

c. 87.)—The Act relating to the appointment of persons to administer oaths in Chancery (16 and 17 Vic., c. 78.)—The Infants Settlement Act (18 and 19 Vic., c. 43.)—The Leases and Sales of Settled Estates Act (19 and 20 Vic., c. 120.)—The Act amending the last named Act (21 and 22 Vic., c. 77.)—The Chancery Amendment Act (21 and 22 Vic., c. 27.)—The Law of property and Trustees Relief amendment Act (22 and 23 Vic., c. 35.)—The Act amending the last named Act (23 and 24 Vic., c. 38.)—The Chancery Evidence Commission Act (23 and 24 Vic., c. 128.)—The Trustees and Mortgagee's Act (23 and 24 Vic., c. 145.)—The Act for the Relief of Prisoners in contempt (23 and 24 Vic., c. 149.)

The second, contains: I. The preliminary order. II. Conveyancing Counsel of the Court. III. Solicitors and parties acting in person and service on them respectively. IV. Commissions to administer oaths in Chancery. V. Official attendance and vacations. VI. Selection of Court. VII. Parties, and persons under disability and paupers. VIII. Pleadings and written proceedings generally. IX. Bills. X. Service of copy of Bill. XI. Interrogatories. XII. Process for want of answer. XIII. Traversing note. XIV. Demurrers and Pleas. XV. Answers. XVI. Procedure. XVII. Replication and joinder of issue. XVIII. Affidavits. XIX. Evidence. XX. Preliminary accounts and inquiries. XXI. Setting down and hearing causes. XXII. Taking bills *pro confesso*. XXIII. Decrees and orders. XXIV. Receivers. XXV. Injunctions. XXVI. Stop orders. XXVII. Distringas. XXVIII. Subpœnas. XXIX. Process to enforce decrees and orders. XXX. Process generally. XXXI. Rehearings, Bills of Review, &c. XXXII. Review and supplement. XXXIII. Motions. XXXIV. Petitions. XXXV. Proceedings in Chambers. XXXVI. Office copies. XXXVII. Computation of time, &c. XXXVIII. Solicitors fees. XXXIX. Court fees. XL. Officers of Court. XLI. Proceedings under Statutory jurisdiction of Court. XLII. Miscellaneous points, regulations as to fees, costs, and charges.

We have only to add, that many provisions contained in our statutes regulating the jurisdiction of the Court of Chancery in Upper Canada are taken from English statutes, and that very many of the general orders of our Court of Chancery correspond with orders of the English Court of Chancery. This of itself is a sufficient recommendation of Mr. Morgan's work to Canadian practitioners.

The English decisions, so far as applicable, will be found invaluable in the construction of our statutes and orders.

Messrs. Rolfe & Adams, the well known and enterprising law publishers and booksellers, of Toronto, are the agents of Messrs. V. & R. Stevens & Haynes. Orders given to them will receive prompt attention from the English publishers.

THE LAW MAGAZINE AND LAW REVIEW FOR MAY, 1862, Butterworths, 7 Fleet Street, London, is received.

The contents are as usual learned, interesting and instructive. They are, 1. Holy orders as disqualifying for the House of Commons or the Bar. 2. International general average. 3. The rights, disabilities and usages of the Ancient Peasantry. 4. The machinery of legislation. 5. The science of civilization. 6. On equitable interests in ships. 7. The law of judgments. 8. On charitable trusts. 9. On insanity and prodigality. 10. Decrees nisi in divorce. 11. Case of W. Digby Seymour, Q.C., M.P.

This magazine retains unimpaired its reputation for learning and ability. It is a great pleasure to be enabled to read its pages. The articles are always well written, and often deeply interesting to the lawyer and legislator. We hope in our next issue to republish the paper on "Holy Orders as disqualifying for the House of Commons or the Bar." It will be read here with as much interest as in England.

We have received THE LONDON QUARTERLY, THE EDINBURGH,

and THE WESTMINSTER, for May, together with BLACKWOOD, from Messrs. Leonard, Scott & Co.

Messrs. Leonard, Scott & Co., do great service to the cause of literature in re-printing these standard Reviews. The best talent in England is employed upon them. The papers on religion, philosophy, and statesmanship, are of a very high order. All are profound—not the ephemeral papers of a day, but essays the result of full investigation and great thought. We are informed that the circulation of these Reviews is much greater in the United States and Canada than in Great Britain. We are not surprised at this information. The American reprints are not nearly so expensive as the English copies. This, when we mention the fact, that Messrs. Leonard, Scott & Co., pay the English publishers for the privilege of re-printing, is greatly to their credit. Any one of the four Reviews may be had for \$3, any two for \$5, and all together for \$10 per annum.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK for June is received. The first plate is sitting for a portrait. Then a magnificent colored fashion plate for June; then several other plates of lesser importance. The letter press is as usual all that can be desired. We know of no Magazine so well adapted to the purposes for which it is published. The reading is entertaining and instructive. No lady should be without it. It is welcome to every household. It is edited with great care and much wisdom, and richly deserves the immense patronage bestowed upon it.

APPOINTMENTS TO OFFICE, &C.

CROWN LAW OFFICERS.

THE HON. JOHN SANDFIELD McDONALD Q.C., to be Attorney General for Upper Canada, in the room and stead of The Hon. John A. Macdonald, resigned.—(Gazetted May 31, 1862.)

THE HON. ADAM WILSON, Q.C., to be Solicitor General for Upper Canada, in the room and stead of the Honorable James Patton, Q.C., resigned.—(Gazetted, May 31, 1862.)

PROVINCIAL LAW CLERKS.

GUSTAVUS WILLIAM WICKSTEAD, Esquire, to be Law Clerk of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Canada.—(Gazetted May 17, 1862.)

EDWARD LEWIS MONTEZAMBERT, Esquire, to be Law Clerk of the Legislative Council of the Province of Canada.—(Gazetted May 17, 1862.)

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

JAMES F. MACLEOD, of Bowmanville, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, to be a Notary Public in Upper Canada.—(Gazetted May 3, 1862.)

SAMUEL GOODENOUGH LYNN, of Eganville, Esquire, to be a Notary Public in Upper Canada.—(Gazetted May 3, 1862.)

JAMES VINE, of Ingersoll, Esquire, to be a Notary Public in Upper Canada.—(Gazetted May 10, 1862.)

GEORGE CARR SHAW, of Smith's Falls, Attorney at Law, to be a Notary Public.—(Gazetted May 10, 1862.)

LAWRENCE ENGLISH, of Oshawa, Esquire, to be a Notary Public in Upper Canada.—(Gazetted May 17, 1862.)

JOHN DEWAR, of Milton, Esquire, to be a Notary Public in Upper Canada.—(Gazetted May 17, 1862.)

SAMUEL GEORGE WOOD, of Toronto, Esquire, Barrister-at-Law, to be a Notary Public in Upper Canada.—(Gazetted, May 17, 1862.)

JOHN A. SHIRLEY, of Zorbar, Esq., to be a Notary Public in Upper Canada.—(Gazetted, May 17, 1862.)

JOSEPH CURRIAN, of Hamilton, Esquire, Attorney-at-Law, to be a Notary Public in Upper Canada.—(Gazetted May 17, 1862.)

THOMAS CRAIG, of Hamilton, Esquire, Attorney-at-Law, to be a Notary Public in Upper Canada.—(Gazetted May 17, 1862.)

CORONERS.

HENRY MASON, Esquire, and CHARLES E. EWING, Esquire, to be Associate Coroners for the United Counties of Northumberland and Durham.—(Gazetted May 3, 1862.)

THOMAS ASHTON, Esquire, to be an Associate Coroner for the United Counties of Frontenac, Lennox and Addington.—(Gazetted May 3, 1862.)

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

"C. DEWAYD," "THE CLERK OF THE FIRST DISTRICT COURT, GRAY,"—Under "Division Courts."