

HAPPENINGS IN THE WORLD OF SPORT

Ottawa now Have Clear Lead in NHA but are a Badly Crippled Outfit

HAYES-CONDON FIGHT

George Goulding Creates a New Two-Mile Indoor Walking Record—Russell Wheeler in Lead For International Skating Championship.

Ottawa, through their defeat of Quebec, now have a clear lead of a game in the championship race of the N. H. A. Wanderers and Toronto being tied for second place.

An American record for the two-mile indoor walk—33 minutes 35 2/3 seconds—was made Saturday night by George H. Goulding, of the Toronto Young Men's Christian Association, at the games of the Diocesan Union in Brooklyn.

The standing in the N. H. A. is likely to again undergo a change in the mid-week, unless the unexpected happens. Wanderers should have little difficulty in disposing of the Shamrocks at Toronto.

Russell Wheeler, of Montreal, is in the lead for the amateur title at Cleveland, having on Saturday secured two firsts in the International Skating Union's championship matches.

Only two of the games in the N. H. A. were any way close. Canadians defeated the Shamrocks here by 4 to 3, while Ottawa disposed of Quebec at the Ancient Capital by 3 to 1.

The match at Quebec between the hockeyists of that city and the Ottawas was of a very rough variety. Most of the time the Quebec boys are said to have been the aggressors but the Senators have never been noted for their genteel kind of play.

Jack Britton, of Chicago, outpointed and out-fought "Kid" Graves, of Milwaukee, in a very fast and clever ten-round bout in Brooklyn Saturday night.

Varsity on Saturday in Toronto disposed of McGill by a score of 12 to 2. McGill were not up to the mark and attempted to make rough work take the place of expert hockey.

Tom Flanagan says that Freddie Welsh is the best lightweight in England and in the world, and he certainly carries it capably.

LONDON, February 1.—The British government has a new plan to attempt the establishment of a national dye industry.

The modified scheme comprises the formation of a company with a capital of £2,000,000 whereof £1,000,000 will be issued in the first instance.

It is assumed that the new scheme has been thoroughly digested by the authorities before being published, but it is believed that some existing dye works here will remain independent.

NEW YORK, February 1.—The International Shoe Co. of St. Louis is reported to have done a business of \$20,000,000, which is somewhat in excess of the record.

Although the International is made up of three concerns, the Roberts, Johnson & Rand Shoe Co., the Peters Shoe Co., and the Friedman Shoe Co., the leader in the shoe trade is still the Endicott, Johnson & Co., of Endicott, N.Y., which has never absorbed any other concern, and increased its business by several million dollars in 1914.

SIR FRANCIS LEMIEUX BECOMES CHIEF JUSTICE OF QUEBEC. Sir Francis Xavier Lemieux, at present acting Chief Justice of the Superior Court in the Quebec district, succeeds Sir Charles Peers Davidson as Chief Justice of the Superior Court of the Province, while Hon. Mr. Justice Archibald, senior English-speaking judge of the Provincial Superior Court, becomes acting chief justice with jurisdiction over the whole district of Montreal.

WHAT THE THEATRES PRESENT

AN EXCELLENT DONALDA CONCERT. Although a slightly smaller attendance was noted at the third musicale in the Donalda series at His Majesty's Theatre yesterday afternoon, from point of view, it was a rare treat.

Mr. Albert Lindquest, the American tenor, has a very beautiful, clear voice. In his first selection: "Il mol tesoro intanto (Don Giovanni) Mozart, his rendition was good, although slightly marred by undue nervousness.

in Master Moses Russell, there are the makings of a great violinist, with careful tuition. His tones were rich and he played with feeling, for so young a person.

Madam Donalda certainly left little to be desired. Only once did she experience any difficulty and that was in the finale of the "Jewel Song." (Faust-Gounod.)

It is amusing to note that the clock on His Majesty's stage yesterday afternoon was still at 2.20, although "Three Weeks" have passed since its last appearance.

Mr. F. H. Blair once more entered soulfully into the complementary section of the programme and his accompaniments were a treat in themselves.

Next week, the great Italian pianist, Ferruccio Busoni, will be the attraction. A wider range of prices will be in effect.

MANUFACTURE OF PAVING BLOCKS IN ONTARIO.

Toronto, Ont., February 1.—Great interest was manifested in a discussion at the Canadian National Clay Products Association Convention, as to the ability of Ontario to provide paving blocks equal in value to that manufactured in the United States.

The subject was taken up by Mr. E. W. Knapp, of the Sun Brick Company, who maintained that by proper mixing and chemical treatment, a perfect paving brick could be turned out in Ontario.

After hearing arguments for and against by technical speakers, the consensus of opinion of the meeting was that Ontario could hold her own in the manufacture of paving blocks against all comers.

SCOTTISH THRIFT AND GENEROSITY.

Aberdeen, Scotland, February 1.—That Scotland is still maintaining her reputation for thrift, despite the adverse times, was the statement of the Lord Provost of Aberdeen, Scotland, at the annual meeting of the Aberdeen Savings Bank.

The total number of depositors had increased by 7,000, and deposits by 135,000 pounds sterling during the past year; while subscriptions to the funds, instituted because of the war, had been generously given.

MILITARY CONTRACT FOR W. BLUE CO.

Sherbrooke, Que., February 1.—Walter Blue and Company, Limited, have entered into a contract with the British Imperial authorities for soldiers' uniforms, which, with the other contracts for firm holds, for Canadian army uniforms, will give employment to 350 workers for the next three months, and will necessitate extension of the firm's premises.

"THE MOST DEPENDABLE PAPER"

A Prominent Kingstonian writes:—"I believe in your paper—it is the liveliest, most instructive and most dependable financial paper in the country."

"SALADA" The TEA of Superior Excellence.

Last year its sales increased over those of the previous year by almost a million and a quarter pounds. Appreciation is the final test of merit.

INCREASED OUTPUT; LESS EXPENDITURE

Agriculture offers Best Field for More Production to Solve Canada's Industrial Problems "BACK TO THE LAND"

Time Has Come for Inauguration of Movement—Would Reduce Cost of Living and Stimulate Exports.

(Fourth in a Series of Short Articles on the Economic Aspects of the War. By Professor W. W. Swanson.)

The financial situation having been briefly reviewed, let us consider the industrial problems which Canada has to face to-day. The Minister of Finance has urged Canadians to increase their economic output; while on all sides there is a babel of voices advising the government, the corporations and private individuals to curtail expenditures and to economize.

The Agricultural Industry.

Agriculture offers by all odds the best field for increased production in Canada. The harvest of 1914 in the western provinces was not as large as in 1913—probably only 70 per cent. of the yield of the latter year—but the money value was as great, if not greater.

These figures are significant, as showing the first effects of the war on agriculture. Already the price of wheat has touched the \$1.50 mark. The aggregate shortage of wheat in 1914, as compared with 1913, was 23,000,000 bushels.

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THE EXODUS FROM CANADA.

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INTERNATIONAL HARVESTER.

Chicago, February 1.—Offering of \$20,000,000 International Harvester 5 per cent. notes have been subscribed.

GLEANED FROM MANY SOURCES

Lynn, Mass., has a wireless fire alarm system.

The Russian advance on Koenigsberg continues.

The Supreme Court meets at noon to-day.

The British have regained all their lost ground at La Bassee.

On the Carpathian front a general battle has developed.

A New York Cotton Exchange membership was sold for \$10,750.

A Munsey Trust Co. will be opened in New York by Frank A. Munsey.

Average price of twelve industrials 76.00, up 0.59; twenty railroads 91.60, up 0.80.

The New York Stock Exchange has established a minimum price of 38 for Steel common.

German government has prohibited exports of potash and salts and manufactures thereof.

J. P. Morgan is to be a witness to-day before the Federal Commission of Industrial Relations.

The Pennsylvania System for December showed net after taxes of \$2,800,561; a decrease of \$1,771,106.

The United States Rubber Co. received an order for 200,000 pairs of rubber boots for the British army.

Ivy L. Lee has been elected director of Colorado Fuel & Iron Co. to succeed Jerome D. Greene, resigned.

Municipal bond sales throughout the United States in January were \$26,674,800, against \$22,028,200 in 1914.

Operations of the cloth tissue factories of St. Nicholas, Belgium, were resumed under German control.

A receiver was appointed at Montgomery, Ala., for W. V. Bell, said to be the largest cotton planter in Alabama.

The Mobile & Ohio shops at Murphysboro, Ill., will resume operations on February 2. About 1,000 men will be re-employed.

The entire Peruvian cabinet has resigned. An extra session of Congress will be called to consider the new \$1,750,000 loan.

Sears, Roebuck and Company have declared a 50 per cent. common stock dividend, payable April 1st to stock of record March 15th.

According to the Hon. Seton Robert Barendson, 55,000 horses have been shipped to France from the United States since outbreak of war.

Letters patent have been issued also to the Kaufman Rubber Company, Limited, of Berlin. The capital stock is stated to be \$2,000,000.

The Ontario Niagara Connecting Bridge Company is applying to Parliament for authority to build an international bridge over the Niagara River.

A German living in St. Louis has twenty-three nephews in the German army, three of whom have been decorated with the Iron Cross for bravery.

John Henry Hancock testified in the Superior Court, Boston, that his grandfather, John Hancock, who died February 26 "Never took a bath in his life."

A resolution urging cotton growers in North Carolina to curtail their crop 50 per cent. this year, was passed by the lower house of the North Carolina Legislature.

Frank T. Crawford, son of the founder of the National Biscuit Co., and an official in that company, committed suicide by leaping from a window in his home in Chicago.

One man was burned to death and three men and a girl were badly injured in a fire that destroyed the chemical plant of J. B. Gruman, in Newark, N.J., at a loss of \$200,000.

Residence and art gallery of late Benjamin Altman, at Fifth Avenue and Fifth street, New York City, were sold. It is understood buildings will be remodelled for business purposes.

The Chatham Packing Company, Limited, of Chatham, Ont., has been incorporated to take over the business of the O'Keefe and Drew Abattoir Company. The capital is \$400,000.

Special meeting of stockholders of International Smokeless & Chemical Co. has been called for March 9, to vote on liquidation of company and sale of entire \$9,000,000 capital stock to Du Pont interests at price of \$30 a share. Par value is \$50.

Captain Frank H. Ainsworth, awarded a medal by Congress for planting the first American flag on Cuban soil in the Spanish-American War, and for five years inspector of immigration of San Francisco, received notice of dismissal.

LARGE SHELL ORDER FOR CHESLEY COMPANY.

Chesley, Ont., February 1.—It is reported that the Canadian Bed Company has received an order from the Government for the immediate manufacture of 75,000 shrapnel shells. The contract is valued at \$100,000.

This will relieve the unemployed situation here, as nearly fifty men will be employed both day and night working on twelve-hour shifts.

The company is installing \$12,000 worth of new machinery, so as to be able to start on the order by March 1. The work is expected to last till August.

LETTERS FOR THE SOLDIERS. Arrangements have been made whereby the ordinary rate of two cents per ounce applicable to all letters sent from Canada to the United Kingdom, will apply to letters addressed to British and Canadian troops on the Continent.

The rate on ordinary letters from Canada for the Continent is five cents for the first ounce, and three cents for each subsequent ounce, so that this extension of the two cent an ounce rate to letters addressed to our soldiers on the Continent is a decided reduction in favour of correspondence going to the soldiers.

NEWS OF WORLD TOLD IN BRIEF

German Submarine Sunk Five British Steamers in Raid Chasing Irish Mail Boat

BATTLE IN CARPATHIANS

Dukla Pass Scene of Action For Fourth Time—British Unions Want Wheat Seized—Progress at La Bassee.

The German submarine U-21 sank three British steamers in the Irish Sea, near Fleetwood, on the Lancashire Coast, north of Liverpool, on Saturday. The steamers were the Ben Cruachen, whose entire crew numbering twenty were landed in her own boats at Fleetwood; the Linda Bianche, and the Kilcan, a small vessel, whose crew has been landed at the Isle of Man by a coast steamer.

The Allan line steamer Scandinavian, which sailed from St. John, N.B., on January 22, for Liverpool with 500 passengers on board, learned of the raid of the U-21, and put into Queenstown. After remaining in Queenstown for a short time the steamer proceeded for Liverpool. The steamer Leitner, from Holyhead to Kingstown, reports that she was chased by a German submarine for fifteen minutes off the Kish Lightship, opposite Dublin Bay, but succeeded in escaping. The Admiralty has taken steps to guard all incoming and outgoing trans-Atlantic liners.

For the fourth time since the commencement of the war the Carpathian Mountains between Dukla and Wyszok Passes is the scene of a pitched battle. The previous battles were between Russians and Austro-Hungarians, but in that which is now developing the German armies and are assuming a vigorous offensive. The Russian reports assert that the preliminary fighting has turned to the advantage of Russia and that prisoners and guns have been captured.

The General Federation of Trades Unions has issued a document regarding the high prices of food in the United Kingdom, and recommends that the British Government take over all wheat supplies as has been done by Germany. The British farmer, it claims, would suffer no real hardship or loss if the government commandeered the whole home-grown and unmarketed wheat at 42 shillings and immediate action on these lines would tend to mediate prices.

Severe fighting continued on Friday and Saturday in the La Bassee region, and progress has been made by the allied troops. A despatch from north-eastern France says that Princess Patricia's Light Infantry took part in the defence of the British trenches near La Bassee, which were attacked by the Germans on January 25 and lost four men killed and a number wounded. The next day, Lieut. Price, of the Canadians, was killed while leading his company into a trench, and another officer named Pearson is reported to have been killed. The Canadians took a number of German prisoners and inflicted severe losses on a lantern unit, which attacked their trenches.

Emperor William has returned to Berlin for a short stay after his tour of inspection along the western battle front. His return to the German capital was due to the state of his health, according to a report received by the Exchange Telegraph Company. The Emperor, the despatch adds, will consult his medical adviser concerning his throat which has given him much trouble.

Troops with fixed bayonets had to be called out yesterday to restore order at a meeting in Rome, which had been organized by Senators, members of the Chamber of Deputies, and other prominent persons with the purpose of framing a Government in favour of Italy maintaining neutrality in the war. A large number of persons, mostly Republicans, who are against the maintenance of neutrality, gathered at the entrance of the hall, and, in spite of the efforts of the police, attacked the neutrals.

According to a Venice despatch received from Bucharest and Uskub say that an immense Austro-German army is concentrated at Tekia Schlipa, on the Danube, at the junction of the Hungarian, Rumanian and Serbian frontiers. The force, the despatch adds, is ready to pour into Serbia, but is prevented from moving by the floods.

Three white men were killed during an uprising on the night of January 23, among the Anquira tribe near Magera, in Nyassaland, British Central Africa. Three women and five children, all white, were kidnapped, but subsequently released.

ANGLO-AMERICAN OIL IS BENEFITING FROM THE WAR.

New York, February 1.—Should the Anglo-American Oil Company care to publish its annual report for 1914, there is little doubt but what the company would make a splendid showing.

Anglo-American is benefiting from the war and interests in touch with oil shipments from this side of the Atlantic estimate the company's business has increased more than 50 per cent. since the war started.

The company is supplying a large part of the Allies gasoline requirements in the western theatre of war. It is understood that the Anglo's sales of fuel oil have also increased considerably due to demand for liquid fuel in British factories now engaged in filling war requirements.

AMUSEMENTS. HIS MAJESTY'S MATS, WED., THURS., SAT. All Seats Reserved 15c. - 25c.

PRINCESS THE SPOILERS TWICE DAILY 2.15 and 8.15 Mats. 15c. 25c. Eve. 15c. 25c. 50c.

WEATHER: Children with Snow

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GERMAN SECONDARY ATTACK REPULSED WITH HEAVY LOSSES

ENORMOUS DECLINE IN UNITED STATES MUNICIPAL

New York, February 2.—Municipal throughout the United States during January, including State and county bonds, a total of \$26,674,800, against \$25,460,000 for the month of January in previous months, and \$2,028,197 in January last is reflected in the sale during the month of large issues by leading cities.

The following table compiled by the Bureau of the output of permanent munitions for the month of January in previous months:

Table with columns for Year and Amount. 1914: 1,912,000; 1913: 1,811,000; 1912: 1,710,000; 1911: 1,609,000; 1910: 1,508,000; 1909: 1,407,000; 1908: 1,306,000; 1907: 1,205,000; 1906: 1,104,000; 1905: 1,003,000; 1904: 902,000; 1903: 801,000; 1902: 700,000; 1901: 600,000; 1900: 500,000; 1899: 400,000; 1898: 300,000; 1897: 200,000; 1896: 100,000; 1895: 100,000; 1894: 100,000; 1893: 100,000; 1892: 100,000.

AMERICAN RADIATOR CO. Chicago, February 2.—American Radiator declared a quarterly dividend of 4 per cent. on common stock, an increase of 1 1/2 per cent. rate.

GUGGENHEIM EXPLORATION New York, February 2.—The Guggenheim Exploration Company reports for the year ended Dec. 31, 1914, net income of \$3,283,821, equivalent to the outstanding capital stock.

CORN PRODUCTS REFINING New York, February 2.—The hearings of the Government against the Corn Products Company will be resumed in St. Louis this week.

DETROIT UNITED DIVIDEND New York, February 2.—Detroit United declared regular quarterly dividend of 1 1/2 per cent. payable March 1st to stock record February 1st.