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One specimen: No. 16771, Reservoir Park, Toronto.

P. cuprus is registered from Lake Superior, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraski, Kansas, Colorado, Wyoming and Nevada.

## Platynus longaevus sp. nov.

Pl. viii, Fig. 1.

This is a similar fragment to the last and is also most nearly allied to  $P.\ cuprens$  Dej. It shows similar impunctate strize on a flat field, but the strize are less deeply impressed than in the last species and the colour is piceous; the sutural strize is moderate and scarcely inteferes with the basal course of the first strize, which at base is midway between the sutural strize and the second. The elytron is considerably slenderer than in  $P.\ cuprens$ , has a longer sutural strize and is of a different colour. The length of the fragment is  $4.75^{\rm mm}$ , and the probable length of the eltyron  $5.2^{\rm mm}$  its breadth.  $1.75^{\rm mm}$ .

One specimen: No. 16772, Scarborough.

## Platynus halli.

Platynus halli Scudd., Tert. Ins. N. A., 520-521, pl. I., fig. 41 (1890.) Several more specimens of this species have been found: Two, Nos. 16774, 16776, from Scarborough; and two, Nos. 16777, 16778 from Logan's brickyard, Toronto.

## Platynus desuetus.

Platynus desuetus Scudd., Tert. Ins. N. A., 521-522, pl. 1., figs. 43, 51, 58 (1890).

A couple more specimens have been found: No. 13796, from Scarborough; and No. 16797 from Reservoir Park, Toronto.

## Harpalus conditus sp. nov.

Pl. viii., Fig. 5.

An almost perfect elytron shows close resemblance to *H. vulpeculus* Say. It is dead black with nearly rectangular humerus and eight striæ, besides a moderately long sutural stria, between the first and second, arising from the base of the second; the third and fourth striæ unite near the tip, and the fifth and sixth barely before them; the striæ are moderately impressed and very obscurely punctate, except the marginal stria