HAMILTON METHODIST STATIONING REPORT

Make Pastoral Changes—District Conference Concludes Woodstock Sessions.

FURTHER CHURCH UNION

Woodstock, June 8.—(Special.)—The Hamilton Methodist conference concluded its session this afternoon. The stationing committee made its final report and the following changes were made:

Hamilton district: Simcoe St., Hamilton, Rev. Milton Copeland; Ancaster, J. F. Waye; Stony Creek, J. Austin Jackson; Fifty and Wesley, Arthur C. Bodly.

Guelph district: Rockwood and Eramosa, Roy Geiger.

St. Catharines district: St. Catharines (Memorial), H. L. Morner.

Brantford district: Copetown, Henry Cotton.

Galt district: New Hamburg, T. L. Kerrush.

Simcoe district: Cayuga, Walter C. Almuck; Lynedoch, Thomas Snowden.

Milton district: Plains and Appleby, J. Winfield Hunt; Norval, A. W. Guild.

Welland District.

Welland district — Stevensville and Sherkston, Frank A. Creighton. Norwich district—Burford, Herman E. Walker; Teeterville, T. Elwood Mitchell. Palmerston district—Drayton, W. W. Prudham; Stirton, Herbert G. Bandy. Mount Forest district—Montcello, Fred M. Ellis; Damascus, Edwin V. C. Lewis; Cedarville, A. Premington. Walkerton district—Hanover, Richard A. Facey; Chesley, James A. MacLarchelan; Paisley, Thomas Voaden; Southampton, W. K. Allan; Port Elgin, E. L. Flagg. Wiarton district—Dobbinton, William Quigley; Lions Head, John E. Whitham; Shallow Lake, Bertram E. Newnham.

Licenses and Divorce.

The general superintendent was authorized to seek legislation whereby there would be some way for a divorced person to be recognized by a minister from information contained in the marriage license. The conference confirmed the resolution contained in the Laymen's Delegates' Association calling for co-operation of the Methodist church with other churches in bringing about church union.

U. S. WHEAT YIELD WILL FALL BELOW LAST YEAR'S TOTAL

Farmers, in Memorial to President, Draw Attention to Menace to Food Supply.

Washington, June 8.—Despite an improvement of 19,000,000 bushels in the winter crop during May and an indicated spring crop 68,000,000 greater than that of last year, the total wheat production for 1920 was estimated today by the department of agriculture at only 781,000,000 bushels, or 160,000,000 bushels less than the total for 1919. From its condition on June 1 the spring crop was estimated at 277,000,000 bushels, or 18,000,000 more than the five years average. A total winter wheat production of 504,000,000 bushels was forecast. This is 228,000,000 bushels less than that of last year, and 59,000,000 below the average for the five years ending in 1918.

Simultaneously with the department's announcement of its production forecast, a committee representing farmer organizations presented a memorial at the White House, calling President Wilson's attention to what was described as the critical situation existing on the farm and the resulting menace to the nation's food supply. The memorial said that lack of farm labor had cut down production one-third in some sections, and that many millions of acres of land were being "uncropped."

The wheat crop, the memorial said, was reported nearly 300,000,000 bushels short, and the late spring had seriously affected the corn crop. "World supplies are short," the memorial continued, "and higher food prices seem inevitable. Bread lines and food riots are not beyond the possibilities of the next 12 months.

"Lack of bank credit and high interest rates are causing thousands of acres of good pasture land to go ungrazed. A later shortage of both beef animals and dairy animals will be the result."

The memorial was signed by the American Farm Bureau Federation, the National Grange, and the Farmers' Union.

"RADICAL REDUCTIONS" HAVE ROUSED GREAT INTEREST AT SCORE'S.

One good customer yesterday placed his order for three suits. He sensed the values in a hurry and was enthusiastic in his choosing, and by the same token he picked them from the specially advertised lines of suitings. Scotch tweeds, regular $65.00 for $44.50; Irish serges, regular $75.00 for $52.50, and English worsteds, regular $80.00 for $53.50, to your measure.

Tried for Plotting to Kill The Turkish Grand Vizier

Constantinople, June 8.—Salil Ibrahim Effendi a former naval officer, and other nationalists are being tried by court-martial on the charge of having plotted to kill Damad Ferid Pasha the Grand Vizer. It is alleged that intercepted letters showed that the suspects who came from Angora, had been paid £5,000 to commit the murder.

Fourteen Kitchener Aliens Are Granted Naturalization

Kitchener, Ont., June 8.—(Special)—At the general sessions of the peace which opened here this afternoon, 15 aliens applied for naturalization. The court set one application aside in the case of a Bulgarian who had recently completed a six months term at the reformatory. The others were granted.

CONGREGATIONALISTS MEETING IN GUELPH

Delegates Attend From All Canada—Debate Forward Movement.

Guelph, Ont., June 8.—(Special)—The general executive of the Congregational Union of Canada, which is in session at the Congregational Church completed their work today. The general sessions of the union commenced this evening at the church and will continue until Friday. Over 100 delegates from various parts of Canada are expected to be present and today new arrivals reached the city by every incoming train.

This morning's executive meeting was presided over by Judge Leet, of Montreal, and the matters discussed were Home Mission work, appropriations and the augmentation fund in connection with the budget for the year. This afternoon, Rev. A. Margrett, of Toronto, chairman of the union presided, and a long discussion took place regarding the conservation of results of the forward movement.

TYPOS PROTESTING LACK OF NEWSPRINT

Brantford Workers Send Hot Criticism of Paper Manufacturers to Ottawa.

Brantford, Ont., June 8.—(Special.)—The action of newsprint manufacturers in filling orders for export, and refusing contracts for Canadian publishers has resulted in a strong resolution being framed by the Brantford Typographical Union for transmission to Premier Borden. Hon. Gideon Robertson, minister of labor, Sir Henry Drayton, minister of finance, and Mr. W. F. Cockshutt, M. P. for Brantford.

The resolution as forwarded by the local typos:—"Whereas we view with alarm the ever-increasing number of Canadian newspapers that are being forced to suspend publication owing to the unsatisfactory supply of newsprint and, whereas we believe a continuance of such suspension can only result in the acquisition of much influence and power by the individuals controlling the surviving newspapers as well as throwing out of employment many operatives now engaged in the printing business and whereas neither we believe to be in the best interests of the country in general and the printing industry in particular. Therefore, be it resolved that this meeting of Brantford Typographical Union No. 378 go on record as urging such immediate action by the Dominion government as will ensure an adequate supply of newsprint at a fair price for Canadian publications to the end that the printing industry be not further embarrassed and that our situation be not placed in jeopardy."

TRADE PACT SOON WITH WEST INDIES

Sir George Foster Optimistic at Banquet Given to Delegates.

Ottawa, June 8.—(By Canadian Press.)—Delegates and commercial advisers attending the Canada-West Indies conference were the guests at the Rideau Club at dinner tonight of the Dominion government. Suggested agreements on reciprocal traffic and increased shipping facilities have, it is understood, already been drafted, and there now remains the question of better cable facilities.

Tomorrow the conference will further pursue its labors and, before the West Indian delegates leave for Toronto on Thursday evening, it is expected, all the proposals will be in the hands of the Dominion government for consideration.

Sir George Foster presided at tonight's dinner. In a speech, welcoming the guests, Sir George said: "Unless unexpected storms arise, I think we shall have as a result of the conference, an agreement in which we shall all be united, an agreement which will open a new and fresh era of progress and development for those parts of the empire we have represented here tonight."

Sir Robert Borden, who proposed the health of the West Indian delegates, said results of great value had followed the Canada-West Indies conference of eight years ago.

Hon. W. E. Jackson, colonial secretary of Bermuda, and Hon. Donald McDonald, of the Leeward Islands, responded, expressing the thanks of the West India delegates for the cordiality of their welcome to Canada.

$500,000 Worth of Jewelry Stolen From Caruso's Home

East Hampton, N.Y., June 8.—The country home of Enrico Caruso, tenor, here, was burglarized this afternoon, and jewels, valued at $500,000, were stolen, the police reported tonight. The stolen jewelry included a diamond necklace valued at $75,000.

In addition to the diamond necklace, a pearl necklace, valued at between $75,000 and $100,000, the bridal gift of Mr. Caruso, also was taken. A partial list of stolen jewels, made public by the police, includes: Eight diamond rings, a pair of diamond earrings, two diamond hairpins, one flexible diamond bracelet and two gold watches.

Turkish Government Begins Dealings With Nationalists

London, June 8.—A Constantinople despatch to The London Times, under date of June 7, says there is reason to believe that negotiations have begun at Brusa, Asia Minor, between the Turkish central government and the national assembly at Angora.

RECOVERY NOT EXPECTED.

On inquiry at the General Hospital this morning at 2.30 The Word was informed that the condition of the man injured in The Telegram explosion was very low, and that there was not much hope for his recovery.

PROFITS TAX ACT HAS THIRD READING AFTER CRITICISMS

Quebeckers Would Subject Hydro to Taxation—Income Tax Bill Stands Over.

'CHARGE UNFAIRNESS

Ottawa, June 8.—(By Canadian Press)—Two of the government taxation bills were discussed at some length by the commons today. They were the business profits war tax act and the income tax act. The former, after criticism mainly contributed by Quebec members on the opposition side, passed thru committee and was given third reading. The latter was left in committee.

Quebec members took the ground that the Hydro-Electric Commission of Ontario should be subjected to business profits tax. It was a discrimination against privately owned companies to exempt it, they said, especially as it was not giving the people light and power any cheaper than the private organizations.

Hydro Service at Cost.

Sir Henry Drayton said it was not merely a question of exempting the Hydro-Electric, but also the municipal enterprise all over the Dominion. The Hydro-Electric was giving service at cost, and not for profit.

In connection with the income tax act, the minister of finance stated that provisions had been made for taxing incomes earned in Canada by nationals of other countries, notably of the United States. The taxation of investments made by citizens of the United Kingdom in Canada was being investigated by a royal commission.

Objection was taken to the clause providing that persons shall send in the amount of their tax with their declaration of income. Jacques Bureau, of Three Rivers, thought this provision unfair. The government should be responsible bfor bill nthwiwfl r-? SHL sponsible for the taxpayer.

J. A. Robb (Chateauguay-Huntingdon) drew attention to the fact that 80 carloads of sugar consigned to the United States by a sugar refinery at St. John's, Que., was held up at the border because export licenses had not been granted. Sir George Foster replied that he would obtain details of the matter, but meantime could inform the house that no export licenses had been issued for sugar for some months past.

Board of Commerce Report.

In answer to C. A. Fournier of Bellechasse, Sir Robert Borden stated that the report of the board of commerce would be tabled tomorrow.

Captain C. G. Power of Quebec asked whether there was any truth in the report that the government proposed bringing in new legislation for the control of newsprint paper.

Sir Robert Borden replied that any announcement on that matter would be made in due course.

Third reading was given to the customs tariff act, and the house then went into committee on the business profits war tax act.

Would Tax Hydro-Electric.

Ernest Lapointe (Quebec East), again raised the question of taxation of privately owned companies as against those owned by provincial or municipal governments. He contended that it was very unfair that the Ontario Hydro-Electric should not be taxed, when similar institutions in other provinces, because they were privately owned, had to meet the tax.

W. F. Maclean urged that in the case of provincial or municipal institutions, no profits were made for private gain. If any surplus accrued, it was returned to the consumers.

Sir Henry Drayton said that municipal activities were on a different plane to those carried on for private gain. It was not merely a question of excepting the Ontario Hydro-Electric Commission, but also the municipal enterprise in operation all over the Dominion.

Part of Ontario's Machinery.

It was recognized that the commission was part of the machinery of the province of Ontario. The Hydro-Electric Commission was giving service at cost and not for profit.

Hon. W. S. Fielding drew a distinction between a company which was clearly public property and one which stood as a body corporate. He pointed out that the C. N. R. which was owned by the people of Canada was allowed to be taxed bp municipalities just as tho it were a private company.

Sir Henry Drayton said the Ontario Hydro-Commission was simply a commission and did not own the property.

J. A. Robb (Chateauguay-Huntingdon) said the best way to avoid the controversy over private and public ownership was to do away with the business profits tax, which was an injury to industry and to the country.

Donald Sutherland (South Oxford) said Ontario was pretty well satisfied with the Hydro-Electric, which had proven of the very greatest benefit. There seemed to be an effort on the part of members of the opposition to discredit public ownership in Canada.

Continuance of Profits Tax.

Mr. Robb asked whether the finance minister was prepared to make any statement as to the continuance of the business profits tax.

Sir Henry Drayton replied that the tax could not be dropped, but if members of the opposition were helpful in putting thru legislation to raise revenue there was little danger of its continuance.

Sir Henry explained that the final clause dealing with companies participating in mergers was aimed to prevent the possibility of companies which increased their stock without increasing their capital, in the event of mergers, escaping their full share of taxation.

The bill, which gives effect to the new business war profits taxation, was given third reading and passed all stages of the commons.

Second Reading of Income Tax Act.

Second reading was then given the income tax act, and the house went into committee on it. There was considerable discussion of the first clause, which makes subject to tax stock dividends transferred by incorporated companies to their shareholders. Sir Henry explained that it was intended to prevent an escape from taxation thru the process of transferring reserve stock from the books of an incorporated company to the possession of its shareholders. In such a case it becomes taxable as income.

Investments by Wage-Earners.

The next point raised was the question of taxing a man who was engaged in a profession, but who might invest some of his earnings in a manufacturing concern or a farm. In reply to Hon. W. S. Fielding, Sir Henry Drayton said that under the present act taxable income was not net income.

Hon. Dr. Beland and E. W. Nesbitt raised the question of sessional indemnities, contending that money spent in earning such indemnities should be deducted from the indemnity in the matter of taxable income. Pressed on this point, Sir Henry said he agreed with the principle as a matter of fairness.

"Why do you not adopt it, then?" asked several members. "I may do that yet" was the minister's reply.

Taxing Charitable Contributions.

Consideration was postponed, after considerable discussion, of a resolution introduced by Hume Cronyn (London), which would extend the exemption from taxation to contributions out of personal income to charitable and educational institutions. A clause in the new act abolishes the exemption, which has been allowed for several years on contributions to war charities. Mr. Cronyn sought to renew the exemption for the benefit of those who were from time to time levied for the support of the necessary charities.

There was considerable divergence of opinion, the principal objection being that it would impose on the minister of finance the difficult task of deciding what was a deserving charity. The clause and amendment were allowed to stand.

A point raised by Mr. Robb was that of tax of investments made by citizens of the United Kingdom in Canada. Sir Henry stated that a royal commission was considering this "vexed question." He admitted that it was important to the securing of invested capital and a settlement of the point was expected soon.

"Strange" Clause on Payments.

The clause which provides that persons liable for income tax shall send in their payment at the time they submit their declaration, caused considerable discussion. Mr. Bureau thought that it was very strange to demand payment from a man before sending him a tax bill.

Hon. W. S. Fielding expressed the view that confusion would result from this provision.

Mr. Robb thought the penalties set forth in the bill were extreme in view of the fact that mistakes might frequently be made by people who had to make out the amount of their taxes.

Mr. McCoig suggested that the clause be allowed to stand.

Amend Bankruptcy Act.

Minor amendments to the bankruptcy act were taken up when the house resumed at 8 o'clock. This act was passed last year, but does not come into force until July 1 next. One amendment made it possible for a bankruptcy judge to send a case to the right court where his own court was found to be the wrong place for hearing.

One clause adopted by the committee provides a penalty of $500 fine or a year's imprisonment if any bankrupt borrows more than $500 following his bankruptcy without notifying his assignee, or if he engages in any new business on his own account.

Another amendment provides for the repeal of clause 97 of the bill, which has to do with the institution of malicious bankruptcy proceedings. The amendments were given third reading.

FORMAL FAREWELL TO DR. GEO. CREELMAN

Citizens of Guelph Tender Regrets at Meeting in Council Chamber.

Guelph, June 8.—(Special.)—Dr. George C. Creelman, who for the past seventeen years has been president of the Ontario Agricultural College, but who is leaving this month for London, England, where he will assume the important position of agent-general for Ontario, was given a formal farewell by the citizens of Guelph this afternoon. The affair took place in the council chamber at the city hall, and Mayor Westby presided. He read an address, expressive of regret at him leaving the city, and at the same time wishing him success in the old land and at the proper time Mr. R. L. Torrance presented him with a well-filled purse and with a very handsome piece of silver plate, suitably engraved.

MANUFACTURERS UPHOLD TARIFF

Dominion Convention Adopts Report—Not Opposing Removal of War Tax.

Vancouver, June 8.—S. R. Parsons, discussing the report of the tariff committee at this afternoon's session, declared that the manufacturers were not pirates, nor were they robbers. All they wanted was a national revenue, and employment for Canadian workmen.

The tariff and commercial intelligence committees' reports were read and adopted. The report of the business manager was also read at a private session.

In moving the adoption of the tariff report, S. R. Parsons, Montreal, said the document answered in detail what has been said against the manufacturers and the tariff. It is not true, as has been stated, he asserted, that the war tax was imposed at the instigation of the manufacturers, but the manufacturers accepted it, as they always accepted, as patriotic citizens should.

Not Opposing War Tax Removed.

The charge that the manufacturers were opposed to removal of the war tax is also untrue, he said. Some of them had suffered a loss as a result of that imposition. It was a false view that if the tariff was removed commodities would be cheaper. Revenue has to be secured, he declared, and, if not secured in the form of duties, then it must come thru other channels. The farmers of the country have not paid 1 per cent. of the income tax, said Mr. Parsons.

If, therefore, there is removal of customs duties, the farmers would have little to pay, but he was sure this was not what was wanted by the farmers, but that they are willing to bear their fair share. The vast majority of manufacturers are making but a very reasonable return.

J. O. Thom, Winnipeg, said his firm were manufacturing in Toronto and Winnipeg, and they have to pay 150 per cent. more on raw material than his firm did before the war.

Faced Charge of Murder, Selkirk Man Suicides

Cayuga, Ont., June 8.—Bradley, the prisoner in jail here on the charge of murdering his sister a few weeks ago in the village of Selkirk, took his life this afternoon by hanging himself with a towel fastened to the top of his cell door. He was being examined this afternoon by Dr. Stark of Toronto as to his sanity and appeared excited when last seen.

LABOR FEDERATION MAY RAP CONGRESS ON TREATY TACTICS

Matter Under Advisement in Committee—Also to Warn Senate.

UNITE WITH FARMERS

Montreal, June 8. — (By Canadian Press.) — The American Federation of Labor, in its annual convention here today, was asked to make "emphatic and earnest protest against the tactics" in congress, which have resulted in postponing ratification of the peace treaty, in resolutions presented by delegates in support of the report of the federation's executive council. The convention is also urged to warn the senate of the "necessity of ratification without any reservations which would tend to injure the effectiveness of the covenant of the league of nations."

"In addition to labor's broad interest in the treaty from the viewpoint of American citizenship," the executive council has declared, "it has a specific and definite interest in the labor section of the treaty."

The council points out that American labor is deprived of representation in the International Labor Bureau, a matter of "vital importance" until the treaty is ratified.

Likely Unite With Farmers.

Closer co-operation between the organized farmers and labor is also provided for in resolutions which will probably receive favorable action. These resolutions provide for the "development of friendly, harmonious and co-operative relations with the great bona fide body of organized farmers."

These resolutions, with more than 200 others, were being thoroly considered today by the resolutions committee, which will probably make its report tomorrow.

While awaiting the resolutions report, the convention session was adjourned today after a brief session, at which the auditors' report and minor business matters were transacted. James Duncan, vice-president of the federation, presided in the absence of Samuel Gompers, president, who is in Chicago today, to place before the Republican platform committee labor's demands upon that party.

Steel Workers Stage Big Issue.

The jurisdictional fight between the national committee for organizing iron and steel workers and the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers promised today to become one of the big issues before the convention, when the amalgamated officials announced that they would not accept any compromise and had withdrawn from the national committee for all time.

"We are thru with the national committee forever," said D. J. Davis, assistant president of the amalgamated, "and cannot be forced back into their movement by the federation."

NAVY LEAGUE VOTE AGAIN REQUESTED

Wentworth Council Will Reconsider—Other Smaller Grants Sanctioned.

Hamilton, June 8.—The Navy League, which was turned down on previous occasions, sent a deputation to the county council again this afternoon. The delegation consisted of Controller Jutten and the chaplain of the league. The latter asked the council for a grant of $5,000, or failing this, $2,500, for the merchant marine and the dependents of the sailors.

Councillor Mahony, while considering the object a worthy one, said Wentworth could not support every charitable or patriotic cause and contended that this was a national question and should be so considered.

The warden promised consideration of the request.

Grimsby High School asked the council to pay 100 per cent. of the cost of educating county pupils. At present 65 per cent. was paid.

Miss Evans, Mrs. Herring and Mrs. Robinson were present to ask that the grant for the Home of the Friendless and the Children's Home be increased from 20 to 48 cents per day. Donations from the farm would also be acceptable, they said.

To Inspect Beverly Road.

Councillor McQueen complained of the lack of attention to number 6 section of the road on the third concession of Beverly and said that, as commissioner, he had been ignored. A committee will inspect the road on Monday next.

The auditors were granted an increase of salary from $250 to $300.

The house of refuge committee reported disbursements to June 2 of $6,761.76, and receipts of $2,605.75, and recommended increasing the insurance on the house and on the barn and implements.

Grants were made as follows: North Wentworth Women's Institute $50, South Wentworth Women's Institute $50, Hamilton and Wentworth Poultry Association $25, Waterdown and East Flamboro Poultry Association $25, Dundas Poultry Association $25, Plowing Associations of townships $30, Home of the Friendless and Infants' Home $500, Winona School $200, North Wentworth board of agriculture $50, South Wentworth board of agriculture $50, Waterdown High School $600.

A special grant of $500 was made to the international plowing match to be held in October next.

Report on Roads.

Deputy Minister W. A. McLean, of the public works department, sent a statement showing that $35,609.27 was expended by the government on Wentworth roads to January 1, 1920. The county is asked to pay 30 per cent., or $10,682.77. The townships that benefited were Saltfleet, Barton and Ancaster. The deputy minister suggested that this amount might be raised by debentures, as the work was all for construction.

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PROBE HEARS ABOUT TIMBER FISHERMEN

(Continued From Page 1).

Secretary Deforrest. It had also developed that when the Russell Company trespassed on the Horrigan limits and the latter assessed them $9,000 for the wood they had taken and the damage they had done, no provision had been made by either side for the payment of dues to the government on this timber, amounting to some 7,000 cords.

Up to Other Company.

Mr. McEachern said it was up to the Russell company to pay the dues on the timber it had taken.

Walter H. Russell, for his company, stated that it was his opinion that the license holders should pay the dues.

J. H. Deforrest, secretary of the Horrigan Company, asked to explain a 7000-cord discrepancy in the amount of wood on which government dues had been paid, said: "I didn't cut the wood."

Had No Explanation.

He was pressed by both judges for further explanation and said, "he did not have any."

The description of timber fishermen given to the Horrigan company to distinguish it from the Russell company as timber miners was after evidence by Mr. McEachern, that his company had picked up many thousands of cords of wood along the shore without making any effort to return it to the owners or pay the owners, but used it and sold it as their own.

Denies Political Influence.

Mr. McEachern stated that his men constantly watched the shore for pick-up wood, and especially watched the storage places of other companies along the shore. He had a timber limit on the Black Bay peninsula.

He denied altogether that any political influence was used in getting permits, and said General Hogarth, local M.L.A., was not, and had never been, interested in any way in his company, and had never got a cent out of it.

The judges were extremely surprised that Mr. McEachern, as president and general manager of the Horrigan company, should know so little about its methods of doing business.

W. H. Russell Cross-Examined.

Walter H. Russell of the Russell Timber Company was called again at the opening of the timber enquiry today, and asked by Mr. Harding, crown prosecutor, if Mr. Oliver, crown timber agent, knew he was clearing pulpwood, for the United States, cut from the government lands. He said he did not think he did.

"Why didn't you tell him?"

"I didn't suppose the license-holders wanted him to know."

"Did you inform him?"

"No, sir."

Take Up Swamp Claims.

"When your men were taking up spruce swamp claims did you expect to find mineral?"

"I don't suppose so."

"And you knew your men were swearing to false affidavits?"

"That's not so."

"You knew there was no mineral?"

"I understood they did find mineral. The Cambria Mining Company's test pits were in the same vicinity."

Questioned by Mr. Peter White, K.C., Mr. Russell said the substitution of wood in shipment, made no difference to the government. It got all the dues it was entitled to in any case.

Justice Latchford—"You think you were justified?"

"Absolutely, there was no wrong intended. Prices obtained from the Thorold company in 1918-19 were $12 per cord in vessel on the north shore of Lake Superior, or $15.50 at Thoroid. For shipment to the United States they got $10.70 per cord in booms on the north shore."

Says No Politics.

Ben Hay, who got a permit in 1919, was questioned concerning the methods in procuring it, and denied all connection with politics, saying he had sought no influence and got none. It was all a matter of tender.

"Didn't Hogarth figure in it?" asked Mr. Harding.

"No, sir, he was overseas."

But both Justices Riddell and Latchford told the witness they were not impressed with his candor.

He was questioned at length, and denied to Mr. Harding and both judges ever speaking to anyone for a request for help to get the permit, except the crown timber agent, who gave him little hope. Justice Latchford, however, spoke of the witness as swearing to a falsehood and Justice Riddell used the word "forget."

To. Mr. White, he said he had lost about $500 or $600 on the deal. He had never asked Mr. Oliver to use any improper influence.

Former Crown Timber Agent Oliver was again called and before the examination had commenced was handed a telegram. It proved to be an announcement of the death of his father at Perth, Ont.

"Would you like to be excused?" asked Justice Riddell.

"No, I would rather finish this now."

Mr. Oliver was again examined at length concerning steps he had taken to get proof that timber cleared for the United States had not been taken from crown lands and that it had come from private lands. He again argued that he had no right to go on private lands.

"You have known for years this thing was going on?"

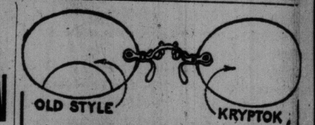
"I don't know that I have."

"Haven't you known that lots of pulpwood was going from private lands to the United States and that more went than was cut?"

"It's possible."

"Do you know of any instance in which wood has been credited to patented lands, when it came off crown lands?"

"Judging by the way it has disappeared there have been false affidavits."



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Steamer Engineer in Montreal Accidentally Shot by Mate

Montreal, June 8.—The third engineer of the S. S. Melrose, an Elder-Dempster line ship, now in port, was accidentally shot and killed by the third officer of the same vessel at Dominion Park here tonight.

HAMILTON

Hamilton, June 8.—Ald. McQuesten led the opposition at the conference held this afternoon between the city council and the board of education over the East Main street property purchased by the board for a public school site, and to which objection has been raised by the city council. There was a lively discussion, which closed without any action being taken.

At a meeting of the board of health this afternoon, a recommendation was sent along that the board of control give immediate thought to the erection of an isolation hospital for contagious diseases.

In the Memorial Public School this evening, the Paulist Choir gave an excellent concert. There was a large attendance.

It took the city council just ten minutes to clean up its order sheet tonight. Controller Aitchison had purposed having a showdown with the city engineer regarding the hold-up of a telegram in connection with the flusher tender. When he arrived, fifteen minutes late, council had adjourned.