		Lkuñgen crania														
	1.6	18 28		4 Q	5 Q	6 Q	7 Q ?	8 8	98	10. Q	11 Inf.	12 Inf.				
Cephalic Index Facial Index	. 76°.		80·1 86·6	77·0 93·5	81·1 85·7	77.4	78·8 92·6	74·6 —	74.9	78·5 99·2	81.8	76.4				
	III.	1	Nootka			Cowitchin			Salmon Ri		iver Nimkish					
	5th Re		r Geol	. Sur.	94	10:	9 11	1   11	3 12	22   12	3	135				
Cephalic Index . Facial Index .			8	1.2	78·0	79	6 81	6 78	9 77	7-4 78	2	79·5 —				
	Kv	vakiutl	Tsin	nshian	5th Rep.		Barr	н	Haida ♀							
	140	142	1 & II. &		іп. 9	IV.	<b>3</b> 1,0	22 1,0	23 1,0	024 1,2	11	11 —				
Cephalic Index Facial Index .	. 81.	75.8	76·7 92·1	78-2	76·7	83*	0 7	9 7	6 7	8 7	6	82•4				

## Or arranged in a series:

Indices								74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	
Skulls . Living	:	:	:	:	•	•	•	:	2 2	1 2	6	5 2	7 3	. 3	1	5 2	1	1	_	1

For the purpose of comparison I have added the indices of the living subtracting two from each [according to Broca] in order to make them comparable to the skulls. The close correspondence between the two groups becomes at once apparent.

It is of interest to investigate the further distribution of this form of head. Turning to the interior of British Columbia we have a series of skulls from Lytton, which were described in the Fifth Report. To these may be added one from the same place which is in my own collection, and has an index of 77.4. All these skulls have suffered somewhat by post-mortem deformation.

This series agrees very closely with that of the coast tribes. Measurements of the long bones from the same place show that the tribe must have been a very short one, probably resembling also in this respect the coast people.

Besides these, we have the measurements of two Shushwap crania in Davis's collection (p. 226), which have indices of 76 and 83. A single Shushwap, whom I measured at New Westminster, had an index of 82.9, corresponding to about 81 on the skull. It seems, therefore, that these people resemble the coast tribes, but further investigations are necessary to prove this theory.

Among the other groups, the tribe of Harrison Lake is particularly