We are now giving the G. J. a Proof of, That however Juries may be, We are not fo eafily mifled.

- IV. We own ourfelves at a Lofs to know what the G. J. would be at confiftently with what they before advanced. Then they were for reducing the Number of Juffices, now they are for giving them more Bufinefs, and of Courfe would make an additional Number requisite, we would beg to be informed in what Part of *Canada* three Juffices can be found together (*Quebec* and *Montreal* excepted.) The Legislature wifely forefaw this, and have left the Fate of any Sum not exceeding Ten Pounds to be decided by Two. For this we refer them to the Ordinance of Osteber 4th.
- V. A good and proper Prefentment, effectially in Regard to the Idlers.
- VI. We are greatly mifinformed if fome of those Batteries, Docks, or Wharfs were not ftrongly folicited for by the Foreman himself, to be his private Property, and if strong Representations were not made by him, how useles the Ground was likely to remain if not made private Property.
- VII. We also recommend the Exertion of the Laws of our Mother Country as far as the Legislature of this Province shall see them consistent with the present Circumstance of the Province, and sincerely defire to promote a due Observance of the Sabbath, and would be glad to encourage more than one such Gospel Minister as they describe, for the Gospel is a Gospel of Peace, and teaches Good-will towards Men.
- VIII. If they are refolved to perfevere in their prefent Spirit, their fellow Subjects are much obliged to them; but we must put the G. J. in Mind of furmoning them again: We shall be under the Necessity of fining those who absent themselves; we have the greatest Tenderness for scrupulous Consciences.

But we really think Men must have a strange Sense of the Nature of *Jurors* Oatbs, who think those Jurors answerable for the Ignorance of a Bench.

IX. If we were at a Lofs before, to know in what Character these Gentlemen were pleafed to fpeak, and what Pretentions they have to be exempted from ferving as Jurors, they now give us full Information, and announce to us that we must confider them as the Representatives of the WHOLE PROVINCE, and that they have a *Right* to be confulted before any general Ordinances are passed into a Law. Now we dare tell this felf-conflituted Part of the Legitlature, that we must not confider the G. J. of the Quarter-Seffions of one Diffrict as such, and hope pretent G. J. may never be confulted, except in chusing Church-Wardens; neither can we conceive how a few Inhabitants, fome newly arrived, can have either Influence, Iterest in, or Knowledge of the Province, fufficient to confider themselves, or to be confidered as its. Reprefentative.

X. We

X.

XI

XI

X

X

X

Fi

ca

ed

th

in

th

by

ar

th

W

Se

ju

a

fe

al

N