

KINGSTON WOMAN SAYS SHE WAS MIRACULOUSLY HEALED

Action Taken Towards Rebuilding Fernie—Many People are Once More Sleeping Under Cover.

KINGSTON, Ont., Aug. 8.—Miss May Ghent, Charles street, claims to have been miraculously healed. For months she was in bed, a great sufferer, and given up by medical men. They diagnosed her case in various ways. She spent some time in the hospital and was finally removed home. She was unable to move. She claims that on Tuesday last, in her suffering she prayed and brought God's healing power promising to spend every hour and moment in saving souls for Him, if restored. While praying she heard a voice from Heaven saying, "Arise and come forth into My vineyard." She arose, walked about and last night preached in the Holiness Movement church. She says she is now without pain or ache. Medical men say that excitement caused her rallying she was of a nervous temperament and only needed invigoration of a wiring type.

FERNIE, B. C., Aug. 8.—The first important step toward rebuilding the damage done by the awful fire at Fernie, was taken yesterday, when the directors of the Crown's Nest Pass Coal Co., met and gave Mr. Lindsey, the president of the company, who is at present at Fernie, power to go ahead with the rebuilding of the parts of the plant that were destroyed by fire. Although no fixed appropriation was made it is estimated that the cost to the company for the rebuilding and outfitting will be in the neighborhood of \$30,000. The fire destroyed the hospital and did considerable damage to the coke oven plant and other equipment, the total loss being placed at about \$200,000. There was about \$150,000 insurance held on the plant. The work of rebuilding will be started immediately. The directors at the meeting yesterday were Colonel Sir Henry M. Pallat, and C. Whitney, E. R. Wood, McGivern and W. P. Clough.

CANTON WRASSO AND THEIR PROVINCIAL TOUR

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Leave Charlottetown Thursday morning at 8 o'clock by steamer across the Straits of Pictou, N. S., 60 miles sail, only have a three hours' stay in the beautiful little city. Here again the Odd Fellows welcome us, and after dinner give us drives over their beauty spots. Leave here at 2.40 p. m. for Halifax. Arrive there at 8.30 p. m. Stop at Queen Hotel.

The four lodges and two Encampments will bid us a royal old-fashioned English welcome. If we can live through and stand up under the days' programme of entertainment they have provided for us, we shall leave for home on the Pullman Friday evening at 8.40 in palace car without change directly home Saturday afternoon, the bulk of the tour's ideal spot, with its old English style and customs, its garrison of the "Soldiers of the King." Its Citadel guards the city from its high position above the harbor, which is the finest in the world with one exception, and a beautiful public gardens are not excelled in grandeur by cities fifty times its size in population.

Its public buildings are the most noted landmarks in Canada. To a cavalier, this will be the trip of a lifetime, with five cities visited, and the Odd Fellows in each evening with the other to extend a royal and fraternal welcome to their American Brothers and Sisters. This, with nearly 200 miles of steamboat sailing, the railroads in elegant palace cars, and stopping at the best hotels, must appeal to one who wishes to take a week's vacation in August.

NECESSITY FOR ENERGETIC, ETC

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say 250 caterpillars (and some have 500) the number of caterpillars destroyed for an expenditure of a paltry \$50.00 would be 500,000.

Now suppose that these 500,000 insects had not been destroyed, but given another year's grace, what would be the result?

Probably half, or 250,000, would be females, and as each would lay in the vicinity of 300 eggs, the next year's crop of caterpillars, the descendants of only these 2,500 nests, would amount to 75,000,000. The destruction caused by this host would be great and, should this colony be spared for another year, and the females deposit the usual number of eggs, the next year's crop of caterpillars, the descendants of the occupants of the original 2,500 nests, and in the short space of two years it will be seen at once the great necessity for quick action and the enormous amount of damage and expenditure prevented by the proper distribution of a little money in time.

The rapidity with which insects increase their numbers is not well understood by many, and one more illustration might not be out of order just here. "The insect book" states the following: "The classic computation of Huxley that the uninterrupted breeding of ten generations of plant-lice from a single ancestor would produce a mass of organic matter equivalent to the bulk of five hundred millions of human beings (about the population of the Chinese Empire) is by no means an over-estimate, but if anything an under-estimate."

In dealing with insects the only way is certainly to get at them at the earliest possible moment. The majority of persons are fairly familiar with such destructive insects as the potato beetle (or bug, as it is usually and incorrectly called), the cabbage butterfly (Pieris rapae), many know of the work of cutworms on beets, peas, etc.; others are only too well acquainted with such undesirable forms as the squash bug, wire worms (the larvae of click beetles), May beetles (sometimes called June bugs), Pra weevils and others.

Others well know the injury caused by the pests which prey upon the corn, but probably very few appreciate the fact that three of our well-known cone-bearing trees are being defoliated and killed by pests peculiar to them. The spruce-gall louse is disgusting and injurious, but probably not killing the spruce; the larch saw-fly is probably killing the tamarack (and it is only necessary to go a mile or two from this city to see the larch trees that have been killed); and another pest has lately put in an appearance at Westfield, and is stripping the leaves or needles from the fir.

Fortunately, we have no records of the presence of the Gypsy moth for it would probably do some harm, but it is not yet abundant enough to do much damage. It would almost seem as if insects were destined to destroy all plant life, from whom we learn of present conditions and man has materially assisted in bringing about such conditions by his forests, crops and thoughtless destruction of birds. Only

the other day one species, the red-bellied Nuthatch was observed devouring great numbers of the larvae of the larch saw-fly and certainly did we have more nuthatches there would be fewer saw-flies and more larch or tamarack trees.

With the forests gone, lumber and fire wood things of the past, the water supply of the country seriously affected and everything planted eaten up—not even the grass getting a chance to grow, what will be left or what will our condition be?

These may sound like the words of a pessimist, but they are not. Let the reader examine the reports of the Dominion or United States Departments of Agriculture and he will probably be somewhat impressed with the estimated loss by insects annually and after a careful study of such reports will fully appreciate the anxiety felt by those who study insect life, for the welfare of the country.

It will be well for all who read to remember the old "stitch in time" proverb and far better for the welfare of all if every man and woman would awake and do what they can (before it is too late) to check the steady advance of the numerous injurious insects which are only too easily found in our Province.

A dollar spent judiciously now might well cause the saving of thousands or even millions later on, for we have seen what others have suffered, and if we are wise, we will surely profit by their dearly bought experience.

OBEYS WIFE AND FINDS \$971 IN OLD CUSHIONS

Was About to Burn Them, When Ordered to Save the Stuffing.

GREENSBURG, Pa., Aug. 7.—While opening some buggy cushions today at the command of his wife, Harry Hawley, of Radebaugh, a dealer in old buggies, came across cash in bills and silver amounting to \$971. According to Harry it is always a good thing to obey one's wife.

When a consignment of old buggies came there were as usual a number of old and battered cushions and Hawley was just about to put them all in a pile and set fire to it, when his wife appeared on the scene and commanded Hawley to save the cushions, rip them open and give the stuffing to her to make cushions for the house.

Hawley obeyed and he was opening a cushion the glittering "paper" gold rolled out on the ground in front of him. His eyes bulged out and his wife assumed the "I told you so" expression, and said something about a woman's intuition.

DO YOU COMPREHEND?

Every commercial school is characterized and judged by the value of its graduates, therefore, since the forty odd pupils and graduates taken from the Public Service Office of the Curlew of the University, in the past month, secured from fifty to one hundred per cent, more salary than graduates from opposition schools, there must be a reason.

NEW STOCK PATTERNS IN MEDIUM PRICED CHINA DINNERWARE

Beautiful decorations in Pink or Green color effects, at MARVELOUS LOW PRICES

O. H. WARWICK CO., Ltd. 78 TO 82 KING ST.

COME TO McGOWAN'S 107 Prince Wm. Street. FOR GOOD PRINTING BOOK BINDING Loose Leaf Binder Supplies and Counter Check Books Phone 2173

Bread Purity is of prime importance in the healthful sustenance of life. Pure, sweet, wholesome, satisfying bread is our output, day in, day out, week in, week out. If not acquainted with the excellence of Healt's Hygienic Milk Bread, hasten your trial order this way and be convinced of its superiority. Sold by all Grocers. HYGIENIC BAKERY, 134 to 138 Mill St. Phone 1167. ERNEST J. HEATT, Proprietor.

REPORT OF WORK DONE AT THE LAMBETH CONFERENCE

LONDON, Aug. 6.—An enviable embodying the results of the Lambeth conference was issued from Lambeth Palace last night, from it is learned, that the discussion of the 243 bishops composing the conference was based on the reports of the committee appointed to consider the various subjects and that they were secret. The conference lasted from July 25 to Aug. 6. Except in a few instances no intimation is given as to whether the resolutions adopted by the conference were on subjects of wide differences of opinion or not.

Among the resolutions passed was the following:

In view of the tendencies widely shown in the writings of the moderns places on record the conviction that historical facts stated in the creeds are an essential part of the faith of the church.

The serious decline in the number of candidates for the ministry is deplored, parents are urged to dedicate sons to

the ministry and churches to provide funds for the training of candidates. The conference resolved also that the clergy educational system should be nationally as well as morally sound and that no teaching can be regarded as adequate unless it is religious in character, which is limited to historical information and moral culture.

All races and peoples, whatever their language and condition, must be welded into one body and the organization of different races living side by side into separate or independent churches on the basis of race or color is inconsistent with the vital and essential principle of the unity of Christ's church.

By a vote of 57 to 24, the conference resolved that it was undesirable that the innocent party to a divorce for adultery receive the blessing of the church upon marriage.

It denounced also the growing practice of the artificial restriction of the family, socialism took up much of the bishops' attention. The committee recognized the ideals of brotherhood which

WOMAN'S APPARITION HAUNTS MAN TO DEATH

Italian Landowner Driven to Suicide by Presence of Specter.

ROME, Aug. 7.—A strange story of haunting comes from Barone, a village near Salerno, where a rich young landowner had committed suicide, being driven to the act, as he stated in a letter, by the continual presence of an apparition.

For one night last year that the haunting began, when the landowner, Tommaso Giordano, 30 years old, returned home from a journey. As he approached the house he was surprised, so he told his friends afterward, to see it lit up, with a dresser with open. Thinking thieves had broken in, he aroused the servants and directly he did so the lights went out. The house was searched, but nothing was found in it and nothing was found. Giordano went to bed thinking himself the victim of an illusion, but toward morning he was suddenly awakened.

Looking up, he saw leaning over him an old woman, dressed in black. This personage announced herself as a witch and prophesied his violent death. Ever after then, the landowner averred, he was continuously persecuted by the witch from when in vain he tried to escape.

GERMAN SUBSIDIES FOR MOTOR CARS

War Office Enters on Scheme to Obtain Services in Actual Hostilities.

BERLIN, Aug. 8.—The German War Office announces that it is prepared to enter into negotiations with motor car manufacturers and private owners for subsidizing their "vehicles."

To persons providing themselves with cars answering to certain official requirements and pledging themselves to maintain the cars on a "war footing" for a period of at least five years the following subsidies will be granted: A purchase subsidy for each car, payable upon its definite transfer to the military administration of \$100; the maintenance subsidies for each car for five years, payable at the end of each year, for the first year \$250, a premium for the use of domestic German petroleum or benzine.

The first two 39 horsepower War Offices reserves the right to make better terms for cars of considerably higher horsepower. Any aspirant for subsidies is required to negotiate with the War Office before acquiring a car.

The War Office retains the exclusive right to determine whether a car is serviceable for war purposes and to destroy itself from time to time as to whether a car is being maintained in "warlike" condition. A sale of a subsidized car in Germany is only permissible if the purchased takes over the obligations into which the seller has entered with the war office. A sale of a subsidized car outside of Germany is not allowable.

VICAR KILLED IN ALPINE PEAKS

GENEVA, Aug. 7.—The name of the Rev. F. B. B. Wale, vicar of Holy Trinity, Shrewsbury, England, was added yesterday to the long list of Alpine victims.

Mr. Wale was instituted to the living quite recently, but owing to his state of health he did not at once take up his duties, but went to Switzerland to recuperate.

He was staying at Blonay, near Vevey and left there on Thursday for an excursion to the Pizol, about an hour's journey northeast of Blonay, whence a fine view is obtained of the lake Geneva and Mont Blanc.

He did not return and a search was made, with the result that his mutilated body was found in the crevasse of the Pizol at the foot of the Rochers du Pic.

Mr. Wale was formerly curate at Chester and Malpas and prior to his appointment to Holy Trinity church he was the vicar of Leaton, near Shrewsbury. He leaves a widow and three children.

POLICE OUTWITTED BY LABOR LEADERS

By Clever Subterfuge Paris Trade Unions Hold Meetings Prohibited by Prefect.

PARIS, Aug. 6.—By a clever subterfuge, delegates from all the trade unions in Paris succeeded last night in holding a meeting despite the prohibition of the prefect and the presence of 600 policemen assembled to prevent it.

The syndicate of trade unions had announced for 9 o'clock a private meeting in the large hall of the Labor Exchange to deliberate on the advisability of proclaiming a general strike. The prefect of the Seine, under whose jurisdiction the Labor Exchange is, promptly prohibited the meeting. At 9 o'clock the 500 policemen were marshaled outside the exchange, the entrance to the large hall of which was rigidly guarded in view of possible rioting.

It must be explained that each trade union has its office at the exchange, and all these offices extend through five stories of thirty windows each looking on to a large courtyard. On the advice of M. Patand, the secretary of the electricians' union, who engineered the electricians' successful strike last year, the delegates of each trade union, numbering 400 in all, met in its own offices. All the electric lights had been turned off by the police to prevent the Chinese lanterns were hung out of each window of the courtyard.

Promptly at 9 every window was opened and crowded with delegates. Then from one window to another speeches of extreme violence were made and a resolution was carried condemning the government for its action toward the unions. The principle of a general strike of all trades was voted unanimously.

At 1.45 the meeting was over and the delegates quietly fled out under the very noses of the astonished police officers.

GAME POSTPONED.

The championship game between the Marathons and St. Peters, which was to have been played this afternoon, has been postponed, on account of the weather.

RISKY REVENGE.

Gaganini, the wonderful violinist, had a narrow escape at Ferrara from a

violent death. Enraged by some blessing from the pit, he resolved to avenge the insult, and at the close of his programme informed the audience that he would imitate the language of various animals. After having rendered notes of different birds, the mewling of a cat, and the barking of a dog, he advanced to the footlights, and, saying, "This is for those who hiss!" imitated the braying of an ass. At this the occupants of the pit rose, rushed on to the stage and would probably have killed their calumniator had he not hastily retreated.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT

TAKE NOTICE that I, Thomas L. Coughlan, of the City and County of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, Jeweler, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 141 of the Consolidated Statutes of New Brunswick, 1903, Intituled "An Act Respecting Assignments and Preferences by Insolvent Persons," and amending Acts, by assignments dated the fourth day of August, A. D. 1903, did make a general assignment for the benefit of his creditors, without preference to the undersigned Florence McCarthy, of the City of Saint John, in the City and County of Saint John, in the Province of New Brunswick, and also that a meeting of the creditors of the said Thomas L. Coughlan will be held at the office of Heber S. Keith, 50 Princess street, in the City of Saint John, aforesaid, on Thursday, the twentieth day of August, A. D. 1903, at the hour of 2.30 o'clock in the afternoon, for the appointment of inspectors and giving of directions with reference to the disposal of the estate and for the transaction of such other business as shall legally come before the meeting.

And notice is further given that all creditors are required to file their claims, duly proven, with the assignee within three months from date of this notice unless further time be allowed by a Judge of the Supreme or County Court, and that any claim filed within the time limited or such further time as may be allowed by any such Judge shall be wholly barred of any right to share in the proceeds of such estate, and the said assignee shall be at liberty to distribute the proceeds of said estate as if any claim not filed, as aforesaid, did not exist, but without prejudice to the liability of the debtor therefor.

Dated at the City of Saint John, this eighth day of August, A. D. 1903.

FLORENCE MCCARTHY, Assignee.

HEBER S. KEITH, Solicitor.

Special Announcement!

Today is the closing day of what has become known as the greatest bargain event ever conducted in the province of New Brunswick.

Our great clearance sale which is now being drawn to a close, will end this evening at midnight.

Judging from the enormous amount of merchandise that has been disposed of within the past nine days, you can imagine that the remaining stock must be in a very broken condition.

For today it would be impossible to quote items, but for final clearance we have arranged several hundred small lots of finest merchandise to go forward at "any old price."

Men's, Women's and Children's Shoes, Men's and Boys' Clothing, Men's Hats and Furnishings at less than half-price all day and evening.

But to secure the best bargains, we again advise you to come early.

Here are just a few of the bargains—but we can guarantee no length of time on any offerings like this:

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| Wash Suits, 68c. reduced from \$1.25 and \$1.50. | Men's Pants, 88c. to \$3.48, were \$1.35 to \$5.00. |
| Linen and Straw Hats, 38c., were 75c. | Boys' Pants, 38c. to 98c., were 75c. to \$1.50. |
| Soft Front Shirts, 38c., were 75c. | Boys' Boots, 98c. to \$1.48, were \$1.50 to \$2.25. |
| Dark Work Shirts, 38c., were 76c. | Men's Boots, 98c. to \$2.98, were \$1.50 to \$5.00. |
| Balbriggan Underwear, 28c., were 50c. | Women's Tan Calf Low Shoes, \$1.98, were \$3.00. |
| Men's Suits, \$3.98, and \$4.98, were \$6.50, \$7.50, \$8.50. | Children's Boots, 28c. to 98c., were 50c. to \$1.50. |
| Boys' Suits, \$1.68, were \$2.00, \$2.25, \$2.50. | |

Thanking the public for their kind appreciation of our special efforts in this greatest value-giving event, and inviting their future patronage, I am,

Faithfully yours,
C. B. PIDGON.

August 8th, 1903