The Weekly Monitor.

BRIDGETOWN, SEPTEMBER 26, 1877.

SCHOOL MEETING.

The annual meeting of the Bridgetown School Section was held in the School House, according to law, on Monday afternoon the 24th inst. After hearing read the minutes of the previous annual meeting, and the financial statement of the secretary, the ratepayers proceeded to the election of a trustee to take the place of the retiring one—the choice of the meeting falling upon Wm. Chipman, Esq. The appropriation of a sufficient sum to meet the expenses of the current year was discussed, and the sum of $575.00 voted. This with the Provincial and County grant will sum up to about $765.00 for all purposes, including a coat of paint, which the house stands much in need of. A vote of the meeting was also recorded, recommending the advisability of having a clause inserted in our present school law, in reference to the adoption of the Compulsory System, now in force in the United States. Not more than two thirds of the children living in this school district, who are old enough to attend the school do so, and under the present law there is no way of compelling them to do otherwise. We apprehend that the parents of most of the children who thus roam about our streets year after year are much more to blame in the matter than the children. Surely after the expenditure of a large amount of money in erecting a suitable and commodious house for the education of our children, we should see that they were receiving all the benefit possible from so heavy an outlay. What, we ask, is a young man or woman fit for in this enlightened day if he or she has to start in the race for life without an education? The dearest legacy that parents can bequeath to their children is a thorough education. We are aware that all classes cannot command the means to enable them to take advantage of some one of the many colleges established in our Province; but they have it in their power to send them to the schools provided in each district, where by ordinary application on the part of the children an education can be obtained which will fit them for most stations in life. Parents, we hope you will take the above remarks in the spirit in which they are written, and wherever the evil exists that a more healthy state may be determined upon. Give your children as sound an education as your means will admit of as part of their legacy at least.

— The ubiquitous dancing bears passed through the town on Monday evening last.

— We will have some remarks to make, in reference to the difficulty existing on the W. A. R., next week.

BADLY SCALDED. — In Clarence, on Monday a little girl, three years of age, daughter of Mr. Elijah Sprowl was very badly scalded by falling backwards into a pot of boiling water.

LECTURE.—Mr. W. G. Parsons will deliver a lecture under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A., of Bridgetown, on Thursday, the 27th inst., at the Court House. Subject: The Centennial Exhibition. Admission 10 cents.

ARM BROKEN.—On Wednesday afternoon the 19th inst., Mr. Obediah Messenger, son of Daniel Messenger, of Port Williams, broke one bone of his forearm, by a large log of wood falling upon him from a cart which he was unloading.

— Messrs. Harris & Co., are about shipping another cargo of granite to St. John, the vessel being now at the wharf loading. A great many of the stone are very fine: we noticed numbers of huge blocks measuring ten and eleven feet in length.

LAUNCH. — Last week Mr. Hiram Young launched from his yard at Young's Cove, a handsome schooner of 200 tons, carpenter's measure, called the "Effie Young". She is owned by the builder and his three sons. As soon as she was launched, she was loaded with wood and started for Boston.

SAD ACCIDENT WITH A GUN.—On Monday an accident of a very serious nature happened at Hampton, on the Bay Shore, by which Adiniram Foster, son of Samuel, was shot in the abdomen. It appears that a young man named Lemuel Gaskell was in the act of drawing the charge from a gun and by some accident the gun slipped from his hands, falling to the floor. The concussion discharged the contents of the barrel through the side of the wood house, striking young Foster, who was standing outside, in the bowels.

GRAND VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT.—The ladies of St. James' Church of this town, assisted by members of the Kentville "Dramatic Club" and other talented amateurs, purpose giving a Grand Variety Entertainment in Victoria Hall, on October 18th, for the purpose of raising funds wherewith to purchase a library for St. James' Sunday School. The entertainment will be of a very pleasing and attractive character, consisting of Tableau Vivants, Character Songs, Readings, and the performance of two celebrated Farces. During an interval between the parts, refreshments will be provided at a moderate rate. Parties wishing to enjoy a pleasant evening had better make up their minds to attend. 4ipd

— The picnic of the sunday schools belonging to St. Croix; Port Williams, Hampton took place on Friday last. We understand that old and young turned out in force and made the day one of great enjoyment. Fish chowder Partridge soup, and a number of others good things were down on the bill of fare.

I. O. G. T.—A correspondent from Wilmot sends us the following:

"The Annapolis County Degree Lodge held its Seventh Quarterly Meeting with "Guiding Light," No. 252, at Salem, Wilmot, on Friday, 21st inst.

The morning session was occupied principally by Representatives of the various Subordinate Lodges in presenting reports. During the afternoon Session forty-eight members received the Degrees of Fidelity and Charity. A large and influential Public Temperance Meeting was addressed in the evening by Revs. W. J. Blakeney, Joseph Gaetz and W. G. Parker, followed by a number of speakers from Annapolis and Kings Counties. The enthusiasm which characterized the meeting was worthy of notice.

EXHIBITION.—In another column will be found information respecting the Provincial Exhibition, which is to be opened at Kentville, on the 1st of Oct. next. In order to accommodate all who may wish to go by train, the Windsor and Annapolis Railway Company have decided to run trains as follows:—Trains will leave Annapolis for Kentville daily at 6.30 a. m., and 3.30 p. m., and will leave Kentville for Annapolis daily at 11.45 a. m., and 5.15 p. m., thus giving two trains each way.

HYMENIAL.—Last Wednesday, at St. Mark's Church, St. John, N. B., as will be seen by reference to our marriage notices, one of our young townsmen, Mr. Alexander Easson was united in the holy bonds of matrimony to Miss Emelie Ansley, of St. John. Immediately after the ceremony the happy couple embarked on board the "Empress" for home. Some of the "boys" with whom Sandy is a universal favorite, procured three or four flags and with these and wreaths of flowers decorated the Railway Station in honor and welcome to the bride and groom. Upon their arrival, hearty were the greetings of congratulations and good wishes, and we are sure we echo the cordial sentiments of many in wishing the wedded pair every happiness.

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinion of our correspondents.

BOSTON AND VICINITY.

MOUNT AUBURN.

(No. 2.)

I have no sympathy with cremation. The old method of disposing of man's mortal remains by interment I regard with solemn respect and religious approval. It has the hallowing sanction of ages. In my esteem a burial-place is sacred ground. If I were to visit London, my first object would be to wend my way to Westminster Abbey, and wander among the gravestones and mausoleums of interred generations; because there slumber the mouldering ashes of "England's mighty dead." But an ordinary grave-yard, even in an obscure rural district, has for me a solemn fascination. I love to read the inscriptions on old tombstones anywhere, although I have to brush away the moss that I may decipher the letters that were chiselled upon them long years ago. There are in the English language few poems that have a stronger hold on popular appreciation that "Gray's Elegy." It touches the tenderest sympathies of our common nature, and stirs with irresistible influence those emotional susceptibilities that play upon human hearts.

Years ago I had heard mention made of Mount Auburn in the vicinity of Boston as a picturesque and interesting receptacle of the dead. On the third of July, the gentleman, whose guest I was at the time, said: "To-morrow is the *glorious fourth*, how would you like to spend the day?"—"Nothing would suit me better," replied I, "than a visit to Mount Auburn." He answered "that cemetery is not open to the public on holidays; but I will endeavour to procure a special permit to visit it to-morrow."—The permit was obtained. "Independence day," as our republican cousins call it, dawned under the auspices of a clear sky, and early in the forenoon my hospitable host, his half-grown son and myself were on the streets cars on our way to the cemetery. On the cars with us were four respectably clad and decent-looking colored people. They, in their appearance and demeanor, notwithstanding their complexion, exhibited the air of gentlemen. They also were repairing to Mount Auburn, and entered the gate into the solemn enclosure when we did—they turning to the right and we to the left—to wander among the labyrinthine walks and pathways that ramify this extensive ground that has been dedicated as a resting place to the victims of unsparing mortality.

Of course it was with no small interest that I rambled through this vast "wilderness of marble," reading the inscriptions on the monuments. There I recognized names that have found places on the pages of imperishable history. I saw a multitude of other names that were probably nobodies or very common-place people while living; but over whose graves lofty and costly monumental structures have been reared. In this way family pride often strives, and vainly strives, to make men, who were *little* while living, *great* after death. Many years ago, we formed a pleasant acquaintance with Bowditch, author of the "American Coast Pilot." In Mount Auburn lie his mortal remains, over which is an admirable Statue of himself sculptured in marble, with charts and nautical instruments, finely chiselled, lying around him. Perhaps the most striking monument in the cemetry is that reared to the most eminent of modern naturalists. It is a rough, shapeless block of granite, unpolished as it was when taken from the quarry. It looks like a huge boulder thrown to the surface by an earthquake. On one of its sides, however, is inserted a polished oblong square on which *only one word* is engraved—"Agassiz." This word is as comprehensive and expressive as a whole volume would be. It tells all that the inquirer need know. It is one of the brightest stars in the constellations of scientific names. But I have no time or space to further particularize these monuments and inscriptions.

The surface of Mount Auburn is undulating, and in some places abruptly hilly. Its pathways are everywhere bordered with flowers, and shaded with trees. There is also a pond, in which domesticated waterfowl swim and gambol with all the apparent enjoyment of which their bird-nature is susceptible. After perambulating the pathways in this "city of the dead," we came in contact with the four men of color whom I have already mentioned. They were standing over a newly-made grave that was yet without its monument. From their remarks it was apparent that they felt a reverential interest in the occupant of the grave; and I ventured to inquire whose remains were lying beneath the surface. The reply was: "This is the grave of the late Charles Sumner, the ablest champion, and the warmest advocate of freedom that our country ever had." This led to a brief conversation referring to slavery, the late internecine war, and the result in the emancipation of the enthralled Negroes of the South. It was apparent that these descendants of Ham were men of mental culture and polished manners.

I and those with me bade them good morning, and made our way to the tower which stands on the highest part of the Mount Auburn enclosure, and is one hundred and sixteen feet in height. We ascended to its summit by an internal spiral stairway. There we had a fine view of the surrounding country. The distant city, towns, villages, Church spires, and cultivated tracts of country were all within the scope of vision. The prospect was delightful. We had not been long there when the colored men followed us to this pleasant look-out. A renewed conversation took place. The elder of the four was far advanced in life, and had a slight tincture of Anglo-Saxon blood flowing in his veins. One of his companions told us that he was Doctor Payne, one of the Bishops of the United States African Methodist Episcopal Church. Two of the others were clergymen, and the fourth was a South Carolinian, and a member of Congress. The Bishop had been in England, had been the guest of John Bright, and had been honored by respectful attention from other distinguished men of Great Britain. Our colloquial interview with them was in a high degree agreeable. They seemed perfectly conversant with what was transpiring in the world. Perhaps it would not be easy to find four learned men in Nova Scotia, who could talk more fluently and elegantly on literature, science, education, politics and other leading topics. Their language was refined and their manners were easy.

At length, feeling that it was about time to close the interview, I said, "Bishop this is not an appropriate place for a devotional service." He responded readily, "All places are appropriate for the worship of God," and taking off his hat, as he knelt, he thus called upon the name of the Lord:

"Heavenly Father, we are kneeling above the graves of a buried generation. Some of the unconscious occupants of those graves were magnates of the land, distinguished above their fellows by social position, intellectual superiority or extraordinary moral worth—others were men of mediocrity, who were little known beyond the narrow circles in which they moved. They are all on a level now. The grave knows no distinction, and the worms that feed upon their decaying flesh treat all alike. But the time is coming when the resurrection trump will reanimate the dust of the dead, and men, immortalized, come forth to die no more. However unrighteously men occupied positions on earth, there can be no mistake in the places all will occupy in the world to come. O Father, help us to realize what is before us—death, judgment and eternity. May we flee to Him who is the resurrection and the life, and thus be prepared for whatever awaits us. We are all sinners, and need the benefits of his atoning merits, the cleansing efficacy of his blood, and the prevalence of His advocacy before thy throne.—Lord, this is a great national holiday. Forty millions of people are celebrating the anniversary of an empire's birth—the greatest empire that the world ever knew. Here the oppressed of all nations find an asylum—here the fugitives of other lands find homes—here civilization, freedom and christianity are imparting moral elevation to millions—here the groans of the slave have been forever hushed, and every man, no matter what may be his complexion, is not the bondman of a fellow man. For all this, Great Father, we offer the tribute of thanksgiving and praise. O, continue to bless our land in all time to come. And bless Old England, our parent land, and all lands. May the blessings of civilization, christianity and freedom in their influence become co-extensive with human abodes.

* * * * * * * *

Lord, we pray for thy heavenly mercies and fatherly blessings upon these strangers with whom we have had an amicable and pleasing interview. We probably shall see each other no more on earth; but may we at last greet each other

"Where friends long parted meet again,
And meet to part no more."

AMEN.

I bade adieu to this colored Bishop, deeply impressed with the fact, that I had met with a great and good man.

As we left the Cemetery I found myself reciting a stanza from Gray:—

"Can storied urn or animated bust
Back to its mansion call the fleeting breath?
Can honor's voice provoke the silent dust,
Or flattery soothe the dull, cold ear of death?"

A TOURIST.

(For the Monitor.)

MR. EDITOR,—

As you are aware, I am not in the habit of writing for the MONITOR, nor for any other paper. This is not my business, but you know there has to be a first time for everything, and it appears to me that I should be doing an injustice to myself not to write you on this occasion. I shall not tell you much about my own business, only that I reside at Round Hill, a thriving farming district seven miles east of the old town of Annapolis, and situated on the Annapolis river. I think Round Hill is generally known throughout the Province. Its formidable hills, serpentine streams and beautiful marshes make it a spot which is much admired by strangers. In regard to scenery Round Hill is all that could be wished—Now about the people who inhabit this favored locality. As I mentioned before, they are nearly all farmers, of whom the larger number are very industrious and thrifty. I have always been proud of the people here for their temperance principles and orderly conduct. But, alas! alas! how inconsistent is man! how ready to pass judgement and even condemn his fellow creatures (without a just cause) when he yields to the promptings of a wicked heart! I feel thankful that I shall not have to be judged by men in that great day when all must receive according to their doings in the flesh. My object in writing to you at the present time is to inform you about a temperance meeting which was held at Round Hill in August last. Brother Johnston who was appointed Worthy Grand Lecturer by the delegates and members of the Grand Lodge, while in session at Annapolis, addressed the audience. He spoke with energy and power, and in his discourse he brought out some sterling truths. I am not going to tell you just now all that transpired during the lecture, suffice it to say, that some present, from whom we should expect better things, acted in the most ungentlemanly manner, and made use of insulting, as well as very improper language, so that they could be heard all over the house. It is an old proverb and I think a very true one, "that a straw best shows which way the wind blows." These temperance men reminded me very much of a class who profess to be followers of our Saviour,—they belong to a christian church—they attend worship regularly—and to tell them they were not christians would be a gross insult. I do not approve of rushing into extremes. Moderation in all things would be the preferable course, but when once convinced that I was right, I should cleave to those principles, though the world itself turn against me; and I should denounce what I believe to be error, even should it exist in my dearest bosom friend. Language would fail to express my disapproval of the ungentlemanly and unchristianlike conduct of those who made such a disturbance during this lecture. But I am happy to be able to state that the most of the people in this community look upon such conduct with disgust rather than approval. The people here do not make a practice of judging others by the clothes they wear. Ministers, as a general thing, dress very well, but unless they behave in a more gentlemanly manner, and manifest a more christianlike spirit than some did who were present at this meeting, they need never expect the well-thinking people at Round Hill to esteem or even respect them.

The question may be asked what was the cause of all this disturbance? In reply, it is said, "Why the lecturer did not speak grammatically." "He made false statements." "He told an anecdote, which was very indecent." Yet this anecdote when coming from the lips of the celebrated Gough would be received by the most cultivated and refined people with approval. The most absurd part of it is, that these very persons who are so outspoken in their criticism, could you examine them upon the knowledge of English Grammar, could not (as I believe) tell you a simple sentence from a compound sentence or an adjective from a verb. At Paradise with Avard Longley, Esq., in the chair, with an intelligent audience, they could hold an orderly, respectable meeting with the same speaker, Brother Johnston. Would Mr. Longley be kind enough to give us through the columns of your paper, particulars respecting the meeting held at Paradise, I think it might be the means of benefiting some of our friends here. Wishing your paper every success,

I am,
Yours very truly,
JOSEPH A. BANCROFT.

Round Hill, Sept. 26th, 1877.

PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION.

The Annual Provincial Agricultural Exhibition will be held this year at Kentville, Kings county. Permanent and extensive Exhibition Buildings of an extensive and convenient character are now in course of creation.

The Exhibition grounds and buildings will be opened on Monday, October 1st, 1877, at 9 o'clock, a. m., for the reception and arrangement of exhibition articles and animals. Exhibitors on arrival will immediately report themselves at the office of the Secretary, who, with the assistance of the Committee of Management, will allot appropriate pens or space for their exhibits. This day none but members of the General Committee, officials, exhibitors and necessary attendants will be admitted.

Live animals, cut flowers, and perishable articles will be received on Tuesday morning, from sunrise up to 9 o'clock. Unavoidable delays to be dealt with at the discretion of the Committee.

The Exhibition will be open to the public on Tuesday, the 2nd, at 2 o'clock, p. m., when an opening address will be given. The grounds and buildings will be open each succeeding day from 9 a. m. to 5 p. m., and the buildings on Wednesday and Thursday evenings from 7 to 10 p. m. Admission 25 cents; children 10 cents. Bands of music will be in attendance.

The Judges will meet at the Secretary's office, on Tuesday the 2nd, at 9 a. m., to obtain entry books and proceed to award premiums. On completing their work (which, if practicable should be finished by 5 p. m. of the same day), they will hand over their books and reports to the Secretary, who will furnish the requisite prize tickets, which it will be their duty to place carefully and as soon as possible, upon the various articles.

Exhibits may be removed from the ground on Friday afternoon, 5th October, immediately after the closing address has been delivered. The Treasurer will commence to pay premiums on the ground, at 9 a. m., on Friday. Prizes not claimed within three months from the close of the exhibition will be forfeited.

Horses, cattle, sheep, swine and poultry must be entered on or before Saturday, September 15th, and the age of each should be stated in years and months at the date of the Exhibition—the precise date of birth to be given when necessary.

Plants, fruits, flowers, grain, roots, vegetables and other field and garden products, agricultural implements, manufactures of all kinds, and articles not elsewhere enumerated, may be entered up to Saturday, September 22nd—one week preceding the show.

A public auction of stock will take place on Thursday 4th, at 10 a. m. J. P. Lyons, Auctioneer. Commission 2½ per cent. Amount of sales guaranteed.

All articles for exhibition must be on the grounds on Monday, October 1st, after which day none will be received, except live stock, fruit, flowers, and other perishable articles, which will be received up to 9 a. m. on Tuesday, 2nd.

THE RAILWAY DIFFICULTY.—The Windsor branch of the government railway was yesterday transferred to the Western Counties Railway Company in accordance with the Act of Parliament. The Windsor and Annapolis Railway Company, as it is well known, have resisted this change, claiming that it is a violation of the country's obligations to them. They assert that they cannot enter into negotiations with the Western Counties Company for through traffic without prejudice to their own rights. Consequently the two roads must be operated separately, and cars must be changed at Windsor. This will seriously inconvenience the traffic, but it is to be hoped that the two companies will soon see it to be to their interest to make better arrangements for the accommodation of the public. The transfer was made by Mr. Luttrell, of the Intercolonial, to Mr. Linksey, the superintendent of the Western Counties road. The trains are to be run on the old time tables.—*Hx. Chronicle.*

New Advertisements.

WANTED!

AN EXPERIENCED

DRESS MAKER.

One Competent and willing to act as saleswoman, preferred.

Apply to

PHINNEY & SMITH.

Middleton, Sept. 26th, 1877.

New Advertisements.

Queen St., Bridgetown,
September 27th, 1877.

JUST RECEIVED.

A Fresh Supply of

TEA & SUGAR,

Rankine's Celebrated

BISCUITS!

CONFECTIONERY, &c.

Also a lot of

LAYER RAISINS BY BOX OR RETAIL, VERY LOW.

LYDIA C. WHEELOCK.

BRIDGETOWN, Sept. 26th, '77

SHAWLS. SHAWLS.

THE subscriber has just received from Glasgow a lot of

WOOL SHAWLS,

very cheap for cash.

DRESS GOODS,

expected per next steamer.

MRS. L. C. WHEELOCK.

Lawrencetown, N. S., Sept. 26th, 1877.

Tenders Wanted!

EITHER of the subscribers will receive tenders for the care and support of one or more patients, now in the Mount Hope Asylum, and reported fit to be removed on trial. Said tenders to state the price per week for which each patient will be cared for while maintained. Said tenders to be sent in on or before the

25th day of October,

in order to be sanctioned by the Grand Inquest of the County, meeting on the 30th of October at Annapolis. Further information will be furnished by the subscribers to persons wishing to tender.

EDWARD BARTEAUX, Annapolis,
WILLIAM H. BALCOM, Paradise,
WILLIAM B. TROOP, Granville,
Committee.

Annapolis Co., Sept. 1877.

Notice.

ALL persons having any legal demands against the Estate of MAJOR JOHN SAUNDERS, late of Paradise, Annapolis County, deceased, are hereby requested to render their accounts, duly attested, within twelve months from the date hereof, and all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment to

WILLIAM S. SAUNDERS, } Executors.
AVARD LONGLEY.

Paradise, September 22nd, 1877. [n23 tf

KNOW THYSELF

By reading and practicing the inestimable truths contained in the best medical book ever issued, entitled SELF-PRESERVATION Price only $1. Sent by mail on receipt of price. It treats of Exhausted Vitality, Premature Decline, Nervous and Physical Debility, and the endless concomitant ills and untold miseries that result therefrom, and contains more than 50 original prescriptions, any one of which is worth the price of the book. This book was written by the most extensive and probably the most skilful practitioner in America, to whom was awarded a gold and jewelled medal by the National Medical Association. A Pamphlet, illustrated with the very finest Steel Engraving—a masterpiece of art and beauty—sent FREE to all. Send for it at once. Address PEABODY MEDICAL INSTITUTE, No. 4 Bulfinch St., Boston, Mass.

HEAL THYSELF

SUGAR. SUGAR.

JUST ARRIVED.

25 BBLS. Sugar, Refined, Crushed and Granulated.
5 Chests Tea, superior quality.
4 Cases Clothing.
300 yds. Annapolis Factory Cloth.
10 doz. Mens' Shirts and Drawers.
300 yds. Mattalasse Cloths for Ladies Mantles.
2 Cases Ladies Tweeds and Wincey's.
2 Cases Gents' Felt Hats.
Bailance of Fall Stock expects by next English Steamers.

J. LOCKETT.

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NOTICE!

ALL PERSONS having any legal claims against the estate of THOMAS JOHNSON, of Wilmot, Annapolis Co., deceased, must render their accounts, duly attested to, within six months from this date, and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to

HIRAM JOHNSON,
Administrator.

Wilmot, Sept. 18th, 1877. 3m t35

Fine Overcoats,

Reefers, Coats,

PANTS AND VESTS,

and all kinds of first-class clothing from four of the best clothing houses in the Dominion, which will be sold Cheap for

CASH OR SHORT CREDIT.

B. STARRATT.

Sept. 11th, 1877.

Valuable Property FOR SALE!

The subscriber is instructed to offer at PRIVATE SALE that valuable property known as

The Alexander Troop Homestead,

Now in the possession of the widow of the late Hon. J. C. Troop. There are eight acres of land under a high state of cultivation, and a comfortable Dwelling House, a New Barn, other outbuildings in good repair. Well of water close to house. There are about

100 APPLE TREES in bearing condition,

also, PLUM, PEAR and CHERRY Trees.

THE GARDEN attached is one of the FINEST in the town, and has an abundance of Currant, Gooseberry and Raspberry vines of the choicest varieties.

Any further information can be obtained of GEORGE J. TROOP, Esq., Halifax, or EDMUND RENT, Agent, Bridgetown.

June 6th [n24tf

LAWYER'S BLANKS.

Neatly and cheaply executed at the office of this paper.

New Advertisements.

LADIES' SACQUES

Newest styles,

JUST RECEIVED AT

Tomlinson's.

Lawrencetown, Sept. 18th, 1877.

Sole Leather,

SOLE LEATHER!

THE subscribers have been appointed SOLE AGENTS for

Daniel Hawkesworth, Digby,

and are now prepared to fill orders for his

Celebrated Brand of

SOLE LEATHER.

Can deliver from Stock at TANNERY PRICES.

Special Wholesale Quotations furnished on application.

STOVES. STOVES.

Have also secured the AGENCY for the

Bridgetown Foundry,

and can furnish their Stoves

WHOSESALE AND RETAIL

—AT—

FOUNDRY PRICES!

A Large Stock now on hand comprising:

Niagara and Waterloo

COOK, NO. 2,

Parlor Stoves,

"Onward", "Snow Bird", "Open Franklin", &c., &c.

Bessonett AND Wilson

HARDWARE

AND

CARRIAGE STOCK

Emporium!

Middleton, - - Annapolis Co.

P. S.—Where distance favors, orders for SOLE LEATHER can be executed direct from the TANNERY.

Dissolution of Co-partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between the subscribers—Isaac M. Shaw and William Hart, both of Middleton, carriage builders, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

ISAAC M. SHAW.
WILLIAM HART.

Dated Middleton, September 1st, ,77. [9it29

$66 a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine.

25 Extra Fine Mixed Cards, with name 10 cents, post-paid. L. JONES & CO., Nassau, N.Y.

SETH THOMAS CLOCKS

$5 TO $20 per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

WORK FOR ALL.

in their own localities, canvassing for the Fireside Visitor, (enlarged), Weekly and Monthly. Largest paper in the World with Mammoth Chromos Free. Big commissions to Agents. Terms and Outfit Free. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit free. TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST

ADVERTISING

TO REACH READERS OUTSIDE OF THE LARGE CITIES.

OVER 1000 NEWSPAPERS DIVIDED INTO SIX DIFFERENT LISTS.

Advertisements received for one or more lists. For catalogues containing names of papers, and other information and for estimates, address

BEALS & POSTER,
41 Park Row, Times Building, New York.

New Advertisements.

TO ORCHARDISTS!

Canker Worm & Caterpillar ARRESTER.

Warranted to Protect the Apple and all kinds of Fruit Trees from the ravages of those Dreaded Pests, the Canker Worm and Caterpillar.

THIS IS NO FRAUD, as it is recommended by some of the largest fruit growers of the County.

For particulars apply to the subscribers.

COX BROTHERS.

Bridgetown, August 22nd, 1877. [tf a18

MRS. GOODWIN

IS willing to receive, as boarders, a few young ladies who wish to study the HIGHER BRANCHES of a thorough English Education, with Parisian French and Music. Term begins 15th of October. For Prospectus address Mrs. Goodwin, Home Croft, Granville.

Reference kindly permitted to Rev. James Robertson, L. L. D., Middleton, and Rev. L. M. Wilkins, A. M., Rectory, Bridgetown. [t39

Sugar. Molasses. Flour.

NEW IMPORTATION.

Just received ex schr. *Atwood*, direct from Barbadoes:

80 PUNS Choice Bright *MOLASSES*;
6 Hhds. Bright *SUGAR*;

Ex schr *Home*, direct from Toronto and Boston

200 BBLS. FLOUR, Spring Extra;
100 bbls FLOUR, Superior Extra;
50 " " Choice Family;
50 " " No. 1, Pat. Process;
150 " CORN MEAL;
10 " American CRUSHED SUGAR.

For sale very low, Wholesale or Retail, by

A. W. CORBITT & SON,

Annapolis, May 5th 1877. n5 tf

NOTICE.

THE Subscribers wish to call the attention of the Public to their

SPRING IMPORTATIONS,

consisting of

Boots and Shoes, Tweeds and Cloths of all kinds, Crockery, Groceries, Timothy, Clover and Garden Seeds.

Also, they would call the attention of

BUILDERS

to their Stock of

Nails of all kinds, Paint, Oil, Glass, Putty, Zinc, Tarred, and Sheathing Paper, Locks, Knobs, Hinges, &c.

Also, CARRIAGE STOCK

consisting of

Spokes, Rims, Bent S. Backs and Rails, Enameled Cloth, Enameled Leather and Dasher Leather, with a varied stock of

SHELF HARDWARE of all kinds.

FLOUR AND MEAL

always on hand. The above will be sold low for Cash.

BEALES & DODGE.

Middleton, April 28th, '77

June Importation.

Checked Dress Goods; Black Silk Fringes; Seal Brown, Cream and Ecru Silks; Nottingham Lace Curtains; Ecru Lace Curtains; Neck Frillings; Ecru Nets, Ecru Laces, Ecru Scarfs; Muslins of all kinds; Brown Hollands; Irish Linens; Cream Damask; Linen Tea d'Oyleys; Ladies' Linen Collars and Cuffs, New Styles; Black Trimming Velvet; Mantle Velvets; Matalasse Cloths; Matalasse Braids; Black Dress Buttons; Gentlemen's Linen Collars and Cuffs: Linen Tassos, for Costumes; Narrow Plaid Ribbons; Plaid Sash Ribbons; Ladies' Josephine and Cuff Kid Gloves; Hyde Park Wraps, for Girls; Crumb Cloths; Gentlemen's French Kid Gloves; New Plaid Prints.

Manchester, Robertson & Allison.

27 King Street, St. John, N. B.

SPRING 1877

DURING the Winter I have had manufactured a stock of

Silver, Brass and Japanned

Harnesses,

in the best manner and style of workmanship, and now invite purchasers to inspect before closing elsewhere.

Also, just received from England:

1 case RIDING SADDLES,
1 case Harness Furniture, in Jap., Silver and Brass Mountings.

All of the above I am prepared to sell at the lowest possible margin for Cash.

100 pairs No. 1 COARSE BOOTS, made by First-Class Men, and guaranteed to be the best value for the money that I ever offered.

Wanted, 200 Cords Hemlock Bark. Cash or settlement made on delivery at Tannery. Hides, Calfskins, &c, bought at market prices.

GEO. MURDOCH.

Bridgetown, May 15th, '77 131 tf18

FLOUR! — FLOUR!

Lately received from Canada West.

100 BBLS. Flour, "Benefactor," "Major," "Dominion" "Rings." 100 bbls do. to arrive this week by Intercolonial, *Beaver, White Swan, and Avalanche.*

BARRELS CORN MEAL

daily expected per *Home* from Boston. Also, Bag Meal and Cracked Corn, from Portland. Always in stock, Oat Meal, Graham Flour, Cracked Wheat, Hulled Barley and Rice. Groceries of every description. Salt, coarse and fine. Pickled and Dry Fish.

Selling at lowest cash prices.

COUNTRY PRODUCE taken in exchange.

RANDALL, HIGGINS & CO.,
Opposite Railway Station.

Annapolis, June 15th, 1877.