

SS. Parisian, from Halifax, April 19th. Dr. Bronsorph will remain some time in London, and after taking out a London qualification returns to settle in Jamaica.

Dr. Roddick, Professor of Clinical Surgery, McGill College, has returned to Montreal, after an absence of six months in Europe.

Dr. Mackay, (C.M., M.D. Bishop's, 1884), has settled at Bristols Corners, Pontiac Co., Quebec.

Dr. Henderson, of Calgary, N.W.T., was in Montreal for a few days early this month.

### REVIEWS.

*A Pocket Book of Physical Diagnosis of the Diseases of the Heart and Lungs for the Student and Physician.* By EDWARD T. BRUEN, Demonstrator of Clinical Medicine in the University of Pennsylvania, etc., etc. Second Edition, revised, with additional illustrations. Philadelphia: P. Blakiston, Son & Co.

This is a compact little volume of rather more than two hundred pages, in which the subject is treated in as practicable a manner as possible, without discussion of questions of historical or theoretical interest, and, according to its author, without laying special claim to originality of matter. It is just such a book as should always be within easy reach in the Physician's Library. We need not say more to recommend it to our readers.

*A Treatise on Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, its Pathology, Diagnosis and Treatment, with chapters on the Anatomy of the Kidney, Albuminuria, and the Urinary Secretion.* By HENRY B. MILLARD, M.D., M.A., with numerous original illustrations. New York: Wm. Wood & Co., 1884.

The rapid increase in the number of cases of Bright's Disease met with by almost all Physicians tends to throw around this disease more than ordinary interest. Why this increase should exist is a subject which has given rise to much thought, and the general opinion seems to be that the intense nervous strain which business now-a-days demands is a prolific cause. Dr. Millard has gone into the consideration of this disease in a very thorough and scientific manner—perhaps the

last a little too much so, for the mass of practitioners. This is a good fault, perhaps—if fault it be—because it is only by thoroughly scientific investigation, a malady, in many respects so obscure as to its precise cause, can be unravelled. The practical part of the book is the treatment, and this is very fully described. It is a work which will amply repay perusal by any thoughtful student.

*The Essentials to Pathology.* By D. TODD GILLIAM, M.D., Professor of Physiology in Starling Medical College. Philadelphia, P. Blakiston, Son & Co.

This is an excellent little work for medical students, its object evidently being to unfold to the beginner the fundamentals of pathology, in a plain, practical way, and, by bringing them within easy comprehension, increase his interest in the study. We advise all teachers on Pathology to recommend it to their class.

*History of the Circulation of the Blood.* By HENRY C. CHAPMAN, M.D., Professor of Institutes of Medicine and Medical Jurisprudence in Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia. P. Blakiston, Son & Co., Publishers: Philadelphia, 1884.

This little work of between fifty and sixty pages, is a lecture delivered by Professor Chapman, concluding a course on the circulation. Dr. Chapman has dealt with his subject in a pleasant way, and the matter is pleasant, as well as instructive reading. He shows that although Harvey's name is justly associated with the discovery of the circulation, that to others some portion of credit is due. These he brings to the front, and apportions to each that share in the great discovery which is their due. He therefore divides the discovery into six different stages—as follows:—

1. The Structure and Functions of the Valves of the Heart, Erasistratus, B. C. 304.
2. The Arteries Carry Blood during Life not Air, Galen, A. D. 165.
3. The Pulmonary Circulation, Servetus, 1553.
4. The Systemic Circulation, Cæsalpinus, 1593.
5. The Systemic and Pulmonic Circulation, Harvey, 1628.
6. The Capillaries, Malpighi, 1661.