



The Evening Times.

WEATHER Light to variable winds, fine and warm.

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ONE CENT

SHOULD DEVELOP CANADA'S PULP INDUSTRY

New Brunswick License Laws Said to be a Drawback

J. B. GREGORY TALKS

Man With 20 Years Experience Over the Border States His Views—Would Manufacture Pulp Rather Than Paper.

The Times this morning had a very interesting interview with John B. Gregory, formerly of Fredericton, and a brother of Mr. Justice Gregory, but now located in Toronto, and for twenty years engaged in the lumber and paper making industry in the United States, being for years general manager of a paper mill.

Mr. Gregory declares emphatically that Canada should not export pulpwood to the United States, but convert it into pulp at home. He agrees with the views expressed by Sir Wm. Van Horne, in his statement published in the Toronto Globe.

Discussing the pulpwood question, Mr. Gregory states that the average price of roused pulpwood at the point of shipment is about \$8.50. That same wood, if ground into what is termed ground wood-pulp, is worth \$18 to \$20 at the point of shipment. The cost of conversion in a well equipped mill is about \$2.50, not including interest or depreciation of plant or office expenses.

Pulp Rather Than Paper There are many parts of Canada where pulpwood cannot be ground to advantage because of a lack of power, and as it takes 275 horse power to run one grinder, which would produce 4 1/2 tons of ground pulp in 24 hours, it would not be considered profitable to establish a plant to grind by steam power. But a market would be created for water power wherever available in sufficient quantity to run a mill and transportation for the pulp could be secured.

The profit in making news paper is not as apparent, because of the high cost of labor, the expense of clothing machines and the waste at all times when a mill is not producing to its maximum capacity. Enormous capital is necessary to equip and carry on a paper mill, and the business requires eternal vigilance on the part of the management to keep the mill in the foreground.

U. S. Will Not Retaliate

So far as retaliation on the part of the United States is concerned, should the export of pulpwood be prohibited, I think it would not amount to anything. Every newspaper in the country would oppose it, and they exercise an enormous influence in the formation of public opinion. Already there is a very general sentiment in favor of the preservation of the forests, which is sentimental on the part of a great many, but solid business with those whose interests are concerned.

The effect on the climate and rainfall is being very seriously considered. The cutting of the forest opens up the country so that the snow quickly disappears, and as a result there are high freshets and the water quickly runs off, leaving the streams very low unless frequent rains keep up the supply. The laws of New Brunswick, continued Mr. Gregory, are greatly in the nature of those of the other provinces of Canada, unless it be Nova Scotia, with which I am not familiar; but what is so check development in New Brunswick is the fact that the licenses expire in twelve years, and unless the present laws are changed public competition becomes necessary, so that present owners of licenses, or prospective buyers of them, dare not invest the necessary money to properly develop the pulp business, fearing that after they establish the mill, it may be bought by other parties who may be forced to pay a price beyond a reasonable limit, with a consequent possibility of having their improvements on their hands and no timber supply. New buyers in such cases would expect to secure the improvements at very low figures.

Change the Law

"I think it would be wise for the government of New Brunswick to enact such laws as would settle the point of renewal of licenses at an early date, and from my personal knowledge, if this is done one territory of vast importance will be quickly taken up and greatly increased operations conducted."

Mr. Gregory states that he was told recently by a New England lumber operator that thirty years ago he expected to get out 1,000 feet of logs per day for each man sent into the camp. Then the men got \$18 per month, and were fed on pork and beans, corn, rice and molasses. Today he only expects to get 300 feet per day per man, and pays \$33 per month wages; while a cook getting \$75 per month must provide a bill of fare vastly different from that of the old days. This illustrates the change in conditions in New England. If Canada stopped the export of pulpwood many American paper mills near the border would have to close their doors, because some of them have not such timber lands of their own, and some who have, cannot get the wood to bring out the material.

PICTURES OF INTEREST IN CONNECTION WITH BADEN-BADEN MURDER.



PROFESSOR KARL HAU, OF THE MURDER IN BADEN-BADEN.

THE CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL AT HAMPTON TO OPEN MONDAY IS THOROUGHLY UP TO DATE

It Will Have Complete Equipment for Manual Training and Domestic Science Courses—Something About the New Building and Its Staff of Teachers.

HAMPTON, Kings Co., Aug. 23.—The new Consolidated School Building at Hampton is sufficiently advanced in the estimation of the temporary Board of Trustees, who have had charge of its construction to warrant its being opened on Monday.

Pursuant, therefore, to the provisions of the School Act, the chief superintendent of education has notified the secretaries of the uniting school districts—Hampton Station, Hampton Village, and "Hendricks"—that these districts no longer exist, the term of office of their trustees is ended, and that the new Consolidated School District of Hampton is now established. It is understood that a public meeting will be called at once for the election of a permanent board of school trustees, to whom all the existing school property will be handed over.

Meanwhile, the chief superintendent has notified the temporary board to proceed to open the school and carry it on until the work, which is still uncompleted, is finished. There will be no public demonstration on the opening day, but the building is a handsome structure of wood on stone foundation, two stories high in front and three in the rear, with a large assembly room in the front and a large dining room in the rear.

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The upper part has also two school rooms on the front, one denked for forty-eight intermediate pupils, and the other for sixty pupils advanced grades. In the rear are two other school rooms, which can be thrown into one by opening folding doors. These are furnished and are intended to be brought into use as the demand for accommodation increases. Ample cloak rooms and teachers' rooms are on each floor and the principal has a separate room for business, or it can be used as a library.

The entrance ways, vestibule, halls, and stairways are broad and airy, the latter being wide enough to allow of four pupils walking abreast. Lavatories fitted with section flush tanks are to be found at the head of the stairs, in the rear, on either side, which lead to the basement.

In the basement are two large play rooms with concrete floors, and level with ground in the rear are the furnace, fuel rooms, with necessary boiler, tanks, pumps and gasoline engine for power.

Throughout the building is piped for a hot water heating apparatus, and extra hinged to the window sills, which when raised will exclude a direct draught but permit of an upward current of air between the upper and lower sashes.

The equipment of the building is still incomplete. The slate blackboards ordered three months ago have only just arrived; maps and charts and other apparatus are not yet supplied, nor are the fittings for the classrooms in place. Desks for the teachers and chairs are also not yet supplied, but all these matters will be supplied as their necessity is felt, and probably some of the old material will be used.

The new school is located on the road leading from Hampton Station to Hampton Village, within the latter school district, but so near to the former, as to give it a slight advantage, as to distance. It is practically midway between the two centres, and at present it is not contemplated to go to the expense of providing vans to carry pupils between their homes and

SCENE OF THE MURDER IN BADEN-BADEN.

THE VILLA MOLLITOR IN BADEN-BADEN.

REDEMPTION OF THE BOYS

Judge Rohrer of Detroit Says That More Public Playgrounds Would Save the Youngsters.

(Detroit News.) "The juvenile court is likely to bring Detroit to a realization of the good that may be accomplished by public playgrounds," said Judge Rohrer, presiding over this tribunal, Thursday afternoon. "Since I have been in a position to observe, I have learned that half the juvenile criminality of the city might be prevented by giving the children fresh air and something to do," he continued. "I had a case where some boys from 6 to 10 years old were charged with breaking into a freight car and stealing pickles and jam. Inquiry showed these youngsters are in the habit of playing about the railroad tracks where the temptation of standing cars is before them half the time. You may ask why are they allowed to play around a railroad track? Well, I asked just that question, and learned that they had absolutely nowhere else to go.

"The ordinary boy is not a criminal—he doesn't want to do wrong—but his active nature requires that he do something. If he can't have healthy sport and recreation he is going to get some kind of excitement, and here is where he makes his first misstep, after he has started in this line it is hard to get him back, and in a few years we have an amateur and later a professional criminal. Dr. Albroton, the attending physician at the Royal Bank at Havana arrived here last night to spend his vacation.

The blueberry crop is reported to be one of the best in years and great quantities were disposed of in the market this morning at sixty cents per bushel. It is believed that the St. John River Log Driving Company will get through with rafting operations in another month. Up to the present time one hundred and eight million feet have been rafted which leaves about twenty-two millions still in the booms.

"Private charity in this city could easily raise \$100,000. It could be kept as a private charity until such time as the city woke up to the fact that it would save costs by establishing in different parts of the city. The Y. M. C. A. is all right, but \$100,000 properly spent in play grounds would be established in different parts of the city. The Y. M. C. A. is all right, but \$100,000 properly spent in play grounds would be established in different parts of the city.

WANTED—CHAMBER MAID. GOOD wages. OTTAWA HOTEL, King Square. 1193-2-7.

THE TIMES NEW REPORTER

A DREADFUL WARNING. A most graphic illustration of the fatal force of habit is just now exciting public attention, and is likely to be much quoted from the platform during the coming year by advocates of temperance and moral reform.

The most remarkable feature in this case is that it is the first on record where the force of habit influenced the action of an inanimate object, such as have been subject, from time immemorial, only to the driving power of Nature's forces, with or without human guidance.

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ANOTHER MERGER IN AMERICAN RAILWAYS

"Clover Leaf" Road Gets Control of Chicago and Alton OLD HARRIMAN LINE

NEWEST RAILWAY DEAL WILL GREATLY INCREASE VALUE OF "CLOVER LEAF" SYSTEM AND WILL BE AN IMPORTANT CHANGE.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.—The announcement that the control of the Chicago and Alton, which the Rock Island party secured from E. H. Harriman and his associates last June, after a long contest, has been to all intents and purposes transferred to the Toledo, St. Louis and Western, better known as the Clover Leaf, was a surprise to the financial district, and was the subject of animated discussion there.

The prospective purchasers, who are laying action only long enough to ascertain if the Alton is to get immunity from the rebating in which the Standard Oil Company was involved, also control the Mississippi and St. Louis, which owns a majority of the stock of the Iowa Central. On the ratification of the Alton transaction they will be in control of a system which is printed in the current issue of the most important changes of the railroad map that have been made for many months. Eventually, the four roads will be merged into one compact system. Meanwhile management of the four roads will be made harmonious, and close traffic arrangements will be made.

Next Decennial Meeting of Anglican Bishops Will Be Held in London in 1908.

IMPORTANT CONFERENCE

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THE BRITISH JOURNALISTS

Council is Meeting This Morning to Consider Question of Their Entertainment.

A meeting of the common council was called this morning to consider what steps should be taken by the city to entertain a party of British journalists who are now touring Canada and will arrive in St. John at 6:25 o'clock Thursday morning from Halifax.

The mayor said this morning that he had called the meeting in order that some plan might be arranged for showing the visitors the resources and attractions of Canada's winter port. The party, he said, had been well entertained all through the west and he thought it advisable that they should carry back with them a good impression of the maritime provinces, the key to the great west. His idea was that the visitors should be taken in hand by local newspaper men in the morning as had been suggested and that in the afternoon the mayor and council should show them the shipping facilities of the port and other points of interest. In the evening a luncheon should be tendered them.

Some of the aldermen, he understood, were opposed to spending any money on such things but he thought it was in the interests of the port that the visitors should carry away good impressions of the old city. His wishship said he would also ask the council to authorize him to advise the address to General Booth of the Salvation Army who is to visit this city on the 21st of September. The mayor thinks that General Booth is the head of a great religious sect he is entitled to recognition.

PROBATE COURT

In the probate court this morning a petition was presented for passing of accounts in the estate of the late Mary Graham, to the amount of \$7,000, and a citation was granted, returnable Oct. 7th. E. T. C. Knowles, proctor.

The will of the late Mr. John Walsh, of Carleton, was probated today. The property of the deceased real and personal valued at \$2,500 is left to Miss Annie Walsh, to whom letters of administration were granted. Dr. R. F. Quigley, proctor.

THE BORDEN MEETING

A great deal of interest in being manifested in the political meeting to be held in the Opera House on Monday evening, to be addressed by Mr. Borden and Mr. Hergeon. The political situation generally is the subject of animated discussion wherever men meet, and there is, therefore, the more interest in what the leader of the opposition may have to say.

In the supreme court chambers this morning the case of G. S. Cushing against the liquidators of the Cushing Sulphite Co. is being heard.

The supervised playground on Victoria grounds will be open every day next week from four o'clock until dusk, with Miss Robertson as supervisor.

Steam yacht Dream, with Howard D. Toop and Mrs. W. W. White and children went up river this morning for a three or four days' holiday trip.

The body of Thomas B. Buxton did not arrive from Washington, D. C. today as expected. If the body should arrive tonight the funeral will be held tomorrow.

TODAY'S BALL GAME

There will be only one ball game in St. John today. It will be the game of the season, between the two crack teams of colored players, the Royals of Amherst and the Royals of St. John. The game will be played on the Victoria grounds this afternoon, and is expected to be the hottest of the year.

In the police court this morning George Foley and Charles Kearns were fined \$5 or 20 days each.

VITAL STATISTICS

Since Monday, August 19, 78 births—43 female and 35 male—have been reported to Registrar John B. Jones. 34 marriages were also reported in the same period. During the present week 14 deaths have been reported at the office of the board of health, from the following causes: Cholera infantum, 4; asthma, 2; meningitis, phthisis, nephritis, diabetes, heart failure, general debility and carcinoma of the uterus, one each.

RAISULI IS NOW CLIMBING DOWN

LONDON, Aug. 24.—It is understood that Raisuli, the bandit who is holding Caid Sir Harry MacLean a prisoner, has sent a communication to the British government in which he greatly modifies his previous demands for the release of the Caid. The only condition he makes now is that his own life and the lives of the members of his family be guaranteed. He makes no suggestion of ransom or other concessions.

ANTHRAX PATIENT MUST REMAIN IN HIS ROOM IN HOSPITAL—GENERAL NEWS.

FREDERICTON, N. B. Aug. 24.—(Special)—The anthrax case at the Victoria hospital has been officially reported to the local board of health and that body will probably hold a meeting to decide what action is necessary. The general board of the patient continues good and since coming to the hospital he has been allowed to roam about the building and grounds. Yesterday he took it upon himself to walk down town and purchase a pair of shoes. This having come to the notice of the board of trustees they instructed the warden to see that he remains in his room during his stay at the institution.