

the lateral ocelli. Head very closely, coarsely punctured, the area behind the superior orbits somewhat more sparsely so, the vertex with the punctures larger. Antennæ nine-jointed, the apical joint very short and almost wanting; the antennæ clavate, the club, which is flattened and concave below, begins with the fifth joint. The thorax closely, coarsely punctured, the anterior lobe a little more sparsely so; the posterior part of the scutellum with a median carina. Venation normal. Claws with an inner tooth near the apex. Sheath subparallel margined, obliquely truncate at the apex. Black; clypeus, labrum, mandibles (apices piceous), posterior margin of the pronotum, propleura, anterior part of the scutellum, a spot above the posterior coxæ, apical margin of the basal plates, apical margin of the dorsal and ventral abdominal segments (the band on the first dorsal is interrupted in the middle), *straw-yellow*. Legs black; anterior femora beneath and at the apex, intermediate femora beneath, all the tibiæ and tarsi, *straw-yellow*; the apex of the posterior tibiæ and their tarsi dusky. Wings yellowish; venation luteous and brown, the stigma luteous.

Type locality: Ormsby Co., Nevada (C. F. Baker).

This species is close to *nigriceps*, Cresson, but when compared with specimens collected in the same locality by Prof. Baker, the following differences are to be noted:

*nigriceps*, Cress.

1. Lateral ocellar furrows extending beyond the lateral ocelli.
2. Cheeks and vertex shining, rather finely sculptured.
3. Labrum broader and more curved at the sides.
4. Antennæ not clavate, not concave beneath, nine joints.
5. Postscutellum with a median carina.
6. Teeth of the hind tarsal claw about equal.

*subnigriceps*, Roh.

1. Lateral ocellar furrows extending to the lateral ocelli.
2. Cheeks and vertex dulled by the coarse sculpture.
3. Labrum narrow and at the sides nearly straight.
4. Antennæ clavate, the club flattened and concave beneath, the ninth joint very small.
5. Postscutellum and the posterior part of the scutellum with a median carina.
6. The inner teeth of the hind tarsal claw shorter and stouter than the outer.