

The Chatham Daily Planet.

VOL. XII

CHATHAM ONT., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1903

NO. 285

A Clearance of Suits Saturday.

We have Twelve Ladies' Tailor-Made Suits all made with short coats, all jackets lined, skirts made full, in shades of Fawn, Oxford Grey, Black and Navy Blue, in sizes 32 in., 34 in. and 36 in.—the regular prices are \$16.50, \$17.50 and \$18.00—Saturday the entire lot goes on sale your choice for

\$7.50

Shaker Flannel Offering Sat'y.

25 pieces of heavy dark Shaker Flannels, in stripes and others, dark greys and browns, some with red mixtures, a good heavy shirting flannel and very suitable for children's wear, extra good value at the regular price 10c a yd., on Saturday we make a special offering at

8 1-2c. Yard

Dress Goods Special Saturday.

Fine all wool Serge Dress Goods, one and a half yards wide, pure wool, fine hard twisted quality that wears like leather and sheds the dust easily, a quality that will clean and wash like a piece of cotton, a quality that will give you eminent satisfaction in every particular, in Navy and Black only, regular price 65c a yd., on sale Saturday

49c. Yard

Special Table Linen.

62 in. wide pure Linen Tabling, unbleached, Irish manufacture, and a special line bought by Mr. Stone when in Europe, a cloth that will bleach beautifully and give best possible satisfaction in wear, very special value at a yd.

50c Yard

Lace Curtain Special, \$1 a Pair.

6 designs, 200 pairs, Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3 yds and 3 1/2 yds long, in floral, spot and plain designs, wash well, wear well, look well, special values on Saturday at a pair

\$1.00 a Pair

THOS. STONE & SON.

THE ARK

Just received another shipment of the following Ranges and Stoves, of which we were sold out.

PANDORA RANGE with reservoir.

KITCHENER COOK STOVES with and without reservoir, for coal and wood. Price \$20 and \$25

LEROY STEEL RANGES, 4 No. 9 pot holes, large oven. Price \$14.

"FAMOUS" BASEBURNERS, three sizes.

Parties waiting for any of these stoves will please call at once, as they will go quick.

TERMS. CASH.

H. MACAULAY, Phone 159

10 Per Cent. Off. 10 Per Cent. Off.

More Popular Than Ever.

Our stove sales are larger than ever, evidencing the still increasing popularity of the two lines we carry. Every stove sold makes a circle of friends. 20 to 30 years do the stoves and the friendships last. We now offer 10% reduction on all Souvenirs and Garlands.

Geo. Stephens & Co.

10 Per Cent. Off. 10 Per Cent. Off.

NEWMARKET EXPLOSION.

ENGINEERS FIND NO REASONABLE EXPLANATION.

Theory Points to an Interior Defect of Some Sort—Engineers in Charge Not Satisfied.

Newmarket, Nov. 27.—Little light was thrown on the cause of the boiler explosion resulting in the death of John Agnew and Frank Birch last week in Cane's factory, at the adjourned inquest last night, but several interesting and even startling theories were advanced about the management of boilers. Harry Triquet, the acting engineer, is still confined to his house from the injuries he received, and his evidence will be heard later, but Alex. Potter, the chief engineer, who happened to be away from the scene, admitted that neither he nor Triquet had certificates. The testimony, so far, points to a defect in construction, and not to deficiency of water or carelessness in management.

O. P. St. John, inspector for the Boiler Insurance Inspection Company, said that he was ordered up the day of the explosion to investigate. "What was the cause of the explosion?" "I am entirely at sea. As far as could be seen, there was no reasonable explanation. There was no indication of low water, of the plates being burned or over-heated. It was impossible to tell what was the head of steam at the time of the explosion."

Continuing, he explained that the boiler was built in the ordinary way, and the construction was considered safe. He would readily pass the boiler for the same amount of steam. That boiler was capable of carrying 120 pounds safely. The explosion was certainly not caused by lack of water. It was caused either by too much steam or by a weakness in the plates. The first, or original, break was in the inner plate, underneath the lap, which could not be noticed from the outside. Pieces of these plates are now under tests of various kinds at the School of Practical Science.

AGAINST AUSTRIA.

Remarkable Demonstrations Through-out Italy—Situation is Becoming Serious.

Rome, Nov. 27.—Demonstrations against Austria, resulting from the prohibition by the Austrian Government of the institution of a free Italian university at Innsbruck, were continued throughout Rome yesterday, but were at all points broken up by the police, who gathered in large numbers, especially around the Austrian Embassy and Austrian Consulate, against which the chief efforts of the demonstrators were directed. At the university the students, numbering about 10,000, held an indignation meeting, and then decided to make a demonstration in the streets of the city. The police were prepared for this, however, and as soon as the students emerged the police attacked them, compelling them to re-enter the university. The students showed their indignation by breaking the windows and furniture of the class rooms. The authorities have decided to close the university. The students showed stored. An anti-Austrian demonstration was held at Turin, where the demonstrators rang the bells of the university, broke the windows and benches and exploded firecrackers, producing a slight panic. Similar demonstrations were held at Milan, Parma, Padua and Genoa. The Government has determined to suppress these demonstrations at any cost, as it wishes to avoid complaint from the Austrian Government.

Later the anti-Austrian demonstrations assumed a grave character, and the situation is serious. The Government has stopped the delivery of all telegrams sent in cipher. All over Rome the cry is "Down with Francis Joseph; let us break the triple alliance."

At the university the Austrian flag was burned amid scenes of enthusiasm. At Genoa the demonstrators succeeded in reaching the Austrian Consulate, where they shouted the most hostile cries.

CHILD BURNED TO DEATH.

Three-year-old Son of W. Randall, Kingston.

Kingston, Nov. 27.—A sad accident occurred at the home of W. Randall, farmer, a few miles north of this city. Mr. Randall was in the city, and Mrs. Randall went to the barn to milk, leaving three children alone in the house. The clothes of one of the children, a boy three years old, caught fire, and when Mrs. Randall returned she found the little fellow burned almost to a crisp.

A Thresher Lost His Hand.

Alvinston, Nov. 26.—A bad accident happened this morning at William Dolan's, about three miles south of this place. While William Edwards, a thresher, was engaged in shredding corn his hand caught in the rollers of the machine and was so badly mutilated that Drs. MacArthur and Thompson found it necessary to amputate the hand above the wrist. This is the third accident of the kind that has occurred this fall, with a similar machine in this vicinity.

NEW PAVEMENT

The Queen St. pavement is giving perfect satisfaction to the ratepayers on the street, and in fact to everyone who has occasion to drive on that thoroughfare.

In the Police Station this evening there will be a meeting of the ratepayers of Victoria avenue in regard to the paving of that fine residential street. There is much dissension evident among the principal and heavy taxpayers as to the petitions which have been circulated for asphalt block and it is said the object of the meeting to-night is to do away with these petitions. The meeting is to be private and no one who is not a ratepayer of the street will be allowed to attend.

A number of Victoria Avenue residents have expressed themselves as greatly in favor of the bitulithic pavement, and as local men are interested in the company, the people could do a great worse than putting down a bitulithic pavement especially for a residential street like the avenue.

EDWARD THE DIPLOMAT.

SPLENDID TRIBUTE PAID BY THE FRENCH PRESIDENT.

Pleasant Incidents in Connection With the Visit of the British Parliamentarians to France.

Paris, Nov. 27.—The members of the British Parliament, who, with their wives and daughters are returning the visit to London of French Senators and Deputies representing the International Arbitration Group, had a busy time. The most prominent of the Parliamentarians were entertained by the leading Deputies, and others by the staff of the Hotel de Ville. The Senate and Chamber of Deputies followed, and at 5 o'clock a reception was given at the Elysee, Baron d'Estournelles de Constant introducing the members and their ladies individually to President and Madame Loubet.

Premier Combes made a great speech in praise of international arbitration. He declared that the treaty between France and Great Britain had been ratified by the public opinion of the two countries, and he believed that ever said that the limitations of the treaty rendered unimportant the essential act. These limitations, he said, were due only to prudent introduction of new principles, but he believed that the seed sown would grow to a mighty tree. M. Combes said it was the duty of the Government to give the treaty in its existing form the sanction of existing law. He had no doubt that it would result in spreading faith in arbitration, and possibly the day was not far distant when both nations would agree to submit all differences, however unimportant, to arbitration.

In conclusion the Premier said: "I propose the health of the Sovereign to whom we owe it, Edward."

MAY BE EATEN BY WOLVES.

Explanation of the Disappearance of Wm. Gurton.

Ottawa, Nov. 27.—The inference drawn from a letter received in the city yesterday is that F. X. Gurtein of Ottawa, the woodsman who disappeared from a camp above Mattawa some weeks ago, has met a terrible death. The letter was received by Mr. P. Mullin from his brother-in-law, Wm. Burns, who was employed in the same camp as Gurtein. Burns and Gurtein were members of a gang engaged by Fraser & Co. to work on one of their camps during the winter. Gurtein and strange hallucinations and one night he left the camp, presumably to return to his home in Ottawa. He was not seen afterwards, and as he did not arrive at his home a search was made for him. Burns stated in the letter that in company with two Indians he searched the country about the camp, for a couple of weeks, but no traces of Gurtein could be had. The Indians, who were well acquainted with the country, expressed the belief that Gurtein had been run down and devoured by wolves that overrun the district.

A LONG MAIL ROUTE.

Letters Have Started on a Journey to Hudson Bay.

Ottawa, Nov. 27.—The Controller of Montreal Police yesterday forwarded to Winnipeg three and one-half pounds of mail matter for the officers and men of the Hudson Bay expedition. It consists of letters from their wives, relatives, or friends. From Winnipeg the letters will be taken by a courier of the Hudson Bay Co., and a dog team to Fort Churchill on the southwesterly shore of Hudson Bay. The main packet may not reach its destination until May next.

A FATHER'S TERRIBLE DEED.

Throws Children and Self Before a Moving Train—All Killed.

Berlin, Nov. 27.—Thomas Markiewicz, a young tailor, in the presence of hundreds of persons, threw his two children, aged respectively three and five years, on the rails, before an approaching train at a suburban station at midnight, and leaped after them. All three were killed. Markiewicz's wife died on Monday, and it is supposed that grief rendered him insane.

PRACTICAL PREFERENCE.

FIRST FRUITS OF THE ACTION BY NEW ZEALAND.

Progress of the Fiscal Campaign in Britain—Mr. Foster's Speech at Thanksgiving Dinner.

London, Nov. 27.—The Hon. George E. Foster, replying to the toast "Our Guests" at the American Thanksgiving banquet in the Hotel Cecil last night, said that even after the Alaska decision Canada's square miles overtopped those of the republic. A commission, composed of three Canadians, three Americans and an umpire, should decide upon a proper name for the republic. The American eagle screamed for the pleasure of it, but as the centuries rolled by there would be a great power north of the 49th parallel. Canadians also had a Thanksgiving Day, and one thing they were thankful for was that they were the offshoot of a great empire.

Mr. Austen Chamberlain, addressing a mass meeting at Cambridge, yesterday, said the policy of the Government was to secure liberty to negotiate freely and back words with deeds if necessary. Before leaving London he had learned that a large order, placed with a German firm, had, owing to the New Zealand preference, been cancelled and given to an English firm instead.

Mr. Winston Churchill was boycotted again last night from a Conservative meeting at which he was announced to appear. He threatened to begin an agitation for a new organization. A parody on "Onward, Christian Soldiers," beginning, "Onward every Liberal, onward to the fight," sung at Lord Rosebery's meeting, is raising a storm of protests in religious circles. The Monmouthshire steel and tinplate works at Pontyminster, employing 1,000 hands, have been closed on account of the large amounts of German and American dumped steel. A sugar refinery at Bristol, which employed 1,400 hands, has been closed owing to the effect of the foreign bounty system.

Mr. Asquith, speaking at Penzance yesterday, said he did not believe a single colony was prepared to say to the motherland, "In order to give a preference to our trade, put a tax on the food of your people." The colonies were making no real sacrifices themselves, and ought to extend a preference to Britain as compared with foreign countries.

The naval and military experts of the Royal United Service Institute yesterday expressed enthusiastic support for Mr. Chamberlain's proposal of a colonial preference, during a discussion on food supply in time of war. The speakers included General Lord Seymour, The Earl of Dunraven, speaking at the Constitutional Club yesterday, said that under a reasonable tariff system the colonies should have had the majority of the 4,000,000 wage earners who had left Britain during the last fifty years and most of whom had gone to the United States.

Mr. Ritchie, speaking at Croydon yesterday, said the fiscal agitation had badly unsettled trade, and he wanted a decision as soon as possible. Lord Cecil yesterday addressed several Conservative Associations composed of his own constituents. He opposed a resolution in favor of Mr. Chamberlain's plan, but it was carried.

WOULD FIGHT FOR CHINA.

Ninety Thousand Foreign-drilled Troops Offered by the Viceroy.

London, Nov. 27.—The Shanghai correspondent of The Daily Telegraph cables that the Viceroy and Governors of thirteen provinces outside Chili have offered the Chinese throne 90,000 foreign-drilled troops to fight Russia for Manchuria.

NEW YORK CABBIES STRIKE.

Unless it is Soon Ended 3,000 Men Will Be Idle.

(Associated Press Despatch.) New York, Nov. 27.—Unless 300 cabmen who are now on strike for shorter hours go to work by Monday morning, it has been decided by the Livery Protective Association that they will close up their barns and throw 3,000 men out of work. This, it is reported, was practically decided upon at a secret session of the association today, attended by all the liverymen in New York. Both sides have agreed to submit their differences to arbitration, and a committee of three was named by each.

RUSSIANS ARE SURPRISED.

Cannot Understand the Alarm Caused by Occupation of Haicheng.

(Associated Press Despatch.) St. Petersburg, Nov. 27.—No specific information has been received here concerning the reported reoccupation of Haicheng, thirty miles north of Newchwang, by Russian troops; but it is regarded as quite probable. The town is close to the Mukden-Newchwang Railway. It is explained that the whole country is occupied by Russian troops for the purpose of protecting the railroad workers and the Chinese population from the depredations of robbers. The officials here are at a loss to understand why the possible entry of Russian troops into Haicheng has been made the occasion for alarming reports.

"ROBIN HOOD"

The second rehearsal of the opera "Robin Hood" was held last evening in the auditorium over the Standard Bank. The practice was a repetition of the first one, in that it was highly successful and satisfactory. The attendance was very large and every member of the chorus is thoroughly interested and enthused. Quite a number of new singers were up last evening and they all join with the rest in expressing the opinion that the music of Robin Hood is superior to any yet heard in our city.

Three or four of the choruses were rehearsed and it was surprising to note how quickly the members of the chorus picked up their parts. From present appearances the opera will be one of the most successful ever put on by amateurs in the Maple City.

Bandmaster Walker, who has charge of the orchestra, attended last night's rehearsal.

"I never saw such an intelligent chorus," said he at the conclusion of the evening. "I have heard a good many, but I never heard a chorus of singers who learned music as fast as this one. Really it is marvelous."

J. W. Wilson, director, announced last night that the next rehearsal will be held on Monday evening, when it is hoped that as many as are able will attend.

MR. MCGILLIVRAY IS THE CHOICE

Selected as New Pastor of the First Presbyterian Church on the Sixth Ballot.

Call Then made Unanimous—Meeting was a Most Harmonious One—The Proceedings.

Harmony and good nature marked the meeting of the congregation of the First Presbyterian church last night to select a new pastor. There was a good attendance, the body of the church being fairly well filled. The Rev. J. C. Tolmie presided.

J. B. Rankin, K. C., moved, seconded by J. S. Black, that a ballot be taken and then all but three names should be dropped. Then a ballot should be taken on the three names until one had a majority. Messrs. J. B. Rankin, K. C., William Robertson, Fred Stone, Mr. Law, D. B. Forsyth and Kenneth Urquhart were appointed scrutineers.

P. D. McKellar moved, seconded by Alister McKay, that each member should sign their name to the ballot paper.

The voting then commenced and resulted as follows:

First vote—Mr. Anderson 48, Mr. McGillivray 50, Mr. Findlay 54. The other two who had preached each got one vote.

Second vote—Mr. Anderson 49, Mr. McGillivray 46, Mr. Findlay 50. Third vote—Mr. Anderson 45, Mr. McGillivray 47, Mr. Findlay 61.

Fourth vote—Mr. Anderson 41, Mr. McGillivray 51, Mr. Findlay 62. Fifth vote—Mr. Anderson 29, Mr. McGillivray 64, Mr. Findlay 62.

Sixth vote—Mr. Anderson 8, Mr. McGillivray 91, Mr. Findlay 58.

Fred Stone then moved, seconded by Mr. Robertson, that the call be made unanimous—Carried.

The salary of the new minister was fixed at \$1,400.

Messrs. J. S. Black, Peter D. McKellar and Fred Stone were appointed as delegates to the Presbytery.

BURIED AT DESERONTO.

Funeral of the Late E. W. Rathbun Attended by Thousands.

Deseronto, Nov. 27.—The funeral of the late E. W. Rathbun took place yesterday afternoon, and was very largely attended. There was a private service at the house for the family and relatives at 12.45 p.m., after which the body was conveyed to the Church of the Redeemer, where it lay in state until 2.15 p.m. About 1,500 people, during that time, viewed the remains. The flags in all parts of the town were flying at half-mast, and the business places and public buildings were tastefully draped in black. Bells were tolled when the body was removed to the church, and during the progress of the funeral. At 2.30 p.m. the church was filled with mourners, friends and employees of the deceased. Thousands were unable to gain admittance. The coffin was placed immediately in front of the pulpit, and behind it was a magnificent bank of flowers composed of an immense number of beautiful designs and other floral tributes. The front seats were occupied by the sons of the deceased and relatives. The funeral service was very simple and impressive, and the hymns selected were favorites of the deceased.

We Aim



To Please

Satisfy

If you haven't been here, there never will be better time to begin. I am one of our patrons have some specialties will make you glad of it.

Books for School Libraries.

Books for Sunday Schools.

Books for Gifts.

Books of All Kinds.

One of the finest stock in Ontario and marked at reasonable prices. Call and see our assortment. We also have an immense assortment of **New Games**. **Ping Pong 25c; Pitt 50c; Film 50c.**

SULMAN'S BEEHIVE
Opp. Garner House.
The best equipped store in Canada.

QUEER CONDITION

"Do you know that there are only three men on the coroner's jury at the railroad fatality inquest who are legally entitled to be on it," remarked a citizen this morning.

The statute governing the choice of coroner's jurors is as follows:—"The persons to be summoned to serve as jurors upon any coroner's inquest and to attend thereon shall be selected from such persons as are named on the voters' lists of the municipality in which the inquest is to be held and marked therein as qualified to serve as jurors."

Of the twelve men selected to act, only three are qualified legally. They are, Henry Dagnieu, W. J. Gabel and M. Hutton. What good is the law unless it is kept, in part, at any rate?

Lady—And you really escaped from the wreck?
Indignant Seaman—Yes, mum.
Lady—How did you feel when the waves broke over you?
Seaman—Well, mum, I felt awfully sorry, but now, mum, I feel awfully sorry.

THE NEW

DOROTHY DODDS ARE HERE

Are here in all their brightness

Many new lasts and styles have been added to our stock.

We can fit any ladies' foot with a Dorothy Dodd Shoe.

Prices **\$3.75.**
\$4.00

Peace & Co.

SOLE AGENTS