

The Standard.

OR RAILWAY AND COMMERCIAL RECORD.

No 59] SAINT ANDREWS, N. B. SATURDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1848. [Vol. 15

European Intelligence.

From papers to the 30th September

The Queen has conferred the Deanery of Carlisle upon the Rev. Dr. Hinds.

The Queen has conferred the honor of knighthood on Mr. Charles Lyell, late President of the Geological Society.

Capt. Polhill, for many years M. P. for Bedford, expired on the 20th inst., at Ramsgate, aged 50.

Out of 104 emigrants who leave Liverpool, 100 go to the United States.

King's College, Aberdeen, following the example of Oxford and Edinburgh Universities, has conferred the degree of L. L. D. on Prince Albert.

In Aberdeen, in a population not probably exceeding seventy-five persons out of employment.

Four thousand paupers, boys and girls, will this year be sent to Australia from Ireland, and 10,000 from England.

Dr. Chaffice, a writer on cholera, considers that the Asiatic form of this disease is propagated by a minute insect, which traverses districts like the blight with us.

FRANCE.

The events of the French revolution flow on in rapid and interesting succession. Another crisis has been got over without an appeal to arms in the streets of Paris. The elections are now terminated; and it will be seen that besides the returns of Louis Napoleon, Archille Fould, and Raspail, for Paris, Count Mole has been elected for the Gironde and has taken his seat in the National Assembly. The Government candidates have been all unsuccessful. The Prince left London very quietly and almost unattended, and so careful was he to avoid any public excitement, that, after his arrival in Paris, he remained two or three days in privacy, changing his residence to avoid notice.

On the 26th he took his seat in the National Assembly. His entrance caused some emotion in the Chamber, but the formalities having been proceeded with, the Prince was declared, without opposition, a representative of the department of the Ronne. His certificates of birth and nationality were dispensed with. The Prince then ascended the tribune and in a brief written speech, which we give entire elsewhere, declared his adhesion to the Republic; to the defence of the order and consolidation of which he declared that no man is more devoted than himself.

The latest intelligence from Paris describes a continual state of uneasiness, if not of terror. The discreet conduct of Prince Louis Napoleon has gained him considerable popularity, and the people assemble round his carriage, shouting, "Vive le Prince Louis, represent du peuple!" M. Raspail, from his retreat at Vincennes, has issued an exciting revolutionary address. The French Government however, in its foreign relations seems studiously desirous of preserving a strict neutrality, and its organs enavow any intention of interfering in the affairs of Naples, Italy, and Germany, except by mediation.

ALLEGED TAMPERING WITH AGITATION BY THE GOVERNMENT. We extract the following statement from the *Warrior* of Saturday:—Father Mackey conveyed to the government, as we formerly stated, an offer of surrender on the part of Mr. Meagher, and some of his companions, upon condition of an amnesty to all the other parties concerned in the conspiracy. This offer, as we then stated, was rejected, but (will the reader believe it?) the negotiation was actually kept open by the government; and her Majesty's ministers in the Castle of Dublin condescended to recognise the privilege assumed by this Romish priest to fetch and carry between the Queen's government and the proclaimed outlaws, as though he himself were the subject of an independent power, and of right exempt from the jurisdiction of her Majesty's courts of justice. In his officially recognised character as ambassador from the rebel camp, Priest Mac-

key, upon the rejection of his first proposal, offered, but without the authority of the unfortunate gentleman on whose behalf he made the offer, that if the government would guarantee his own life, Mr. Meagher would surrender himself into the hands of the authorities. This second proposition was accepted and Mr. Redington with his own hand wrote to Priest Mackey a letter giving, on behalf of the Queen, the stipulated undertaking. To Mr. Meagher's credit be it told, the moment, in his place of concealment, his ecclesiastical messenger placed Mr. Redington's letter before him, he penned a brief but peremptory rejection of the government proffer, stating that his anxiety had been, not to save his own life, but to rescue others from the dangers which menaced them!

JOHN O'MAHONY.—A proclamation has been issued offering a reward of £100 for the apprehension of the above rebel.

REDUCTION OF PORT DUES AT BRISTOL.

On Monday a public meeting of the members of an association formed some time since for the purpose of promoting the transfer of the dock and port of Bristol from the hand of the Dock Company of the corporation, and also for the purpose of making Bristol a free port, was held at the Guildhall of that city, the Mayor, J. D. Pountney, Esq., in the chair, and was numerously attended. J. K. Harterfield, Esq., read a lengthened report of the proceedings of the body, in the course of which the circumstances connected with the passing, during the last session of Parliament, of the Bristol Docks Transfer Bill, which measure received the Royal assent and became law on the 30th of June, were detailed. The report alluded to the interest taken in the proceeding, and the assistance received by the promoters from the authorities of the Bank of England, and an eminent Scotch mercantile house, and it further stated that preparations were being made for a large reduction in the dues on shipping entering the port of Bristol, and that by the month of November at the latest, the tariff will be so reduced as to effect alterations to the extent of £10,000 per annum. In the course of the speaking it was stated that the port was already showing symptoms of rapid revival, in consequence of the knowledge of the intended reductions having gone abroad. A return from the custom-house was read, showing the returns from the 30th of April to the 20th September, 1847, and for the corresponding period in the present year, from which it appeared that the tonnage of vessels from foreign ports entering the Bristol harbor during the former period was 47,533, and during the latter period 60,454, showing an increase of 12,651 tons.

LIST OF PRIZES AWARDED AT THE CHARLOTTE COUNTY AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY CATTLE SHOW, Held at Oak Bay on the 14th instant.

HORSES.	
Thos. Maxwell for best Mare	£1 5 0
James Stevenson 2d do	1 0 0
John Orr 3d do	17 6
COLTS—under 3 years.	
John Scullion for best	1 0 0
James Stevenson 2d do	17 6
Hugh Wilson 3d do	12 6
SPRING COLTS.	
Henry O'Neil for best	12 6
J. Trenholm 2d do	10 0
J. McDoual 3d do	7 6
CATTLE.	
James Stevenson for best Bull	1 5 0
T. Bell for 2d do	1 0 0
D. Gillis 3d do	17 6
Col. Marks for best Cow	1 0 0
E. Doten 2d do	17 6
E. Doten 3d do	15 0
J. Garcelon for best Heifer	17 6
George Smith 2d do	15 0
Wm. Eills 3d do	12 6
H. McAddam for best Steers	1 0 0
T. Bell 2d do	15 0

CALVES	
J. Clarke, for best Spring Calf,	0 12 6
J. Nixon, for 2d do.,	0 10 0
J. Stevenson, for 3d do.,	0 8 0
SWINE.	
J. Nixon, for the best Boar,	1 0 0
Rob. Johnston, for 2d do.,	0 17 6
T. Cotterell, for best Sow,	0 15 0
Rob. Johnston, for 2d do.,	0 12 6
SHEEP.	
Wm. Eills, for best Ram,	0 15 0
J. M'Doual, for 2d do.,	0 12 6
J. Murchie for 3d do.,	0 10 0
J. Stevenson, for best Ewe,	0 15 0
Rob. Johnston, for 2d do.,	0 12 6
I. Garcelon, for 3d do.,	0 10 0
BUTTER.	
George Smith, for best Butter,	0 15 0
J. Stevenson, for 2d do.,	0 12 6
Chas. D. Grant, for 3d do.,	0 10 0
CHEESE.	
J. M'Doual, for best Cheese,	0 15 0
J. M'Farlane, for 2d do.,	0 12 6
HOMESPUN CLOTH.	
Henry Stiles, for best all wool, dyed	0 15 0
J. M'Farlane, for 2d do.,	0 12 0
A. Gilman, for best Cotton & Wool, Sattinet,	0 15 0
Wm. Eills, for 2d do.,	0 12 6
J. Stevenson, for 3d do.,	0 10 0
Wm. Eills, for best Cotton & Wool, plain,	0 10 0
J. Stevenson, for 2d do.,	0 8 0
J. M'Farlane, for 3d do.,	0 6 0
T. Dickie, for best Flannel, all wool,	0 14 0

Fredericton, Oct. 13

His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, after completing his Tour of the Province, arrived here yesterday evening by the Steamer St. John. The Lord Bishop of Fredericton also arrived by the same conveyance.

Reporter. We have been informed by a Gentleman who has lately visited the Northeastern counties of Kent, Restigouche, and Gloucester, that the grain crops in those counties are exceedingly good—that the wheat fields are numerous, large, and productive, and in fact, that with the aid of labour, enough of wheat might be raised in those parts, to supply the whole Province.—16.

NEWFOUNDLAND.—Extract of a letter dated St. John's, N. F., 28th Sept. 1848:—"The harvest is excellent, in spite of an ungenial season. It is supposed 500 bushels of wheat alone will have been raised in this neighborhood. We have had a fair fishery, and the potatoe disease, although prevailing in some districts, has not spread much, so that I hope matters with us are mending."

GREAT GALE.—*St. Augustine, Sep. 29th.* On Saturday a most terrific gale set in from the N. E. It increased through Saturday night, but did not bring rain. Throughout the Sabbath it blew with the violence of a hurricane, the wind being now to the eastward, sometimes hauling for South. On Monday the rain came like a deluge, and the wind increased. The sea rose above the barrier of the sea wall, broke into the streets on the Bay, pilling up and dashing together there, the boats of the fishermen, and the timbers of the city wharves, all of which were swept away. Many of the houses and shops were flooded, their occupants being forced to flee during the night amid the horrors of the awful scene, to more secure retreats. Fences were levelled, chimneys blown down, and even the coquina walls of stone in some places. The gale began to abate on Monday about half-past 12 o'clock, P. M.

Lost overboard from Schr. Two Sisters, on the passage from—NS, to this port, when about 4 miles NE of Monhegan, 11th inst., Wm. Mc'Donald, seaman, a native of Aberdeen, Scotland, and bound to St. John N.B. From thence he proceeded to Quebec, and from there accomplished a journey to this city on foot. Here, he shipped on board of the Two Sisters, and thus met an untimely end.—*Portland Empire.*