

FORTY-FIRST YEAR

KITCHENER, ONTARIO MONDAY, MAY 12, 1919.

## ALLIES TO ATTACK PETROGRAD

STRIKES AFFECTED  
TORONTO WORKCAPTAIN CLEVERLY EXPECTS  
IT TO IMPROVE  
(Special to The Record)

TORONTO, May 12.—The recently settled strikes, as well as the one which still prevails, have had a serious effect upon the unemployment situation, particularly as it effects returned soldiers. The situation was quite enough before May day, but owing to the fact that the veterans refuse to act as strike-breakers, and consequently cannot seek employment at any of the various local firms affected by the strikes, it has intensified to a considerable degree since then.

"What are the prospects of improvement in the situation?" Captain Cleverly was asked.

"I think it probable that as summer advances we can take care of every returned man applying for work," he replied.

CHANGES IN RIBANDS  
OF 1914 MONS STARTO BE AWARDED TO MEN  
WHO FOUGHT THERE  
(Special to The Record)

HAMILTON, May 12.—Information has been received by the President of the Veterans of France that there will be a distinction between the 1914 and the 1915 ribbands issued with the Mons star. The 1914 ribband will carry a small silver rosette, similar in design to that which marks the repeated D.S.O. with rosette, and will be issued to men who in 1914 participated in actual fighting and will not be issued to men who, during that period, proceeded no further than a base in France. Also that a free issue of the ribband will be sent to all men qualified as above whether they are serving or discharged.

It has been learned as well that a general war medal has been decided upon by the British Government and that a design for the ribband has been approved. The amount of material required for the ribband is said to exceed two million yards and it will be released for sales soon.

DELUDED MAN  
DRAWS REVOLVERFIRED POINT BLANK AT A  
SOLDIER  
(Special to The Record)

LONDON, May 12.—Duncan Thompson, aged 60, of Yarmouth, laboring under the delusion that attempts were being made to kidnap and smuggle him to Georgia, whipped out a revolver in a crowded car here on Sunday and fired point blank at Frank Turnham, a returned soldier. Fortunately the cartridge was blank and Turnham suffered only a singed face.

Thompson gave himself up to the police and to-day appeared in police court and was remanded for a week. The shell next to the fired one was "a live one," and would have caused Turnham's instant death.

## TO DEVELOP SALES END FIRST.

"We will develop the plant as the business grows," Mr. W. A. Olen, the president and general manager of the Four Wheel Drive Auto Company of Clintonville, said when asked about the plant to be erected here.

The company the Record was told by Mr. Olen would develop its sales and then adapt its plant accordingly. The management will be in the hands of the local directorate, with Mr. J. H. Cotton, of the Board of Directors paying periodical visits here to guide the ship. Accordingly therefore as the local directors develop the sale end of the business the plant will be added to. During the period of the construction of the first building the sales organization will be put into effect. In the interval in which the Canadian Company will be put on its feet the parent plant will supply it with the parts that go to make an F. W. D. truck. Gradually it will become a factory, operating in the same way as the home plant.

During the conversation with Mr. Olen it transpired that there are practically no truck or auto manufacturers who make all parts of their machines out of the raw material. The diversity in the forging work of the metal parts on one machine is so great it is next to impossible for one plant to make the same. The Clintonville factory like others buys these from specialty factories. Reheating operations, however, have to be used on parts.

The local company has a paid up capital of \$200,000, more than the Clintonville company started with some years ago. Canadian money also is represented in it, local men being the directors.

Regarding the field for the company it is worth noting that the company has heretofore not been after the Canadian trade. The opportunities for the same are therefore bright. They also look to the export trade and hope to use the local plant in conjunction with the home factory to take care of it.

As to the size of the building and the exact location of the site this was to be decided on at a meeting of the Canadian directorate at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon.

The managing director, Mr. J. H. Cotton, in speaking about the local branch said: "We will take care of the plant for a year. We supply the clothes of the child but once it is a man, we expect it to furnish the clothes itself."

The Clintonville factory which is now back to a peace basis has about one thousand men on its roll.

AFGHAN SITUATION  
HAS IMPROVEDBRITISH TROOPS MADE  
HEADWAY.

LONDON, May 12.—The news from Afghanistan, where tribesmen have been attacking British positions on the Indian frontier, was scanty but satisfactory over the weekend. British troops drove the Afghans from Ashrahi-ahel on Friday, while airplanes crossed the frontier and bombed enemy positions at Loidatta, with good results. The Afghans maintain their positions west of Loidatta.

PRESIDENT EBERT  
ON PEACE TERMSDECLARES IT IS MONSTROUS  
DOCUMENT.

BERLIN, (Sunday), May 12.—"Germany has seized and unfurled a new banner on which are inscribed President Wilson's fourteen points, which the President apparently has deserted," said Friedrich Ebert, German President, in statement to the Associated Press today. "The President Ebert called the peace treaty a 'monstrous document'. He declared that history holds no precedent for such determination to completely vanquish peoples."

GATHERED AROUND  
FESTIVE BOARDSMr. N. Davidson is a model toast  
master. He filled the position nicely.

Commendation for the dainty dinner is due Mr. Joseph Zuber. It was "done up fine" and in a way characteristic of the housewife.

The attendance was representative. One familiar name in this city was noticeable. It was that of Mr. Charles Hagen, a director of the company and general manager of the Eagle Manufacturing company of Appleton, Wis. Local citizens bearing the name and the visitor have been trying to learn if there is a relationship. So far none has been discovered although it is noteworthy that the forefathers of the Appleton gentlemen came from Mecklenburg in the old country, the same place as that of the ancestors of some of the local families came from. It is known that one of the pioneers that came to this country did not settle here but went to Wisconsin, namely an uncle of Mr. J. Hagen of St. George street. His exact location is not known.

Among the directors is Senator Kuehuk of Shawano. Mr. Kuehuk like all typical Americans is very hospitable and conversative. One of the big questions which has held the Wisconsin Senate's attention is the license matter. Wisconsin is to go dry on July 1st.

Mr. J. H. Co. ton, who will pay periodical visits to this city as managing director of the Canadian factory is an ex-newspaper man. Up to five years ago he was in the "game". He still retains great interest in the same.

REFER QUESTIONS TO EX-  
PERTS.

PARIS, May 12.—The Council of Four at its meeting today decided to refer the German notes on labor and war prisoners to experts for consideration. Instead of answering them at once as it did with first two communications from the German delegation.



LIEUT. COMMANDER MAC-KENZIE GRIEVE, R.N. (at left), and HARRY G. HAWKER, standing beside Sopwith trans-Atlantic plane at Mount Pearl, St. John's, Newfoundland. Copyright The Press Publishing Co. (New York World).

THE CITY'S WELCOME  
TO THE DIRECTORSAT THE BIG BANQUET TO THE  
F. W. D. VISITORS

The following message of welcome to the F.W.D. President and directors was given by Mayor Gross at the banquet on Saturday evening:

"I hereby welcome you on behalf of the Council and citizens of Kitchener in our midst."

We welcome you because we are continually in search of substantial and progressive manufacturers such as yours and with which our City has been built up.

You will find in Kitchener facilities for all your requirements. We have twenty-six churches of all denominations for your employees to attend. There are eight schools and two colleges in which your employees' children may receive their education. There are approximately forty-five hundred residences in the City and many more in contemplation. We have our own municipal street railway, water works, gas and electric light and power plants all of which are very successfully operated. Our water supply is pure and good. Our sanitary arrangements are good, so that when you are finally settled amongst us you will find that there are very few inconveniences to put up with.

I welcome you to a growing and progressive community to which you will be a substantial addition. In conclusion it is my earnest hope and desire that your Corporation and this Municipality may at all times be united in striving to further the best interests of your Company and our City.

QUESTIONNAIRE SENT  
TO ONTARIO C.S. MEN

WORLD REPORTS REFUTED  
(Special to The Record)

TORONTO, May 12.—"The purpose of the Ontario Civil Service questionnaire is to get a record of the employees in the civil service and to secure information as a basis for classification. The classification of public service has been adopted in the United States and at Ottawa and the procedure here is identical with the methods followed in those places."

"As to the World report, after glancing at it, I have come to the conclusion that it is incorrect throughout and has no basis of fact," J. W. McCutcheon, civil service commissioner of Ontario, this morning issued the above explanation of the classification forms which are now being sent out to all employees of the civil service and to which objection has been taken in certain quarters.

The World this morning cited two questions: "What do you do in your spare time to advance the interests of your office?" and "How do you occupy your time after office hours?" Neither of these appears upon the questionnaire, a copy of which was given out by Mr. McCutcheon. The only question appearing in purpose either of the above, is number 17: "What are you doing to improve your qualifications for your present position or for advancement in the Ontario public service?"

"This," explained the commissioner, "is designed to obtain information which will facilitate promotion where it is most desired. There is no prying into the private life of any employee."

Again contrary to the World there were no explicit instructions given that the forms must be filled in and returned by Saturday morning. A request was made that the return be made within 48 hours, but as a matter of fact, not all the questionnaires

portion of these sent out have been returned.

A letter accompanying the questionnaire explained its purpose and asked for the cooperation of the employees in getting the work of classification under way. While there is admittedly some hostile feeling among the employees over the questionnaire, the majority are acting on the request of the co-missioners. Few see any objection to questions asked, although some doubt the usefulness of such information, even if furnished.

G.W.V.A. CONVENTION  
AT WINDSOR ON 14

HAS 131 BRANCHES IN ONTARIO

TORONTO, May 12.—Everything is now in readiness for the provincial convention of the G.W.V.A., which opens in Windsor at 9 a.m. Wednesday morning. Secretary W. E. Turley leaves for Windsor tonight. A meeting of the Executive will be held tomorrow morning, and the agenda for the convention will be drawn up and discussed during the day.

"The delegates will be selected on the basis of the per capita tax returns, which have been paid to the Ontario Provincial Command by each branch to the number of 59 have been formed since January 1st. This year. The Ontario provincial command have directly aided branches with an expense amounting to \$6,029 up to March 31st. last."

The Provincial Secretary and members of the executive have made numerous visits to different branches throughout the Province during the year. Some were begun to-day between Foreign Minister Sonnino of Italy and Colonel M. House of the American delegation.

Meanwhile attempts are being made by the German delegation at Versailles to draw the representatives of the allied and associated governments into oral discussions of phases of the peace treaty presented Germany last Wednesday.

French opinion, as reflected in the newspapers, regards one of the notes sent to Premier Clemenceau, as president of the Chicago Daily Tribune, Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, head of German mission, as distinctly of a propaganda order. This is the note advancing a counter project as to international labor and union action, the French argue is intended to convince socialists and labor classes of the allied countries in general that the present German Government is working in their favor.

OLYMPIC SAILED  
ON SATURDAY LASTBringing 5,600 Canadian  
Soldiers.CLEARED WITHOUT AID OF  
TUGS.

LONDON, May 12.—The Olympic sailed from Southampton on Saturday evening with 5,600 Canadian soldiers, on board. General Burstell, commander of the departing Second Division, arrived early and was long busy bidding everyone a cheery goodbye. Brig-Gen. Tremblay was in command of the ship. Among them was the famous 22nd (French-Canadian), 24th, 25th, 26th and 29th Battalions, 5th engineers 5th field ambulance and other drafts.

The Scandinavian sailed on Saturday from Liverpool for Quebec with various ranks with their dependants, 416 wives, 160 children.

Circumstances combined to give the Olympic quite a dramatic departure, for in addition to the Canadian soldiers the mayor and a great crowd of cheering people in the gathering twilight the huge steamer had to clear without aid of tugs on account of a strike of their crews, which had led to the expectation that the ship might not sail. The captain declared boldly that no question of tugs was going to prevent his getting the Canadian boys home and at 8 o'clock the Olympic cleared under her own steam and started on her voyage amid a scene of the greatest enthusiasm.

Hon. G. H. Ferguson, Minister of Lands, Forests and Mines of Ontario, announced that the Government would aid in building a first-class motor road from Timmins

COUNCIL OF FOUR  
CONSIDER REPLIESTO LATEST NOTES FROM GER-  
MAN DELEGATES

PARIS, May 12.—The Council of Four, of the peace conference, met this morning and took up the consideration of the replies to be made to the latest German notes, namely, those regarding labor matters and prisoners of war.

HAVE DECIDED ON ANSWER

PARIS, May 12.—The Council of Four decided yesterday upon the terms of reply to be made to the two notes sent to President Clemenceau of the peace conference on Saturday evening, by Von Brockdorff-Rantzau. The first of these notes asked that there be a reciprocal policy adopted as to the repatriation of prisoners and requested that details of the transfer be placed in the hands of a commission. In his second note, the head of the German peace delegation, advanced a counter-projection as to international labor legislation.

According to the newspapers, the basis of the second note is the Labor Charter, inspired by the conferences at Leeds and Bern and they argue that the purpose is to create among Germans an opinion favorable to the working classes and present government of that country.

PETROGRAD TO BE  
ATTACKED BY ALLIESNow Organizing Military  
Operations.

50,000 TROOPS TO TAKE PART  
STOCKHOLM, May 12.—Entente forces are preparing military operations, with Helsingfors as the base for an attack upon Petrograd, according to a Helsingfors dispatch to the Aften Tidningen.

By thousands troops are expected to take part in the operation, according to the dispatch which says French cruisers are now lying in the Gulf of Finland, off Helsingfors. Dispatches last week reported that the Finnish red guards and Finnish white guards were fighting for the possession of Petrograd.

ITALIAN CLAIMS  
BEING CONSIDEREDBEFORE AUSTRIAN DELEGATES  
REACH PARIS

NEW YORK, May 12.—The Associated Press this morning issued the following statement: The peace conference leaders have renewed the effort to reach an understanding on the Italian questions, in view of the imminence of the arrival of the Austrian peace delegates in France. Consultations were begun to-day between Foreign Minister Sonnino of Italy and Colonel M. House of the American delegation.

Meanwhile attempts are being made by the German delegation at Versailles to draw the representatives of the allied and associated governments into oral discussions of phases of the peace treaty presented Germany last Wednesday.

French opinion, as reflected in the newspapers, regards one of the notes sent to Premier Clemenceau, as president of the Chicago Daily Tribune, Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, head of German mission, as distinctly of a propaganda order. This is the note advancing a counter project as to international labor and union action, the French argue is intended to convince socialists and labor classes of the allied countries in general that the present German Government is working in their favor.

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HENRY FORD SUING  
CHICAGO TRIBUNE

FOR \$1,000,000 DAMAGES

MOUNT CLEMENS, Mich., May 12.—One of the most noteworthy libel suits in the history of American jurisprudence, that of Henry Ford versus the Chicago Daily Tribune, for \$1,000,000 was scheduled to open before Judge James Tucker here at 9 o'clock this morning.

With most of the preliminary details thus swung up, later other articles came, for instance the tanner and the button industry was another which

Harry G. Hawker climbing out of cockpit of Sopwith trans-Atlantic plane. Black patch below mouth of exhaust pipe covers opening through which fan is extended for driving oil pump. Tiny propeller just above lower plane (in lower left-hand corner) is one of two which drive generators for wireless installation. Copyright The Press Publishing Company. (The New York World).

Harry G. Hawker climbing out of cockpit of Sopwith trans-Atlantic plane. Black patch below mouth of exhaust pipe covers opening through which fan is extended for driving oil pump. Tiny propeller just above lower plane (in lower left-hand corner) is one of two which drive generators for wireless installation. Copyright The Press Publishing Company. (The New York World).

KOREAN PEOPLE  
ASK LIBERATION

FROM JAPANESE RULE.

PARIS, May 12.—A petition from the Korean people and nation asking for liberation from Japan was submitted to the peace conference today, by representatives of Korea.

The petition asks for the recognition of Korea as an independent state and for nullification of the treaty with Japan.

Eleven charges against a Brantford Alderman by a man who claims to have paid him \$700 to secure exemption were heard by the Municipal Licensing.

CITIZENS' FITTING WELCOME  
TO THE F.W.D. DIRECTORS

Messages by Mayor and Citizens. Many Were Present on the Occasion. President Olen States Why This City Was Selected.

A fitting welcome and banquet were tendered the directors of the Four Wheel Drive Auto Company on Saturday evening by about one hundred and twenty-five citizens in the luncheon room of the Walner House. The event was one that will long be remembered by those who participated in the function.

The congratulations on behalf of the city were tendered to the visitors for their having decided upon this city as the location of their Canadian branch and every confidence was expressed by citizens who spoke that they would meet with that success which is characteristic of so many men who have entered the industrial field in this city. The directors on their part were gratified with the kindness shown and they also gave expression to their opinion that they had finally come to the decision that this was the best city in the country in which to locate. "After the reception here this evening, I personally almost feel like moving the whole shooting match over here," President W. A. Olen joyfully said in reply to the toast to the company.

The event started at 8:30 o'clock. The spread before the guests of the evening was a dainty one and was relished by them. Mr. Fred Krug's orchestra during the course of the banquet rendered appropriate selections, including patriotic numbers and verses "honoring Kili tonville and Kitchener" were enthusiastically sung by the attendants at intervals.

The proceedings were started with three rousing cheers for the visitors. The singing of the national anthem and the luncheon followed. For the occasion the Union Jack and the Stars and Stripes adorned the room. Our flags entwined were the subject of remarks by Judge Chisholm who replied to the toast to the same. The Judge referred to the fitness of having the flags entwined. They had been entwined on the fields of France for the upholding of Liberty and Freedom. Canada and the United States were the two greatest democratic countries of the world. Speaking about democracy the Judge said that one had heard much about the ideals for a country being democracy as far as its government was concerned. He would qualify this by calling it a well ordered democracy. Both Canada and the United States were these. Upon the conclusion of his address Judge Chisholm was warmly applauded for his remarks.

The address of welcome on behalf of the city was read by Mayor Gross which appears elsewhere in this issue.

Our City's Industries. Replying to the toast to Our Industries, Dr. Honsberger spoke. He referred to the fact that it was interesting to note that many citizens including himself were descended from people who came from the United States, namely, Pennsylvania. It was therefore a matter of gratification to him to be able to speak in the presence of the visiting gentlemen who all were pleased he was sure to have present. Regarding our city the doctor stated that it was worth noting that it had the highest altitude between Sarina and Montreal. Cases of typhoid were unknown here for many years, the health of the city was of the best. A smaller proportion of malaria was found here than in any city in Canada. We were in the Garden of Ontario. Dr. Honsberger reviewed the settling of this community and its growth. It began in 1806 when the first settlers trekked over here from Pennsylvania, people of Swiss descent. It was an American town originally situated on the sandhills with no factories as today. They were Mennonites and good settlers. Later Germans from Europe came, they also had made good settlers. Among these people from Europe were many artisans. They made articles to fill their own needs, such as furniture. Gradually they realized they could make more than their own needs and they turned out things for others. Several factories thus sprang up. Later other artisans came, for instance the tanner and the button industry was another which

After reviewing the development of the transportation facilities in the city, which began with the G.T.R. and included many years later the C.P.R. by the return of his son from overseas. Mr. Breithaupt expressed confidence in the future of Canada and this city. He believed that this development would be shared in by the F.W.D. Company to whom all would extend a hearty welcome.

The Toast to the Directors. Replying to the toast to the F.W.D. directors, President W. A. Olen thanked the citizens for the reception. He stated that while there had been reports during the past month to the effect that the company would come here, yet the fact was that it was only on this day that they had finally decided to locate the Canadian factory in this city. During the past month the company had been investigating in order to get facts on the possible places for a location. Letters from about four hundred cities and towns in the Dominion urging them to locate in their respective places had been received.

Many offers in various ways had been received. Bonuses, exemption of taxes for periods as long as 30 years, buildings and so forth were included.

The company carried on its investigation. He said that the greatest asset to a company was a working organization. Statistics showed that the greatest percentage of the causes of failure were due to lack of this. 29 per cent. in 1914 and 36 per cent. in 1917; only 3 to 5 per cent. were due to competition. After the investigation the company was most impressed with this city whose boosting spirit was a feature. The company brought to the city a very good product, one which had been

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