

the mode of onset of the paralysis. A young man of fairly good health contracts diphtheria, is ill three weeks and one month thereafter evidences of paralysis show themselves. This interval is not usual. It will be noticed, however, that the paralysis began in the extremities and was practically confined to them. It is true that the patient states that after recovery his eyesight was somewhat impaired but no paralysis of any of the eye muscles was at any time apparent. This is unusual, the muscles of the extremities being as a rule not affected until those of deglutition and of the eye have become paralyzed.

The treatment adopted was massage and strychnine. The patient made a good recovery. He has been working on the farm for the last two weeks and reported when I saw him last week that nearly all evidence of paralysis had disappeared.

---

Text Book of Medicine, by Strumpell. We have received from D. Appleton & Co., a copy of the above work. The book consists of 1215 pages and has eighty-five illustrations and one plate. The mechanical part of the book is up to the high standard always maintained by these publishers. The matter is arranged systematically and each subject is treated fully in a scientific manner. The text contains the latest information as to the etiology of disease, diagnosis, pathology, bacteriology and treatment. It is a work that every practitioner will be well repaid by carefully studying.