POOR DOCUMENT

Semi-Weekly Telearanh

VOL. XXVIII.

ST. JOHN, N. B., SATURDAY, AUGUST 18, 1900.

NO. 97.

PICNIC AT NAPPAN.

The Annual Gathering of the St. Andrews, N. B., Family Farmers.

HOME WELCOME

Extended by Mr. and Mrs. Robert- Left by an Aunt in England--The son of the Government Experimental Farm -- Addresses Made by the Orators Present--A Pleasant Day.

900 excursionists arrived about 1 o'clock, and these were supplemented by about 200 from Amherst and vicinity. Manager and Mrs. Robertson, of the farm, who are at all times ready and

willing to welcome visitors, proved them-selves today an ideal host and hostess and the large party felt easily at home and thoroughly enjoyed themselves in picnic style. The farm presented a festive scene. Groups were in all parts, some intent in examining the beautiful flowers, while the more practical were plying Mr. Robertson and his efficient staff with questions as to the results of their experiments, so that the day, in addition to being a holiday, was one of instruction.

The majority came provided with their own baskets, while others were provided with refreshments at the farm. Among those present were: A. C. Bell, M. P., president of the society. J. M. Balay. president of the society; J. M. Bailey, secretary; C. R. B. Boyan, Messes, J. D. McGregor, M. H. Fitzpatrick, M. P. P.; B. W. Chipman, secretary for agriculture; Col. William Blair, Rev. Messrs.

Coffin, Job. and Sinclair. After the lighter part of the programme had been completed all who could congregated in the commodious barn and J. M. Bailey was elected chairman, a duty which he performed most agreeably. Mr. R. Robertson, manager of the farm, was the first speaker and in well chosen words he heartily welcomed all and trusted that, in addition to having an enjoyable time, they might also receive some information and benefit. He was followed by J. D. McGregor, M. P. P.; M. H. Fitzpatrick, M. P. P.; Col. Blair, A. C. Bell, M. P.; E. McDonald, M. P. P., and B. W. Chipman, secretary for agriculture.
All spoke in the highest terms of the condition of the farm.

At 8 o'clock a rush was made for the train. Just before leaving, a vote of thanks was unanimously given to Messrs. Robertson for their hospitality. Much J. M. Bailey, the committee in charge, who did every thing in their power to make the affair a success.

HARRY McFARLANE'S DEATH.

Fredericton, Aug. 15—(Special)—The remains of the late Harry McFarlane arrived from St. Louis today and were interred at Douglas. The late Mr. McFarlane was not drowned as was previously reported, heart failure being assigned as the cause of death. He and a fellow operator went to have a swim after busy office hours. He had become overheated and, on plunging into the water, came to the surface apparently helpless. Though life remained after the body had been taken from the water, the attending physicians saw that the young man was breathing his last.

A GREAT RADIUS.

Montreal, Aug. 16-The Thompson line steamer Devona, which is now in port loading for London, will, when she reaches that port, have made a remarkable steam record on one coaling. When she gets to London she will have concluded about 19,000 miles, having only filled her bunkers once. Some months ago she coaled at Sydney and came to Montreal to load a cargo of horses for Cape Town and she has now returned from Cape Town and has yet enough coal left to carry her to London. She burns 30 tons of coal a day.

Fi.e Engine Trust.

New York, Aug. 16-A consolidation of the largest manufacturers of heavy fire apparatus in the country has just been effected under the name of the Internaeffected under the name of the International Fire Engine Company.

All the concerns in the United States manufacturing steam apparatus are included in the combination, which is said to have a capital of \$9.000,000. The following are said to be among the lowing are said to be among those who have joined the trust:

The Fire Extinguishing Company, of New York; the Amoskeag Company; the Holloway Company, of Baltimore; Sea-grave & Co., of New York, and the American Steam Fire Engine Company, of

HEIRS TO BIG FORTUNE,

Have Received Word

OF A RICH LEGACY

Sum is Over \$100,000 and it Will Be Divided Among the Members of the Williamson Family.

Amherst, N. S., Aug. 16.—(Special)—
The annual farmers' picnic from Pictou death of a maiden aunt in England, the county was held this afternoon at the children of the late William Williamson, government experimental farm, Nappan. of St. Andrews, and of his brother Richard, become heirs to an estate valued at ard, become heirs to an estate valued at considerably over \$100,000.

William Williamson's family consists of Thomas, Harry and William Williamson, all of St. Andrews; Charles Williamson

of Porth, and two married daughters in Richard Williamson has two sons. - Advices of this fortune arrived today in a

BRYAN ENDORSED.

Anti-Imperialists Declare for the Silver-Tongued.

ALMOST UNANIMOUS.

There Was Some Opposition but Not Enough to be Felt When a Vote was Taken in Convention--Bryan Least Objectionable.

Imperialists today emphatically endorsed the candidacy of William J. Bryan for president. The resolutions to that effect were read to the convention by Col. Charles R. Codman, of Massachusetts, who moved their adoption, after stating that the entire committee of 25 had endorsed them. The convention, however, did not adopt the platform as submitted by the resolutions committee without prolonged and heated debate. Thomas M. Osborne, of Auburn, N. Y., leader of the "Third ticket" movement, offered an amendment to strike out the endorsement of Bryan and The Young Fredericton Man Was Not by several delegates and when the previous Drowned—The Remains Brought Home

for Burial.

Brodericton Man Was Not provided the second question was ordered less than a score could be marshalled to vote against the Bryan endorsement. The opponents of the Bryan pronouncement in the platform were ably led by Thomas M. Osborne and description of the Bryan pronouncement in the platform were ably led by Thomas M. Osborne and description of the Bryan pronouncement in the platform were ably led by Thomas M. Osborne and description of the Bryan pronouncement in the platform were ably led by Thomas M. Osborne and description of the Bryan pronouncement in the platform were ably led by Thomas M. Osborne and description of the Bryan pronouncement in the platform was ordered less than a score could be marshalled to vote against the Bryan pronouncement in the platform were ably led by Thomas M. Osborne and description of the Bryan pronouncement in the platform were ably led by Thomas M. Osborne and description of the Bryan pronouncement in the platform were ably led by Thomas M. Osborne and description of the Bryan pronouncement in the platform were ably led by Thomas M. Osborne and the Bryan pronouncement in the platform were ably led by Thomas M. Osborne and the Bryan pronouncement in the platform were ably led by Thomas M. Osborne and the Bryan pronouncement in the platform were ably led by Thomas M. Osborne and the Bryan pronouncement in the platform were ably led by Thomas M. Osborne and the Bryan pronouncement in the platform were ably led by Thomas M. Osborne and the Bryan pronouncement in the platform were ably led by Thomas M. were ably led by Thomas M. Osborne and advocated the nomination of a third ticket on the theory that their followers, while opposed to President McKinley were not prepared to accept Mr. Bryan on the Kansas City platform. Col. Charles R. Codman and Edwin Burritt Smith were the chief proponents of the platform as the chief proponents of the platform as reported, claiming that all political questhe chief proponents of the platform as reported, claiming that all political questions were now subordinate to the one question of imperialism.

Every mention of Mr. Bryan's name question of imperialism.

Every mention of Mr. Bryan's name called forth enthusiastic applause.

The speakers who opposed the Bryan plank in the platform were received with jeers and cries of "Time" from the delegates and Chairman Seiver at times had gates, and Chairman Seiver at times had difficulty in obtaining a hearing for them. After the adoption of the resolution enlorsing Bryan the representatives of the Thompson Line Boat Which Has Steamed
19,000 Miles on One Bunker Supply.

Thompson Line Boat Which Has Steamed third party movement met in the assembly room of the Commercial Club and selected Thomas M. Osborne of New York for permanent chairman and Everett V. Abbott of New York for permanent secretary. A motion was made and carried that a convention be held in New York city Sept. 5, for the purpose of nominating a ticket.

FISHERMEN WANT DAMAGES. Owners of Nets Seized on the French Shore -Will Bring a Suit-

St. John's, Nfld., Aug. 16-The owners of the fishing nets seized recently by British warships on the French treaty coast are about to institute proceedings in the colonial supreme court to recover

whose cannery was closed, recovered \$5,000 | morning: from the British government for the illegal action of British warships and the present claimants hope to secure a similar result.

Girls Drowned.

THE HANDS OF THE ALLIES

They Were But Twelve Miles Away Sunday and Have Since Been Marching and Fighting-Li Wants to Deliver the Ministers at Tung Chow.

Austrian goverment, like other European powers, is still without confirmation of this report. An official telegram dated Taku, August 14, has been received at Rome which asserts that the attack on Pekin began Monday, that Sir Claude MacDonald, the British minister, has opened communication with the relieving

opened communication with the relieving force, and that the allies have established their headquarters at Tung Chau.

Chinese officials in Shanghai are reported as admitting that the allies inflicted a heavy defeat on the Chinese Imperial troops around Tung Chau Sunday, and then marched direct on Pekin. This, if true, carries the Japanese of-

The heirs here have empowered M. N. Cockburn to look after their interests. ficial advices announcing the capture of Tung Chau one step further.

The western powers, according to a despatch to the Daily Express from Kobe, have accepted the proposals formulated by Japan for expressing an amount of by Japan for arranging an armistice, de-pendent upon the immediate delivery of

From the same place comes the statement that Vice-Admiral Seymour and Brigadier General Creagh have joined in the protest against the withdrawal of the British troops. All the morning papers which comment on the subject, appeal to Lord Sakisbury not to withdraw them and dilate upon the serious results of such an action to British prestige. American negotiations looking to a cessation of hos-tilities also receive considerable atten-tion, favorable and otherwise; but all the editorials agree that to precipitate a withdrawal from Pekin after the delivery of the legations would have a bad effect upon the Chinese minds.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 16—The Liberty Congress of the American League of anti-The consessus of opinion expressed by the morning papers tends to the belief that the legationers are now safe with the al-lies. Describing the capture of Hosi Wu, a special despatch says that the headgear of the Americans was quite insufficient for the awful heat and that the conse-

OFFICIAL DESPATCHES.

Li Hung Chang Wanted to Deliver the Ministers at Tung Chow-United States Demands.

structions empowering him to carry out an arrangement in concert with other commanders for the delivery of the min-isters and persons under their protection to the relief column, not at Tung Chow, to the relief column, not at Tung Chow, as had been suggested, but at the Imperial city of Pekin. Furthermore, it was made known to China that General Chaffee's instructions left him free rein as to whether he should insist upon entering Pekin and going to the legations or should receive the delivery of the legationers at the grate of the invertible grate of the invertible. the gate of the inner Tartar city or at the great outer wall. In short, China, through her peace envoy, besought a halt and an armistice at Tung Chow, twelve and an armstice at Tung Chow, twelve miles from Pekin, whereas the response of the American government is that if there is to be a halt—an armistice—it must be at the walls of the Imperial city. The conclusions of the government were announced after an extended cabinet meeting and were embedded in the first state. Some years ago a firm of lobster packers, to Mr. Adee by Mr. Wu at 9 o'clock this

envoy plenipotentiary of China, dated gives us hope.

Aug. 15th and received by Minister Wu (Signed) at 7 p. m. on the same day.
"The allied forces are approaching Tung-

New York, Aug. 16-A cablegram was government to depute envoy to negotiate

London, Aug. 17, 3.45 a. m.—A cable-gram to Vienna from Hong Kong announces the capture of Pekin, but the Austrian government, like other Euro-gram at once to the secretary of state." gram at once to the secretary of state."

The following memorandum on the re-

> cent time after receiving a reply to our memorandum of Aug. 12 to get instruc-tions to the relief column commanding the American forces in China the following despatch:

you that Li Hung Chang, appointed by the Chinese government to negotiate with ities. We have replied that we are ready pendent upon the immediate delivery of the foreign legations to the allies or the granting of permission to the allied forces to enter Pekin and to guard the legations. Upon these bases, the correspondent says, Japan has already begun to negotiate.

Shanghai despatches declare that the Chinese had intended to make a final attack upon the legations last Sunday, but whether the plan was carried out is not known there.

> And two days ago in view of the rapid progress of the relief expedition we sent the following: "Adjutant General's Office, Washington,

Aug. 14, 1900:
"Fowler, Chee Foo:
"For Chaffee—August fourteenth. In them cabled you August twelfth, if the Chinese authorties communicate a willingness to deliver the ministers and peringness to deliver the ministers and persons under their protection to the relief column at Pekin under arrangements which you consider safe, you are authorized to make and carry out the arrangement in concert with the other commandtives of other governments here, we believe all to take substantially the same position. The question whether you should insist upon entering Pekin and going to the legations or will receive their delivery at the goats. ery at the gate of the inner Tartar city or at the outer wall, taking the risk of the ministers passing through the city with ministers passing through the other only a Chinese escort, you and the other generals must determine.

"By order of Secretary of War, We are advised by Minister Conger that the attacks by imperial troops upon the legations in Pekin have not ceased.

rifle firing until July 17; only rifle since, the officials regarded it as unimportant, it

but daily; with it frequently desperate attacks, one last night. Have already reported our losses * * * * * * French Italian, Belgian, Austrian, Dutch legations meeting, and were embodied in the following official statement:

The following memorandum was handed to Mr. Adee by Mr. Wu at 9 o'clock this morning:

"A cablegram from Earl Li Hung Changer, and Secretary Ryan. Nearing allied forces of the latest developments."

AN ARMISTICE WANTED.

The appeal of China and the prompt response of the American government were the subject of supreme interest throughreceived today announcing the death by drowning of Misses Eugenia and Virginia Brandreth, aged 24 and 22 years, daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Harry D. Brandreth, the head of the Brandreth Pill and Porous Plaster House in England.

government to depute envoy to negotiate out the day. Coming at a moment when the several commandance of the spot. I will also shortly proceed to Pekin. The powers, being fully aware of the embarras-sing position in which their majesties the Empress Dowager and the Emperor are placed, are brief respite at Canton and, going to the Picnic of Chatham Methodists.

Heir to Millions Died a Pauper.

Chatham, Aug. 16—(Special)—The annual pienic of the Methodist Sunday school was hedd today at Beaubair's Island.

About 500 scholars and adults attended.

About 500 scholars and adults attended.

Probably a larger number of outsiders would have attended had the weather been more favorable.

head of the Brandreth Pill and Porous which their majesties the Empress Dowager and the Emperor are placed, are earnestly requested to telegraph instructions to their respective commanders after forces to stop their further advance to the capital, so as not to cause alarm and fear to their majesties and calamities to the chief the president had just returned from a brief respite at Canton and, going to the White House, found his advisers ready to present to him' the issue now advanced to the capital, so as not to cause alarm and fear to their majesties and calamities to the day, conveyed it to the department of state. Although it was people. For such advance would shake the foundations of the Ta Ching Empire and would the feelings of all her people, high and low. For a compliance with this cabinet session would be held at 11

eent to General Chaffee.

"Adjutant General's Office, Washington,
Aug. 12, 1900
"Fowler, Chee Foo:

"The American memorandum of reply gives Li Hung Chang practically nothing beyond a repetition of the two despatches heretofore sent to General Chaffee. The first communication, laying down the condition that "The forces composing the relief expedition shall be permitted to enter Pekin unmolested." The second despatch of Aug. 14, merely

amplifies General Chaffee's authority to enter into an agreement between the powers and the Chinese government for cessation of hostilities on condition that

must "Enter Pekin."
This second order to General Chaffee this to all the powers. The Japanese device of military science is for him to decide at Pekin. The two despatches to him contemplate action only at Pekin.
Thus there can be no misunderstanding demand of the United States that the ministers be delivered to the allied troops

at Pekin is reinforced.

The latest despatch from Minister Con anticipation of acceptance by the Chinese government of the condition in our reply already in hand. In one respect, however, it gave the government strong encouragement, as it was almost a categorical answer to the inquiries of the state knowledge that we were in direct touch with our minister, for all of his despatches up to today had conveyed information without reference to the repeated inquir-ies of the government. That the situaican marines who fell in defense of the legation and it is evident that the minisforces gives us hope.'

Beyond the important diplomatic exchanges of the day and the receipt of the Conger message, the chief interest centered in the exact whereabouts of the allied armies. From Japanese sources

United States Willing to Cease Hostilities

on Receiving the Minister.

Washington, Aug. 16-A special meeting which the Chinese situation was discussed. An answer to this appeal was prepared, in which it is understood the United project. States government agrees to an armistice for the purpose of relieving the ministers, ple under their protection, either at the inner gates of the city or the outer gate, whichever the officers in command of the (Continued on page 5.)

RACE FEELING IN THE NORTH STEYN SAID TO HAVE DIED

New York Riots Show That Report That a Wound Termi-

KRUGER AND PEACE.

Blamed for Causing the Disturbance in the North as the Same Element Has Done in the South -- Discussed at Republican Head-

LAWLESS ELEMENT

With the president at the cabinet table, were Secretarys Root, Gage, Wilson and Postmaster General Smith. After the cabinet meeting the American reply was sent to the Chinese minister, who, later in the day, cabled it to Li Hung Chang.

Thus the issue was framed, finally and the cabinet table, were Secretarys Root, Gage, Wilson and Postmaster General Smith. After the cabinet meeting the American reply was sent to the Chinese minister, who, later in the day, cabled it to Li Hung Chang.

Thus the issue was framed, finally and of the riot, Prof. Scarborough said that the war and would force if necessary.

The burghers, accounts of the stopics at Republican national headquarters today. Prof. W. S. Scarborough, colored, vice-president of Wilberforce University, Ohio, had called upon Chairman Hanna and, in speaking of the riot, Prof. Scarborough said that the war and would force if necessary. upon Chairman Hanna and, in speaking the war and would prevent his flight by the conservative and respectable elements of both races deplored the trouble. He thought it was caused by the lowest people, white and black. The rioting showed that race prejudice is as strong today in the north as it is in the south. It was the lawless elements of both races deplored the trouble. He authority, share his view. The Transvallers have ninety guns at Machadodorp, with abundant provisions.

Stevn Said to Have Died. the lawless element in the south that makes all the trouble.

The German General Takes Farewells.

SOME CRITICISM.

The Press Say He Should Talk Less--He Evidently Intends to Conquer China When He Gets There --- Must Be Aggressive Everywhere.

Berlin, Aug. 16.-This morning Count for Cape Town. Von Waldersee, accompanied by the Countess and Vice-Admiral Von Waldersee, his brother, visited the United States embassy and askd Mr. John Jackson, scretary of the embassy to present his best compliments to Pre-ident McKinley.
He spoke in the highest terms of the New Hamburg-American Liner Made the

American troops, saying:
"I know what they can do and will consider it a great honor to have such The press points out that Count Von Waldersee is talking too much and advises him to talk less. The Kolnische Volkszeitung bids him 'Follow Moitke's American line steamer 'Deutschland at-rived at Plymouth from New York yester-Several journals have dubbed him "Felt Marshall."

I"n the course of a conversation at the offices of the general staff today he said:
"The general situation for the allies is unfavorable, even if Pekin is taken or is about to be "taken, since the allies" While these attacks continue we cannot stop the advance of our forces toward Pekin. If such attacks cease, the above quoted instructions will be allowed to stand and they would seem to provide for stand and they would seem to provide for the minister Takahira confirming this report. The minister promptly communication of the strategical offensive except in this advance upon Pekin. It is necessary to adopt the strategical offensive except in this advance upon Pekin. It is necessary to adopt the strategical offensive except in this advance upon Pekin. It is necessary to adopt the strategical offensive except in this advance upon Pekin. It is necessary to adopt the strategical offensive except in this advance upon Pekin. It is necessary to adopt the strategical offensive except in this advance upon Pekin. It is necessary to adopt the strategical offensive except in this advance upon Pekin. It is necessary to adopt the strategical offensive except in this advance upon Pekin. It is necessary to adopt the strategical offensive except in this advance upon Pekin. It is necessary to adopt the strategical offensive except in the strategical of the strategical offensive except in the strategical of the strateg

stop the advance of our forces toward Pekin. If such attacks cease, the above quoted instructions will be allowed to stand and they would seem to provide for stand and they would seem to have left pekin some time between August 5 and 11:

"Secretary of State, Washington:

Some days had elapsed, however, since the afflies and most authentic news of the whereabouts of the relief column.

Some days had elapsed, however, since the afflies are throughout China."

His idea sems to be to have the allies act in conjunction with the Russian forces in the provinces of Kirin and Scheng-Romal that place and Pekin.

Some days had elapsed, however, since the afflies dorsow and there had been ample time to cover the 12 miles between that place and Pekin.

Whether the afflied forces actually were there was the affliabsorbing question on which everyone awaited word with any ity. Secretary Root was satisfied that the had received it at midnight from the Taoti of Shanghai, by whom it had been received by way of Tsi Nan, August 15. It is undated, but would seem to have left Pekin some time between August 5 and 11:

"Secretary of State, Washington:

Some days had elapsed, however, since the latest and most authentic news of the whereabouts of the relief column.

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Some days had elapsed, however that place and Pekin.

Whether the afflied forces actually were there was the affliabsorbing question on which everyone awaited word with any ity. Secretary Root was satisfied that the had received it at midnight from the Taoti of Shanghai, by whom it had been received

QUARANTINE AGAINST NOME.

-The Pacific Cable.

Ottawa, Aug. 16-(Special)-The dominion authorities received yesterday a letter from S. E. Brisky, collector of customs at Skagway, in which he speaks of a serious outbreak of smallpox, typhoid fever and pneumonia at Cape Nome and says strict quarantine is being exercised to prevent its spread to Dawson. Incoming steamers at Skagway are all to be called on for the presentation of a clean to land their passengers.

Mr. Larke, trade commissioner in Aus-

Which the Chinese situation was discussed.

The several messaages that have been received from Minister Conger and Consul General Goodnow and the appeal of Li Hung Chang that the allied forces' halt at Tung Chow in order that an armistice be arranged were carefully considered.

Train, says the postmaster general of New South Wales has introduced legislation giving effect to the compact with Canada for the construction of the Pacific cable and intimates that the request of the Eastern Extension company would have meant the abandoning of the Pacific project.

Digging for Kings.

Berlin, Aug. 16.-With the permission

nated His Career.

he Old Transvaaler Said to Powerless Before the Demand of Fighting Commandoes --Canadian Released by the Boer -- DeWet Joins Delarey.

London, Aug. 17-A British correspo

London, Aug. 17-Former President Steyn, according to a despatch to the Daily Mail from Lorenzo Marques, dated yesterday, is reported to have died while endeavoring to reach Mr. Kruger, as the

London, Aug. 17-According to a de-

spatch to the Daily Express from Lor-

enzo Marquez, dated yesterday, it is re-

ported there that General DeWet has suc Delarey.

Boers Release Isbester. Toronto, Aug. 14—The Telegram's special cable from London says: It has been reported to the war office that Pte. M. L. Isbester, formerly of the 13th field battery, C. A., and was taken prisoner. by the Boers while serving with the Can-adian artillery in South Africa, was released some time ago, and has arrived at

Horses for Africa. New Orleans, Aug. 16.—The steamer Monarch, with 1,150 horses for the British army in South Africa, cleared today.

DEUTSCHLAND MAKES A RECORD.

Trip Across in 5 Days, 11 Hours and 45 Minutes-Hourly Average 23.32 Nnots.

New York, Aug. 15-The new Hamburgday, having made the trip across in five days, 11 hours and 45 minutes, which lowers the best previous eastward record, held by the same vessel by two hours and

The average speed of the Deutschland was 23.32 knots an hour, and her highest day's run was 552 knots, which is 16 knots faster than her highest run on her trip

to this port.

The Deutschland's fastest trip from Plymouth to Sandy Hook in 5 days, 15 hours and 46 minutes, an average of 22.42 knots per hour. This is the world's recommend from Plymouth to the world's recommend from Plymouth. ord to the westward from Plymouth All records, with one exception, now belong to the Deutschland. The eastward, westward, maiden and hourly records are all hers, but she still has to beat the 580 knot record of the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, of the North German Lloyd

mander of the vessel, to Emil L. Boas, the American representative of the Hamburg-American Line, stated that the ship had an exceptionally fine trip, except for a whole day of fog on the Banks. He brought the vessel down to 11 knots at times to go through this. During great bursts of speed the Deutschland made 27.

AWAITING THE MINISTERS.

Smallpox, Typhoid and Pneumonia Raging Ottawa Looking Forward to Their Return From Europe-Communication in the

Ottawa, Aug. 16 .- (Special)-There was a cabinet council today for the transac-tion of routine business but only four of the ministers are here and interest very large centres in the return of Hon. Mr. crnment in the course of a week or so. Capt. Woodville, managing editor of the Yukon Sun, reached Ottawa last even-ing. He is pleased with the present out-look there and thinks the government tralia, says the postmaster general of New South Wales has introduced legislation giving effect to the compact with Canada for the construction of the Point and the creeks

NOW A GOVERNMENT ROAD.

Bondholders Abandon the Jamaica Railroad.

Berlin, Aug. 16.—With the permission of Emperor William the work of opening the tombs of the German Emperors buried in the Cathedral of Spircs began today.

Kingston, Ja., Aug. 16—The bondholders of the Jamaica Railway, constructed by American engineers, have voluntarily abandoned control of the line and the government took possession today.