innumerable loops of narrow white or colored ribbon.

With the approach of spring many new black lace gowns make their appearance. The prettiest have plain skirts of narrow stripes of satin and moire, finished around the foot with a narrow plaiting of the same. The drapery is best made of very wide flouncing, which lends itself readily to the present mode of plain, full folds, and is as deep as the skirt. An economy is to have an extra pair of lace sleeves made with lining, which can be easily substituted and worn in the evening.

To those who can stand the severity of he style the Greek knot is the most becom-ng style of wearing the hair. The hair should be waved, with a few light curls in the middle of the forehead, but drawn away from the temples and twisted in a close knot on the back of the head, immediately below the crown, not allowing it to drag downward towards the nape.

Misses wear tailor-made suits of dark

serge, or of striped or plaid hon with a kilt skirt that has short d with a postillion basque with velvet revers and a vest of gay watered or striped silk. Dark blue serge, with red watered silk est and blue velvet revers, makes a pretty rock. The high collar of blue velvet has red watered ribbon inside, with a small w on one side, and the cuffs are-similarly nished.

A pretty tea gown has a petticoat of thickly gathered lace flounces sewn with big, dark red chenille balls. The gown, of white cashmere with a long train, buttons to the waist, from which it is open, show-ing petticoat, and turned back with broad revers of red velvet, the edges of which, like the full open sleeves, are hung with the chenille balls. The inside and train of the gown is lined with the palest pink

Fashions in Mourning. In Brittany widows' caps are made of cellow material.

In England it is still customary to wear white silk hat bands for the unmarried Grayish-brown is the color used in Ethiopia—the color of the earth to which the dead return.

South Sea Islanders express mourning by a garb of striped white and black cloth. This signifies mingled sorrow and hope. The Romans during the Republic wore ark blue for mourning and purple and vioet to express royalty-" kings and priests

o God White is the emblem of hope, and still orevails for all mourning in China. In England and this country it is used for hildren to denote purity.

In Persia pale-brown is used, while sky-lue, to express the assurance that the deceased has gone to heaven, is the color ised in Syria, Cappedocia, Armenia and

The Cardinals and Kings of France have The Cardinais and Kings of France have always to be mourned for by the use of purple, and this use of the color has been handed down to the present time. It is said that the purple signifies the "blue" or aristocratic blood of the deceased.

Women's Work and Ways. The Nebraska girl is by law her own boss at the age of 18.

Dr. Laura Weld, a graduate from a Bos-on medical school, has hung out her hingle in Dresden, Germany. Miss Anna Siegel enjoys the distinction of being the only woman in the States who plays the trombone. She was educated in

Vienna. The Iowa Agricultural College has a new gree, M. D. E. (Master of Domestic Econmy.) It has already been bestowed upor

wo women.

There are about 500 women employed in erlin making rosettes for shoes and slip About 1,000,000 of these are exported other countries each year.

Prussia pays women from sixtence to enpence a day to act as guards at railway rossings. The work is mainly to open and close the bars and light and sweep the

The Rockwood Pottery at Cincinnati, rated for its colors and glazes, than which one are finer outside of China and Japan, al for the beauty of form and finish ger The initial experiments which to this perfection have been mainly have led to this perfect conducted by women.