

irreparable damage has been done by the protective adhesions thrown out by nature, at least before disastrous rupture has taken place into other cavities. While the pregnant woman is receiving more and more attention earlier and earlier in her pregnancy, in order to prevent as well as to remedy the ills which modern methods of living are bringing upon her, there yet remains much to be done, and in no direction more than in the direction which forms the subject of this discussion.

So that with all due conservatism the writer feels convinced that in all operations for pelvic diseases the vermiform appendix should be suspected, examined, and if found guilty removed. And women who are known to have appendicitis should be urged to have it removed before marriage or at the latest before the third month of pregnancy if it causes trouble. While the writer does not wish to go quite as far as that, still he thinks that it is a question worthy of discussion whether it would not be better to remove the appendix at a time when there would be no death-rate, from those women who are almost certain to require its removal sooner or later and in whom a late operation gives such a high mortality.

If the above data are correct, and of course they are open to criticism and correction, we know fairly well what kind of women are almost certain to be attacked with appendicitis, and in them at least an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure.

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## REPORT OF A CASE OF CARCINOMA OF STOMACH.

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The following are the clinical and pathological notes of a case of Carcinoma of Stomach. The case was reported to the Toronto Clinical Society at the November meeting, 1904, when the patient was presented. The pathological specimens were presented at the February meeting, 1905:

James S—, aged 44 years: born in Scotland, and a resident of Canada for past eight years.

*Family History.*—Nothing important; no history of Carcinoma.

*Habits.*—Carpenter by occupation; heavy drinker for past ten years or more.

*Past Illnesses.*—Has always enjoyed good health; never had any serious illness; never suffered from dyspepsia.

*Present Illness.*—Was in perfect health up to March 20th, 1904, when he had a very severe hemorrhage from the stomach. This