RUSSIAN AUTHORITIES COMMITTED TO BLOOD AND IRON POLICY

Weather Forecast: Fair--Very Warm

The London Advertiser

LONDON, CANADA—THE HOME OF UNBROKEN PROSPERITY.

HOME EDITION

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BOTH GERMAN AND FRENCH PENETRATE LINES

FRENCH BREAK GERMAN LINES; FOE RETALIATES

Both Succeed in Penetrating at Different Points — Enemy Suffers Tremendous Losses On the Aisne Front, East of Hurtebise.

Paris, July 26.—German assaults were reopened last night along a front of about two miles on the Aisne front, from a point east of Hurtebise to La Bovelle. The French statement issued this afternoon says that, at the cost of tremendous losses, the Germans were able to penetrate into certain elements of the French first-line trenchs.

North of Aubrive, in the Champagne, the French penetrated the German trenches, the statement says, and inflicted heavy losses on the Germans. On the other parts of the Champagne front the artillery bombardment was intense. Fighting lasted all night, the French repelling every attack made by the Germans.

The Germans also renewed their assaults on the French positions at Hurtebise Farm, but the attack broke down under the trench fire of the French.

The reciprocal artillery fire on the left bank of the River Meuse, in the Verdun region was maintained with the usual violence.

"DOMINATING" POSITIONS.

Berlin, July 26—Via London.—Dominating positions on the Aisne front, northwest of Hurtebise, were captured today by the Germans, the war office announces. French trenches on a front of 1,800 metres and 400 metres deep, south of Alliles, were stormed, the statement says.

Violent artillery fighting continues on the northern end of the Franco-Belgian front, from the coast as far as Lys.

PICK OF HUN ARMY DEFEATED BY FRENCH IN PLATEAU BATTLE

Although Germans Had Best of Positions.

FEARFUL CASUALTIES

Foe Lost Thousands in Effort Which Gained Them Nothing.

London, July 26—Via Reuter's Ottawa Agency.—Reuter's correspondent at French headquarters writes:

"In the last battle for the plateau the best German troops were thrown in against the same French division holding the ground which repulsed the Boches on July 19. The Germans attacked with 5th Division Guards, preceded by detachments of shock troops. They had the advantage of attacking on ground where the French artillery could not be effectively used owing to the cliff-like steepness of the plateau, while their own artillery was able to cut off the French first line on the naked top of the Californie-Casemates from their support trenches.

"The Germans have nothing to show except some thousands of casualties for their great effort. In an uneven fight between first-rate French troops and the very pick of the German army the latter were clearly and unmistakably defeated. The news will be read with feelings of pride and relief in every French household.

HOUSE OF COMMONS FEARED TROUBLE BY SINN FEINERS' ACTS

Cause of Secret Service Men's Presence.

New York, July 26.—An Associated Press cable from London says:

According to the lobby correspondent of the newspapers, the precaution in having secret service men placed in the parliament buildings was to prevent a contemplated demonstration by Sinn Feiners, who, it was reported, had come to London especially to make a disturbance in the House of Commons when Laurence Ginnell (Nationalist) announces his resignation of his seat as Nationalist and his adhesion to the Sinn Feiners. According to one version the Government has been informed of an alleged Sinn Fein plot to throw bombs or discharge revolvers from the strangers' gallery in the House of Commons or blow up the House. Hence the Speaker's reference yesterday to physical violence, and his promise to ascertain whether the continued presence of secret service men in the building was necessary.

FINNISH GOVERNOR RESIGNS.

Petrograd, July 26.—Michael Stakovich, governor-general of Finland, has resigned.

Governor-General Stakovich yesterday announced his intention to resign his post, but declared the Provisional Government would appoint a successor to him and maintain the latter and his staff at Helsingfors to show that Russia had not recognized the validity of the act passed by the Finnish Parliament, declaring the independence of Finland.

THE WEATHER

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 92.5; lowest, 64.

The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 79; lowest, 69.

TOMORROW—FAIR, VERY WARM.

Toronto, July 26—8 a.m.

Forecasts.

Light to moderate winds, mostly south and southwest; fair and very warm today and on Friday.

Temperatures.

The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:

Stations.	High.	Low.	Weather.
Victoria	66	52	Fair
Calgary	—	40	Clear
Winnipeg	70	54	Clear
Port Arthur	70	66	Clear
Parry Sound	88	68	Clear
Port Stanley	84	72	Clear
Buffalo	92	68	Clear
Toronto	90	68	Clear
Kingston	88	72	Clear
Montreal	80	80	Clear
Quebec	6	66	Cloudy
Father Point	5	56	Fair

Weather Notes.

Fairly heavy showers have occurred in Manitoba, while in other parts of the Dominion the weather has been fine and in Ontario and Quebec has been very warm.

Not One French Ship Lost In Last 7 Days, Says Official Report

Subs Fail in Six Attempts To Torpedo Vessels of Ally.

Paris, July 26.—During the week ending midnight, July 22, not a single French vessel either over or under 1,600 tons was lost, according to an official statement issued yesterday. Six French merchantmen were attacked unsuccessfully during that time by submarines. Ships of all nationalities, numbering 1,063, entered port, and 937 departed.

TWO ITALIANS SUNK.

Rome, July 26.—Two Italian steamers were sunk and one small sailing vessel was damaged during the week ending midnight, July 22, says an official announcement issued yesterday. Five hundred and ninety-three vessels, with a gross tonnage of 389,815 arrived and 550 of a tonnage of 403,450 left port.

$1,000 OFFERED TO AMERCAN WHO CAN FIRST BOMB BERLIN

Chance for Airmen To Win Liberty Bond.

New York, July 26.—A $1,000 liberty bond was offered as a prize today to the first American aviator who bombs Berlin from the air, as German airmen have been bombing London, by Sigmund Saxe of this city. The offer was made in a letter sent to the Aero Club of America, and Mr. Saxe made the suggestion that it be used as a basis for a permanent fund for that purpose.

FORMER LEADER OF POLISH LEGIONS IS ARRESTED BY HUNS

Gen. Piludski Really Friend of Russia.

Copenhagen, July 25.—Gen. Piludski, organizer and former commander of the Polish legions, has been arrested by the German authorities while attempting to leave Poland on a false passport.

Gen. Piludski's flight marks the culmination of the differences between the Poles, who desire to form an independent Polish army upon the nucleus of the legions, and the German authorities, who insist that the Polish forces must be under German control. Gen. Piludski had hitherto been hailed as a Polish patriot and the Polish Legions held up as a symbol of the national movement against Russia. Both the legions and their commander were assigned to prominent roles at the proclamation of the Polish Kingdom.

The Germans now discover that Gen. Piludski is a republican conspirator, with leanings toward Russia.

SUCCESSFUL RAID BY BRITISH FORCES

London, July 26.—"We made a successful raid last night southeast of Armentieres," says today's official report. "There is nothing else of special interest."

U. S. SENATE DECIDES TO CONSIDER PROHIBITION

Will Begin Debate Early Next Week on National Dryness.

Washington, July 26.—Leaders representing the wet and dry factions in the Senate today agreed to consider Senator Sheppard's national prohibition constitutional amendment next week. It was planned to begin debate on the resolution Tuesday and vote on it Wednesday. Senator Sheppard has agreed to accept an amendment fixing a limit of six years in which the States must act upon the amendment. This limit was suggested by leaders opposed to prohibition.

DANCER CONDEMNED TO DEATH AS SPY IN PARIS

Paris, July 25.—A military court today condemned to death for espionage a dancer known as Mata Hari, who before her marriage was Marguerite Zell. She was born in the Dutch Indies, and claims Dutch nationality.

ENEMY NERVOUS OF EVERY MOVE; EVIDENTLY FEAR BRITISH ATTACK

Shower Shells On Points of No Importance at Present.

EVEN UPON VIMY RIDGE

Situation in France and Belgium Growing Tenser Each Day.

British Headquarters in France, July 28—(By the Associated Press).—The German and British fighting lines in France and Belgium, which have been comparatively dormant for several weeks, so far as any large offensive is concerned, have tensed perceptibly in the last few days. Out of the stiffening have grown numerous fierce artillery duels, especially in Flanders. The Germans have developed what is known among the British as "nervous"; that is, they have become exceptionally sensitive to any movement of their opponents which deviates from the routine, and give evidence of this condition in furious bombardments at suspected points. From this the conclusion is drawn that for reasons of their own the Germans may be fearing that trouble is impending in some section, and are not certain where to look for its appearance.

Lens and Hill 70 have been under heavy and almost continuous gunfire. Even the battle-scarred and barren Vimy Ridge, which overlooks the valley of Lens, has been the object of vigorous shelling, which has accomplished nothing except to add still more shell craters on the already badly punished hill.

Armentieres, also, has undergone a tremendous fire, and various other places which appear to have come under suspicion or displeasure of the Germans have withstood a rain of shells.

Using Long-Range Guns.

Meantime the Germans have brought long-distance guns into place and have been throwing high-explosive shells far behind the British lines in an endeavor to search out the road communicating with the front. The British on their part have been paying off the score with big interest and with disastrous results to the German lines and defenders.

The artillery battle of unprecedented intensity which is being waged in Flanders is doubly interesting because until recently nothing but desultory fighting has been carried out in this 'No Man's Land from a time early in the war. Ever since July 9, when the Germans made an asault on two British battalions near Lombaertzyde and forced a little bit of the British line back across the Yser, this section of the front has been marked by a persistent hostile artillery activity, which has been gradually growing stronger and which has found response from the Entente allied guns.

Fresh Foe Troops.

The Germans are known to have brought up fresh troops and many new guns into Flanders, and they appear to be using the full force of their artillery in this section. In addition to the artillery activity, daring reconnoitring raids and bombing expeditions have been increasing in number on both sides throughout the length of the line. The opposing air services, too, play their part, and some of the most severe aerial combats of the war have been waged between great squadrons of fast-flying battle planes. Destructive bombing raids have been made far back of the German lines by intrepid British aviators, who have maintained their supremacy throughout.

PLUMBERS ON TRIAL; FACE MURDER CHARGE

Father of Slain Man Makes Correction of One Statement.

St. John, N. B., July 26.—The preliminary examination of John O'Brien and Everett Carland, striking plumbers, charged with the murder of Robert Harris, a plumber's assistant, is going on in the police court and may be concluded tonight.

At a late session yesterday, Robert Harris, father of the young man who was killed, said he was in error when, in laying information against the two men, he said he did so on account of a statement made by John O'Brien and Everett Carland. He said he did not mean John O'Brien, but his brother, Joseph. No action following this has been developed.

WOMAN CHARGED WITH MURDER IS ACQUITTED

Mrs. Mooney May Not Be Tried on Other Counts.

San Francisco, July 26.—Mrs. Rena Mooney, one of five defendants in the murder cases growing out of the bomb explosion here last summer, was acquitted late yesterday. After a trial that had lasted nine and a half weeks, the jury deliberated 51 hours before reaching its verdict of "not guilty." Seven other indictments are pending against Mrs. Mooney, but it is uncertain, according to the district attorney, whether she will be tried again.

Thomas J. Mooney, her husband, and Warren K. Billings have been convicted and sentenced to death and life imprisonment.

Both have appealed. Israel Weinberg and Edward A. Nolan, the other defendants, remain to be tried.

WOULD HAVE CANADA TAKE AUSTRALIA'S TIP

Sir J. D. Rees Suggests Prohibit China and Java Teas.

London, July 26—Via Reuter's Ottawa Agency.—Sir J. D. Rees made the suggestion in the House of Commons today that as Australia had prohibited the importation of teas from China and Java, in order to help the Indian and Ceylon growers, who are at present to a large extent deprived of the home market, the colonial secretary might suggest to the Government of Canada the propriety of taking similar action in view of the fact that the Dominion is now importing quantities of Java leaf.

Steel Maitland, undersecretary for the colonies, replied: "I do not think that representations could usefully be made to the Canadian Government and, if the facts are as stated in the question, the Canadian Government will doubtless duly consider the matter." He added that during the year ended 31st March last, which is the latest period for which statistics are available, the imports of Java tea into Canada did not exceed one per cent of the total imports of tea.

HOME TALENT

Advertiser Illustrations

—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

DIVISION OF RUSSIAN ARMY IS BLOWN TO PIECES BY ITS OWN ARTILLERY FOR DISLOYAL ACTS

Report Says Portion of Eleventh Army Is Given a Terrible Lesson To Avenge Insults Offered Loyal Troops By Its Behavior.

London, July 26.—A dispatch to the Post from Petrograd says that under Gen. Korniloff's drastic measures to restore order in the Eleventh Army, one whole division thereof was blown to pieces by its own artillery, "to avenge the insults which all loyal troops, especially the artillery, have been silently enduring for the past four months from these traitorous rascals."

RUMANIAN FORCES CAPTURED 1,000 IN TWO DAYS; 33 GUNS

Russians Got About the Same Number of Prisoners.

Petrograd, July 26.—Rumanian forces captured in Tuesday's and Wednesday's battle on the Rumanian front more than a thousand prisoners, says the official statement issued today by the Russian war department. The Rumanians also took 33 guns, 17 machine guns, 10 mine throwers and much other military material.

On the same front, the statement says, the Russians also captured about a thousand prisoners and 24 guns.

NO EXCITMENT AT DUBLIN CONVENTION

This Is Treated as a Healthy Sign.

Dublin, July 26.—Even fewer people assembled on College Green this morning to witness the arrival of the delegates to the Irish convention in session here. No individual caused any demonstration either of admiration or hostility. The complete absence of public excitement is treated as on the whole a healthy sign. The unanimous election of Sir Horace Plunkett to be chairman of the convention is welcomed by the newspapers of the various political sides.

RESCUERS WORKING TO RELEASE MINERS BOTHERED BY GASES

Hunt for 62 Men Entombed at New Waterford.

Glace Bay, N. S., July 26.—In an atmosphere of choking gas and tremendous heat the crew of rescuers worked heroically through the night to liberate the survivors, if any, of the 62 miners entombed when a miss shot at a New Waterford shaft of the Dominion Coal Company's mines there brought down a heavy fall of coal, cutting off the retreat of the men in that part of the pit yesterday. Workers were not hopeful that anybody isolated by the explosion could possibly be alive, because if they escaped from the effects of the detonation the gas would choke them. The task of opening up a way for the victims was proceeded with very slowly on account of the suffocation of two of the volunteer rescuers yesterday.

Forty-six Bodies Recovered.

At noon today the bodies of 46 miners had been recovered. After heroically working all night the relief crews insisted upon going on with the work today in the hope of getting all the bodies out.

The quiet heroism displayed by McKenzie and Nicholson, who gave up their lives yesterday, was shown by all the men, the young and single men insisting on taking big risks in preference to married men. Doctors and nurses were among those who worked all night and refused to be relieved this morning.

BRITISH DESTROYERS TAKE TWO GERMAN SHIPS; SINK OTHERS

News Sent From One of the Frisian Islands.

Amsterdam, July 26.—Two German vessels have been sunk and two German steamers have been taken to England by British destroyers, according to the correspondent at Texel, one of the Frisian islands, of the Amsterdam Telegraaf. A German steamship which had been torpedoed, the correspondent adds, has arrived at Denhelder.

FRANCE TAKING STEPS TO PREVENT CRISIS IN LABOR AFTER THE WAR

Paris, July 26.—With the object of assuring France's agricultural development and preventing a labor crisis, the Academy of Agriculture has unanimously demanded of the authorities that vessels which are being used to carry food to the army in the Orient shall be employed on their return to bring phosphates from Algeria and Tunis.

The academy further requests that motor culture be introduced on large as well as small estates, that war material factories shall be instructed to employ their resources in labor for the construction of tractors as soon as an armistice is declared, and that schools of motor culture for the benefit of the farmers be instituted at all districts.

EXCESS PROFITS TAXES IN AUSTRALIA ARE HIGH

Melbourne, July 26—(Via Reuter's Ottawa Agency).—The Government, on the second reading of the war time profits tax bills, announced that the tax would be 50 per cent for the year June 30, 1916, and 75 per cent after that date. The tax would be levied on excess profits during the war, compared with profits before the war. Exemptions include agriculture, fruit-growing, dairying and allied businesses.

KILTIES HAVE OBTAINED 150 MEN IN CHICAGO

Chicago, July 26.—Candian Highlanders led a military parade today to stimulate recruiting in all of the allied armies. The Kilties were followed by battalions from three regiments of the Illinois National Guard, four companies of sailors from the great lakes training station, a band of 250 pieces, directed by John Philip Sousa, Spnish-American War veterans and Boy Scouts.

Since the arrival of the battalion of Highlanders here early in the week, more than 150 men have enlisted in the British army.

DIES FROM POISON.

Winnipeg, July 26.—Mary Sachinski, aged 24, who in a fit of dementia donned a bridal costume and drank lye poison on Monday last, died in the hospital last night.

ALLEGED ROBBER ARRESTED.

Chicago, July 26.—Premier J. Minot said by the police to be one of the men wanted for the robbery of the branch bank of the Bank of Montreal at New Westminster, B. C., several years ago, in which more than $350,000 was taken was arrested here last night.

RUSSIAN WOMEN LAY DOWN LIVES ON BATTLE FIELD FOR DEMOCRACY

Reports Chronicle Five Casualties Among Them In First Engagement.

REPULSE ENEMY ATTICK

Petrograd Makes Preparations To Care For Heroic Girls Wounded.

[Special to The Advertiser.]
WILLIAM G. SHEPHERD.

Petrograd, July 26.—Russian women have laid down their lives on the battlefield of democracy.

Against the reports of traitorous retreat of some of the Russian male divisions before the Austro-Germans came word today of how the Women's "Legion of Death" on the Vilna front fought and died in repulsing an enemy attack.

For the first time in the history of the great world war, casualty reports today chronicled the death and injury of women in the trenches.

Five women of the "Legion of Death" were killed or wounded in their first engagement, in which they were called upon to resist with arms the invasion of their country.

Today Petrograd proudly realized the Russian women were capable of the supreme sacrifice of their lives for the new democracy.

Great preparations were in progress here today to care for the wounded girl soldiers. It was expected that those who could be moved would be brought here immediately from the front. Meantime reports from the front said those whom Teutonic bullets had struck were bearing their suffering with stoical fortitude.

YOUNG HUSTLER ENJOYS GETTING NEW SUBSCRIBERS

Likes This Work, and Finds Business Comes Easily.

PRIZES WORTH GETTING

Are Steadily Piling Up Votes in Big Advertiser Contest.

B. C. Keuhner of Hanover writes: "I have been in the contest a little over two weeks and have not lost any time. Am out after new subscribers every day and am enjoying the work, and if I don't win one of the big prizes it won't be my fault. I am canvassing this town thoroughly and when the contest closes there will be hundreds of Advertisers in this town and district that were not here when your contest started.

Miss Gladys Barons of Belmont, who was a close runner-up in the race for one of the cash prizes last week, says over the long distance phone: "Send me more receipt books. The grand prize is going to be mine. I might just as well have had one of the cash prizes given last week."

Mrs. Thomas Green of Baden was another who just lost out in the cash prize offer by a very close margin, but she has the satisfaction of having added many thousands of votes to her credit in the race for one of the automobiles.

Look over the standing in today's paper, and if your town is not represented by a good live candidate, in your nomination. The race from being won and your chance winning are just as good as the fellow's."

Miss Lyle Leavens of Chatham writes: "Inclosed please find ten new subscriptions. Am sorry I can't make the list double. You're not discouraged, as I am in it until the last minute, even if I win the grand prize, but I am to be beaten if I can help it."

Mrs. G. W. Wagner of writes: "Owing to sickness I have been delayed in taking work, but will start in this week, hope to have a good report by the end of the week. Please send me two more receipt books."

Miss Hazel Cook of Lucan writes: "Could you extend the 50,000 votes offer for another week, as I would do a whole lot better? I am one of some ninety requests for extension of the special offer. It goes to show that when a special is on not one minute should be lost in getting new subscriptions.

The following new candidates in the race yesterday in District: Miss Beatrice Lake, Queen's street, Lucan; Cecil McKellar, St. Bank, Pigerton P. O.; Miss Helen Auley, Southampton; Miss Everts, Port Elgin; Mrs. J. Kolbe, Delmore P. O.

RUSSIAN COLLAPSE COMES WHEN ARMIES STRONGEST AND POSITIONS SUPERB

Seventh and Eighth Armies Lose Equipment, and Latter May Not Escape—Petrograd Situation Calls for Strong Measures — British Stay Enemy.

London, July 26.—An appalling blow is the description of the Russian collapse given in a dispatch from Petrograd to the Post. Never in the war has Russia put afield such enormous armies. British and French guns and gunners, flying machines, aviators and British armored cars were added to the unprecedented technical strength of the Russians themselves to make this particular front equal to anything. The artillery was planted where there were such admirable natural prepared positions as amounted to the ideal. There were places where the artillery lay in absolutely dead ground not 300 yards from the enemy trenches. Big guns were ideally placed, thanks to the character of the terrain.

Information regarding the guns of the eleventh army almost staggers belief. It appears that the infantry shot down their own gunners in order to get their horses, or shot down the gun horses in revenge as they retreated, leaving practically all the artillery of the eleventh army in enemy hands.

Artillery Lost.

As far as the artillery and technical appliances of the seventh and eighth armies are concerned, there is also no hope of their being saved. The Germans were already a couple of days ago across the best road on the shortest line of retreat. The rate of the enemy's advance on the western wing has accelerated and the gun positions are behind the line now occupied by the Germans. It is becoming an exceedingly anxious question whether the eighth army will succeed in getting away at all, but it is making the best haste eastwards.

Gravely Dangerous.

The situation, according to a dispatch to the Times, is declared to be gravely dangerous, and is attributed to the indiscipline of the army and German propaganda, "the impudence of which is almost past belief." Petrograd, the writer says, is exhausted by the continued political excitement, and the people are craving a stable government. Decisive and swift action is necessary above everything else. Trial of persons proved to have connection with German propaganda with immediate death penalty of those guilty of the more severe offences would have an immeasurable effect.

Cancer Uncured.

The Government's declaration of itself as a committee of public safety has caused a feeling of relief and a strong handling of the outbreak in Petrograd caused the extremists to vanish, but the cancer is uncured. The roots are still there and a further operation is necessary. The masses are too much out of hand to be deterred by anything but a reintroduction of the death penalty. "The problem before the Government is immense," concludes the correspondent. "They stand on the brink of a precipice. If they can hold back the country the situation is saved. If not, the country will rush into chaos and anarchy."

British Helped Russians.

Special dispatches from Petrograd ascribe to British armored cars a gallant part in covering the Russian retreat in Galicia. The infantry deserted them, hence their stand was unavailing, but the German advance was held up some time. The commander-in-chief personally congratulated the British commander, Locker Lampson, and presented twenty-six crosses of St. George to his men. The British casualties were only five wounded, and the cars later co-operated with the Russian cavalry in front of Tarnopol.

POLOVTZEFF RESIGNS.

Petrograd, July 26.—General Polovtzeff, military governor of Petrograd, who recently was severely attacked by Minister of War Kerensky for failing to put down rioting in the capital, has resigned. General Erdelli, commander of the eleventh army, has been appointed his successor.

KERENSKY'S VIEWS.

Petrograd, July 26.—In an interview today, Premier Kerensky said the fundamental problem of the Provisional Government lay in providing for the immediate safety of the country and the revolution, whatever the cost might be. The Government was thoroughly conscious of the duty before it, he said, and was determined to make a resolute stand against anything which threatened the ruin of the state.

The premier stated that re-establishment of the death penalty at the front was necessary in view of the fact that the Government was faced with the alternative of sacrificing the army to a body of traitors and cowards or having recourse to the only possible means of inspiring terror.

The Provisional Government, in complete agreement with the entire army, took the burden of heavy responsibility, the premier explained, solely in order to save the lives of heroes who were perishing in the execution of their duty for the sake of their country and to remove the reproach threatening the good name of Russia.

GOVERNMENT DETERMINED.

Petrograd, July 26.—Russia's new Provisional Government met yesterday and discussed the increasingly grave situation. Recognizing that the safety of the fatherland necessitated most vigorous measures the ministers resolved to accomplish the task in full accord and solidarity with all the honest elements devoted to the country.

It was decided at the Cabinet meeting to convoke in Moscow soon a conference of the principal representatives of the Russian social organizations and to place before it the facts in the country as they actually are.

Death Penalty Restored.

The commander-in-chief and the commanders of the various armies at the front having insisted that restoration of discipline in the army inevitably would necessitate infliction of the death penalty, the Government has agreed unanimously to restore capital punishment. The measure is of temporary character, to have effect until the end of the military operations.

The inquiry into the recent disorders here is being continued energetically under the supervision of the public prosecutor. The authorities are taking measures to discover and bring to justice all organizers of and participants in the revolt.

WAR AIM NOT TO BE CONFERENCE TOPIC, SAYS FRENCH PAPER

Balkan Situation the Main Object Just Now.

MUST ... BOLE

GREECE IS AT WAR WITH TEUTONS, SAYS PREMIER VENIZELOS

Once Again Under Democratic Government.

GERMAN SUBMARIN OFF AZORES SINK NORWEGIAN VESS

Crew of Hanseat All Report Saved.

London, July 26.—A German submarine operating off the Azores has sunk the Norwegian steamer Hanseat, said a Norwegian foreign office report transmitted by the Central News correspondent at Copenhagen. The crew of the steamer was saved.