

The Weekly Monitor

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BRIDGETOWN, ANNAPOLIS COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA, FEBRUARY 28, 1917

No. 43

Just Home

and tired after the day's work. That cup of KING COLE TEA, ready and waiting, will refresh as nothing else can quite do. In its warm, generous glow, weariness will be forgotten.



"You'll like the flavor"

KING COLE TEA

COMMERCIAL UNION WITH THE WEST INDIES OR CONFEDERATION.

(By Harry J. Crowe, Toronto, in the Canada-West India Magazine.)

(Continued from last week.)

For many years attempts have been made to bring about a commercial union between the B.W.I. and Canada, and also to arrange for confederation and certain tariff measures. These efforts must be regarded as unsuccessful, not having satisfied anyone.

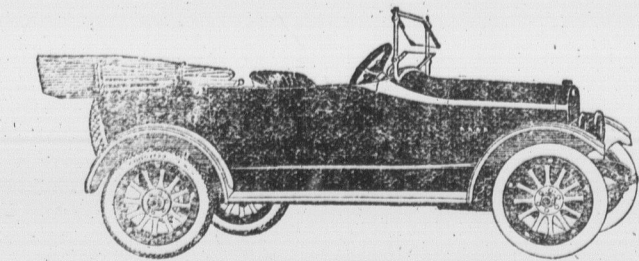
Mr. Macaulay has four principal objections to political union. Let us examine them separately.

First: We are too widely separated from these islands. This difficulty can be overcome by increased telegraphic and transportation facilities. Additional lines of up-to-date passenger and general cargo boats up to the St. Lawrence if not through the Great Lakes. There would then be direct intercourse between our northern and western provinces and the B.W.I. Upper and Western Canada imported three million bunches of Jamaica bananas from New York last year. Had this fruit been discharged at central Canadian ports the return cargoes would have been made of Canadian products in place of the American flour and merchandise; free interchange of commerce would have delivered these goods to the B.W.I. at a lower cost than from the U.S.

We need more producers in Canada after this war, in order to discharge the heavy obligations we have assumed to carry this struggle for liberty to a successful issue. It is believed Canada will have hundreds of thousands of additional producers in the exodus from Europe, including our Canadian boys now in khaki who will want to live in the open after their experience at the front. It is therefore most important that we should increase our markets and the B.W.I. offers one of two million consumers who import what we produce in ever increasing quantities in these islands of dependency.

In a sound and able article favouring political union between the B.W.I. and Canada, written by Mr. E. L. Pease, Vice-President of the Royal Bank of Canada, and published in "The Financial Post" of Toronto, he writes: "The B.W.I. are capable of producing three million tons of sugar as against two hundred thousand tons, the average of past years." Are these not insignificant facts? We can realize the importance of Trade and the development of transportation facilities between Canada and the B.W.I. when we take into consideration the enormous increase of the purchasing power of these islands, the growth over former years, and the value and production of sugar, the larger markets which would follow a preference in Great Britain, and the fact that the man who wants service is the man for whom it was originally built. Its cylinders are cooled independently; it is the only car in its price-class carrying the Westinghouse electric system; clutch and brake are combined in a single foot-pedal. The Gray Dory crankshaft and rear axle are extra-heavy; fenders and bonnet are squeak-proof; and in equipment it is complete to the last detail.

Value like this makes the Gray Dory a car for the man who wants reasonable reasons in the world for owning it.



Sterling Value Fortifies Its Beauty

\$885

While the Gray Dory could hardly be improved for beauty, nor for a personality, a Fifth Ave. elegance, that make it welcome on exclusive thoroughfares anywhere—the man who wants service is the man for whom it was originally built. Its cylinders are cooled independently; it is the only car in its price-class carrying the Westinghouse electric system; clutch and brake are combined in a single foot-pedal. The Gray Dory crankshaft and rear axle are extra-heavy; fenders and bonnet are squeak-proof; and in equipment it is complete to the last detail.

Value like this makes the Gray Dory a car for the man who wants reasonable reasons in the world for owning it.

THE GRAY-DORT MOTORS, Ltd. Chatham - Ont.

OTTAWA LETTER.

Mr. Editor:—Some time has elapsed since I have sent a line to your valuable paper, and "lest we forget," I will inform you that "The Monitor" still comes regularly, and is the same valued sheet as of yore, and indeed I feel that I could not do without it. What a letter is to those that are far from home, so is the Monitor to me. It is pleasant, indeed, to gather up the bits of news from my own native county and province and notice what is going down by the sea.

It is certainly to the credit of the Provinces to see they are so alive to the great war as to be doing so much to relieve the sufferings of those that have gone overseas, and for the care of those that have been left behind. All credit is due you for the self-sacrificing spirit which permeates every part of our loved Dominion. Last night we held a large patriotic meeting in our largest theatre, "The Russell," in which the Governor-General and many other dignitaries were present. The Finance Minister, Sir Thomas White, and Hon. Mr. Rowell spoke. The theatre was crowded, and after it was over and a call for subscriptions was given, the neat sum of \$250,000 was subscribed. Mr. J. R. Booth headed the list with \$20,000. Ottawa has pledged itself to subscribe \$500,000. Yesterday was the first day; really the campaign does not begin until tomorrow, the 7th inst. Ottawa is doing its share, both in men and money, and volunteering goes on quite briskly still.

It certainly was very cheering news to all of us to learn Uncle Sam had broken with the infamous Hun. Even if he is not able to do much, the moral effect will be very great. "How the mighty have fallen!" Only a few years ago Germany held the respect of the whole world. Truly they were great in the arts and sciences, literature and commerce, but they became drunk with the wrath of their gods, obsessed with the insane desire for world power, and as in many cases it is the pride that goes before the fall, so I think it will be with the Prussianized German Empire. The handwriting is upon the wall, and I imagine ere long, like Babylon of old, her empire will be divided not with the Medes and Persians, but with the noble Allies who have been called upon to defend the freedom of the world. How proud we all should be of our Empire, and particularly of the Mother Country, when in this hour of peril our magnificent invincible fleet has stood out before the wide world, not only as the guardian of old England's shores, but the protector of the world's commerce. May the cross of St. George, which has waved so proudly and yet so humbly for these many years, still continue to show to this mundane sphere of ours that all who come under its beneficent folds will always be assured of quarter and mercy.

It was my pleasure to meet the Chief Superintendent of Education of Nova Scotia here a few days ago, at the Dominion Educational Convention, and it was truly refreshing to meet him again and talk over old school days of sixteen years ago. He still looks hale and hearty. The night the public meeting was held in the Collegiate Hall there was a galaxy of talent there. The Duke of Devonshire and the Dutchess were on the stand. He spoke. All the superintendents of the various provinces were on the stand. The oration of the evening was made by Dr. Dewey, Professor of Physiology of Columbia University, a remarkably interesting speaker, but the short address of Dr. McKay appealed to me, and brought very vividly before me the happy days I had spent in the days of lang syne in dear old Nova Scotia, trying to develop the latent powers lying dormant in the young mind. And today I take a retrospective view of those halcyon days and live them over again in happy memory.

Now, Mr. Editor, fearing I may trespass upon the space of your valuable paper, I will put the pen aside for the present.

Sincerely yours,

H. W. M.

"Let us honor England as the faithful, sure, loyal ally, who has always given more than she promised. Let us never forget that her promised friendship has never permitted an occasion to pass without rendering homage to French valor."—La Journal De France.

A law has been passed by the Australian Government, according to a letter despatch from Melbourne, forbidding the departure of women or children for Europe under any circumstances. The Indian Government recently adopted, among its new war measures, a law forbidding women and children to sail for Europe, except for the most urgent reasons.

The French Government will give a prize of \$80,000 for any vessel that destroys an attacking submarine.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dismember.

HALF YEARLY REPORT ROUND HILL SCHOOL.

The marks, on account of non-attendance, in some cases are lower than they should be.

Parents should co-operate with the teachers and see that the pupils spend a reasonable time each evening in home study. I would also like to call attention to the "Secrets of Success" mentioned on the Report Cards, viz., Regularity, System and Application, with special emphasis on the last.

R. S. LONGLEY, Principal.

	GRADE XI					
	Eng.	Hist.	Geom.	Phy.	Algeb. Trig.	
Hilred Bishop	80	88	86	86	65	98
Blanche Gibson	87	82	68	90	63	87
Maria Bailey	74	76	35	45	41	35

	GRADE X					
	Eng.	Hist.	Geom.	Chem.	Algeb.	Arith.
Fred Rogers	83	74	84	83	88	48
Phyllis Robinson	85	86	58	80	83	40
Leonard Sanders	63	74	75	61	40	50
Henry Reeks	60	62	66	45	72	30
John Baxter	65	86	—	—	—	—
William Baxter	—	58	60	—	—	35

	GRADE IX					
	Eng.	Geog.	Draw.	Sc.	Algeb.	Arith.
Beverly Robinson	79	84	89	85	88	65
Audrey Bishop	57	61	72	74	78	60
Joyce Hervey	—	—	82	78	—	35
Tom Rice	60	78	58	64	74	40
Marion Spurr	59	60	61	—	65	58

	GRADE VIII						
	Eng.	Hist.	Geog.	Sc.	Draw.	Arith.	Spell.
Grace Echlin	89	74	78	92	88	75	100
Cyril Reeks	80	75	79	70	88	74	88
John Huley	75	59	74	86	78	60	88
Clayde Bailey	69	48	70	71	49	83	78
Louise Williams	60	65	67	62	74	58	80
Hattie Tupper	60	65	67	74	62	56	80

	GRADE VII						
	Eng.	Hist.	Geog.	Sc.	Draw.	Arith.	Spell.
Harold Whitman	70	72	73	78	84	—	97
Kathleen Bancroft	58	64	80	21	—	—	68
John Huley	68	70	72	80	88	—	88
Grace Spurr	52	—	—	—	—	—	—

	GRADE VI						
	Eng.	Hist.	Geog.	Sc.	Draw.	Arith.	Spell.
Ina Echlin	83	76	70	83	80	52	95
Donald Bishop	76	77	60	75	60	36	85
Aidan Reeks	64	69	73	63	80	40	79
Portman Markham	76	87	75	73	49	—	88
Morris Robinson	57	65	60	50	45	50	60
Oliver Bailey	60	65	54	63	70	28	60

	GRADE V						
	Eng.	Hist.	Geog.	Sc.	Draw.	Arith.	Spell.
Grace Bayne	72	46	47	48	60	50	50
Frank Markham	72	68	51	81½	65	65	—

	GRADE IV						
	Eng.	Hist.	Geog.	Sc.	Draw.	Arith.	Spell.
Reginald VanBarcom	68	52	53	24	60	60	60

	GRADE III						
	Eng.	Hist.	Geog.	Sc.	Draw.	Arith.	Spell.
Lena Thorne	85	69	46	63	60	55	55
Fred Shaffner	79	44	37	47	50	45	45
Portman Markham	88	71	62	81	60	60	60
John Markham	89	69	50	51	40	50	50
Herman Everette	67	49	44	46	50	40	40
Cecil McWilliam	89	69	50	51	40	50	50

	GRADE II						
	Eng.	Hist.	Geog.	Sc.	Draw.	Arith.	Spell.
Emily Johnson	92	59	63	90	55	60	60
Margaret Markham	47	49	47	46	60	50	50
Elita Thorne	87	24	42	86	50	45	45
Bernard McKenzie	71	36	42	60	50	60	60

	GRADE I						
	Eng.	Hist.	Geog.	Sc.	Draw.	Arith.	Spell.
Flourance Markham	76	—	—	32	50	50	50
Marjorie Delap	58	—	—	47	50	50	50
Fanny McWilliam	89	—	—	80	55	50	50
Alton Shaffner	70	—	—	88	55	50	50
Kenneth Everette	70	—	—	80	50	45	45

M. A. CHUTE, Teacher.

LOWER GRANVILLE SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS.

Report of Grades IV, V, VI, VII, VIII and IX examinations for half-year ending February 2, 1917:

	GRADE IX						
	Eng.	Hist.	Geog.	Sci.	Draw.	Arith.	Alg.
Nina Wheeler	66	68	61	53	79	66	66

	GRADE VIII						
	Eng.	Hist.	Geog.	Hyg.	Math.	Writ.	Draw.
Grace Bayne	72	46	47	48	60	50	50
Frank Markham	72	68	51	81½	65	65	—

	GRADE VII						
	Eng.	Hist.	Geog.	Sc.	Draw.	Arith.	Spell.
Reginald VanBarcom	68	52	53	24	60	60	60

	GRADE VI						
	Eng.	Hist.	Geog.	Sc.	Draw.	Arith.	Spell.
Lena Thorne	85	69	46	63	60	55	55
Fred Shaffner	79	44	37	47	50	45	45
Portman Markham	88	71	62	81	60	60	60
John Markham	89	69	50	51	40	50	50
Herman Everette	67	49	44	46	50	40	40
Cecil McWilliam	89	69	50	51	40	50	50

	GRADE V						
	Eng.	Hist.	Geog.	Sc.	Draw.	Arith.	Spell.
Emily Johnson	92	59	63	90	55	60	60
Margaret Markham	47	49	47	46	60	50	50
Elita Thorne	87	24	42	86	50	45	45
Bernard McKenzie	71	36	42	60	50	60	60

	GRADE IV						
	Eng.	Hist.	Geog.	Sc.	Draw.	Arith.	Spell.
Flourance Markham	76	—	—	32	50	50	50
Marjorie Delap	58	—	—	47	50	50	50
Fanny McWilliam	89	—	—	80	55	50	50
Alton Shaffner	70	—	—	88	55	50	50
Kenneth Everette	70	—	—	80	50	45	45

M. A. CHUTE, Teacher.

ABOUT CATCHING COLD.

(Issued by the Department of the Public Health, Nova Scotia.)

At this season of the year, common colds are especially prevalent. There is a great deal of misapprehension about the cause of colds. Exposure to the elements, draughts and draughts may doubtless play a part in bringing on an attack, but the majority of those who suffer from colds are unable to trace their illness to such factors. Overheating, lack of fresh air, insufficient sleep, insufficient exercise, which are looked upon by some as causes, are certainly insufficient, either separately or combined, to produce a cold. The most that such factors can do is to reduce one's resistance to infection. For colds are due to infection, and they are spread from person to person much like other infectious conditions which involve the respiratory tract.

One takes cold because he comes into more or less close touch with some one else who has a cold, or because he is exposed in some way to infection. The germ is given off in the spray which is ejected from the mouth and nostrils in sneezing, and from the mouth in coughing and in talking loudly. Crowded public assemblies, tram cars, railway cars, and such places are probably the most likely situations in which one becomes infected.

Other means by which infection may be transferred include handkerchiefs, towels, dishes, cutlery, etc. One frequently sees a mother use her own handkerchief to wipe away the discharge from her child's nostrils. The practice is accountable for the spread of infection in altogether too many instances.

Everyone who has a child should be most careful to cover the mouth and nose when coughing or sneezing, and to do everything possible to prevent the discharges from his nose or throat coming into contact with articles which others may subsequently handle. Frequent washing of the hands is to be commended as a wise preventive measure, for the hands are doubtless more frequently responsible for

PURITY FLOUR

Milled especially for particular cooks—those who want "MORE BREAD AND BETTER BREAD"



WAR BRIEFS.

50,000 men from the United States are in the war, most of them in Canadian battalions.

"Germany, the mainstay of the Central Powers, has begun to crack." Glasgow Herald.

The Duke of Connaught has been made Commander of all the volunteer forces of England.

The Ministers in Lloyd George's Cabinet have pooled their talents, so they all see "where ailer."

Precautions are being taken by United States authorities to prevent injury to any mine German ships interned in the harbors.

Letters from Germans to prisoners of war state the tuberculosis patients have been taken out to the trenches and compelled to fight.

The magistrates of Berlin have ordered "uniform bread," made of half rye flour, 40 per cent. white flour, and 10 per cent. barley flour.

The cold in western Germany is the most intense that has been known for many years, the thermometer falling to 18 and 20 degrees below zero.

The first time since the days of Charles I, a whole generation of undergraduate life has dropped out. All the boys have gone to the war.

The earnings of the Bethlehem Steel Company for 1916 were \$61,717,329, as compared with \$25,782,784 for 1915. This explains the large profit.

A Chinese aviator in the French service brought down five German craft, and is rewarded with the Military Cross, with two palms and one star.

The wife of Hon. Dr. S. Beland, former Post Master General of Canada, died in Belgium, and he, a prisoner in Germany, was not permitted to see her.

The London Daily Express recommends conscription to the Boy Scouts for the boys whose fathers are in the war and who flock in the streets at night.

The Boston Globe says:—"White Colonel Roosevelt is WAVING the American flag, Colonel Bryan proposes WAIVING American rights on the high seas."

It appears that some Westerner has advised the United States to intern Colonel Bryan, because his policy seems to be to make division over the Wilson policy.

The war tax stamp is chiefly the cause of a surplus of \$2,849,271 in the Post Office Department, instead of a loss of about the same amount of the previous year.

United States capitalists are negotiating with the Government for the establishment in Halifax of a four million dollar ship-building plant, subsidized by the Dominion.

The Huns have been carrying on in Serbia the same barbaric course as in Belgium, deporting the people to Bulgaria and compelling them to work in the trenches under artillery fire.

The legal and literary faculties of the Turkish University at Stamboul have suggested that the Nobel Peace Prize should be given to the Kaiser! Yet people say the Turk has no humor.

The Prussian Minister of Education announced at a meeting of the Budget Committee of the Reichstag that 10,000 public school teachers had fallen during the war and that their places had been taken by women.

The Cree Indians of File Hills Agency, Saskatchewan, at a rummage sale and drawing for mules and roosters, raised \$215 for Red Cross, Prisoner's Fund and Belgian Relief. The chief, Moo-che-we-in-es sent one dollar and fifty cents.

Thirty more students of Harvard University are going to France to serve in the American Ambulance Field Corps. The captain of the football team announced one morning that there was room for five more, and that before night he had twice that number to choose from.

President Hapeman, of the German-American National Alliance, with a reputed membership of 2,000,000, says this Alliance endorses his action and "will fight under President Wilson as our commander as loyally as we did under Abraham Lincoln for the preservation of the Union."

METHODIST NOTES.

Rev. A. R. Reynolds was missionary deputation at Granville Ferry, Coast Island and Port Wade on January 28. His addresses were greatly enjoyed by the congregations.

"Everybody's" Adult Bible Class, Granville Ferry, held its annual meeting at the parsonage on February 5th. Secretary's report showed a membership of 25, of whom two are absent from home, with seven additional in Home Department; average attendance, 15.

Lamb and the teacher, Mrs. Taylor, with games and light refreshments, a pleasant evening was spent.

At the annual meeting of the Granville Ferry Trustee Board, the treasurer's report showed a credit balance of \$40. This will be available for much needed repairs on church tower.

Mr. H. H. Fudger, treasurer of our General Missionary Society, and president of the Robert Simpson Co., Toronto, has purchased and equipped the fine house which belonged to the late Senator Cox, a home club for the comfort of the women and girls of the Robert Simpson Co. It is fitted with every comfort, including an infirmary for the sick.

Two western veterans have lately been called to their reward. Rev. John McDougall, D.D., was one of the pioneer missionaries of the Methodist Church amongst the Indians of the Far West. He took an active part in suppress the Red Rebellion in 1869-1870, and again in 1885, and had such influence with the Indians that on different occasions he was employed by the Government to negotiate with them. Rev. James Woodsworth, D.D., was one of the foremost builders of social and religious life in the prairie provinces, where he lived and labored for 35 years.

Capt. Eric S. Ayre, of the Newfoundland regiment, killed in action on July 1st, bequeathed \$500 to the Methodist Missionary Society.

Of the 2250 ministers in the Wesleyan Methodist Church, 167 are chaplains to the forces, while 47 are unattached combatants. Besides these 121 theological students and the majority of the 20,000 local preachers are also enlisted. Another 1100 ministers are serving as "officiating clergymen" in camps, depots and hospitals.

"GIVE T