# SILVER PRICES AND COBALT

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vestment. Furthermore, wherever the mining costs have been near to that level the question either becomes one of reducing such expenses of operation by attention to productive economies, or of abandoning the project until better prospects may be realized by an advance in the price of silver bullion.

Low Production Costs at Cobalt. The effect of the low level of prices tended towards a re-striction of the output of the Cobalt mines last year. If the market had been in better condition, the mines could easily have achieved larger production. Despite the fall in price, the margin of profit of the Cobalt mines is still large. Some of the Cobalt companies, who have published their cost sheets allege their ability to produce silver at 71% to 20.7 cents per connec. ounce

allege their ability to produce silver at 7% to 20.7 cents per ounce. Mr. Moreton Frewen, the well-known silver expert and writer, who was in Canada recently, reports rapid progress of the proposition to make silver more of a means of ex-change. He told the Monetary Times that dollar values are not far off. Since the financial crisis of 1907, he finds that in New York there is a general desire to look into this matter without prejudice. Men prominent in the industrial world realize that with continually decreasing prices of silver, and the awakening of China, the transfer of many industries, such as steel, leather and cotton, to Asia, will take place with-in the next half century. Fair Exchange Leagues are being established in several of the Western States, and with the recognition of the fact that the tariff is not a remedy to bolster up industries it is realized something must be done to make the rates of exchange more fair, instead of having them constantly shrinking as at present. It is not a miner's question any longer, says Mr. Frewen, it is a merchant's question, a banker's question, a question for all the great industrial enterprises and for the country at large. As to the Market Outlook. Mining men would like to see an advance in the price of

Mining men would like to see an advance in the price of silver, which could come in part by enlarging the possibili-ties of consumption at the present low prices in the arts. The greater hope under existing monetary laws is in expansion of commerce and industry in the Far East and in other coun-tries where silver remains the chief factor of monetary circu-



United States that those who desire a better value for silver should look rather than to any attempt at the revival of bimetallic propositions.

### China Was the Market Backbon

silver, which could come in part by enlarging the possibilities of consumption at the present low prices in the arts. The greater hope under existing monetary laws is in expansion of commerce and industry in the Far East and in other countries where silver remains the chief factor of monetary circulation. English authorities estimate that the combined tangible factor of monetary circulation. English authorities estimate that the combined tangible factor of silver in Lohdon. Bombay and Shanghai, the three beading centres of accumulation, amount to about 40,000,000 on for suspicion, think Messrs. Samuel Montagu, of Lordon, that a heavy fall of exchange with China would be fraught with danger to the smaller importing firms, and the a judicious support by the exchange banks is being excreised to prevent inconvenience to these firms until import business resumes activity. The cause of Chinas lengthened support has been shown, however, we think, to decline in the price of silver from the present basis. It is to the development of railroad, telegraphs, telephones and manufactures in the teeming regions of the Chinese Empire and to be that China is endeavoring to become more independent of the Western Hemisphere to the South of the



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