

EATON'S

SEMI-ANNUAL SALE CATALOGUE

HAVE YOU RECEIVED

THIS BOOK OF BARGAINS?

SEND FOR THIS CATALOGUE TO-DAY—IT WILL SAVE YOU MONEY

WE PREPAY SHIPPING CHARGES ON ALL 10.00 ORDERS

EVERY PURCHASE IS EATON GUARANTEED

YOU CAN SECURE VALUES LIKE
These
FROM YOUR EATON SALE CATALOGUE

WOMEN'S GLOVES 59c Each Pair

Women's Double Tipped 28-inch Long Silk Gloves. Made with 2 domes, Atlanta silk, and double wear finger tips. By placing an order in August 1913, and thus keeping a manufacturer busy during the dull season we are able to give you this exceptional bargain. Many big merchants would be pleased to have such a glove as this to sell at seventy-five or eighty-five cents. If you need gloves, order now.

28-X558. Black. **DON'T FAIL TO STATE SIZE**
28-X559. Tan. **TO STATE SIZE**
28-X558. White. **TO STATE SIZE**
Sizes: 6, 6½, 7, 7½ and 8.
Shipping weight: 2 ounces each pair.

Pair..... **59c**

GINGHAM HOUSE DRESS 73c

USUALLY SOLD AT DOUBLE THIS PRICE

84-X657. This splendid House Dress is made of Shepherd Check Gingham—one of the best washing fabrics known, and is the product of one of our factories making a specialty of this line of garments, which accounts for the very low price. Best sizes 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, or 44. Skirt length 40 inches (with deep hem). Choice of Oxford Grey and White or Navy and White.

Price..... **73c**

74-XA47. A neat, well-made All-over Apron of strong blue and white check gingham, trimmed with narrow folds of white. Cut in a semi-princess style, which assures a good fit; two pockets, easily laundered. A practical and serviceable apron at a very low price.

Price..... **29c**

BLUE AND WHITE CHECK GINGHAM APRON 29c

THE T. EATON CO LIMITED
TORONTO CANADA

your bushes were not sprayed early enough, or often enough to rid them of the pest. Other insect enemies are the rose-slug, a small green worm which feeds on the foliage, living on the under side of the leaf; the rosehopper or thrip, a small, yellowish-white insect which sucks the juice from the under side of the leaf, causing it to turn yellow; and green lice. For the first of these—the rose-slug—the under side of the leaves should be sprayed with kerosene emulsion, or with water heated to 140 degrees, care being taken to reach every part of the plant. For the rose-hopper or thrip, the bushes should be sprayed with whale-oil solution on the under side of the leaves. For the green lice the remedy is spraying with

tobacco water, or fumigating with tobacco smoke. It is almost too late for any of these remedies to be of much effect, as rose bushes require constant attention from the time the leaves begin to open in spring in order to obtain satisfactory results.

A leading florist tells us that the trouble with your sweet peas is probably "rust," which is caused by extreme changes in temperature. If this is the case there is not much chance of their doing well this season. They might recover if the weather were to turn cool, but it is not probable.

Your Marguerites are probably in too light soil, and the buds blight before opening. The daisy is a heavy feeder, and should have a dressing of good

barnyard manure in the fall, or of some good fertilizer in the spring.

Dear Sir,—Please, will you kindly let me know what is wrong with a fern plant that turns yellow as if it would die. Give me full directions how to cure it. Hope to see it in next week's issue. Yours truly,
Gray Co. MRS. D. HOLLINGER.

Without a little more definite information it is difficult to say just what is the matter with your fern, or what to do for it. Ferns like light, but not sun, possibly yours has been in a window where the sunlight is too strong; or it may be pot-bound and require to

be re-potted in a larger pot with new soil. There may be worms at the root, in which case it should be watered with lime water—about a teaspoonful of lime to a quart of water, or it may be infested with scale, a little brown scale-like insect on the stalks and leaves, and should be washed, both stalks and leaves, with castile soap.

Seasonable Cookery.

Canned Strawberries.—Allow to each pound of fruit three-quarters of a pound of sugar. Put berries and sugar into a large, flat dish and allow to stand for about four hours, then draw off the juice and put into preserving pan and allow to come to a boil, removing the