

ment as can be carried out by the general practitioner has been given special attention, enabling physicians to treat many of their patients without referring them to a specialist. Throughout the book great stress has been laid upon diagnosis and treatment, and the section devoted to a detailed description of modern gynecological operations is most clear and concise. In this second edition the revision has been thorough, introducing, however, only matter that promises or has been demonstrated to be of permanent value. Forty-seven new illustrations have been added and thirty of the old ones replaced, the work now containing a collection of seven hundred and one beautiful original illustrations, many of them in colors. We take much pleasure in recommending Dr. Hirst's work to the medical profession generally.

Radiotherapy in Skin Disease. By DR. J. BELOT. With a preface by DR. L. BROcq, Physician to the Broca Hospital, Paris. Translated by W. DEANE BURCHER, M.R.C.S., Surgeon to the London Skin Hospital. Only authorized translation from the second French edition. With thirteen plates and twenty-eight illustrations. London: Rebman Limited, 129 Shaftesbury Avenue, W.C. New York: Rebman Company, 1122 Broadway. Toronto: C. E. Wingate, 2 Richmond Street East.

In looking over the work on Radiotherapy, the first sentence in the preface strikes one: "Radiotherapy was born but yesterday. It has already made enormous strides. To-day it might be said to dominate the therapeutics of dermatology."

In this country we have not paid enough attention to Radiotherapy. The hospitals are not equipped with proper appliances, nor have they trained students to appreciate the value of the X-ray.

It is more than probable that by reading this work with the importance Dr. Belot has given to it, this therapeutic agent will become more popular and great advantages reaped by numerous patients. It is almost impossible for the private practitioner to have a complete outfit; at the same time, with the advancement of science these formerly very expensive instruments have been placed within the means of the many. It is only by reading such a volume as this that one can appreciate the many machines that have been advocated and rejected, and also to appreciate with what a comparatively small outlay a very complete outfit may be installed. Physicians should be acquainted with the technique of X-ray, and we have not read a volume that more comprehensively deals with the subject from a therapeutic standpoint than the one under review. As this method of treatment is entirely in its infancy, and such really remarkable results have been obtained in almost every