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...A Cyclone... London, Ont., July 31.—The street car...

...J. L. TOOLE DEAD... Famous Comedian Passed Away at Age of Seventy-Four.

...Widow Will Give Millions to Charity... Mrs. Sage Awaits Return of Miss Gould



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# LOYAL TROOPS SHOT DOWN BY ARTILLERY

## Six Hundred Soldiers Killed or Wounded During Fight in Fortress in Finland--Warships Fire on Mutineers.

(Associated Press.) Stockholm, Sweden, July 31.—It is reported that a mutiny broke out at midnight in a fortress at Sveaborg, Finland.

The officers' families and the wounded are said to have been sent to Helsingfors.

**Fight With Mutineers.**

London, July 31.—A dispatch to a news agency from Helsingfors, Finland, says that a portion of the garrison of Sveaborg mutinied last night, and that a long struggle took place between the mutineers and the loyal troops, in which the former are said to have been victorious.

The mutineers, it is added, were not in possession of the fortress.

Many were killed or wounded during the fighting.

**Artillerymen Also Mutiny.**

Stockholm, Sweden, July 31.—A dispatch received here from Helsingfors says that the artillerymen joined the Sveaborg mutineers, but that the infantry remained loyal.

The artillery trained guns on the loyal troops, 600 of whom were killed or wounded.

# CANADIAN CANNED MEAT SATISFACTORY

## RESULT OF ANALYSIS BY GOVERNMENT OFFICIAL PRESERVATIVES IN EVERY INSTANCE FOUND NOT TO EXCEED THE ENGLISH LIMIT.

Ottawa, July 31.—The department of inland revenue has issued a bulletin from Government Analyst McFarlane on the analysis of canned meats in Canada. In all 322 samples were collected from all over Canada. The collection was not confined to Canadian packed goods, but also samples from the United States.

Of the 322 samples only four were found to give evidence of decomposition, the proportion amounting to a little over one per cent.

Preservatives sought for were salicylic, benzoic, sulphuric and boric acid, but only the last named was detected in a small number of samples. The quantity did not exceed the limit fixed by the English parliamentary commission.

Like Canada's salmon pack, the canned meat was found very satisfactory.

# BIG STRIKE OF BOG IRON ON WEST COAST

Special correspondence to the Times from Quatsino says the biggest strike of bog iron in British Columbia has just been found to the north of West Argy, Quatsino Sound. Messrs. Jacobson and Jackson are now busy locating the property, and they report that the area is immense, and that the iron body on the West Arm, on which development work has already been done is only a spot compared with the extent of the new find.

Particulars of the new discovery have not yet been furnished. The news, however, will awaken fresh interest in the West Coast and serve to further illustrate the great resources of the island coast.

It will be recalled that it was only last week Herbert Carmichael, provincial assayer, reported that he had found during a 400-mile trip along the coast in Vancouver, magnesian in large quantities, also great masses of marble rising in abrupt cliffs from the deep water, one deposit being bigger than the provincial parliament buildings.

With the discovery now reported of the biggest deposit of bog iron in British Columbia and with the coming to the front of several West Coast industries already in existence, the island is certainly giving promise of a great future.

# EXTENDING WORK OF GEOLOGICAL SURVEY

## More Attention Will Be Paid to Economic Side of Mining--Director Law Coming West.

(Special to the Times.) Ottawa, July 31.—With a new minister and a new director the public will look for something doing in the geological survey during the immediate future. The survey has done great work in the past, it is true, but it has been largely along the line of pure scientific work rather than in economic geology, and therefore the results of all the large expenditure during the past thirty or forty years, valuable as it undoubtedly has been, has not appealed to the hard-headed, practical men who have been responsible for the discovery and incipient development of nearly all the mines now operating in this country. The experienced "prospector" is seldom a geologist, although he possesses a knowledge of rocks and ores, and formations, and placers, as well as of the woods and mountains, and has at the same time the will to face and overcome difficulties, that is even of greater value to him than a certificate of competency as a geologist from Toronto University would be. It is unattended with the practical qualifications that all such vital pioneers in mining have possessed. The geological survey can be made of enormous value to the mining industry, which is growing perhaps more rapidly than any other, by becoming more practical: it does not need to sacrifice or impair its scientific value of the work it is doing, but it requires scientific knowledge to the assistance of a gentleman that above all others requires aid of that kind, and place it in the front of all the Canadian industries. A little more knowledge of geology on the part of the working miner and mine owner and a little more knowledge of the practical or economic side of mining by the geologists of Canada is what is wanted in this country. It is possible now that the geological survey has been taken away from the interior department, where it was a little thing among many big things, and given to the minister of inland revenue, who represents the great mining province of the Dominion, and with a new director at its head, that better economic work will be done than ever before.

Director Low leaves for British Columbia this week to look into the work being done there.

It is understood that the place formerly filled by the director has been tendered to Mr. E. W. Brock, who is one of the most capable and efficient officers of the department. Mr. Brock was appointed to the permanent staff on May 1st, 1907, and acted during that season as assistant to one of the field parties in British Columbia. In 1898 he was given charge of a field party in West Kootenay, and since then has been geologically examined West Kootenay, East Yale, Boundary Creek, Ladouan and Rossland districts. The work of Mr. Brock in these districts has met with the highest praise from the local mining communities, and his advice and judgment is readily accepted in all important mining problems in British Columbia. Mr. Brock has received the degree of M. A. from Queen's, Kingston, and has taken a post graduate course in geology under Prof. Rosenbusch at Bonn, Germany. During the past few years Mr. Brock has acted during the winter months as instructor of mineralogy, mining and assaying and as professor of geology at Queen's. He now wishes to devote his entire time to his duties in the department.

# TRADES CONGRESS DATES CHANGED

## WILL CONVENE A WEEK EARLIER IN VICTORIA

Arrangements Made by J. Ramsay MacDonald for Australian Tour Necessitated Alteration.

The Trades and Labor Congress of Canada will convene in Victoria on Monday, September 10th, instead of September 17th as previously announced. This change has been made to suit the convenience of J. Ramsay MacDonald, M.P., secretary of the British Labor party, who will leave this city for Australia about September 14th.

P. M. Draper, secretary of the congress, wrote Christian Silvert, of the local Trades and Labor Council, making the suggestion and it was immediately agreed. The committee at once pushed into details so that everything will be in first class order at the earlier date set.

Arrangements have been made that A. Verville, M.P., of Montreal, will meet Mr. MacDonald on arrival at Quebec about August 17th and escort him across the continent. The Dominion congress has fully decided that his presence in Canada shall be made the occasion of arousing interest in labor matters. Arrangements have been made for him to address meetings at different important cities en route to Victoria, and he will certainly deliver at least one address in this city. The date will be fixed as soon as he is consulted on other engagements.

Upon the return of Hon. Richard McBride the combined committee of civic and other representatives will wait on him with reference to a provincial grant and the extension of other courtesies by the minister. Hon. R. G. Tatlow has expressed himself in favor of doing all possible to assist the congress, and the other ministers will doubtless fall in line.

# MAN KILLED AT TARGET PRACTICE

## BY THE BURSTING OF COMRADE'S RIFLE

**Number of Employees of London Street Railway Have Returned to Work.**

London, Ont., July 31.—John Williamson, member of the 7th Regiment, was instantly killed at Cove ranges on Saturday afternoon. A rifle in the hands of Private Pickle burst, and one of the pieces flying struck Williamson in the forehead. Deceased was 37 years old and came here from Dundee, Scotland last fall. Pickle was slightly injured.

**London Street Cars.**

London, Ont., July 31.—The street car service is being operated with the usual number of cars. Most of the former employees are back in their places, and everything appears to be going smoothly. Organizer Sinclair, however, says the strike is still on.

**A Cyclone.**

Waterloo, Ont., July 31.—A terrific cyclone passed within three miles to the west of Waterloo at noon to-day, destroying fences and wheat in stacks, and knocking down grain ready to cut. It also struck some woods and uprooted trees. No barns or houses were struck.

**J. L. TOOLE DEAD.**

Brighton, Eng., July 30.—John Lawrence Toole, the comedian, died here to-day.

John Lawrence Toole was born in London, Eng., on March 12th, 1822. He was the second son of John Toole, who held the post of civic toast master in London for 25 years. J. L. Toole was educated at the city of London school, and at the expiration of his term there took a position in a wine merchant's office. His inclinations led him to enter the commercial life very early, but before he was of age he entered the dramatic profession. His first engagement was with Charles Dillon's company at the Queen's theatre, Dublin, the company afterwards traveling to Belfast, Edinburgh, Glasgow and elsewhere. His London appearance followed, and Mr. Toole soon became an established favorite with the theatrical managers of the metropolis. One of the notable events in Mr. Toole's career was his tour of America in 1874. His support included Miss Johnstone and

# WIDOW WILL GIVE MILLIONS TO CHARITY

## MRS. SAGE AWAITING RETURN OF MISS GOULD

**Relatives Determined to Take Action Unless They Receive One Hundred Thousand Each.**

New York, July 31.—The Times says to-day: "From a source, seemingly reliable, came the announcement yesterday that Mrs. Margaret Olivia Sage, the widow of Russell Sage, intends to distribute \$10,000,000 to charity as soon as her friend Miss Helen Gould gets back from Europe. Mrs. Sage, it was said, believes that Miss Gould is able to give her some valuable advice as to how to distribute money advantageously.

"The nephews and nieces of Russell Sage who heard this story declared that it was probably true as Miss Gould and Mrs. Sage had for years been working together along lines of philanthropy laid out by Miss Gould. It is now said that the Sage relatives have no intention of contesting the will at present and they will sign

# RUSSIAN RADICALS ISSUE APPEAL

## TO THE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS FOR SUPPORT

**Urged to Take Stand With People in Fighting Government--Mutiny at Poltava.**

St. Petersburg, July 30.—The text of the appeal to the army and navy adopted July 27th by the radical groups of the outlawed parliament, in conjunction with the central committees of the proletariat organizations, is, in part, as follows:

"Soldiers and Sailors!—The government, dissolved parliament and troops have been assembled from all sides to oppress the people by armed force. The people's representatives were elected from among your fathers and brothers in order to lay before the Emperor the needs of the people and to obtain land and liberty; but the Emperor would not listen to the elected of people. He harkened to the former councillors, the grand dukes, ministers, generals and the wealthiest of the land owners, who did not want to give up their lands, their properties, their emoluments and their

Irresponsible Power.

Russia is now divided into two parts. On one side is the vast majority, all the peasants, workmen and all the poor and oppressed, the best educated and the most enlightened citizens, the soldiers who see the most clearly. The best officers and all the martyrs in the jail, including many thousands in the jails of soldiers and sailors.

"On the other hand is a collection of oppressors such as Trepot, Bobiedou-seff and the Manchurian general who ran away from the Japanese, but who fired on the people at Moscow and Odessa and Tiflis; the petty government officials, the police spies and the whole black hundreds who rely on your strength to beat down the whole Russian people.

"Who you shoot the people, shed the blood of the people and transfere the

# FRISCO INSURANCE LOSSES

## Placed at \$122,812,067--Report of Superintendent Kelsey.

Albany, N. Y., July 29.—State Superintendent of Insurance Otto Kelsey tonight made public the results of his investigation as to the losses of fire insurance companies in the San Francisco district. All joint stock fire and international marine insurance companies transacting business in the state were called upon for a sworn statement of their losses in the San Francisco fire. The companies were asked for the gross amount of insurance involved in risks destroyed or damaged, the deduction for amount covered by reinsurance companies in the San Francisco fire. The net amount of loss, as shown by the records June 30th, 1906.

The New York state companies, thirty-seven in number, show the gross amount of insurance involved as \$41,110,969; the reinsurance to be recovered \$10,884,795; the estimated salvage, \$7,137,183; and the actual amount of loss, \$22,138,990.

Returns from other joint stock fire and fire and marine insurance companies, eighty-four in number, show the gross amount of insurance to be \$80,422,704; reinsurance to be recovered \$22,180,167; estimated salvage, \$11,358,425; actual amount of loss, \$56,183,111.

The foreign companies, thirty-two in number, made these returns: Gross insurance involved, \$101,802,530; reinsurance to be recovered, \$32,281,268; estimated salvage, \$15,318,859; actual loss, \$57,703,856.

The gross amount of insurance involved by all companies was \$222,836,307; the reinsurance, \$65,246,771; salvage, \$33,814,468; and actual loss, \$122,812,067.

The company with the largest net losses is the Hartford Fire, of Connecticut, according to the report. Its loss is \$5,168,701.

**C. P. R. LINER REPORTED.**

Cape Race, Nfld., July 31.—The steamer Empress of Ireland, from Liverpool for Quebec, was reported by Marconi wireless telegraph at 5 a. m. this morning.

**ANOTHER ADJOURNMENT.**

Vancouver, July 31.—The case of Captain Griffin, of the steamer Princess Victoria, was adjourned to-day. Captain Griffin, of the steamer, is not yet able to appear, and probably no more evidence will now be taken until next week.

# DESTRUCTIVE BLAZE

Buffalo, N. Y., July 31.—The plant of the Montgomery Bros. & Company planing mill and box factory on Court street was partially destroyed by fire early this morning, causing a loss estimated at \$170,000. The Pierce Automobile Company, occupied the top floor. They estimate their loss at \$100,000.